



Companies Act 2006

2006 CHAPTER 46

PART 13

RESOLUTIONS AND MEETINGS

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C1** Pts. 1-39 modified (31.12.2020) by Regulation (EC) No. 2157/2001, Art. AAA1(3) (as inserted by [The European Public Limited-Liability Company \(Amendment etc.\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2018](#) (S.I. 2018/1298), regs. 1, [97](#) (with regs. 140-145) (as amended by [S.I. 2020/523](#), regs. 1(2), 5(a)-(f)); 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1))
- C2** Pt. 13 modified (31.12.2023) by [The Resolution of Central Counterparties \(Modified Application of Corporate Law and Consequential Amendments\) Regulations 2023](#) (S.I. 2023/1313), regs. 1(2), [4](#)
- C3** Pts. 1-39 (except for Pt. 7 and ss. 662-669), 45-47 extended (12.5.2011) by [The Companies Act 2006 \(Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions\) Order 2011](#) (S.I. 2011/1265), art. 5(1), [Sch. 1 para. 2](#)

CHAPTER 1

GENERAL PROVISIONS ABOUT RESOLUTIONS

281 Resolutions

- (1) A resolution of the members (or of a class of members) of a private company must be passed—
- (a) as a written resolution in accordance with Chapter 2, or
 - (b) at a meeting of the members (to which the provisions of Chapter 3 apply).
- (2) A resolution of the members (or of a class of members) of a public company must be passed at a meeting of the members (to which the provisions of Chapter 3 and, where relevant, Chapter 4 apply).

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- (3) Where a provision of the Companies Acts—
- (a) requires a resolution of a company, or of the members (or a class of members) of a company, and
 - (b) does not specify what kind of resolution is required,
- what is required is an ordinary resolution unless the company's articles require a higher majority (or unanimity).
- (4) Nothing in this Part affects any enactment or rule of law as to—
- (a) things done otherwise than by passing a resolution,
 - (b) circumstances in which a resolution is or is not treated as having been passed, or
 - (c) cases in which a person is precluded from alleging that a resolution has not been duly passed.

282 Ordinary resolutions

- (1) An ordinary resolution of the members (or of a class of members) of a company means a resolution that is passed by a simple majority.
- (2) A written resolution is passed by a simple majority if it is passed by members representing a simple majority of the total voting rights of eligible members (see Chapter 2).
- (3) A resolution passed at a meeting on a show of hands is passed by a simple majority if it is passed by [^{F1}a simple majority of the votes cast by those entitled to vote]
- (4) A resolution passed on a poll taken at a meeting is passed by a simple majority if it is passed by members representing a simple majority of the total voting rights of members who (being entitled to do so) vote [^{F2}in person, by proxy or in advance (see section 322A)] on the resolution.
- (5) Anything that may be done by ordinary resolution may also be done by special resolution.

Textual Amendments

- F1** Words in s. 282(3) substituted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 2\(1\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F2** Words in s. 282(4) substituted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 5\(2\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

283 Special resolutions

- (1) A special resolution of the members (or of a class of members) of a company means a resolution passed by a majority of not less than 75%.
- (2) A written resolution is passed by a majority of not less than 75% if it is passed by members representing not less than 75% of the total voting rights of eligible members (see Chapter 2).
- (3) Where a resolution of a private company is passed as a written resolution—

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- (a) the resolution is not a special resolution unless it stated that it was proposed as a special resolution, and
 - (b) if the resolution so stated, it may only be passed as a special resolution.
- (4) A resolution passed at a meeting on a show of hands is passed by a majority of not less than 75% if it is passed by [^{F3}not less than 75% of the votes cast by those entitled to vote.]
- (5) A resolution passed on a poll taken at a meeting is passed by a majority of not less than 75% if it is passed by members representing not less than 75% of the total voting rights of the members who (being entitled to do so) vote [^{F4}in person, by proxy or in advance (see section 322A)] on the resolution.
- (6) Where a resolution is passed at a meeting—
- (a) the resolution is not a special resolution unless the notice of the meeting included the text of the resolution and specified the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution, and
 - (b) if the notice of the meeting so specified, the resolution may only be passed as a special resolution.

Textual Amendments

- F3** Words in s. 283(4) substituted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 2\(2\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F4** Words in s. 283(5) substituted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 5\(2\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

284 Votes: general rules

- (1) On a vote on a written resolution—
- (a) in the case of a company having a share capital, every member has one vote in respect of each share or each £10 of stock held by him, and
 - (b) in any other case, every member has one vote.
- [^{F5}(2) On a vote on a resolution on a show of hands at a meeting, each member present in person has one vote.]
- (3) On a vote on a resolution on a poll taken at a meeting—
- (a) in the case of a company having a share capital, every member has one vote in respect of each share or each £10 of stock held by him, and
 - (b) in any other case, every member has one vote.
- (4) The provisions of this section have effect subject to any provision of the company's articles.
- [^{F6}(5) Nothing in this section is to be read as restricting the effect of—
section 152 (exercise of rights by nominees),
section 285 (voting by proxy),
section 322 (exercise of voting rights on poll),
section 322A (voting on a poll: votes cast in advance), or
section 323 (representation of corporations at meetings).]

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Textual Amendments

- F5** S. 284(2) substituted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 2\(3\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F6** S. 284(5) added (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 2\(4\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

[^{F7}285 Voting by proxy

- (1) On a vote on a resolution on a show of hands at a meeting, every proxy present who has been duly appointed by one or more members entitled to vote on the resolution has one vote. This is subject to subsection (2).
- (2) On a vote on a resolution on a show of hands at a meeting, a proxy has one vote for and one vote against the resolution if—
 - (a) the proxy has been duly appointed by more than one member entitled to vote on the resolution, and
 - (b) the proxy has been instructed by one or more of those members to vote for the resolution and by one or more other of those members to vote against it.
- (3) On a poll taken at a meeting of a company all or any of the voting rights of a member may be exercised by one or more duly appointed proxies.
- (4) Where a member appoints more than one proxy, subsection (3) does not authorise the exercise by the proxies taken together of more extensive voting rights than could be exercised by the member in person.
- (5) Subsections (1) and (2) have effect subject to any provision of the company's articles.]

Textual Amendments

- F7** Ss. 285, 285A substituted for s. 285 (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 3](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

[^{F8}285A Voting rights on poll or written resolution

In relation to a resolution required or authorised by an enactment, if a private company's articles provide that a member has a different number of votes in relation to a resolution when it is passed as a written resolution and when it is passed on a poll taken at a meeting—

- (a) the provision about how many votes a member has in relation to the resolution passed on a poll is void, and
- (b) a member has the same number of votes in relation to the resolution when it is passed on a poll as the member has when it is passed as a written resolution.]

Textual Amendments

- F8** Ss. 285, 285A substituted for s. 285 (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 3](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

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286 Votes of joint holders of shares

- (1) In the case of joint holders of shares of a company, only the vote of the senior holder who votes (and any proxies duly authorised by him) may be counted by the company.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, the senior holder of a share is determined by the order in which the names of the joint holders appear in the register of members [^{F9} [^{F10} (or, if an election under section 128B is in force in respect of the company, in the register kept by the registrar under section 1080)]]].
- (3) Subsections (1) and (2) have effect subject to any provision of the company's articles.

Textual Amendments

- F9** Words in s. 286(2) omitted (26.10.2023 but only so far as it confers a power to make regulations or relates to the exercise of the power, otherwise prosp.) by virtue of [Economic Crime and Corporate Transparency Act 2023 \(c. 56\)](#), s. 219(1)(2)(b), [Sch. 1 para. 5](#)
- F10** Words in s. 286(2) inserted (30.6.2016) by [Small Business, Enterprise and Employment Act 2015 \(c. 26\)](#), s. 164(1), [Sch. 5 para. 16](#); S.I. 2016/321, reg. 6(c)

287 Saving for provisions of articles as to determination of entitlement to vote

Nothing in this Chapter affects—

- (a) any provision of a company's articles—
 - (i) requiring an objection to a person's entitlement to vote on a resolution to be made in accordance with the articles, and
 - (ii) for the determination of any such objection to be final and conclusive,or
- (b) the grounds on which such a determination may be questioned in legal proceedings.

CHAPTER 2

WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS

General provisions about written resolutions

288 Written resolutions of private companies

- (1) In the Companies Acts a “written resolution” means a resolution of a private company proposed and passed in accordance with this Chapter.
- (2) The following may not be passed as a written resolution—
 - (a) a resolution under section 168 removing a director before the expiration of his period of office;
 - (b) a resolution under section 510 removing an auditor before the expiration of his term of office.
- (3) A resolution may be proposed as a written resolution—
 - (a) by the directors of a private company (see section 291), or

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- (b) by the members of a private company (see sections 292 to 295).
- (4) References in enactments passed or made before this Chapter comes into force to—
- (a) a resolution of a company in general meeting, or
 - (b) a resolution of a meeting of a class of members of the company,
- have effect as if they included references to a written resolution of the members, or of a class of members, of a private company (as appropriate).
- (5) A written resolution of a private company has effect as if passed (as the case may be)—
- (a) by the company in general meeting, or
 - (b) by a meeting of a class of members of the company,
- and references in enactments passed or made before this section comes into force to a meeting at which a resolution is passed or to members voting in favour of a resolution shall be construed accordingly.

Commencement Information

- II** S. 288 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 288 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 288 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

289 Eligible members

- (1) In relation to a resolution proposed as a written resolution of a private company, the eligible members are the members who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution on the circulation date of the resolution (see section 290).
- (2) If the persons entitled to vote on a written resolution change during the course of the day that is the circulation date of the resolution, the eligible members are the persons entitled to vote on the resolution at the time that the first copy of the resolution is sent or submitted to a member for his agreement.

Commencement Information

- I2** S. 289 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 289 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 289 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

Circulation of written resolutions

290 Circulation date

References in this Part to the circulation date of a written resolution are to the date on which copies of it are sent or submitted to members in accordance with this Chapter (or if copies are sent or submitted to members on different days, to the first of those days).

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Commencement Information

- I3** S. 290 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 290 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 290 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

291 Circulation of written resolutions proposed by directors

- (1) This section applies to a resolution proposed as a written resolution by the directors of the company.
- (2) The company must send or submit a copy of the resolution to every eligible member.
- (3) The company must do so—
 - (a) by sending copies at the same time (so far as reasonably practicable) to all eligible members in hard copy form, in electronic form or by means of a website, or
 - (b) if it is possible to do so without undue delay, by submitting the same copy to each eligible member in turn (or different copies to each of a number of eligible members in turn),
or by sending copies to some members in accordance with paragraph (a) and submitting a copy or copies to other members in accordance with paragraph (b).
- (4) The copy of the resolution must be accompanied by a statement informing the member—
 - (a) how to signify agreement to the resolution (see section 296), and
 - (b) as to the date by which the resolution must be passed if it is not to lapse (see section 297).
- (5) In the event of default in complying with this section, an offence is committed by every officer of the company who is in default.
- (6) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable—
 - (a) on conviction on indictment, to a fine;
 - (b) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum.
- (7) The validity of the resolution, if passed, is not affected by a failure to comply with this section.

Commencement Information

- I4** S. 291 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 291 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 291 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

292 Members' power to require circulation of written resolution

- (1) The members of a private company may require the company to circulate a resolution that may properly be moved and is proposed to be moved as a written resolution.
- (2) Any resolution may properly be moved as a written resolution unless—

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- (a) it would, if passed, be ineffective (whether by reason of inconsistency with any enactment or the company's constitution or otherwise),
 - (b) it is defamatory of any person, or
 - (c) it is frivolous or vexatious.
- (3) Where the members require a company to circulate a resolution they may require the company to circulate with it a statement of not more than 1,000 words on the subject matter of the resolution.
- (4) A company is required to circulate the resolution and any accompanying statement once it has received requests that it do so from members representing not less than the requisite percentage of the total voting rights of all members entitled to vote on the resolution.
- (5) The “requisite percentage” is 5% or such lower percentage as is specified for this purpose in the company's articles.
- (6) A request—
- (a) may be in hard copy form or in electronic form,
 - (b) must identify the resolution and any accompanying statement, and
 - (c) must be authenticated by the person or persons making it.

Commencement Information

- I5** S. 292 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 292 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 292 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

293 Circulation of written resolution proposed by members

- (1) A company that is required under section 292 to circulate a resolution must send or submit to every eligible member—
- (a) a copy of the resolution, and
 - (b) a copy of any accompanying statement.

This is subject to section 294(2) (deposit or tender of sum in respect of expenses of circulation) and section 295 (application not to circulate members' statement).

- (2) The company must do so—
- (a) by sending copies at the same time (so far as reasonably practicable) to all eligible members in hard copy form, in electronic form or by means of a website, or
 - (b) if it is possible to do so without undue delay, by submitting the same copy to each eligible member in turn (or different copies to each of a number of eligible members in turn),
- or by sending copies to some members in accordance with paragraph (a) and submitting a copy or copies to other members in accordance with paragraph (b).
- (3) The company must send or submit the copies (or, if copies are sent or submitted to members on different days, the first of those copies) not more than 21 days after it becomes subject to the requirement under section 292 to circulate the resolution.
- (4) The copy of the resolution must be accompanied by guidance as to—

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- (a) how to signify agreement to the resolution (see section 296), and
 - (b) the date by which the resolution must be passed if it is not to lapse (see section 297).
- (5) In the event of default in complying with this section, an offence is committed by every officer of the company who is in default.
- (6) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable—
- (a) on conviction on indictment, to a fine;
 - (b) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum.
- (7) The validity of the resolution, if passed, is not affected by a failure to comply with this section.

Commencement Information

- I6** S. 293 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 293 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 293 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

294 Expenses of circulation

- (1) The expenses of the company in complying with section 293 must be paid by the members who requested the circulation of the resolution unless the company resolves otherwise.
- (2) Unless the company has previously so resolved, it is not bound to comply with that section unless there is deposited with or tendered to it a sum reasonably sufficient to meet its expenses in doing so.

Commencement Information

- I7** S. 294 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 294 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 294 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

295 Application not to circulate members' statement

- (1) A company is not required to circulate a members' statement under section 293 if, on an application by the company or another person who claims to be aggrieved, the court is satisfied that the rights conferred by section 292 and that section are being abused.
- (2) The court may order the members who requested the circulation of the statement to pay the whole or part of the company's costs (in Scotland, expenses) on such an application, even if they are not parties to the application.

Commencement Information

- I8** S. 295 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 295 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 295 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

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Agreeing to written resolutions

296 Procedure for signifying agreement to written resolution

- (1) A member signifies his agreement to a proposed written resolution when the company receives from him (or from someone acting on his behalf) an authenticated document—
 - (a) identifying the resolution to which it relates, and
 - (b) indicating his agreement to the resolution.
- (2) The document must be sent to the company in hard copy form or in electronic form.
- (3) A member's agreement to a written resolution, once signified, may not be revoked.
- (4) A written resolution is passed when the required majority of eligible members have signified their agreement to it.

Commencement Information

- I9** S. 296 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 296 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 296 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

297 Period for agreeing to written resolution

- (1) A proposed written resolution lapses if it is not passed before the end of—
 - (a) the period specified for this purpose in the company's articles, or
 - (b) if none is specified, the period of 28 days beginning with the circulation date.
- (2) The agreement of a member to a written resolution is ineffective if signified after the expiry of that period.

Commencement Information

- I10** S. 297 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 297 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 297 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

Supplementary

298 Sending documents relating to written resolutions by electronic means

- (1) Where a company has given an electronic address in any document containing or accompanying a proposed written resolution, it is deemed to have agreed that any document or information relating to that resolution may be sent by electronic means to that address (subject to any conditions or limitations specified in the document).
- (2) In this section “electronic address” means any address or number used for the purposes of sending or receiving documents or information by electronic means.

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Commencement Information

I11 S. 298 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 298 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 298 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

299 Publication of written resolution on website

- (1) This section applies where a company sends—
 - (a) a written resolution, or
 - (b) a statement relating to a written resolution, to a person by means of a website.
- (2) The resolution or statement is not validly sent for the purposes of this Chapter unless the resolution is available on the website throughout the period beginning with the circulation date and ending on the date on which the resolution lapses under section 297.

Commencement Information

I12 S. 299 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 299 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 299 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

300 Relationship between this Chapter and provisions of company's articles

A provision of the articles of a private company is void in so far as it would have the effect that a resolution that is required by or otherwise provided for in an enactment could not be proposed and passed as a written resolution.

Commencement Information

I13 S. 300 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 300 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 300 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

CHAPTER 3

RESOLUTIONS AT MEETINGS

General provisions about resolutions at meetings

301 Resolutions at general meetings

- A resolution of the members of a company is validly passed at a general meeting if—
- (a) notice of the meeting and of the resolution is given, and
 - (b) the meeting is held and conducted,

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in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter (and, where relevant, Chapter 4) and the company's articles.

Commencement Information

I14 S. 301 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 301 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 301 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

Calling meetings

302 Directors' power to call general meetings

The directors of a company may call a general meeting of the company.

Commencement Information

I15 S. 302 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 302 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 302 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

303 Members' power to require directors to call general meeting

- (1) The members of a company may require the directors to call a general meeting of the company.
- (2) The directors are required to call a general meeting once the company has received requests to do so from—
 - (a) members representing at least [^{F11}5%] of such of the paid-up capital of the company as carries the right of voting at general meetings of the company (excluding any paid-up capital held as treasury shares); or
 - (b) in the case of a company not having a share capital, members who represent at least [^{F11}5%] of the total voting rights of all the members having a right to vote at general meetings.
- (3) ^{F12}
- (4) A request—
 - (a) must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting, and
 - (b) may include the text of a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the meeting.
- (5) A resolution may properly be moved at a meeting unless—
 - (a) it would, if passed, be ineffective (whether by reason of inconsistency with any enactment or the company's constitution or otherwise),
 - (b) it is defamatory of any person, or
 - (c) it is frivolous or vexatious.
- (6) A request—

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- (a) may be in hard copy form or in electronic form, and
- (b) must be authenticated by the person or persons making it.

Textual Amendments

- F11** Words in s. 303(2)(a)(b) substituted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 4\(2\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F12** S. 303(3) omitted (3.8.2009) by virtue of [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 4\(3\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

Commencement Information

- I16** S. 303 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 303 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 303 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

304 Directors' duty to call meetings required by members

- (1) Directors required under section 303 to call a general meeting of the company must call a meeting—
 - (a) within 21 days from the date on which they become subject to the requirement, and
 - (b) to be held on a date not more than 28 days after the date of the notice convening the meeting.
- (2) If the requests received by the company identify a resolution intended to be moved at the meeting, the notice of the meeting must include notice of the resolution.
- (3) The business that may be dealt with at the meeting includes a resolution of which notice is given in accordance with this section.
- (4) If the resolution is to be proposed as a special resolution, the directors are treated as not having duly called the meeting if they do not give the required notice of the resolution in accordance with section 283.

Commencement Information

- I17** S. 304 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 304 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 304 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

305 Power of members to call meeting at company's expense

- (1) If the directors—
 - (a) are required under section 303 to call a meeting, and
 - (b) do not do so in accordance with section 304,the members who requested the meeting, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves call a general meeting.
- (2) Where the requests received by the company included the text of a resolution intended to be moved at the meeting, the notice of the meeting must include notice of the resolution.

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- (3) The meeting must be called for a date not more than three months after the date on which the directors become subject to the requirement to call a meeting.
- (4) The meeting must be called in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings are required to be called by directors of the company.
- (5) The business which may be dealt with at the meeting includes a resolution of which notice is given in accordance with this section.
- (6) Any reasonable expenses incurred by the members requesting the meeting by reason of the failure of the directors duly to call a meeting must be reimbursed by the company.
- (7) Any sum so reimbursed shall be retained by the company out of any sums due or to become due from the company by way of fees or other remuneration in respect of the services of such of the directors as were in default.

Commencement Information

I18 S. 305 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 305 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 305 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

306 Power of court to order meeting

- (1) This section applies if for any reason it is impracticable—
 - (a) to call a meeting of a company in any manner in which meetings of that company may be called, or
 - (b) to conduct the meeting in the manner prescribed by the company's articles or this Act.
- (2) The court may, either of its own motion or on the application—
 - (a) of a director of the company, or
 - (b) of a member of the company who would be entitled to vote at the meeting, order a meeting to be called, held and conducted in any manner the court thinks fit.
- (3) Where such an order is made, the court may give such ancillary or consequential directions as it thinks expedient.
- (4) Such directions may include a direction that one member of the company present at the meeting be deemed to constitute a quorum.
- (5) A meeting called, held and conducted in accordance with an order under this section is deemed for all purposes to be a meeting of the company duly called, held and conducted.

Commencement Information

I19 S. 306 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 306 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 306 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

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Notice of meetings

307 Notice required of general meeting

[^{F13}(A1) This section applies to—

- (a) a general meeting of a company that is not a traded company; and
 - (b) a general meeting of a traded company that is an opted-in company (as defined by section 971(1)), where—
 - (i) the meeting is held to decide whether to take any action that might result in the frustration of a takeover bid for the company; or
 - (ii) the meeting is held by virtue of section 969 (power of offeror to require general meeting to be held).
- (A2) For corresponding provision(s) in relation to general meetings of traded companies (other than meetings within subsection (A1)(b)), see section 307A.]
- (1) A general meeting of a private company (other than an adjourned meeting) must be called by notice of at least 14 days.
 - (2) A general meeting of a public company (other than an adjourned meeting) must be called by notice of—
 - (a) in the case of an annual general meeting, at least 21 days, and
 - (b) in any other case, at least 14 days.
 - (3) The company's articles may require a longer period of notice than that specified in subsection (1) or (2).
 - (4) A general meeting may be called by shorter notice than that otherwise required if shorter notice is agreed by the members.
 - (5) The shorter notice must be agreed to by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote at the meeting, being a majority who—
 - (a) together hold not less than the requisite percentage in nominal value of the shares giving a right to attend and vote at the meeting (excluding any shares in the company held as treasury shares), or
 - (b) in the case of a company not having a share capital, together represent not less than the requisite percentage of the total voting rights at that meeting of all the members.
 - (6) The requisite percentage is—
 - (a) in the case of a private company, 90% or such higher percentage (not exceeding 95%) as may be specified in the company's articles;
 - (b) in the case of a public company, 95%.
 - (7) Subsections (5) and (6) do not apply to an annual general meeting of a public company (see instead section 337(2)).

Textual Amendments

F13 S. 307(A1)(A2) inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 9\(1\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

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Commencement Information

I20 S. 307 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 307 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 307 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

[^{F14}307A] Notice required of general meeting: certain meetings of traded companies

- (1) A general meeting of a traded company must be called by notice of—
 - (a) in a case where conditions A to C (set out below) are met, at least 14 days;
 - (b) in any other case, at least 21 days.
- (2) Condition A is that the general meeting is not an annual general meeting.
- (3) Condition B is that the company offers the facility for members to vote by electronic means accessible to all members who hold shares that carry rights to vote at general meetings. This condition is met if there is a facility, offered by the company and accessible to all such members, to appoint a proxy by means of a website.
- (4) Condition C is that a special resolution reducing the period of notice to not less than 14 days has been passed—
 - (a) at the immediately preceding annual general meeting, or
 - (b) at a general meeting held since that annual general meeting.
- (5) In the case of a company which has not yet held an annual general meeting, condition C is that a special resolution reducing the period of notice to not less than 14 days has been passed at a general meeting.
- (6) The company's articles may require a longer period of notice than that specified in subsection (1).
- (7) Where a general meeting is adjourned, the adjourned meeting may be called by shorter notice than required by subsection (1). But in the case of an adjournment for lack of a quorum this subsection applies only if—
 - (a) no business is to be dealt with at the adjourned meeting the general nature of which was not stated in the notice of the original meeting, and
 - (b) the adjourned meeting is to be held at least 10 days after the original meeting.
- (8) Nothing in this section applies in relation to a general meeting of a kind mentioned in section 307(A1)(b) (certain meetings regarding takeover of opted-in company).]

Textual Amendments

F14 S. 307A inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [regs. 9\(2\), 23](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 S. 307A modified (31.12.2023) by [The Resolution of Central Counterparties \(Modified Application of Corporate Law and Consequential Amendments\) Regulations 2023 \(S.I. 2023/1313\)](#), [regs. 1\(2\), 4](#)

308 Manner in which notice to be given

Notice of a general meeting of a company must be given—

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- (a) in hard copy form,
 - (b) in electronic form, or
 - (c) by means of a website (see section 309),
- or partly by one such means and partly by another.

Commencement Information

I21 S. 308 wholly in force at 20.1.2007, see s. 1300 and [S.I. 2006/3428](#), [art. 3\(1\)\(a\)](#) (subject to [art. 5](#), [Sch. 1](#) and with [arts. 6, 8](#), [Sch. 5](#))

309 Publication of notice of meeting on website

- (1) Notice of a meeting is not validly given by a company by means of a website unless it is given in accordance with this section.
- (2) When the company notifies a member of the presence of the notice on the website the notification must—
 - (a) state that it concerns a notice of a company meeting,
 - (b) specify the place, date and time of the meeting, and
 - (c) in the case of a public company, state whether the meeting will be an annual general meeting.
- (3) The notice must be available on the website throughout the period beginning with the date of that notification and ending with the conclusion of the meeting.

Commencement Information

I22 S. 309 wholly in force at 20.1.2007, see s. 1300 and [S.I. 2006/3428](#), [art. 3\(1\)\(a\)](#) (subject to [art. 5](#), [Sch. 1](#) and with [arts. 6, 8](#), [Sch. 5](#))

310 Persons entitled to receive notice of meetings

- (1) Notice of a general meeting of a company must be sent to—
 - (a) every member of the company, and
 - (b) every director.
- (2) In subsection (1), the reference to members includes any person who is entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member, if the company has been notified of their entitlement.
- (3) In subsection (2), the reference to the bankruptcy of a member includes—
 - (a) the sequestration of the estate of a member;
 - (b) a member's estate being the subject of a protected trust deed (within the meaning of the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act [^{F15}2016]).
- (4) This section has effect subject to—
 - (a) any enactment, and
 - (b) any provision of the company's articles.

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Textual Amendments

F15 Word in s. 310(3)(b) substituted (30.11.2016) by [The Bankruptcy \(Scotland\) Act 2016 \(Consequential Provisions and Modifications\) Order 2016 \(S.I. 2016/1034\)](#), art. 1, **Sch. 1 para. 29(5)**

Commencement Information

I23 S. 310 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 310 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 310 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), **art. 2(1)(f)** (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

311 Contents of notices of meetings

- (1) Notice of a general meeting of a company must state—
 - (a) the time and date of the meeting, and
 - (b) the place of the meeting.
- (2) Notice of a general meeting of a company must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting.

[^{F16}In relation to a company other than a traded company, this subsection has effect subject to any provision of the company's articles.]

- [^{F17}(3) Notice of a general meeting of a traded company must also include—
- (a) a statement giving the address of the website on which the information required by section 311A (traded companies: publication of information in advance of general meeting) is published;
 - (b) a statement—
 - (i) that the right to vote at the meeting is determined by reference to the register of members [^{F18}[^{F19}(or, if an election under section 128B is in force in respect of the company, by reference to the register kept by the registrar under section 1080)]], and
 - (ii) of the time when that right will be determined in accordance with section 360B(2) (traded companies: share dealings before general meetings);
 - (c) a statement of the procedures with which members must comply in order to be able to attend and vote at the meeting (including the date by which they must comply);
 - (d) a statement giving details of any forms to be used for the appointment of a proxy;
 - (e) where the company offers the facility for members to vote in advance (see section 322A) or by electronic means (see section 360A), a statement of the procedure for doing so (including the date by which it must be done, and details of any forms to be used); and
 - (f) a statement of the right of members to ask questions in accordance with section 319A (traded companies: questions at meetings).]

Textual Amendments

F16 Words in s. 311(2) substituted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), **reg. 10(2)** (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

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- F17** S. 311(3) inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 10\(3\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F18** Words in s. 311(3)(b)(i) omitted (26.10.2023 but only so far as it confers a power to make regulations or relates to the exercise of the power, otherwise prosp.) by virtue of [Economic Crime and Corporate Transparency Act 2023 \(c. 56\)](#), s. 219(1)(2)(b), [Sch. 1 para. 6](#)
- F19** Words in s. 311(3)(b)(i) inserted (30.6.2016) by [Small Business, Enterprise and Employment Act 2015 \(c. 26\)](#), s. 164(1), [Sch. 5 para. 17](#); S.I. 2016/321, [reg. 6\(c\)](#)

Commencement Information

- I24** S. 311 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 311 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 311 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#) and with transitional provisions and savings in [Sch. 3](#))

[^{F20}311A Traded companies: publication of information in advance of general meeting

- (1) A traded company must ensure that the following information relating to a general meeting of the company is made available on a website—
- (a) the matters set out in the notice of the meeting;
 - (b) the total numbers of—
 - (i) shares in the company, and
 - (ii) shares of each class,in respect of which members are entitled to exercise voting rights at the meeting;
 - (c) the totals of the voting rights that members are entitled to exercise at the meeting in respect of the shares of each class;
 - (d) members' statements, members' resolutions and members' matters of business received by the company after the first date on which notice of the meeting is given.
- (2) The information must be made available on a website that—
- (a) is maintained by or on behalf of the company, and
 - (b) identifies the company.
- (3) Access to the information on the website, and the ability to obtain a hard copy of the information from the website, must not be conditional on payment of a fee or otherwise restricted.
- (4) The information—
- (a) must be made available—
 - (i) in the case of information required by subsection (1)(a) to (c), on or before the first date on which notice of the meeting is given, and
 - (ii) in the case of information required by subsection (1)(d), as soon as reasonably practicable, and
 - (b) must be kept available throughout the period of two years beginning with the date on which it is first made available on a website in accordance with this section.
- (5) A failure to make information available throughout the period specified in subsection (4)(b) is disregarded if—
- (a) the information is made available on the website for part of that period, and

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- (b) the failure is wholly attributable to circumstances that it would not be reasonable to have expected the company to prevent or avoid.
- (6) The amounts mentioned in subsection (1)(b) and (c) must be ascertained at the latest practicable time before the first date on which notice of the meeting is given.
- (7) Failure to comply with this section does not affect the validity of the meeting or of anything done at the meeting.
- (8) If this section is not complied with as respects any meeting, an offence is committed by every officer of the company who is in default.
- (9) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.]

Textual Amendments

F20 S. 311A inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 11](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

312 Resolution requiring special notice

- (1) Where by any provision of the Companies Acts special notice is required of a resolution, the resolution is not effective unless notice of the intention to move it has been given to the company at least 28 days before the meeting at which it is moved.
- (2) The company must, where practicable, give its members notice of any such resolution in the same manner and at the same time as it gives notice of the meeting.
- (3) Where that is not practicable, the company must give its members notice at least 14 days before the meeting—
 - (a) by advertisement in a newspaper having an appropriate circulation, or
 - (b) in any other manner allowed by the company's articles.
- (4) If, after notice of the intention to move such a resolution has been given to the company, a meeting is called for a date 28 days or less after the notice has been given, the notice is deemed to have been properly given, though not given within the time required.

Commencement Information

I25 S. 312 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 312 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 312 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

313 Accidental failure to give notice of resolution or meeting

- (1) Where a company gives notice of—
 - (a) a general meeting, or
 - (b) a resolution intended to be moved at a general meeting,

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any accidental failure to give notice to one or more persons shall be disregarded for the purpose of determining whether notice of the meeting or resolution (as the case may be) is duly given.

- (2) Except in relation to notice given under—
- (a) section 304 (notice of meetings required by members),
 - (b) section 305 (notice of meetings called by members), or
 - (c) section 339 (notice of resolutions at AGMs proposed by members),
- subsection (1) has effect subject to any provision of the company's articles.

Commencement Information

I26 S. 313 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 313 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 313 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

Members' statements

314 Members' power to require circulation of statements

- (1) The members of a company may require the company to circulate, to members of the company entitled to receive notice of a general meeting, a statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to—
- (a) a matter referred to in a proposed resolution to be dealt with at that meeting, or
 - (b) other business to be dealt with at that meeting.
- (2) A company is required to circulate a statement once it has received requests to do so from—
- (a) members representing at least 5% of the total voting rights of all the members who have a relevant right to vote (excluding any voting rights attached to any shares in the company held as treasury shares), or
 - (b) at least 100 members who have a relevant right to vote and hold shares in the company on which there has been paid up an average sum, per member, of at least £100.

See also section 153 (exercise of rights where shares held on behalf of others).

- (3) In subsection (2), a “relevant right to vote” means—
- (a) in relation to a statement with respect to a matter referred to in a proposed resolution, a right to vote on that resolution at the meeting to which the requests relate, and
 - (b) in relation to any other statement, a right to vote at the meeting to which the requests relate.
- (4) A request—
- (a) may be in hard copy form or in electronic form,
 - (b) must identify the statement to be circulated,
 - (c) must be authenticated by the person or persons making it, and
 - (d) must be received by the company at least one week before the meeting to which it relates.

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Commencement Information

I27 S. 314 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 314 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 314 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

315 Company's duty to circulate members' statement

- (1) A company that is required under section 314, to circulate a statement must send a copy of it to each member of the company entitled to receive notice of the meeting—
 - (a) in the same manner as the notice of the meeting, and
 - (b) at the same time as, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, it gives notice of the meeting.
- (2) Subsection (1) has effect subject to section 316(2) (deposit or tender of sum in respect of expenses of circulation) and section 317 (application not to circulate members' statement).
- (3) In the event of default in complying with this section, an offence is committed by every officer of the company who is in default.
- (4) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable—
 - (a) on conviction on indictment, to a fine;
 - (b) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum.

Commencement Information

I28 S. 315 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 315 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 315 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

316 Expenses of circulating members' statement

- (1) The expenses of the company in complying with section 315 need not be paid by the members who requested the circulation of the statement if—
 - (a) the meeting to which the requests relate is an annual general meeting of a public company, and
 - (b) requests sufficient to require the company to circulate the statement are received before the end of the financial year preceding the meeting.
- (2) Otherwise—
 - (a) the expenses of the company in complying with that section must be paid by the members who requested the circulation of the statement unless the company resolves otherwise, and
 - (b) unless the company has previously so resolved, it is not bound to comply with that section unless there is deposited with or tendered to it, not later than one week before the meeting, a sum reasonably sufficient to meet its expenses in doing so.

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Commencement Information

I29 S. 316 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 316 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 316 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

317 Application not to circulate members' statement

- (1) A company is not required to circulate a members' statement under section 315 if, on an application by the company or another person who claims to be aggrieved, the court is satisfied that the rights conferred by section 314 and that section are being abused.
- (2) The court may order the members who requested the circulation of the statement to pay the whole or part of the company's costs (in Scotland, expenses) on such an application, even if they are not parties to the application.

Commencement Information

I30 S. 317 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 317 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 317 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

Procedure at meetings

318 Quorum at meetings

- (1) In the case of a company limited by shares or guarantee and having only one member, one qualifying person present at a meeting is a quorum.
- (2) In any other case, subject to the provisions of the company's articles, two qualifying persons present at a meeting are a quorum, unless—
 - (a) each is a qualifying person only because he is authorised under section 323 to act as the representative of a corporation in relation to the meeting, and they are representatives of the same corporation; or
 - (b) each is a qualifying person only because he is appointed as proxy of a member in relation to the meeting, and they are proxies of the same member.
- (3) For the purposes of this section a “qualifying person” means—
 - (a) an individual who is a member of the company,
 - (b) a person authorised under section 323 (representation of corporations at meetings) to act as the representative of a corporation in relation to the meeting, or
 - (c) a person appointed as proxy of a member in relation to the meeting.

Commencement Information

I31 S. 318 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 318 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 318 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

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319 Chairman of meeting

- (1) A member may be elected to be the chairman of a general meeting by a resolution of the company passed at the meeting.
- (2) Subsection (1) is subject to any provision of the company's articles that states who may or may not be chairman.

Commencement Information

I32 S. 319 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 319 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 319 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

[^{F21}319A Traded companies: questions at meetings

- (1) At a general meeting of a traded company, the company must cause to be answered any question relating to the business being dealt with at the meeting put by a member attending the meeting.
- (2) No such answer need be given—
 - (a) if to do so would—
 - (i) interfere unduly with the preparation for the meeting, or
 - (ii) involve the disclosure of confidential information;
 - (b) if the answer has already been given on a website in the form of an answer to a question; or
 - (c) if it is undesirable in the interests of the company or the good order of the meeting that the question be answered.]

Textual Amendments

F21 S. 319A inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 12\(1\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

320 Declaration by chairman on a show of hands

- (1) On a vote on a resolution at a meeting on a show of hands, a declaration by the chairman that the resolution—
 - (a) has or has not been passed, or
 - (b) passed with a particular majority,
 is conclusive evidence of that fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.
- (2) An entry in respect of such a declaration in minutes of the meeting recorded in accordance with section 355 is also conclusive evidence of that fact without such proof.
- (3) This section does not have effect if a poll is demanded in respect of the resolution (and the demand is not subsequently withdrawn).

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Companies Act 2006. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

Commencement Information

I33 S. 320 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 320 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 320 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

321 Right to demand a poll

- (1) A provision of a company's articles is void in so far as it would have the effect of excluding the right to demand a poll at a general meeting on any question other than—
 - (a) the election of the chairman of the meeting, or
 - (b) the adjournment of the meeting.
- (2) A provision of a company's articles is void in so far as it would have the effect of making ineffective a demand for a poll on any such question which is made—
 - (a) by not less than 5 members having the right to vote on the resolution; or
 - (b) by a member or members representing not less than 10% of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote on the resolution (excluding any voting rights attached to any shares in the company held as treasury shares); or
 - (c) by a member or members holding shares in the company conferring a right to vote on the resolution, being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than 10% of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right (excluding shares in the company conferring a right to vote on the resolution which are held as treasury shares).

Commencement Information

I34 S. 321 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 321 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 321 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

322 Voting on a poll

On a poll taken at a general meeting of a company, a member entitled to more than one vote need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.

Commencement Information

I35 S. 322 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 322 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 322 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

[^{F22}322A Voting on a poll: votes cast in advance

- (1) A company's articles may contain provision to the effect that on a vote on a resolution on a poll taken at a meeting, the votes may include votes cast in advance.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Companies Act 2006. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

(2) In the case of a traded company any such provision in relation to voting at a general meeting may be made subject only to such requirements and restrictions as are—

- (a) necessary to ensure the identification of the person voting, and
- (b) proportionate to the achievement of that objective.

Nothing in this subsection affects any power of a company to require reasonable evidence of the entitlement of any person who is not a member to vote.

(3) Any provision of a company's articles is void in so far as it would have the effect of requiring any document casting a vote in advance to be received by the company or another person earlier than the following time—

- (a) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it was demanded, 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll;
- (b) in the case of any other poll, 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting.

(4) In calculating the periods mentioned in subsection (3), no account is to be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day.]

Textual Amendments

F22 S. 322A inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 5\(1\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

323 Representation of corporations at meetings

(1) If a corporation (whether or not a company within the meaning of this Act) is a member of a company, it may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise a person or persons to act as its representative or representatives at any meeting of the company.

[^{F23}(2) A person authorised by a corporation is entitled to exercise (on behalf of the corporation) the same powers as the corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the company. Where a corporation authorises more than one person, this subsection is subject to subsections (3) and (4).

(3) On a vote on a resolution on a show of hands at a meeting of the company, each authorised person has the same voting rights as the corporation would be entitled to.

(4) Where subsection (3) does not apply and more than one authorised person purport to exercise a power under subsection (2) in respect of the same shares—

- (a) if they purport to exercise the power in the same way as each other, the power is treated as exercised in that way;
- (b) if they do not purport to exercise the power in the same way as each other, the power is treated as not exercised.]

Textual Amendments

F23 S. 323(2)-(4) substituted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 6](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Companies Act 2006. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C5** S. 323 applied (with modifications) (15.12.2007) by [The Companies \(Cross-Border Mergers\) Regulations 2007 \(S.I. 2007/2974\)](#), [reg. 11\(3\)](#)
- C6** S. 323 applied (with effect as mentioned in rule 3 of the amending S.I.) (30.11.2007) by [The PPP Administration Order Rules 2007 \(S.I. 2007/3141\)](#), [rule 88\(1\)](#)
- C7** S. 323 applied by [The Limited Liability Partnerships \(Application of Companies Act 2006\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1804\)](#), [reg. 45\(2\)](#) (as amended (26.6.2020) by [The Limited Liability Partnerships \(Amendment etc.\) Regulations 2020 \(S.I. 2020/643\)](#), [reg. 1\(1\)](#), [Sch. 3 para. 2\(4\)](#) (which amending S.I. is revoked (16.2.2021) by [S.I. 2021/60](#), [reg. 1\(1\), 2\)](#); and (16.2.2021) by [The Limited Liability Partnerships \(Amendment etc.\) Regulations 2021 \(S.I. 2021/60\)](#), [reg. 1\(1\)](#), [Sch. 3 para. 2\(4\)](#) (with [reg. 4\(2\)](#))
- C8** S. 323 applied (1.11.2009) by [The Water Industry \(Special Administration\) Rules 2009 \(S.I. 2009/2477\)](#), [rule 67](#) (with [rules 3\(2\), 4\)](#)
- C9** S. 323 modified (7.6.2013) by [The Energy Supply Company Administration \(Scotland\) Rules 2013 \(S.I. 2013/1047\)](#), [rules 1, 20\(3\)](#) (with [rule 3\)](#)

Commencement Information

- I36** S. 323 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 323 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 323 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1\)](#)

Proxies

324 Rights to appoint proxies

- (1) A member of a company is entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to exercise all or any of his rights to attend and to speak and vote at a meeting of the company.
- (2) In the case of a company having a share capital, a member may appoint more than one proxy in relation to a meeting, provided that each proxy is appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by him, or (as the case may be) to a different £10, or multiple of £10, of stock held by him.

Commencement Information

- I37** S. 324 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 324 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 324 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1\)](#)

[^{F24}324A] Obligation of proxy to vote in accordance with instructions

A proxy must vote in accordance with any instructions given by the member by whom the proxy is appointed.]

Textual Amendments

- F24** S. 324A inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 7](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Companies Act 2006. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

325 Notice of meeting to contain statement of rights

- (1) In every notice calling a meeting of a company there must appear, with reasonable prominence, a statement informing the member of—
 - (a) his rights under section 324, and
 - (b) any more extensive rights conferred by the company's articles to appoint more than one proxy.
- (2) Failure to comply with this section does not affect the validity of the meeting or of anything done at the meeting.
- (3) If this section is not complied with as respects any meeting, an offence is committed by every officer of the company who is in default.
- (4) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

Commencement Information

I38 S. 325 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 325 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 325 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

326 Company-sponsored invitations to appoint proxies

- (1) If for the purposes of a meeting there are issued at the company's expense invitations to members to appoint as proxy a specified person or a number of specified persons, the invitations must be issued to all members entitled to vote at the meeting.
- (2) Subsection (1) is not contravened if—
 - (a) there is issued to a member at his request a form of appointment naming the proxy or a list of persons willing to act as proxy, and
 - (b) the form or list is available on request to all members entitled to vote at the meeting.
- (3) If subsection (1) is contravened as respects a meeting, an offence is committed by every officer of the company who is in default.
- (4) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

Commencement Information

I39 S. 326 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 326 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 326 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

327 Notice required of appointment of proxy etc

- [^{F25}(A1) In the case of a traded company —
- (a) the appointment of a person as proxy for a member must be notified to the company in writing;

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- (b) where such an appointment is made, the company may require reasonable evidence of—
 - (i) the identity of the member and of the proxy,
 - (ii) the member's instructions (if any) as to how the proxy is to vote, and
 - (iii) where the proxy is appointed by a person acting on behalf of the member, authority of that person to make the appointment;but may not require to be provided with anything else relating to the appointment.]
- (1) [^{F26}The following provisions apply in the case of traded companies and other companies as regards]—
 - (a) the appointment of a proxy, and
 - (b) any document necessary to show the validity of, or otherwise relating to, the appointment of a proxy.
- (2) Any provision of the company's articles is void in so far as it would have the effect of requiring any such appointment or document to be received by the company or another person earlier than the following time—
 - (a) in the case of a meeting or adjourned meeting, 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting;
 - (b) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it was demanded, 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll;
 - ^{F27}(c)
- (3) In calculating the periods mentioned in subsection (2) no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day.

Textual Amendments

- F25** S. 327(A1) inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 13\(1\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F26** Words in s. 327(1) substituted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 13\(2\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F27** S. 327(2)(c) omitted (26.5.2015) by virtue of [Deregulation Act 2015 \(c. 20\)](#), s. 115(3)(n), [Sch. 6 para. 29](#)

Commencement Information

- I40** S. 327 partly in force; s. 327 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 327(1)(2)(a)(b)(3) in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

328 Chairing meetings

- (1) A proxy may be elected to be the chairman of a general meeting by a resolution of the company passed at the meeting.
- (2) Subsection (1) is subject to any provision of the company's articles that states who may or who may not be chairman.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Companies Act 2006. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Commencement Information

I41 S. 328 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 328 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 328 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

329 Right of proxy to demand a poll

- (1) The appointment of a proxy to vote on a matter at a meeting of a company authorises the proxy to demand, or join in demanding, a poll on that matter.
- (2) In applying the provisions of section 321(2) (requirements for effective demand), a demand by a proxy counts—
 - (a) for the purposes of paragraph (a), as a demand by the member;
 - (b) for the purposes of paragraph (b), as a demand by a member representing the voting rights that the proxy is authorised to exercise;
 - (c) for the purposes of paragraph (c), as a demand by a member holding the shares to which those rights are attached.

Commencement Information

I42 S. 329 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 329 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 329 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

330 Notice required of termination of proxy's authority

[^{F28}(A1) In the case of a traded company the termination of the authority of a person to act as proxy must be notified to the company in writing.]

- (1) [^{F29}The following provisions apply in the case of traded companies and other companies as regards] notice that the authority of a person to act as proxy is terminated (“notice of termination”).
- (2) The termination of the authority of a person to act as proxy does not affect—
 - (a) whether he counts in deciding whether there is a quorum at a meeting,
 - (b) the validity of anything he does as chairman of a meeting, or
 - (c) the validity of a poll demanded by him at a meeting,
 unless the company receives notice of the termination before the commencement of the meeting.
- (3) The termination of the authority of a person to act as proxy does not affect the validity of a vote given by that person unless the company receives notice of the termination—
 - (a) before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given, or
 - (b) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded, before the time appointed for taking the poll.
- (4) If the company's articles require or permit members to give notice of termination to a person other than the company, the references above to the company receiving notice have effect as if they were or (as the case may be) included a reference to that person.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Companies Act 2006. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) [View outstanding changes](#)

(5) Subsections (2) and (3) have effect subject to any provision of the company's articles which has the effect of requiring notice of termination to be received by the company or another person at a time earlier than that specified in those subsections.

This is subject to subsection (6).

(6) Any provision of the company's articles is void in so far as it would have the effect of requiring notice of termination to be received by the company or another person earlier than the following time—

(a) in the case of a meeting or adjourned meeting, 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting;

(b) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it was demanded, 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll;

^{F30}(c)

(7) In calculating the periods mentioned in subsections (3)(b) and (6) no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day.

Textual Amendments

F28 S. 330(A1) inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 13\(3\)\(a\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

F29 Words in s. 330(1) substituted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 13\(3\)\(b\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

F30 S. 330(6)(c) omitted (26.5.2015) by virtue of [Deregulation Act 2015 \(c. 20\)](#), s. 115(3)(n), [Sch. 6 para. 30](#)

Commencement Information

I43 S. 330 partly in force; s. 330 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 330(1)-(5)(6)(a)(b)(7) in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

331 Saving for more extensive rights conferred by articles

Nothing in sections 324 to 330 (proxies) prevents a company's articles from conferring more extensive rights on members or proxies than are conferred by those sections.

Commencement Information

I44 S. 331 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 331 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 331 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

Adjourned meetings

332 Resolution passed at adjourned meeting

Where a resolution is passed at an adjourned meeting of a company, the resolution is for all purposes to be treated as having been passed on the date on which it was in fact passed, and is not to be deemed passed on any earlier date.

Changes to legislation: There are outstanding changes not yet made by the legislation.gov.uk editorial team to Companies Act 2006. Any changes that have already been made by the team appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details) View outstanding changes

Commencement Information

I45 S. 332 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 332 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 332 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

Electronic communications

333 Sending documents relating to meetings etc in electronic form

- (1) Where a company has given an electronic address in a notice calling a meeting, it is deemed to have agreed that any document or information relating to proceedings at the meeting may be sent by electronic means to that address (subject to any conditions or limitations specified in the notice).
- (2) Where a company has given an electronic address—
 - (a) in an instrument of proxy sent out by the company in relation to the meeting, or
 - (b) in an invitation to appoint a proxy issued by the company in relation to the meeting,
 it is deemed to have agreed that any document or information relating to proxies for that meeting may be sent by electronic means to that address (subject to any conditions or limitations specified in the notice).
- (3) In subsection (2), documents relating to proxies include—
 - (a) the appointment of a proxy in relation to a meeting,
 - (b) any document necessary to show the validity of, or otherwise relating to, the appointment of a proxy, and
 - (c) notice of the termination of the authority of a proxy.
- (4) In this section “electronic address” means any address or number used for the purposes of sending or receiving documents or information by electronic means.

Commencement Information

I46 S. 333 wholly in force at 20.1.2007, see s. 1300 and [S.I. 2006/3428](#), [art. 3\(1\)\(b\)](#) (subject to [art. 5](#), [Sch. 1](#) and with [arts. 6, 8](#), [Sch. 5](#))

[^{F31}333A Traded company: duty to provide electronic address for receipt of proxies etc

- (1) A traded company must provide an electronic address for the receipt of any document or information relating to proxies for a general meeting.
- (2) The company must provide the address either—
 - (a) by giving it when sending out an instrument of proxy for the purposes of the meeting or issuing an invitation to appoint a proxy for those purposes; or
 - (b) by ensuring that it is made available, throughout the period beginning with the first date on which notice of the meeting is given and ending with the conclusion of the meeting, on the website on which the information required by section 311A(1) is made available.

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- (3) The company is deemed to have agreed that any document or information relating to proxies for the meeting may be sent by electronic means to the address provided (subject to any limitations specified by the company when providing the address).
- (4) In this section—
- (a) documents relating to proxies include—
 - (i) the appointment of a proxy for a meeting,
 - (ii) any document necessary to show the validity of, or otherwise relating to, the appointment of a proxy, and
 - (iii) notice of the termination of the authority of a proxy;
 - (b) “electronic address” has the meaning given by section 333(4).]

Textual Amendments

F31 S. 333A inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 13\(4\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

Application to class meetings

334 Application to class meetings

- (1) The provisions of this Chapter apply (with necessary modifications) in relation to a meeting of holders of a class of shares as they apply in relation to a general meeting. This is subject to subsections [^{F32}(2) to (3)].
- (2) The following provisions of this Chapter do not apply in relation to a meeting of holders of a class of shares—
- (a) sections 303 to 305 (members' power to require directors to call general meeting), ^{F33} . . .
 - (b) section 306 (power of court to order meeting)^{F34}, and
 - (c) sections 311(3), 311A, 319A, 327(A1), 330(A1) and 333A (additional requirements relating to traded companies).]
- [^{F35}(2A) Section 307(1) to (6) apply in relation to a meeting of holders of a class of shares in a traded company as they apply in relation to a meeting of holders of a class of shares in a company other than a traded company (and, accordingly, section 307A does not apply in relation to such a meeting).]
- (3) The following provisions (in addition to those mentioned in subsection (2)) do not apply in relation to a meeting in connection with the variation of rights attached to a class of shares (a “variation of class rights meeting”)—
- (a) section 318 (quorum), and
 - (b) section 321 (right to demand a poll).
- (4) The quorum for a variation of class rights meeting is—
- (a) for a meeting other than an adjourned meeting, two persons present holding at least one-third in nominal value of the issued shares of the class in question (excluding any shares of that class held as treasury shares);
 - (b) for an adjourned meeting, one person present holding shares of the class in question.

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- (5) For the purposes of subsection (4), where a person is present by proxy or proxies, he is treated as holding only the shares in respect of which those proxies are authorised to exercise voting rights.
- (6) At a variation of class rights meeting, any holder of shares of the class in question present may demand a poll.
- (7) For the purposes of this section—
 - (a) any amendment of a provision contained in a company's articles for the variation of the rights attached to a class of shares, or the insertion of any such provision into the articles, is itself to be treated as a variation of those rights, and
 - (b) references to the variation of rights attached to a class of shares include references to their abrogation.

Textual Amendments

- F32** Words in s. 334(1) substituted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), **reg. 14(2)** (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F33** Word in s. 334(2)(a) omitted (3.8.2009) by virtue of [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), **reg. 14(3)(a)** (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F34** S. 334(2)(c) and preceding word inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), **reg. 14(3)(b)** (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F35** S. 334(2A) inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), **reg. 14(4)** (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

Commencement Information

- I47** S. 334 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 334 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 334 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), **art. 2(1)(f)** (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

335 Application to class meetings: companies without a share capital

- (1) The provisions of this Chapter apply (with necessary modifications) in relation to a meeting of a class of members of a company without a share capital as they apply in relation to a general meeting.

This is subject to subsections (2) and (3).
- (2) The following provisions of this Chapter do not apply in relation to a meeting of a class of members—
 - (a) sections 303 to 305 (members' power to require directors to call general meeting), and
 - (b) section 306 (power of court to order meeting).
- (3) The following provisions (in addition to those mentioned in subsection (2)) do not apply in relation to a meeting in connection with the variation of the rights of a class of members (a “variation of class rights meeting”)—
 - (a) section 318 (quorum), and
 - (b) section 321 (right to demand a poll).
- (4) The quorum for a variation of class rights meeting is—

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- (a) for a meeting other than an adjourned meeting, two members of the class present (in person or by proxy) who together represent at least one-third of the voting rights of the class;
 - (b) for an adjourned meeting, one member of the class present (in person or by proxy).
- (5) At a variation of class rights meeting, any member present (in person or by proxy) may demand a poll.
- (6) For the purposes of this section—
- (a) any amendment of a provision contained in a company's articles for the variation of the rights of a class of members, or the insertion of any such provision into the articles, is itself to be treated as a variation of those rights, and
 - (b) references to the variation of rights of a class of members include references to their abrogation.

Commencement Information

I48 S. 335 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 335 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 335 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

CHAPTER 4

PUBLIC COMPANIES [^{F36}AND TRADED COMPANIES]: ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR AGMS

Textual Amendments

F36 Words in Pt. 13 Ch. 4 heading inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 15\(5\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

336 Public companies [^{F37}and traded companies]: annual general meeting

- (1) Every public company must hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in each period of 6 months beginning with the day following its accounting reference date (in addition to any other meetings held during that period).

[^{F38}(1A) Every private company that is a traded company must hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in each period of 9 months beginning with the day following its accounting reference date (in addition to any other meetings held during that period).]

- (2) A company that fails to comply with subsection (1) [^{F39}or (1A)] as a result of giving notice under section 392 (alteration of accounting reference date)—
- (a) specifying a new accounting reference date, and
 - (b) stating that the current accounting reference period or the previous accounting reference period is to be shortened,

shall be treated as if it had complied with subsection (1) if it holds a general meeting as its annual general meeting within 3 months of giving that notice.

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- (3) If a company fails to comply with subsection (1) [^{F39}or (1A)], an offence is committed by every officer of the company who is in default.
- (4) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable—
- (a) on conviction on indictment, to a fine;
 - (b) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum.

Textual Amendments

- F37** Words in s. 336 section heading inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 15\(4\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F38** S. 336(1A) inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 15\(2\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F39** Words in s. 336(2)(3) substituted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 15\(3\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

Commencement Information

- I49** S. 336 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 336 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 336 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

337 Public companies [^{F40}and traded companies]: notice of AGM

- (1) A notice calling an annual general meeting of a public company [^{F41}or a private company that is a traded company] must state that the meeting is an annual general meeting.
- (2) An annual general meeting [^{F42}of a public company that is not a traded company] may be called by shorter notice than that required by section 307(2) or by the company's articles (as the case may be), if all the members entitled to attend and vote at the meeting agree to the shorter notice.
- [^{F43}(3) Where a notice calling an annual general meeting of a traded company is given more than 6 weeks before the meeting, the notice must include—
- (a) if the company is a public company, a statement of the right under section 338 to require the company to give notice of a resolution to be moved at the meeting, and
 - (b) whether or not the company is a public company, a statement of the right under section 338A to require the company to include a matter in the business to be dealt with at the meeting.]

Textual Amendments

- F40** Words in s. 337 section heading inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 16\(5\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F41** Words in s. 337(1) inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 16\(2\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F42** Words in s. 337(2) inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 16\(3\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F43** S. 337(3) inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 16\(4\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

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Commencement Information

I50 S. 337 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 337 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 337 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

338 Public companies: members' power to require circulation of resolutions for AGMs

- (1) The members of a public company may require the company to give, to members of the company entitled to receive notice of the next annual general meeting, notice of a resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting.
- (2) A resolution may properly be moved at an annual general meeting unless—
 - (a) it would, if passed, be ineffective (whether by reason of inconsistency with any enactment or the company's constitution or otherwise),
 - (b) it is defamatory of any person, or
 - (c) it is frivolous or vexatious.
- (3) A company is required to give notice of a resolution once it has received requests that it do so from—
 - (a) members representing at least 5% of the total voting rights of all the members who have a right to vote on the resolution at the annual general meeting to which the requests relate (excluding any voting rights attached to any shares in the company held as treasury shares), or
 - (b) at least 100 members who have a right to vote on the resolution at the annual general meeting to which the requests relate and hold shares in the company on which there has been paid up an average sum, per member, of at least £100.

See also section 153 (exercise of rights where shares held on behalf of others).

- (4) A request—
 - (a) may be in hard copy form or in electronic form,
 - (b) must identify the resolution of which notice is to be given,
 - (c) must be authenticated by the person or persons making it, and
 - (d) must be received by the company not later than—
 - (i) 6 weeks before the annual general meeting to which the requests relate, or
 - (ii) if later, the time at which notice is given of that meeting.

Commencement Information

I51 S. 338 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 338 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 338 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

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[^{F44}338A Traded companies: members' power to include other matters in business dealt with at AGM

- (1) The members of a traded company may request the company to include in the business to be dealt with at an annual general meeting any matter (other than a proposed resolution) which may properly be included in the business.
- (2) A matter may properly be included in the business at an annual general meeting unless –
 - (a) it is defamatory of any person, or
 - (b) it is frivolous or vexatious.
- (3) A company is required to include such a matter once it has received requests that it do so from—
 - (a) members representing at least 5% of the total voting rights of all the members who have a right to vote at the meeting, or
 - (b) at least 100 members who have a right to vote at the meeting and hold shares in the company on which there has been paid up an average sum, per member, of at least £100.

See also section 153 (exercise of rights where shares held on behalf of others).

- (4) A request—
 - (a) may be in hard copy form or in electronic form,
 - (b) must identify the matter to be included in the business,
 - (c) must be accompanied by a statement setting out the grounds for the request, and
 - (d) must be authenticated by the person or persons making it.
- (5) A request must be received by the company not later than—
 - (a) 6 weeks before the meeting, or
 - (b) if later, the time at which notice is given of the meeting.]

Textual Amendments

F44 S. 338A inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), **reg. 17(1)** (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

339 Public companies: company's duty to circulate members' resolutions for AGMs

- (1) A company that is required under section 338 to give notice of a resolution must send a copy of it to each member of the company entitled to receive notice of the annual general meeting—
 - (a) in the same manner as notice of the meeting, and
 - (b) at the same time as, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, it gives notice of the meeting.
- (2) Subsection (1) has effect subject to section 340(2) (deposit or tender of sum in respect of expenses of circulation).
- (3) The business which may be dealt with at an annual general meeting includes a resolution of which notice is given in accordance with this section.

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- (4) In the event of default in complying with this section, an offence is committed by every officer of the company who is in default.
- (5) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable—
- (a) on conviction on indictment, to a fine;
 - (b) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum.

Commencement Information

I52 S. 339 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 339 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 339 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

340 Public companies: expenses of circulating members' resolutions for AGM

- (1) The expenses of the company in complying with section 339 need not be paid by the members who requested the circulation of the resolution if requests sufficient to require the company to circulate it are received before the end of the financial year preceding the meeting.
- (2) Otherwise—
- (a) the expenses of the company in complying with that section must be paid by the members who requested the circulation of the resolution unless the company resolves otherwise, and
 - (b) unless the company has previously so resolved, it is not bound to comply with that section unless there is deposited with or tendered to it, not later than—
 - (i) six weeks before the annual general meeting to which the requests relate, or
 - (ii) if later, the time at which notice is given of that meeting,
 a sum reasonably sufficient to meet its expenses in complying with that section.

Commencement Information

I53 S. 340 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 340 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 1300; s. 340 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

^{F45}340A Traded companies: duty to circulate members' matters for AGM

- (1) A company that is required under section 338A to include any matter in the business to be dealt with at an annual general meeting must—
- (a) give notice of it to each member of the company entitled to receive notice of the annual general meeting—
 - (i) in the same manner as notice of the meeting, and
 - (ii) at the same time as, or as soon as reasonably practicable after, it gives notice of the meeting, and
 - (b) publish it on the same website as that on which the company published the information required by section 311A.

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- (2) Subsection (1) has effect subject to section 340B(2) (deposit or tender of sum in respect of expenses of circulation).
- (3) In the event of default in complying with this section, an offence is committed by every officer of the company who is in default.
- (4) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable—
 - (a) on conviction on indictment, to a fine;
 - (b) on summary conviction, to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum.

Textual Amendments

F45 Ss. 340A 340B inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 18](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

340B Traded companies: expenses of circulating members' matters to be dealt with at AGM

- (1) The expenses of the company in complying with section 340A need not be paid by the members who requested the inclusion of the matter in the business to be dealt with at the annual general meeting if requests sufficient to require the company to include the matter are received before the end of the financial year preceding the meeting.
- (2) Otherwise—
 - (a) the expenses of the company in complying with that section must be paid by the members who requested the inclusion of the matter unless the company resolves otherwise, and
 - (b) unless the company has previously so resolved, it is not bound to comply with that section unless there is deposited with or tendered to it, not later than—
 - (i) six weeks before the annual general meeting to which the requests relate, or
 - (ii) if later, the time at which notice is given of that meeting,
 a sum reasonably sufficient to meet its expenses in complying with that section.]

Textual Amendments

F45 Ss. 340A 340B inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 18](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

CHAPTER 5

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR QUOTED COMPANIES ^{F46}AND TRADED COMPANIES]

Textual Amendments

F46 Words in Pt. 13 Ch. 5 heading inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 19\(5\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

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Website publication of poll results

341 Results of poll to be made available on website

(1) Where a poll is taken at a general meeting of a quoted company [^{F47}that is not a traded company], the company must ensure that the following information is made available on a website—

- (a) the date of the meeting,
- (b) the text of the resolution or, as the case may be, a description of the subject matter of the poll,
- (c) the number of votes cast in favour, and
- (d) the number of votes cast against.

[^{F48}(1A) Where a poll is taken at a general meeting of a traded company, the company must ensure that the following information is made available on a website—

- (a) the date of the meeting,
- (b) the text of the resolution or, as the case may be, a description of the subject matter of the poll,
- (c) the number of votes validly cast,
- (d) the proportion of the company's issued share capital (determined at the time at which the right to vote is determined under section 360B(2)) represented by those votes,
- (e) the number of votes cast in favour,
- (f) the number of votes cast against, and
- (g) the number of abstentions (if counted).

(1B) A traded company must comply with subsection (1A) by—

- (a) the end of 16 days beginning with the day of the meeting, or
- (b) if later, the end of the first working day after the day on which the result of the poll is declared.]

(2) The provisions of section 353 (requirements as to website availability) apply.

(3) In the event of default in complying with this section (or with the requirements of section 353 as it applies for the purposes of this section), an offence is committed by every officer of the company who is in default.

(4) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (3) is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.

(5) Failure to comply with this section (or the requirements of section 353) does not affect the validity of—

- (a) the poll, or
- (b) the resolution or other business (if passed or agreed to) to which the poll relates.

(6) This section only applies to polls taken after this section comes into force.

Textual Amendments

F47 Words in s. 341(1) inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 19\(2\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

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F48 S. 341(1A)(1B) inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 19\(3\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

Independent report on poll

342 Members' power to require independent report on poll

- (1) The members of a quoted company may require the directors to obtain an independent report on any poll taken, or to be taken, at a general meeting of the company.
- (2) The directors are required to obtain an independent report if they receive requests to do so from—
 - (a) members representing not less than 5% of the total voting rights of all the members who have a right to vote on the matter to which the poll relates (excluding any voting rights attached to any shares in the company held as treasury shares), or
 - (b) not less than 100 members who have a right to vote on the matter to which the poll relates and hold shares in the company on which there has been paid up an average sum, per member, of not less than £100.

See also section 153 (exercise of rights where shares held on behalf of others).

- (3) Where the requests relate to more than one poll, subsection (2) must be satisfied in relation to each of them.
- (4) A request—
 - (a) may be in hard copy form or in electronic form,
 - (b) must identify the poll or polls to which it relates,
 - (c) must be authenticated by the person or persons making it, and
 - (d) must be received by the company not later than one week after the date on which the poll is taken.

343 Appointment of independent assessor

- (1) Directors who are required under section 342 to obtain an independent report on a poll or polls must appoint a person they consider to be appropriate (an “independent assessor”) to prepare a report for the company on it or them.
- (2) The appointment must be made within one week after the company being required to obtain the report.
- (3) The directors must not appoint a person who—
 - (a) does not meet the independence requirement in section 344, or
 - (b) has another role in relation to any poll on which he is to report (including, in particular, a role in connection with collecting or counting votes or with the appointment of proxies).
- (4) In the event of default in complying with this section, an offence is committed by every officer of the company who is in default.
- (5) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.

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- (6) If at the meeting no poll on which a report is required is taken—
- (a) the directors are not required to obtain a report from the independent assessor, and
 - (b) his appointment ceases (but without prejudice to any right to be paid for work done before the appointment ceased).

344 Independence requirement

- (1) A person may not be appointed as an independent assessor—
- (a) if he is—
 - (i) an officer or employee of the company, or
 - (ii) a partner or employee of such a person, or a partnership of which such a person is a partner;
 - (b) if he is—
 - (i) an officer or employee of an associated undertaking of the company, or
 - (ii) a partner or employee of such a person, or a partnership of which such a person is a partner;
 - (c) if there exists between—
 - (i) the person or an associate of his, and
 - (ii) the company or an associated undertaking of the company,a connection of any such description as may be specified by regulations made by the Secretary of State.
- (2) An auditor of the company is not regarded as an officer or employee of the company for this purpose.
- (3) In this section—
- “associated undertaking” means—
 - (a) a parent undertaking or subsidiary undertaking of the company, or
 - (b) a subsidiary undertaking of a parent undertaking of the company; and“associate” has the meaning given by section 345.
- (4) Regulations under this section are subject to negative resolution procedure.

Commencement Information

I54 S. 344 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 344 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 1300; s. 344 in force for specified purposes at 20.1.2007 by [S.I. 2006/3428](#), [art. 3\(3\)](#) (subject to [art. 5](#), [Sch. 1](#) and with [arts. 6, 8](#), [Sch. 5](#)); s. 344 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

345 Meaning of “associate”

- (1) This section defines “associate” for the purposes of section 344 (independence requirement).
- (2) In relation to an individual, “associate” means—
- (a) that individual's spouse or civil partner or minor child or step-child,

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- (b) any body corporate of which that individual is a director, and
 - (c) any employee or partner of that individual.
- (3) In relation to a body corporate, “associate” means—
- (a) any body corporate of which that body is a director,
 - (b) any body corporate in the same group as that body, and
 - (c) any employee or partner of that body or of any body corporate in the same group.
- (4) In relation to a partnership that is a legal person under the law by which it is governed, “associate” means—
- (a) any body corporate of which that partnership is a director,
 - (b) any employee of or partner in that partnership, and
 - (c) any person who is an associate of a partner in that partnership.
- (5) In relation to a partnership that is not a legal person under the law by which it is governed, “associate” means any person who is an associate of any of the partners.
- (6) In this section, in relation to a limited liability partnership, for “director” read “member”.

346 Effect of appointment of a partnership

- (1) This section applies where a partnership that is not a legal person under the law by which it is governed is appointed as an independent assessor.
- (2) Unless a contrary intention appears, the appointment is of the partnership as such and not of the partners.
- (3) Where the partnership ceases, the appointment is to be treated as extending to—
- (a) any partnership that succeeds to the practice of that partnership, or
 - (b) any other person who succeeds to that practice having previously carried it on in partnership.
- (4) For the purposes of subsection (3)—
- (a) a partnership is regarded as succeeding to the practice of another partnership only if the members of the successor partnership are substantially the same as those of the former partnership, and
 - (b) a partnership or other person is regarded as succeeding to the practice of a partnership only if it or he succeeds to the whole or substantially the whole of the business of the former partnership.
- (5) Where the partnership ceases and the appointment is not treated under subsection (3) as extending to any partnership or other person, the appointment may with the consent of the company be treated as extending to a partnership, or other person, who succeeds to—
- (a) the business of the former partnership, or
 - (b) such part of it as is agreed by the company is to be treated as comprising the appointment.

347 The independent assessor's report

- (1) The report of the independent assessor must state his opinion whether—

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- (a) the procedures adopted in connection with the poll or polls were adequate;
 - (b) the votes cast (including proxy votes) were fairly and accurately recorded and counted;
 - (c) the validity of members' appointments of proxies was fairly assessed;
 - (d) the notice of the meeting complied with section 325 (notice of meeting to contain statement of rights to appoint proxy);
 - (e) section 326 (company-sponsored invitations to appoint proxies) was complied with in relation to the meeting.
- (2) The report must give his reasons for the opinions stated.
- (3) If he is unable to form an opinion on any of those matters, the report must record that fact and state the reasons for it.
- (4) The report must state the name of the independent assessor.

348 Rights of independent assessor: right to attend meeting etc

- (1) Where an independent assessor has been appointed to report on a poll, he is entitled to attend—
- (a) the meeting at which the poll may be taken, and
 - (b) any subsequent proceedings in connection with the poll.
- (2) He is also entitled to be provided by the company with a copy of—
- (a) the notice of the meeting, and
 - (b) any other communication provided by the company in connection with the meeting to persons who have a right to vote on the matter to which the poll relates.
- (3) The rights conferred by this section are only to be exercised to the extent that the independent assessor considers necessary for the preparation of his report.
- (4) If the independent assessor is a firm, the right under subsection (1) to attend the meeting and any subsequent proceedings in connection with the poll is exercisable by an individual authorised by the firm in writing to act as its representative for that purpose.

349 Rights of independent assessor: right to information

- (1) The independent assessor is entitled to access to the company's records relating to—
- (a) any poll on which he is to report;
 - (b) the meeting at which the poll or polls may be, or were, taken.
- (2) The independent assessor may require anyone who at any material time was—
- (a) a director or secretary of the company,
 - (b) an employee of the company,
 - (c) a person holding or accountable for any of the company's records,
 - (d) a member of the company, or
 - (e) an agent of the company,
- to provide him with information or explanations for the purpose of preparing his report.

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- (3) For this purpose “agent” includes the company's bankers, solicitors and auditor.
- (4) A statement made by a person in response to a requirement under this section may not be used in evidence against him in criminal proceedings except proceedings for an offence under section 350 (offences relating to provision of information).
- (5) A person is not required by this section to disclose information in respect of which a claim to legal professional privilege (in Scotland, to confidentiality of communications) could be maintained in legal proceedings.

350 Offences relating to provision of information

- (1) A person who fails to comply with a requirement under section 349 without delay commits an offence unless it was not reasonably practicable for him to provide the required information or explanation.
- (2) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (1) is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.
- (3) A person commits an offence who knowingly or recklessly makes to an independent assessor a statement (oral or written) that—
 - (a) conveys or purports to convey any information or explanations which the independent assessor requires, or is entitled to require, under section 349, and
 - (b) is misleading, false or deceptive in a material particular.
- (4) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (3) is liable—
 - (a) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or a fine (or both);
 - (b) on summary conviction—
 - (i) in England and Wales, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months or to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum (or both);
 - (ii) in Scotland or Northern Ireland, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum (or both).
- (5) Nothing in this section affects any right of an independent assessor to apply for an injunction (in Scotland, an interdict or an order for specific performance) to enforce any of his rights under section 348 or 349.

351 Information to be made available on website

- (1) Where an independent assessor has been appointed to report on a poll, the company must ensure that the following information is made available on a website—
 - (a) the fact of his appointment,
 - (b) his identity,
 - (c) the text of the resolution or, as the case may be, a description of the subject matter of the poll to which his appointment relates, and
 - (d) a copy of a report by him which complies with section 347.
- (2) The provisions of section 353 (requirements as to website availability) apply.

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- (3) In the event of default in complying with this section (or with the requirements of section 353 as it applies for the purposes of this section), an offence is committed by every officer of the company who is in default.
- (4) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (3) is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.
- (5) Failure to comply with this section (or the requirements of section 353) does not affect the validity of—
 - (a) the poll, or
 - (b) the resolution or other business (if passed or agreed to) to which the poll relates.

Supplementary

352 Application of provisions to class meetings

- [^{F49}(1) The provisions of section 341 (results of poll to be made available on website) apply (with any necessary modifications) in relation to a meeting of holders of a class of shares of a quoted company or traded company in connection with the variation of the rights attached to such shares as they apply in relation to a general meeting of the company.
- (1A) The provisions of section 342 to 351 (independent report on poll) apply (with any necessary modifications) in relation to a meeting of holders of a class of shares of a quoted company in connection with the variation of the rights attached to such shares as they apply in relation to a general meeting of the company.]
- (2) For the purposes of this section—
- (a) any amendment of a provision contained in a company's articles for the variation of the rights attached to a class of shares, or the insertion of any such provision into the articles, is itself to be treated as a variation of those rights, and
 - (b) references to the variation of rights attached to a class of shares include references to their abrogation.

Textual Amendments

F49 S. 352(1)(1A) substituted for s. 352(1) (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 19\(4\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

353 Requirements as to website availability

- (1) The following provisions apply for the purposes of—
 - section 341 (results of poll to be made available on website), and
 - section 351 (report of independent observer to be made available on website).
- (2) The information must be made available on a website that—
 - (a) is maintained by or on behalf of the company, and
 - (b) identifies the company in question.

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- (3) Access to the information on the website, and the ability to obtain a hard copy of the information from the website, must not be conditional on the payment of a fee or otherwise restricted.
- (4) The information—
 - (a) must be made available as soon as reasonably practicable, and
 - (b) must be kept available throughout the period of two years beginning with the date on which it is first made available on a website in accordance with this section.
- (5) A failure to make information available on a website throughout the period specified in subsection (4)(b) is disregarded if—
 - (a) the information is made available on the website for part of that period, and
 - (b) the failure is wholly attributable to circumstances that it would not be reasonable to have expected the company to prevent or avoid.

354 Power to limit or extend the types of company to which provisions of this Chapter apply

- (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations—
 - (a) limit the types of company to which some or all of the provisions of this Chapter apply, or
 - (b) extend some or all of the provisions of this Chapter to additional types of company.
- (2) Regulations under this section extending the application of any provision of this Chapter are subject to affirmative resolution procedure.
- (3) Any other regulations under this section are subject to negative resolution procedure.
- (4) Regulations under this section may—
 - (a) amend the provisions of this Chapter (apart from this section);
 - (b) repeal and re-enact provisions of this Chapter with modifications of form or arrangement, whether or not they are modified in substance;
 - (c) contain such consequential, incidental and supplementary provisions (including provisions amending, repealing or revoking enactments) as the Secretary of State thinks fit.

Commencement Information

I55 S. 354 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 354 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 1300; s. 354 in force for specified purposes at 20.1.2007 by [S.I. 2006/3428](#), [art. 3\(3\)](#) (subject to [art. 5](#), [Sch. 1](#) and with [arts. 6, 8](#), [Sch. 5](#)); s. 354 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(f\)](#) (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

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CHAPTER 6

RECORDS OF RESOLUTIONS AND MEETINGS

355 Records of resolutions and meetings etc

- (1) Every company must keep records comprising—
 - (a) copies of all resolutions of members passed otherwise than at general meetings,
 - (b) minutes of all proceedings of general meetings, and
 - (c) details provided to the company in accordance with section 357 (decisions of sole member).
- (2) The records must be kept for at least ten years from the date of the resolution, meeting or decision (as appropriate).
- (3) If a company fails to comply with this section, an offence is committed by every officer of the company who is in default.
- (4) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale and, for continued contravention, a daily default fine not exceeding one-tenth of level 3 on the standard scale.

356 Records as evidence of resolutions etc

- (1) This section applies to the records kept in accordance with section 355.
- (2) The record of a resolution passed otherwise than at a general meeting, if purporting to be signed by a director of the company or by the company secretary, is evidence (in Scotland, sufficient evidence) of the passing of the resolution.
- (3) Where there is a record of a written resolution of a private company, the requirements of this Act with respect to the passing of the resolution are deemed to be complied with unless the contrary is proved.
- (4) The minutes of proceedings of a general meeting, if purporting to be signed by the chairman of that meeting or by the chairman of the next general meeting, are evidence (in Scotland, sufficient evidence) of the proceedings at the meeting.
- (5) Where there is a record of proceedings of a general meeting of a company, then, until the contrary is proved—
 - (a) the meeting is deemed duly held and convened,
 - (b) all proceedings at the meeting are deemed to have duly taken place, and
 - (c) all appointments at the meeting are deemed valid.

357 Records of decisions by sole member

- (1) This section applies to a company limited by shares or by guarantee that has only one member.
- (2) Where the member takes any decision that—
 - (a) may be taken by the company in general meeting, and
 - (b) has effect as if agreed by the company in general meeting,

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he must (unless that decision is taken by way of a written resolution) provide the company with details of that decision.

- (3) If a person fails to comply with this section he commits an offence.
- (4) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 2 on the standard scale.
- (5) Failure to comply with this section does not affect the validity of any decision referred to in subsection (2).

358 Inspection of records of resolutions and meetings

- (1) The records referred to in section 355 (records of resolutions etc) relating to the previous ten years must be kept available for inspection—
 - (a) at the company's registered office, or
 - (b) at a place specified in regulations under section 1136.
- (2) The company must give notice to the registrar—
 - (a) of the place at which the records are kept available for inspection, and
 - (b) of any change in that place,
 unless they have at all times been kept at the company's registered office.
- (3) The records must be open to the inspection of any member of the company without charge.
- (4) Any member may require a copy of any of the records on payment of such fee as may be prescribed.
- (5) If default is made for 14 days in complying with subsection (2) or an inspection required under subsection (3) is refused, or a copy requested under subsection (4) is not sent, an offence is committed by every officer of the company who is in default.
- (6) A person guilty of an offence under this section is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale and, for continued contravention, a daily default fine not exceeding one-tenth of level 3 on the standard scale.
- (7) In a case in which an inspection required under subsection (3) is refused or a copy requested under subsection (4) is not sent, the court may by order compel an immediate inspection of the records or direct that the copies required be sent to the persons who requested them.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C10** S. 358 modified (6.4.2016) by [The Companies \(Address of Registered Office\) Regulations 2016](#) (S.I. 2016/423), regs. 1(1), **11(a)(vi)**
- C11** S. 358 restricted (temp.) (4.3.2024) by [The Registered Office Address \(Rectification of Register\) Regulations 2024](#) (S.I. 2024/233), regs. 1(2), **16**; S.I. 2024/269, reg. 2(z42)

Commencement Information

- I56** S. 358 wholly in force at 1.10.2007; s. 358 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 1300; s. 358 in force for specified purposes at 20.1.2007 by [S.I. 2006/3428](#), **art. 3(3)** (subject to [art. 5](#), [Sch. 1](#) and with [arts. 6, 8](#), [Sch. 5](#)); s. 358 in force at 1.10.2007 by [S.I. 2007/2194](#), **art. 2(1)(f)** (with saving in [art. 12](#) and subject to transitional adaptations specified in [Sch. 1](#))

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359 Records of resolutions and meetings of class of members

The provisions of this Chapter apply (with necessary modifications) in relation to resolutions and meetings of—

- (a) holders of a class of shares, and
 - (b) in the case of a company without a share capital, a class of members,
- as they apply in relation to resolutions of members generally and to general meetings.

CHAPTER 7

SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISIONS

360 Computation of periods of notice etc: clear day rule

- (1) This section applies for the purposes of the following provisions of this Part—
- section 307(1) and (2) (notice required of general meeting),
 - [^{F50}section 307A(1), (4), (5) and (7)(b) (notice required of general meeting of traded company),]
 - section 312(1) and (3) (resolution requiring special notice),
 - section 314(4)(d) (request to circulate members' statement),
 - section 316(2)(b) (expenses of circulating statement to be deposited or tendered before meeting),
 - [^{F51}section 337(3) (contents of notice of AGM of traded company),]
 - section 338(4)(d)(i) (request to circulate member's resolution at AGM of public company),^{F52} . . .
 - [^{F53}section 338A(5) (request to include matter in the business to be dealt with at AGM of traded company),]
 - section 340(2)(b)(i) (expenses of circulating statement to be deposited or tendered before meeting)^{F54}, and
 - section 340B(2)(b) (traded companies: duty to circulate members' matters for AGM).]
- (2) Any reference in those provisions to a period of notice, or to a period before a meeting by which a request must be received or sum deposited or tendered, is to a period of the specified length excluding—
- (a) the day of the meeting, and
 - (b) the day on which the notice is given, the request received or the sum deposited or tendered.

Textual Amendments

- F50** Words in s. 360(1) inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 9\(3\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F51** Words in s. 360 inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 16\(6\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F52** Word in s. 360(1) omitted (3.8.2009) by virtue of [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 18\(2\)](#)
- F53** Words in s. 360(1) inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 17\(4\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

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F54 Words in s. 360(1) inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 18\(2\)](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

[^{F55}360A Electronic meetings and voting

- (1) Nothing in this Part is to be taken to preclude the holding and conducting of a meeting in such a way that persons who are not present together at the same place may by electronic means attend and speak and vote at it.
- (2) In the case of a traded company the use of electronic means for the purpose of enabling members to participate in a general meeting may be made subject only to such requirements and restrictions as are—
 - (a) necessary to ensure the identification of those taking part and the security of the electronic communication, and
 - (b) proportionate to the achievement of those objectives.
- (3) Nothing in subsection (2) affects any power of a company to require reasonable evidence of the entitlement of any person who is not a member to participate in the meeting.]

Textual Amendments

F55 S. 360A inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 8](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))

[^{F56}360AA Traded companies: confirmation of receipt of electronic voting

- (1) In the case of a traded company, where a vote is cast on a poll by electronic means the company must ensure that, as soon as reasonably practicable after the vote has been received, confirmation of receipt of the vote is sent by electronic means to—
 - (a) the member, where that person cast the vote,
 - (b) the proxy, where the vote was cast by proxy, or
 - (c) the representative, where the vote was cast by a person authorised to act as a representative of a corporation in accordance with section 323(1).
- (2) A vote under subsection (1) includes any vote cast—
 - (a) at a meeting;
 - (b) at an electronic meeting conducted in accordance with section 360A;
 - (c) in advance of a meeting or electronic meeting (see section 322A).]

Textual Amendments

F56 S. 360AA inserted (3.9.2020) by [The Companies \(Shareholders Rights to Voting Confirmations\) Regulations 2020 \(S.I. 2020/717\)](#), [regs. 1\(2\), 4\(1\)](#) (with [reg. 2](#))

[^{F57}360B Traded companies: requirements for participating in and voting at general meetings

- (1) Any provision of a traded company's articles is void in so far as it would have the effect of—

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- (a) imposing a restriction on a right of a member to participate in and vote at a general meeting of the company unless the member's shares have (after having been acquired by the member and before the meeting) been deposited with, or transferred to, or registered in the name of another person, or
 - (b) imposing a restriction on the right of a member to transfer shares in the company during the period of 48 hours before the time for the holding of a general meeting of the company if that right would not otherwise be subject to that restriction.
- (2) A traded company must determine the right to vote at a general meeting of the company by reference to the register of members as at a time (determined by the company) that is not more than 48 hours before the time for the holding of the meeting.
- (3) In calculating the period mentioned in subsection (1)(b) or (2), no account is to be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day.
- (4) Nothing in this section affects—
- (a) the operation of—
 - (i) Part 22 of this Act (information about interests in a company's shares),
 - (ii) Part 15 of the Companies Act 1985 ^{F58} (orders imposing restrictions on shares), or
 - (iii) any provision in a company's articles relating to the application of any provision of either of those Parts; or
 - (b) the validity of articles prescribed, or to the same effect as articles prescribed, under section 19 of this Act (power of Secretary of State to prescribe model articles).
- ^{F59}^{F60}(5) If an election is in force under section 128B in respect of a company, the reference in subsection (2) to the register of members is to be read as a reference to the register kept by the registrar under section 1080.]]]

Textual Amendments

- F57** S. 360B inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), [reg. 20](#) (with application as stated in [reg. 1\(2\)](#))
- F58** 1985 c. 6.
- F59** S. 360B(5) omitted (26.10.2023 but only so far as it confers a power to make regulations or relates to the exercise of the power, otherwise prosp.) by virtue of [Economic Crime and Corporate Transparency Act 2023 \(c. 56\)](#), s. 219(1)(2)(b), [Sch. 1 para. 7](#)
- F60** S. 360B(5) inserted (30.6.2016) by [Small Business, Enterprise and Employment Act 2015 \(c. 26\)](#), s. 164(1), [Sch. 5 para. 18](#); S.I. 2016/321, [reg. 6\(c\)](#)

^{F61}~~360B~~ **Traded companies: right to confirmation of vote after a general meeting**

- (1) Where the conditions in subsection (2) are met, a traded company must provide information to a member which enables the member to confirm that their vote on a resolution at a general meeting where a poll has been taken has been validly recorded and counted.
- (2) The conditions are that—
- (a) the member makes a request for the information, which request is received by the company no later than 30 days from the date of that general meeting, and

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- (b) the member does not have any other reasonable means by which to determine that their vote has been validly recorded and counted by the company.
- (3) The information under subsection (1) must be provided to the member as soon as reasonably practicable and in any event by the end of the period of 15 days beginning with whichever is the later of the first working day after the day on which—
- (a) the result of the poll is declared for that resolution; or
 - (b) the request for information under subsection (2)(a) is received by the company.]

Textual Amendments

F61 S. 360BA inserted (3.9.2020) by [The Companies \(Shareholders Rights to Voting Confirmations\) Regulations 2020 \(S.I. 2020/717\)](#), regs. 1(2), **5(1)** (with reg. 3)

[^{F62}360C Meaning of “traded company”

In this Part, “traded company” means a company any shares of which—

- (a) carry rights to vote at general meetings, and
- (b) are admitted to trading on a [^{F63}UK regulated market or an EU regulated market] by or with the consent of the company.]

Textual Amendments

F62 S. 360C inserted (3.8.2009) by [The Companies \(Shareholders' Rights\) Regulations 2009 \(S.I. 2009/1632\)](#), **reg. 21(1)** (with application as stated in reg. 1(2))

F63 Words in s. 360C(b) substituted (31.12.2020) by [The Companies, Limited Liability Partnerships and Partnerships \(Amendment etc.\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/348\)](#), reg. 2, **Sch. 1 para. 6**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

361 Meaning of “quoted company”

In this Part “quoted company” has the same meaning as in Part 15 of this Act.

Changes to legislation:

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Changes and effects yet to be applied to the whole Act associated Parts and Chapters:

- Act amendment to earlier affecting provision S.I. 1989/638, Sch. 4 by [S.I. 2024/410 Sch. 2 para. 1](#)
- Act amendment to earlier affecting provision S.I. 2008/373 reg. 11(1) by [S.I. 2013/1971 reg. 9\(a\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Amending Regulations revoked (1.10.2013) without ever being in force by S.I. 2013/2224, reg. 2)
- Act amendment to earlier affecting provision S.I. 2008/373 reg. 3(4) by [S.I. 2013/1971 reg. 4](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Amending Regulations revoked (1.10.2013) without ever being in force by S.I. 2013/2224, reg. 2)

Whole provisions yet to be inserted into this Act (including any effects on those provisions):

- s. 479A(2)(c)(zi) inserted by [S.I. 2019/177 reg. 4\(b\)\(i\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 4 substituted by regs. 4, 4A immediately before IP completion day by S.I. 2019/1392, regs. 1(2), 4)
- s. 479B(a)(iii) amendment to earlier affecting provision S.I.2008/1991 reg.34 by [S.R. 2024/78 reg. 31\(4\)](#)
- s. 479B(a)(iii) amendment to earlier affecting provision S.I.2008/1991 reg.34A by [S.R. 2024/78 reg. 31\(5\)](#)
- s. 1087A-1807C applied by S.I. 2009/2436, Sch. 1 para. 20(1)(ca) (as substituted) by [S.I. 2024/410 Sch. 2 para. 5\(d\)\(ii\)](#)
- Sch. 10 para. 6(2D) inserted by [S.I. 2019/177 reg. 28\(e\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 28(e) omitted immediately before IP completion day by virtue of S.I. 2020/523, regs. 1(2), 14(e)(iv))
- Sch. 10 para. 7(2A) inserted by [S.I. 2019/177 reg. 29\(b\)](#) (This amendment not applied to legislation.gov.uk. Reg. 29 substituted immediately before IP completion day by S.I. 2020/523, regs. 1(2), 14(f))