



Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014

2014 anaw 4

PART 2

GENERAL FUNCTIONS

Local arrangements

14 Assessment of needs for care and support, support for carers and preventative services

- (1) A local authority and each Local Health Board any part of whose area lies within the area of the local authority must, in accordance with regulations, jointly assess—
- (a) the extent to which there are people in the local authority's area who need care and support;
 - (b) the extent to which there are carers in the local authority's area who need support;
 - (c) the extent to which there are people in the local authority's area whose needs for care and support (or, in the case of carers, support) are not being met (by the authority, the Board or otherwise);
 - (d) the range and level of services required to meet the care and support needs of people in the local authority's area (including the support needs of carers);
 - (e) the range and level of services required to achieve the purposes in section 15(2) (preventative services) in the local authority's area;
 - (f) the actions required to provide the range and level of services identified in accordance with paragraphs (d) and (e) through the medium of Welsh.
- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) may, for example, provide for the timing and review of assessments.

^{F1}(3)

Changes to legislation: Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014, Cross Heading: Local arrangements is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 17 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

^{F1}(4)

Textual Amendments

F1 S. 14(3)(4) repealed (1.4.2016) by [Well-being of Future Generations \(Wales\) Act 2015 \(anaw 2\)](#), s. 56(2), [Sch. 4 para. 33](#); [S.I. 2016/86](#), art. 3

Commencement Information

II S. 14 in force at 6.4.2016 by [S.I. 2016/412](#), art. 2 (with art. 4, Schs. 1, 2)

[^{F2}14A Plans following assessments of needs under section 14

- (1) In this section, “relevant body” means a local authority or Local Health Board which has carried out a joint assessment under section 14(1).
- (2) Each relevant body must prepare and publish a plan setting out—
 - (a) the range and level of services the body proposes to provide, or arrange to be provided, in response to the assessment of needs under paragraphs (a) to (c) of section 14(1);
 - (b) in the case of a local authority, the range and level of services the authority proposes to provide, or arrange to be provided, in seeking to achieve the purposes in section 15(2) (preventative services);
 - (c) in the case of a Local Health Board, anything the Board proposes to do in connection with its duty under section 15(5) (Local Health Boards to have regard to the importance of preventative action when exercising functions);
 - (d) how the services set out in the plan are to be provided, including the actions the body proposes to take to provide, or arrange to provide, the services through the medium of Welsh;
 - (e) any other action the body proposes to take in response to the assessment under section 14(1);
 - (f) the details of anything the body proposes to do in response to the assessment jointly with another relevant body;
 - (g) the resources to be deployed in doing the things set out in the plan.
- (3) A relevant body's plan may be published by including it within a local well-being plan published under section 39 [^{F3}, 44(5) or 47(6) or (11)] of the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 (the “2015 Act”) by a public services board of which the body is a member.
- (4) A local authority and a Local Health Board who have carried out a joint assessment together under section 14(1) may jointly prepare and publish a plan under subsection (2).
- (5) Two or more local authorities may jointly prepare and publish a plan under subsection (2); but such a joint plan may be published by including it within a local well-being plan only if each local authority is a member of the public services board (see sections 47 and 49 of the 2015 Act (merging [^{F4} and demerging] of public services boards)).
- (6) A relevant body must submit to the Welsh Ministers—

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- (a) any part of a plan it has prepared under subsection (2) which relates to the health and well-being of carers;
 - (b) any other part of such a plan as may be specified by regulations.
- (7) Regulations may make provision about plans prepared and published under subsection (2), including provision—
- (a) specifying when a plan is to be published;
 - (b) about reviewing a plan;
 - (c) about consulting persons when preparing or reviewing a plan;
 - (d) about the monitoring and evaluation of services and other action set out in a plan.]

Textual Amendments

- F2** S. 14A inserted (6.4.2016) by [Well-being of Future Generations \(Wales\) Act 2015 \(anaw 2\), s. 56\(2\), Sch. 4 para. 34](#); S.I. 2016/86, art. 4
- F3** Words in s. 14A(3) substituted (20.3.2021) by [Local Government and Elections \(Wales\) Act 2021 \(asc 1\), s. 175\(3\)\(q\), Sch. 14 para. 8\(a\)](#)
- F4** Words in s. 14A(5) inserted (20.3.2021) by [Local Government and Elections \(Wales\) Act 2021 \(asc 1\), s. 175\(3\)\(q\), Sch. 14 para. 8\(b\)](#)

15 Preventative services

- (1) A local authority must provide or arrange for the provision of a range and level of services which it considers will achieve the purposes in subsection (2) in its area.
- (2) The purposes are—
- (a) contributing towards preventing or delaying the development of people's needs for care and support;
 - (b) reducing the needs for care and support of people who have such needs;
 - (c) promoting the upbringing of children by their families, where that is consistent with the well-being of children;
 - (d) minimising the effect on disabled people of their disabilities;
 - (e) contributing towards preventing people from suffering abuse or neglect;
 - (f) reducing the need for—
 - (i) proceedings for care or supervision orders under the Children Act 1989,
 - (ii) criminal proceedings against children,
 - (iii) any family or other proceedings in relation to children which might lead to them being placed in local authority care, or
 - (iv) proceedings under the inherent jurisdiction of the High Court in relation to children;
 - (g) encouraging children not to commit criminal offences;
 - (h) avoiding the need for children to be placed in secure accommodation [^{F5}within the meaning given in section 119 and in section 25 of the Children Act 1989];
 - (i) enabling people to live their lives as independently as possible.
- (3) The things that may be provided or arranged in discharging the duty under subsection (1) include, but are not limited to, care and support (or in the case of carers, support) of the kind that must or may be provided under sections 35 to 45.

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- (4) A local authority must, in the exercise of its other functions, have regard to the importance of achieving the purposes in subsection (2) in its area.
- (5) A Local Health Board must, in the exercise of its functions, have regard to the importance of achieving the purposes in subsection (2) in its area.
- (6) In discharging its duty under subsection (1) a local authority—
- (a) must identify the services already available in the authority's area which may help in achieving the purposes in subsection (2) and consider involving or making use of those services in discharging the duty;
 - (b) may take account of services which the authority considers might reasonably be provided or arranged by other persons in deciding what it should provide or arrange;
 - (c) must make the best use of the authority's resources and in particular avoid provision which might give rise to disproportionate expenditure.
- (7) Provision is not to be considered as giving rise to disproportionate expenditure only because that provision is more expensive than comparable provision.
- (8) Two or more local authorities may jointly discharge the duty under subsection (1) in relation to their combined area; where they do so—
- (a) references in this section to a local authority are to be read as references to the authorities acting jointly, and
 - (b) references in this section to a local authority's area are to be read as references to the combined area.
- (9) See sections 46 (exception for persons subject to immigration control), 47 (exception for provision of health services), 48 (exception for provision of housing etc) and 49 (restrictions on provision of payments) for an exception to the duty under subsection (1) and limitations on the manner in which the duty may be discharged.

Textual Amendments

- F5** Words in s. 15(2)(h) inserted (6.4.2016) by [The Social Services and Well-being \(Wales\) Act 2014 \(Consequential Amendments\) Regulations 2016 \(S.I. 2016/413\)](#), regs. 2(1), **295**

Commencement Information

- I2** S. 15 in force at 6.4.2016 by [S.I. 2016/412](#), **art. 2** (with art. 4, Schs. 1, 2)

16 Promoting social enterprises, co-operatives, user led services and the third sector

- (1) A local authority must promote—
- (a) the development in its area of social enterprises to provide care and support and preventative services;
 - (b) the development in its area of co-operative organisations or arrangements to provide care and support and preventative services;
 - (c) the involvement of persons for whom care and support or preventative services are to be provided in the design and operation of that provision;
 - (d) the availability in its area of care and support and preventative services from third sector organisations (whether or not the organisations are social enterprises or co-operative organisations).

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(2) In this section—

“care and support” (“*gofal a chymorth*”) includes support for carers;

“preventative services” (“*gwasanaethau ataliol*”) means services the local authority considers would achieve any of the purposes in section 15(2);

“social enterprise” (“*menter gymdeithasol*”) means an organisation whose activities are wholly or mainly activities which a person might reasonably consider to be activities carried on for the benefit of society (“its social objects”), and which—

- (a) generates most of its income through business or trade,
- (b) reinvests most of its profits in its social objects,
- (c) is independent of any public authority, and
- (d) is owned, controlled and managed in a way that is consistent with its social objects;

“society” (“*y gymdeithas*”) includes a section of society;

“third sector organisation” (“*sefydliad trydydd sector*”) means an organisation which a person might reasonably consider to exist wholly or mainly to provide benefits for society.

(3) For the purposes of this section, regulations may provide—

- (a) that activities of a specified description are or are not to be treated as activities which a person might reasonably consider to be activities carried on for the benefit of society;
- (b) that organisations or arrangements of a specified description are or are not to be treated as—
 - (i) social enterprises,
 - (ii) co-operative organisations or arrangements, or
 - (iii) third sector organisations;
- (c) for what does, does not or may constitute a section of society.

Commencement Information

I3 S. 16 in force at 6.4.2016 by S.I. 2016/412, art. 2 (with art. 4, Schs. 1, 2)

17 Provision of information, advice and assistance

(1) A local authority must secure the provision of a service for providing people with—

- (a) information and advice relating to care and support, and
- (b) assistance in accessing care and support.

(2) In subsection (1)(a), “information” includes, but is not limited to, financial information (including information about direct payments).

(3) The local authority must seek to ensure that the service—

- (a) is sufficient to enable a person to make plans for meeting needs for care and support that might arise, and
- (b) provides information, advice and assistance to a person in a manner which is accessible to that person.

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- (4) The service must include, as a minimum, the publication of information and advice on the following matters—
 - (a) the system provided for by this Act and how the system operates in the authority's area,
 - (b) the types of care and support available in the authority's area,
 - (c) how to access the care and support that is available, and
 - (d) how to raise concerns about the well-being of a person who appears to have needs for care and support.
- (5) A Local Health Board or an NHS Trust providing services in the area of a local authority must, for the purposes of this section, provide that local authority with information about the care and support it provides in the local authority's area.
- (6) Two or more local authorities may jointly secure the provision of a service under this section for their combined area; and where they do so—
 - (a) references in this section to a local authority are to be read as references to the authorities acting jointly, and
 - (b) references in this section to a local authority's area are to be read as references to the combined area.
- (7) In this section, “care and support” includes support for carers.

Commencement Information

I4 S. 17 in force at 6.4.2016 by S.I. 2016/412, art. 2 (with art. 4, Schs. 1, 2)

18 Registers of sight-impaired, hearing-impaired and other disabled people

- (1) A local authority must establish and maintain a register of the people ordinarily resident in the authority's area who—
 - (a) are sight-impaired or severely sight-impaired,
 - (b) are hearing-impaired or severely hearing-impaired, or
 - (c) have sight and hearing impairments which, in combination, have a significant effect on their day to day lives.
- (2) The register must identify, in respect of each person included in the register—
 - (a) the paragraph in subsection (1) within which that person falls, and
 - (b) the person's linguistic circumstances.
- (3) Regulations may specify, for the purposes of subsection (1), categories of people who are, or are not, to be treated as falling within paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of that subsection.
- (4) A local authority must establish and maintain a register of children to whom subsection (6) applies and who are within the local authority's area.
- (5) A local authority may establish and maintain a register of adults to whom subsection (6) applies and who are ordinarily resident in the local authority's area.
- (6) This subsection applies to a person who—
 - (a) is disabled,

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- (b) is not disabled but has a physical or mental impairment which gives rise, or which the authority considers may in the future give rise, to needs for care and support, or
 - (c) comes within any other category of persons the authority considers appropriate to include in a register of persons who have, or who the authority considers may in the future have, needs for care and support.
- (7) A local authority—
- (a) may categorise people included in a register under subsection (4) or (5) as it thinks fit, and
 - (b) must identify the linguistic circumstances of those people in the relevant register.
- (8) The registers established and maintained under this section may be used in the exercise of the authority's functions; for example, for the purpose of—
- (a) planning the provision by the authority of services to meet needs for care and support or support for carers, and
 - (b) monitoring changes over time in the number of people in the authority's area with needs for care and support and the types of needs they or their carers have.
- (9) Nothing in this section requires a local authority to include any person in a register maintained under this section unless—
- (a) the person has applied to be included in the register, or
 - (b) an application to be so included has been made on the person's behalf.
- (10) Where a local authority includes a person in a register maintained under this section, the authority—
- (a) must inform the person that he or she has been so included, and
 - (b) if a request is made by the person or on the person's behalf, must remove from the register any personal data [^{F6}(within the meaning of Parts 5 to 7 of the Data Protection Act 2018 (see section 3(2) and (14) of that Act))] relating to that person.

Textual Amendments

F6 Words in s. 18(10)(b) substituted (25.5.2018) by [Data Protection Act 2018 \(c. 12\)](#), s. 212(1), [Sch. 19 para. 188\(a\)](#) (with [ss. 117, 209, 210](#)); [S.I. 2018/625](#), reg. 2(1)(g)

Commencement Information

I5 S. 18 in force at 6.4.2016 by [S.I. 2016/412](#), [art. 2](#) (with [art. 4](#), [Schs. 1, 2](#))

Changes to legislation:

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Changes and effects yet to be applied to the whole Act associated Parts and Chapters:

Whole provisions yet to be inserted into this Act (including any effects on those provisions):

- s. 162(4)(ga) inserted by [2022 asc 1 Sch. 4 para. 30\(2\)\(b\)](#)
- s. 163(4A) inserted by [2014 c. 23 s. 75\(10\)](#) (Effect inserting (4) not applied at s. 163 as it appears to relate to s. 194 in view of the title of the section as cited i.e. "ordinary residence". In s. 194 another (4), identically worded, is inserted on the same date by S.I. 2016/413, regs. 2(1), 316(a))