

# Mental Capacity Act 2005

# **2005 CHAPTER 9**

# PART 1

### PERSONS WHO LACK CAPACITY

## Preliminary

# 2 People who lack capacity

- (1) For the purposes of this Act, a person lacks capacity in relation to a matter if at the material time he is unable to make a decision for himself in relation to the matter because of an impairment of, or a disturbance in the functioning of, the mind or brain.
- (2) It does not matter whether the impairment or disturbance is permanent or temporary.
- (3) A lack of capacity cannot be established merely by reference to—
  - (a) a person's age or appearance, or
  - (b) a condition of his, or an aspect of his behaviour, which might lead others to make unjustified assumptions about his capacity.
- (4) In proceedings under this Act or any other enactment, any question whether a person lacks capacity within the meaning of this Act must be decided on the balance of probabilities.
- (5) No power which a person ("D") may exercise under this Act—
  - (a) in relation to a person who lacks capacity, or
  - (b) where D reasonably thinks that a person lacks capacity,

is exercisable in relation to a person under 16.

(6) Subsection (5) is subject to section 18(3).

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Mental Capacity Act 2005, Section 2. (See end of Document for details)

#### Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 S. 2 applied (temp.) (1.4.2015) by The Health and Social Care Act 2008 (Regulated Activities) Regulations 2014 (S.I. 2014/2936), regs. 1(5)(6), **8(3)** 

#### **Commencement Information**

S. 2 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 2 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 68(1)-(3); s. 2 in force for certain purposes at 1.4.2007 by S.I. 2007/563, arts. 1(2)(3), 2(2)(b)(3) and s. 2 in force otherwise at 1.10.2007 by S.I. 2007/1897, art. 2(2)(b)

### Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Mental Capacity Act 2005, Section 2.