

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 16 October 2001

laying down animal health conditions and veterinary certification for imports of live ratites and hatching eggs thereof from third countries including animal health measures to be applied after such importation, amending Commission Decision 95/233/EC drawing up a list of third countries from which the Member States authorise imports of live poultry and hatching eggs and amending Commission Decision 96/659/EC on protective measures in relation to Crimean Congo haemorrhagic fever

(notified under document number C(2001) 3074)

(Text with EEA relevance)

(2001/751/EC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 90/539/EEC of 15 October 1990 on animal health conditions governing intra-Community trade in, and imports from third countries of poultry and hatching eggs ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Decision 2000/505/EC ⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 21(1), 23(1), 24(2), 26(2) and 27a thereof,

Having regard to Council Directive 91/496/EEC of 15 July 1991 laying down the principles governing the organisation of veterinary checks on animals entering the Community and amending Directives 89/662/EEC, 90/425/EEC and 90/675/EEC ⁽³⁾, as last amended by the Act of Accession of Austria, Finland and Sweden, and in particular Article 10 thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Commission Decision 96/482/EC ⁽⁴⁾ established animal health conditions and veterinary certificates for the importation of poultry and hatching eggs thereof from third countries, excluding ratites and hatching eggs thereof due to the biological differences between these birds and other poultry species.
- (2) Based on the opinion of the Scientific Veterinary Committee and on the information provided by the exporting countries concerned, import conditions for ratites and hatching eggs thereof can now be laid down.

- (3) Council Regulation (EEC) No 2782/75 of 29 October 1975 on the production and marketing of eggs for hatching and of farmyard poultry chicks ⁽⁵⁾ lays down the requirements for marking of hatching eggs and its implementing Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1868/77 ⁽⁶⁾ laying down detailed rules of application in particular concerning marking of hatching eggs and the requirements with respect to identification, shall apply to hatching eggs of ratites.
- (4) Commission Decision 96/659/EC of 22 November 1996 concerning protective measures in relation to Crimean Congo haemorrhagic fever ⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by Decision 97/183/EC ⁽⁸⁾, prohibits Member States importing ratites from Asia or Africa, unless extra guarantees are provided in relation to Crimean Congo haemorrhagic fever; with a view to ensure a consistent implementation, its requirements should be integrated into this Decision.
- (5) In order to avoid repetition of requirements in different legal acts, Decision 96/659/EC should be amended insofar as to exclude ratites covered by this present Decision from the scope of Decision 96/659/EC.
- (6) For reasons of consistency Decision 96/659/EC should also be amended with regard to ratite meat insofar as to exclude ratite meat covered by Commission Decision 2000/609/EC ⁽⁹⁾, as last amended by Decision 2000/782/EC ⁽¹⁰⁾.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 303, 31.10.1990, p. 6.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 201, 9.8.2000, p. 8.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 268, 24.9.1991, p. 56.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 196, 7.8.1996, p. 13.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 282, 1.11.1975, p. 100.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ L 209, 17.8.1977, p. 1.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ L 302, 26.11.1996, p. 27.

⁽⁸⁾ OJ L 76, 18.3.1997, p. 32.

⁽⁹⁾ OJ L 258, 12.10.2000, p. 49.

⁽¹⁰⁾ OJ L 309, 9.12.2000, p. 37.

- (7) According to Decision 96/659/EC, on arrival in the Community live ratites originating from countries in Asia or Africa shall be treated for ecto-parasites; according to Article 15(4)(b) of Directive 90/539/EEC, slaughter poultry must also be conveyed without delay to the slaughterhouse of destination; the health risk related to treatment and the time delay related to testing therefore prevents the import of ratites for slaughter from countries in Asia or Africa.
- (8) Council Directive 91/628/EEC of 19 November 1991 on the protection of animals during transport and amending Directives 90/425/EEC and 91/496/EEC ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Directive 95/29/EC ⁽²⁾, must be taken into consideration when establishing the certification conditions for live ratites from third countries.
- (9) A list of third countries allowed to use the certificates for imports of live ratites must be established to achieve complete harmonisation of the conditions for import of live ratites; given the guarantees provided, this list should include, *inter alia*, Tunisia.
- (10) This list must be based on the principal list of third countries from which Member States authorise imports of live poultry and hatching eggs as it is drawn up by Commission Decision 95/233/EC ⁽³⁾, as last amended by Decision 96/619/EC ⁽⁴⁾.
- (11) Tunisia is, up to now, not included in the principal list drawn up by Decision 95/233/EC; this country, however, has not given the necessary guarantees to be included in that list and Decision 95/233/EC must be amended accordingly.
- (12) To use the certificates for live ratites the countries or parts thereof must have given sufficient guarantees to be considered as free from avian influenza and Newcastle disease according to Commission Decision 93/342/EEC ⁽⁵⁾, as last amended by Decision 94/438/EC ⁽⁶⁾, or apply measures to control them which are at least equivalent to those laid down in Council Directive 92/66/EEC ⁽⁷⁾, as last amended by the Act of Accession of Austria, Finland and Sweden, or offer animal health guarantees, which are at least equivalent to those offered by Chapter II of Directive 90/539/EEC.
- (13) The countries or parts thereof appearing on the list to use the certificates for live ratites have given the necessary guarantees listed above.
- (14) The Czech Republic, Israel and Switzerland apply measures to control Newcastle disease, which are at least equivalent to those laid down in Directive 92/66/EEC.
- (15) Namibia and South Africa have given the necessary guarantees to control Newcastle disease by offering animal health guarantees at least equivalent to those offered by Chapter II of Directive 90/539/EEC so that imports of live ratites other than those for slaughter can be allowed under the conditions laid down in the corresponding certificates in this Decision, and these countries have submitted to the Commission a satisfactory, statistically based sampling plan for surveillance for Newcastle disease on holdings from which farmed ratites will be sent for export to the EC.
- (16) The measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Veterinary Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The provisions of this Decision shall apply to imports of ratites and hatching eggs thereof as defined in paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 2 of Directive 90/539/EEC.

Article 2

1. Member States shall authorise imports of:
- ratites for breeding and production, conforming to the requirements laid down in one of the model animal health certificates set out as Model A and as Model B in Annex II;
 - hatching eggs of ratites, conforming to the requirements laid down in one of the model animal health certificates set out as Model C and as Model D in Annex II;
 - day-old chicks of ratites, conforming to the requirements laid down in one of the model animal health certificates set out as Model E and as Model F in Annex II;
 - slaughter ratites, conforming to the requirements laid down in the model animal health certificates set out as Model G and as Model H in Annex II,

provided that the ratites or hatching eggs come from third countries or parts thereof listed in the appropriate column of Annex I, that they meet the requirements of the corresponding health certificate set out in Annex II and are accompanied by the relevant certificate, duly completed and signed.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 340, 11.12.1991, p. 17.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 148, 30.6.1995, p. 52.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 156, 7.7.1995, p. 76.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 276, 29.10.1996, p. 18.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 137, 8.6.1993, p. 24.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ L 181, 15.7.1994, p. 35.

⁽⁷⁾ OJ L 260, 5.9.1992, p. 1.

2. Ratites for breeding and production, hatching eggs and day-old chicks of ratites must come from establishments which have been approved by the competent authority of the third country concerned according to requirements which are at least equivalent to those laid down in Annex II to Directive 90/539/EEC, where the approval of those establishments has not been suspended or withdrawn.

3. Member States shall authorise the importation of:

- (a) live ratites only when they are identified with neck-tags and/or microchips which must include the ISO code of the country of origin; microchips must be in accordance with ISO standards;
- (b) hatching eggs of ratites only when they are marked with a stamp indicating the ISO code of the country and the approval number of the establishment. Furthermore after the import control the consignment must be transported directly to its final destination. Such marking shall be in conformity with the general requirements for marketing of eggs laid down in Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 2782/75, as last amended and its implementing Regulation (EEC) No 1868/77;
- (c) hatching eggs and day-old chicks of ratites, only when their packaging is marked indicating the ISO code of the country, the approval number of the establishment and when their packaging bears the information clearly visible and readable indicating that the consignment contains this specific product.

Article 3

1. After importation, breeding or productive ratites or day-old chicks of ratites shall be kept in isolation on the holding(s) of destination either for a period of at least six weeks from the day of arrival or until the day of slaughter if they are slaughtered before the six weeks have elapsed.

2. After their importation as hatching eggs, the ratites hatched from those eggs shall be kept in isolation for a period of at least three weeks from the day of hatching in the hatchery or in the holding(s) to which they have been sent after hatching.

3. During the periods mentioned in paragraphs 1 and 2 as relevant and during the hatching of the eggs, the imported ratites or eggs and the ratites hatched from such eggs shall be kept separately from non-imported ones and from other poultry. Therefore, the ratites shall be kept in houses where no other ratite or other poultry flocks are present and the eggs must be hatched in separate incubators and hatchers.

4. By way of derogation from paragraph 3, Member States may authorise imported ratites or eggs to be added to ratites or other poultry or eggs respectively which are already present in

the housing or incubator/hatcher. In that event, the periods specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 as relevant start from the introduction of the last imported bird or egg respectively and none of the birds shall leave the housing before the end of this period.

5. If the ratites come from countries in Asia or Africa on arrival in the Community they shall be treated to ensure that all ecto-parasites on them are destroyed. Fourteen days following the treatment each and every ratite shall be subjected to the competitive ELISA test for antibodies to Crimean Congo haemorrhagic fever. Each ratite giving a positive result to the test shall be destroyed. Every contact bird shall be retested by ELISA 21 days after the original sampling and if any of those birds give a positive result the whole contact group shall be destroyed.

6. If the ratites or hatching eggs from which chicks are hatched originate from a country considered infected with Newcastle disease,

- (a) the isolation facilities referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 as relevant must be checked and agreed by the competent authority before the isolation period begins;
- (b) during the time periods referred to in paragraph 1 and 2 as relevant, a virus isolation test for Newcastle disease shall be carried out from either cloacal swabs or faeces samples from each bird;
- (c) if the ratites are destined for a Member State or region from which the status has been established in accordance with Article 12(2) of Directive 90/539/EEC, in addition to the virus isolation test a serological test shall be carried out on each bird;
- (d) negative results of the test must be available before any bird is released from isolation.

7. The ratites must undergo a clinical examination by an official veterinarian and where necessary samples must be taken to monitor their state of health, at least at the end of the periods specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 as relevant.

8. The periods mentioned in paragraph 1 and 2 as relevant shall be extended in the case of suspicion of avian influenza, Newcastle disease or Crimean Congo haemorrhagic fever until the suspicion has been ruled out.

Article 4

If the ratites, the hatching eggs and day old chicks and/or their flocks of origin are to be submitted to testing according to the requirements of the certificates laid down in Annex II, the sampling for testing and the testing itself must be executed according to the protocols laid down in Decision 92/340/EEC, if applicable.

Article 5

Article 1 of Decision 96/659/EC is replaced by the following Article:

'Article 1

The Member States shall prohibit the importation of live raptines other than those covered by Decision 2001/751/EC from countries in Africa and Asia and the importation of raptine meat other than that covered by Decision 2000/609/EC from countries in Africa and Asia.'

Article 6

In Annex I and in Annex II of Decision 95/233/EC the following new line is inserted in accordance with the alphabetic order of the ISO code:

'TN | Tunisia | x | '

Article 7

This Decision shall apply for consignments certified as from 1 January 2002.

Article 8

This Decision is addressed to all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 October 2001.

For the Commission

David BYRNE

Member of the Commission

ANNEX I

List of third countries or parts of third countries which are allowed to export live ratites or hatching eggs thereof to the European Union

ISO Code	Country	Parts of the territory	Breeding and production ratites	Hatching eggs of ratites	Day-old-chicks of ratites	Slaughter ratites
AU	Australia		A	C	E	G
BR-1	Brazil	The States of Rio Grande do Sul, Santa Catarina, Paraná, São Paulo and Mato Grosso do Sul	A	C	E	G
CA	Canada		A	C	E	G
CH	Switzerland		A	C	E	G
CL	Chile		A	C	E	G
CY	Cyprus		A	C	E	G
CZ	Czech Republic		A	C	E	G
HR	Croatia		A	C	E	G
HU	Hungary		A	C	E	G
IL	Israel		A	C	E	—
NA	Namibia		B	D	F	—
NZ	New Zealand		A	C	E	G
PL	Poland		A	C	E	G
RO	Romania		A	C	E	G
SI	Slovenia		A	C	E	G
SK	Slovak Republic		A	C	E	G
TN	Tunisia		A	C	E	—
US	United States of America		A	C	E	G
ZA	South Africa		B	D	F	—

ANNEX II

MODEL A

ANIMAL HEALTH CERTIFICATE

for breeding or productive ratites originating from countries free from avian influenza and Newcastle disease intended for consignment to the European Community

1. Consignor (name and address in full):	2. HEALTH CERTIFICATE No Original												
4. Consignee (name and address in full):	3.1. Country of origin: 3.2. Region of origin ⁽¹⁾ : 5. COMPETENT AUTHORITY (CENTRAL LEVEL) 5.1. Ministry: 5.2. Service:												
7. Place of loading:	6. COMPETENT AUTHORITY (LOCAL LEVEL)												
8. Means of transport ⁽²⁾ :	10. Address of establishment of origin:												
9.1. Member State of destination: 9.2. Final destination (name and address in full):	10.1. Breeding ⁽³⁾ : 10.2. Rearing ⁽³⁾ :												
12. Ratite species:	11. Approval number(s) of the establishment(s) of origin: 11.1. Breeding ⁽³⁾ : 11.2. Rearing ⁽³⁾ :												
13. Category: pure line/grandparents/parents/others ⁽³⁾	15. Quantity: (in words and figures)												
14. Consignment identification details (including any container seal-numbers):	15.1. Number of ratites: 15.2. Number of crates or cages:												
16. Individual identification of each bird by neck-tags/microchips ⁽⁴⁾ and identification numbers, sex and age of each ratite included in this consignment ⁽⁵⁾ : <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 30%;">Identification No</th> <th style="width: 30%;">Sex</th> <th style="width: 30%;">Age</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">In the case microchips were used for identification, specification of the system used and the place of introduction of the chip into the bird:</p>		Identification No	Sex	Age									
Identification No	Sex	Age											
Notes: (a) A separate certificate must be provided for each consignment of breeding or productive ratites in the same category, transported in the same railway wagon, lorry, aircraft or ship and consigned to the same destination. (b) The original of the certificate must accompany the consignment until it reaches the border inspection post.	(c) It must be completed on the day of loading and all time limits referred to relate to that date. (d) After importation the ratites must be kept in isolation on the holding of destination for at least six weeks in accordance with the provisions of Article 3(1) of Commission Decision 2001/751/EC.												
⁽¹⁾ Only to be completed if the authorisation to export to the Community is restricted to certain regions of the third country concerned. ⁽²⁾ Indicate means of transport and registration marks or registered name, as appropriate. ⁽³⁾ Delete the unnecessary reference, in case of 'others' please specify. ⁽⁴⁾ Neck-tags and microchips must include the ISO code of the country of origin; microchips must be in accordance with ISO standard. ⁽⁵⁾ When more animals need to be added, then a schedule must be used containing the above information and on the certificate number each page and must be signed and stamped by the certifying official veterinarian.													

17. I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, in accordance with the provisions of Directive 90/539/EEC for the ratites described above, that:

I. Origin of the ratites

The ratites have remained on the territory of⁽⁶⁾, in the region of⁽⁷⁾ for at least three months or since hatching if younger than three months. If imported into the country of origin they were imported in accordance with veterinary conditions at least as strict as the relevant requirements of Directive 90/539/EEC, including any subsidiary Decisions.

II. Health information

1.⁽⁶⁾, region⁽⁷⁾ is free from avian influenza and Newcastle disease as defined in Decision 93/342/EEC.

2. The ratites described in this certificate meet the following requirements:

- (a) they have been examined this day and show no clinical signs or suspicion of disease;
- (b) they have been held since hatching or for more than six weeks in the following establishment(s) officially approved in accordance with requirements which are at least equivalent to those laid down in Annex II to Directive 90/539/EEC:⁽⁷⁾ and
 - (i) for which the approval is not suspended or withdrawn;
 - (ii) which is (are) not subject to any animal health restriction;
 - (iii) around which, within a radius of 25 km including, where appropriate, the territory of a neighbouring country, there has been no outbreak of avian influenza or Newcastle disease for at least 30 days;
- (c) they have during the period mentioned in (b) had no contact with ratites not meeting the requirements laid down in this certificate or with other poultry;
- (d) they are originating from a flock, which
 - (i) has been examined this day and shows no clinical signs or suspicion of disease;
 - (ii) — has been vaccinated against Newcastle disease ⁽⁸⁾;
— has been vaccinated against Newcastle disease using:

.....
.....
(name, type — live or inactivated — of and NDV strain used in vaccine(s)) at the age of weeks ⁽⁸⁾;

(iii) was vaccinated, using officially approved vaccines;

At the age of	Against

- (e) If the ratites originate from countries in Asia or Africa, they ⁽⁹⁾
 - (i) were isolated in tick-proofed surroundings with an officially approved programme for rodent control for at least 21 days prior to export;
 - (ii) before moving to the tick-proofed surroundings have undergone a treatment to ensure that all ticks on them are destroyed; specification of the treatment:
 - (iii) after 14 days in tick-proofed surroundings have been subjected to the competitive ELISA test for antibodies to Crimean Congo haemorrhagic fever. Each and every ratite leaving the isolation has given a negative result to the test.

⁽⁶⁾ Name of the country of origin.
⁽⁷⁾ Approval number(s) of approved establishment(s) of origin.
⁽⁸⁾ Delete the unnecessary reference.
⁽⁹⁾ Delete if not applicable.

III. Additional health information ⁽⁹⁾

1. In the event the consignment is destined for a Member State or region from which the status has been established in accordance with Article 12(2) of Directive 90/539/EEC ⁽¹⁰⁾, the ratites:
 - (a) have not been vaccinated against Newcastle disease; and
 - (b) have been isolated for 14 days before consignment at either the holding or a quarantine station under the supervision of the official veterinarian. In this connection, no poultry including ratites at the holding of origin or quarantine station, as applicable, may have been vaccinated against Newcastle disease during the 21 days preceding consignment and no bird which is not due for consignment may have entered the holding or quarantine station during that time; in addition, no vaccinations may be carried out in the quarantine station, and
 - (c) have undergone, during the 14 days preceding consignments, serological examination on the presence of Newcastle disease antibodies with negative result.
2. The following supplementary requirements, imposed by the Member State of destination according to Articles 13 and/or 14 of Directive 90/539/EEC are met ⁽⁹⁾

3. If the Member State of destination is Finland or Sweden, the breeding ratites have been tested with negative results according to the rules laid down in Commission Decision 95/160/EC ⁽⁹⁾.
4. If the Member State of destination is Finland or Sweden, the laying hens (productive ratites reared with a view to producing eggs for consumption) have been tested with negative results according to the rules laid down in Commission Decision 95/161/EC ⁽⁹⁾.

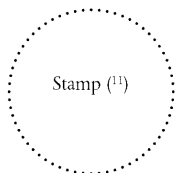
IV. Transport information

The ratites are transported

1. under conditions meeting those laid down in Directive 91/628/EEC;
2. in crates or cages which:
 - (a) contain ratites only of the same species, category and type, coming from the same establishment;
 - (b) bear the approval number of the establishment of origin;
 - (c) are closed in accordance with the instructions of the competent authority in such a way as to avoid any possibility of substitution of the contents;
 - (d) are designed, as well as the vehicles in which they are transported, so as to:
 - (i) preclude the loss of excrement and minimize the loss of feathers during transport;
 - (ii) allow visual inspection of the ratites;
 - (iii) allow cleaning and disinfection;
 - (e) have been, as well as the vehicles in which they are transported, cleansed and disinfected before loading in accordance with the instructions of the competent authorities.

18. This certificate is valid for five days.

Done at on



.....
(signature of official veterinarian) ⁽¹¹⁾

.....
(name in capital letters, qualifications and title)

⁽¹⁰⁾ When the consignment is not destined for such Member States or regions (currently Denmark, Finland and Sweden), the guarantees given under point III.1 must be deleted.
⁽¹¹⁾ Stamp and signature in a colour different to that of the printing; to be signed on the day of loading.

MODEL B

ANIMAL HEALTH CERTIFICATE

for breeding or productive ratites originating from regions free from avian influenza and not free from Newcastle disease intended for consignment to the European Community

1. Consignor (name and address in full):	2. HEALTH CERTIFICATE No Original												
4. Consignee (name and address in full):	3.1. Country of origin: 3.2. Region of origin ⁽¹⁾ : 5. COMPETENT AUTHORITY (CENTRAL LEVEL) 5.1. Ministry: 5.2. Service:												
7. Place of loading:	6. COMPETENT AUTHORITY (LOCAL LEVEL)												
8. Means of transport ⁽²⁾ :	10. Address of establishment of origin: 10.1. Breeding ⁽³⁾ : 10.2. Rearing ⁽³⁾ :												
9.1. Member State of destination: 9.2. Final destination (name and address in full):	11. Approval number(s) of the establishment(s) of origin: 11.1. Breeding ⁽³⁾ : 11.2. Rearing ⁽³⁾ :												
12. Ratite species:	15. Quantity: (in words and figures) 15.1. Number of ratites: 15.2. Number of crates or cages:												
13. Category: pure line/grandparents/parents/others ⁽³⁾	14. Consignment identification details (including any container seal numbers):												
16. Individual identification of each bird by neck-tags/microchips ⁽⁴⁾ and identification numbers, sex and age of each ratite included in this consignment ⁽⁵⁾ <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 33%;">Identification No</th> <th style="width: 33%;">Sex</th> <th style="width: 33%;">Age</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table> In the case microchips were used for identification specification of the system used and the place of introduction of the chip into the bird:	Identification No	Sex	Age										
Identification No	Sex	Age											
Notes: (a) A separate certificate must be provided for each consignment of breeding or productive ratites in the same category, transported in the same railway wagon, lorry, aircraft or ship and consigned to the same destination. (b) The original of the certificate must accompany the consignment until it reaches the border inspection post.	(c) It must be completed on the day of loading and all time limits referred to relate to that date. (d) After importation the ratites must be kept in isolation on the holding of destination for at least six weeks in accordance with the provisions of Article 3(1) of Commission Decision 2001/751/EC.												
⁽¹⁾ Only to be completed if the authorisation to export to the Community is restricted to certain regions of the third country concerned. ⁽²⁾ Indicate means of transport and registration marks or registered name, as appropriate. ⁽³⁾ Delete the unnecessary reference; in case of 'others' please specify. ⁽⁴⁾ Neck-tags and microchips must include the ISO code of the country of origin; microchips must be in accordance with ISO standards. ⁽⁵⁾ When more animals need to be added, then a schedule must be used containing the above information and the certificate number on each page and must be signed and stamped by the certifying official veterinarian.													

17. I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, in accordance with the provisions of Directive 90/539/EEC for the ratites described above, that:

I. Origin of the ratites

The ratites have remained on the territory of⁽⁶⁾, in the region of⁽⁷⁾ for at least three months or since hatching if younger than three months. If imported into the country of origin they were imported in accordance with veterinary conditions at least as strict as the relevant requirements of Directive 90/539/EEC, including any subsidiary Decisions.

II. Health information

1.⁽⁶⁾, region⁽⁷⁾ is free from avian influenza as defined in Decision 93/342/EEC.

2. The ratites described in this certificate meet the following requirements:

- (a) they have been examined this day and show no clinical signs or suspicion of disease;
- (b) they have been held since hatching or for more than six weeks in the following establishment(s) officially approved in accordance with requirements which are at least equivalent to those laid down in Annex II to Directive 90/539/EEC:⁽⁷⁾ and
 - (i) for which the approval is not suspended or withdrawn;
 - (ii) which is (are) not subject to any animal health restriction;
 - (iii) around which, within a radius of 25 km including, where appropriate, the territory of a neighbouring country, there has been no outbreak of avian influenza or Newcastle disease for at least 30 days;
- (c) they have during the period mentioned in (b) had no contact with ratites not meeting the requirements laid down in this certificate or with other poultry;
- (d) they are originating from a flock, which
 - (i) has been examined this day and shows no clinical signs or suspicion of disease;
 - (ii) — has not been vaccinated against Newcastle disease ⁽⁸⁾,
— has been vaccinated against Newcastle disease using:
.....
.....
(name, type —live or inactivated — of and NDV strain used in vaccine(s)) at the stage of weeks ⁽⁸⁾;
 - (iii) was vaccinated, using officially approved vaccines

At the age of	Against

- (e) If the ratites originate from countries in Asia or Africa, they ⁽⁸⁾
 - (i) were isolated in tick-proofed surroundings with an officially approved programme for rodent control for at least 21 days prior to export;
 - (ii) before moving to the tick-proofed surroundings have undergone a treatment to ensure that all ticks on them are destroyed; specification of the treatment
 - (iii) after 14 days in tick-proofed surroundings have been subjected to the competitive ELISA test for antibodies to Crimean Congo haemorrhagic fever. Each and every ratite leaving the isolation has given a negative result to the test.

⁽⁶⁾ Name of the country of origin.
⁽⁷⁾ Approval number(s) of approved establishment(s) of origin.
⁽⁸⁾ Delete the unnecessary reference.

III. Additional health information ⁽⁹⁾

1. In the event the consignment is destined for a Member State or region from which the status has been established in accordance with Article 12(2) of Directive 90/539/EEC ⁽¹⁰⁾, the ratites
 - (a) have not been vaccinated against Newcastle disease ⁽⁸⁾;
 - (b) have been isolated for 14 days before consignment at either the holding or a quarantine station under the supervision of the official veterinarian. In this connection, no poultry including ratites at the holding of origin or quarantine station, as applicable, may have been vaccinated against Newcastle disease during the 21 days preceding consignment and no bird which is not due for consignment may have entered the holding or quarantine station during that time; in addition, no vaccinations may be carried out in the quarantine station;
 - (c) and have undergone, during the 14 days preceding consignment, serological examination on the presence of Newcastle disease antibodies with negative result.
2. The following supplementary requirements, imposed by the Member State of destination according to Articles 13 and/or 14 of Directive 90/539/EEC are met ⁽⁹⁾:

3. If the Member State of destination is Finland or Sweden, the breeding ratites have been tested with negative results according to the rules laid down in Commission Decision 95/160/EC ⁽⁹⁾.
4. If the Member State of destination is Finland or Sweden, the laying hens (productive ratites reared with a view to producing eggs for consumption) have been tested with negative results according to the rules laid down in Commission Decision 95/161/EC ⁽⁹⁾.

IV. Supplementary health information

The ratites

- (a) have been held under official surveillance in a ratite quarantine station as defined in Article 2 of Directive 90/539/EEC approved by the competent authority for at least 21 days prior to export: approval number and address of the facility ; and
- (b) have undergone seven to ten days after entry into quarantine a virus isolation test for Newcastle disease from either cloacal swabs or faeces samples from each bird. The test has been carried out in an official laboratory and no avian paramyxovirus type 1 isolates with an Intracerebral Pathogenicity Index (I.C.P.I.) of more than 0,4 has been found. Favourable results were available from each and every bird of the consignment before the birds left the quarantine facility for export; and
- (c) come from flocks of origin in which surveillance for Newcastle disease is being carried out on a statistically based sampling plan with negative results for at least six months immediately prior to export;

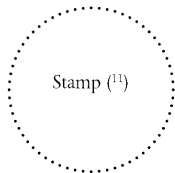
V. Transport information

The ratites are transported

1. under conditions meeting those laid down in Directive 91/628/EEC;
2. in crates or cages which:
 - (a) contain ratites only of the same species, category and type, coming from the same establishment;
 - (b) bear the approval number of the establishment of origin;
 - (c) are closed in accordance with the instructions of the competent authority in such a way as to avoid any possibility of substitution of the contents;
 - (d) are designed, as well as the vehicles in which they are transported, so as to:
 - (i) preclude the loss of excrement and minimize the loss of feathers during transport;
 - (ii) allow visual inspection of the ratites;
 - (iii) allow cleaning and disinfection;
 - (e) have been, as well as the vehicles in which they are transported, cleansed and disinfected before loading in accordance with the instructions of the competent authorities.

18. This certificate is valid for five days.

Done at on



.....
 (signature of official veterinarian) ⁽¹¹⁾

 (name in capital letters, qualifications and title)

⁽⁹⁾ Delete if not applicable.
⁽¹⁰⁾ When the consignment is not destined for such Member States or regions (currently Denmark, Finland and Sweden), the guarantees given under point III.1 must be deleted.
⁽¹¹⁾ Stamp and signature in a colour different to that of the printing; to be signed on the day of loading.

MODEL C

ANIMAL HEALTH CERTIFICATE

for hatching eggs from ratites originating from countries free from avian influenza and Newcastle disease intended for consignment to the European Community

1. Consignor (name and address in full):	2. HEALTH CERTIFICATE No Original
4. Consignee (name and address in full):	3.1. Country of origin: 3.2. Region of origin ⁽¹⁾ : 5. COMPETENT AUTHORITY (CENTRAL LEVEL) 5.1. Ministry: 5.2. Service:
7. Place of loading:	6. COMPETENT AUTHORITY (LOCAL LEVEL)
8. Means of transport ⁽²⁾ :	10. Address of breeding establishment of origin:
9.1. Member State of destination: 9.2. Final destination (name and address in full):	11. Approval number(s) of the breeding establishment(s) of origin:
12. Ratite species:	15. Quantity: (in words and figures) 15.1. Number of eggs: 15.2. Number of boxes:
13. Category: pure line/grandparents/parents/others ⁽³⁾	(c) It must be completed on the day of loading and all time limits referred to relate to that date. (d) After hatching the ratites must be kept in isolation on the holding of destination for at least three weeks in accordance with the provisions of Article 3(2) of Commission Decision 2001/751/EC.
14.1. Consignment identification details (including any container seal numbers): 14.2. Eggs marks ⁽⁴⁾ :	
Notes: (a) A separate certificate must be provided for each consignment of hatching eggs transported in the same railway wagon, lorry, aircraft or ship and consigned to the same destination. (b) The original of the certificate must accompany the consignment until it reaches the border inspection post.	
⁽¹⁾ Only to be completed if the authorisation to export to the Community is restricted to certain regions of the third country concerned. ⁽²⁾ Indicate means of transport and registration marks or registered name, as appropriate. ⁽³⁾ Delete the unnecessary reference. ⁽⁴⁾ At the time of consignment the eggs must be individually marked in accordance with Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1868/77 including the approval number of the breeding establishment with indelible black ink; the marking must be written legibly and in at least one Community language.	

16. I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, in accordance with the provisions of Directive 90/539/EEC in relation to the hatching eggs described above, that:

I. Origin of hatching eggs

The hatching eggs come from flocks which have remained on the territory of^(?) in the region of⁽¹⁾ for at least three months. If these flocks have been imported into the country of origin they were imported in accordance with veterinary conditions at least as strict as the relevant requirements of Directive 90/539/EEC, including any subsidiary Decisions.

II. Health information

1.^(?), region⁽¹⁾ is free from avian influenza and Newcastle disease as defined in Decision 93/342/EEC.

2. The hatching eggs described in this certificate meet the following requirements:

(a) they come from flocks with:

- (i) have been examined this day and show no clinical signs or suspicion of disease;
- (ii) have been held for more than six weeks in the following establishment(s) officially approved in accordance with requirements which are at least equivalent to those laid down in Annex II to Directive 90/539/EEC:⁽⁶⁾

- for which the approval is not suspended or withdrawn;
- which is (are) not subject to any animal health restriction;
- around which, within a radius of 25 km including, where appropriate, the territory of a neighbouring country, there has been no outbreak of avian influenza or Newcastle disease for at least 30 days;

(iii) they have during the period mentioned in (ii) had no contact with ratites or other poultry not meeting the requirements laid down in this certificate;

(iv) — have not been vaccinated against Newcastle disease⁽⁷⁾;

— have been vaccinated against Newcastle disease using:

.....

(name, type — live or inactivated — of and NDV strain used in vaccine(s)) at the age of weeks⁽⁷⁾.

(v) have been vaccinated, using officially approved vaccines

At the age of	Against

(b) they have been marked as indicated in point 14.2 of the certificate using (colour ink);

(c) they have been disinfected in accordance with my instructions, using (name of the product and active substance) for (time in minutes);

3. The eggs have been collected from to (dates).

^(?) Name of the country of origin.
⁽⁶⁾ Approval number(s) of approved establishment(s) of origin.
⁽⁷⁾ Delete the unnecessary reference.
⁽⁸⁾ Delete if not applicable.

III. Additional health information ⁽⁸⁾

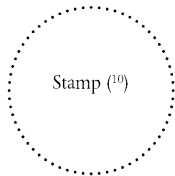
- 1. In the event the consignment is destined for a Member State or region from which the status has been established in accordance with Article 12(2) of Directive 90/539/EEC ⁽⁹⁾, the hatching eggs come from ratites, which were
 - (a) not vaccinated against Newcastle disease ⁽⁷⁾;
 - (b) vaccinated against Newcastle disease using an inactivated vaccine ⁽⁷⁾;
 - (c) vaccinated against Newcastle disease using a live vaccine at the latest 60 days before the initial date mentioned under point II, 3 ⁽⁷⁾.
- 2. Following supplementary requirements, imposed by the Member State of destination according to Articles 13 and/or 14 of Directive 90/539/EEC are met ⁽⁸⁾:

IV. Transport information

- 1. The hatching eggs are transported in perfectly clean, disposable boxes used for the first time which,
 - (a) contain only hatching eggs of the same species, category and type, coming from the same establishment;
 - (b) bear, written legibly and in at least one Community language, the following indications:
 - the words 'hatching', 'Brutei', 'à couvrir', 'cova', 'broedei' or 'rugeæg',
 - the name of the country of consignment,
 - the species of ratites concerned,
 - the number of eggs,
 - the category and type of production for which they are intended,
 - the name, address and approval number of the breeding establishment,
 - the name and address of the establishment of origin,
 - the date of dispatch,
 - the Member State of destination;
 - (c) are closed in accordance with the instructions of the competent authority in such a way as to avoid any possibility of substitution of the contents.
- 2. The containers and vehicles in which the boxes mentioned in 1 have been transported, have been cleansed and disinfected before loading in accordance with the instructions of the competent authorities.

17. This certificate is valid for five days.

Done at on



.....
(signature of official veterinarian) ⁽¹⁰⁾

.....
(name in capital letters, qualifications and title)

⁽⁹⁾ When the consignment is not destined for such Member States or regions (currently Denmark, Finland and Sweden), the guarantees given under point III.1 must be deleted.
⁽¹⁰⁾ Stamp and signature in a colour different to that of the printing; to be signed on the day of loading.

MODEL D

ANIMAL HEALTH CERTIFICATE

for hatching eggs from ratites originating from regions free from avian influenza and not free from Newcastle disease intended for consignment to the European Community

1. Consignor (name and address in full):	2. HEALTH CERTIFICATE No Original
4. Consignee (name and address in full):	3.1. Country of origin: 3.2. Region of origin ⁽¹⁾ : 5. COMPETENT AUTHORITY (CENTRAL LEVEL) 5.1. Ministry: 5.2. Service:
7. Place of loading:	6. COMPETENT AUTHORITY (LOCAL LEVEL)
8. Means of transport ⁽²⁾ :	10. Address of breeding establishment of origin:
9.1. Member State of destination: 9.2. Final destination (name and address in full):	
12. Ratite species:	11. Approval number(s) of the breeding establishment(s) of origin:
13. Category: pure line/grandparents/parents/others ⁽³⁾	15. Quantity: (in words and figures)
14.1. Consignment identification details: (including any container seal numbers) 14.2. Egg marks ⁽⁴⁾ :	15.1. Number of eggs: 15.2. Number of boxes:
Notes (a) A separate certificate must be provided for each consignment of hatching eggs transported in the same railway wagon, lorry, aircraft or ship and consigned to the same destination. (b) The original of the certificate must accompany the consignment until it reaches the border inspection post.	(c) It must be completed on the day of loading and all time limits referred to relate to that date. (d) After hatching the ratites must be kept in isolation on the holding of destination for at least three weeks in accordance with the provisions of Article 3(2) of Commission Decision 2001/751/EC.
⁽¹⁾ Only to be completed if the authorisation to export to the Community is restricted to certain regions of the third country concerned. ⁽²⁾ Indicate means of transport and registration marks or registered name, as appropriate. ⁽³⁾ Delete the unnecessary reference. ⁽⁴⁾ At the time of consignment the eggs must be individually marked in accordance with Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1868/77 including the approval number of the breeding establishment with indelible black ink; the marking must be written legibly and in at least one Community language.	

16. I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, in accordance with the provisions of Directive 90/539/EEC in relation to the hatching eggs described above, that:

I. Origin of hatching eggs

The hatching eggs come from flocks which have remained on the territory of⁽⁵⁾, in the region of⁽¹⁾ for at least three months. If these flocks have been imported into the country of origin they were imported in accordance with veterinary conditions at least as strict as the relevant requirements of Directive 90/539/EEC, including any subsidiary Decisions.

II. Health information

1.⁽⁵⁾, region⁽¹⁾ is free from avian influenza as defined in Decision 93/342/EEC.

2. The hatching eggs described in this certificate meet the following requirements:

(a) they come from flocks which:

- (i) have been examined this day and show no clinical signs or suspicion of disease;
- (ii) have been held for more than six weeks in the following establishment(s) officially approved in accordance with requirements which are at least equivalent to those laid down in Annex II to Directive 90/539/EEC:⁽⁶⁾; and
 - for which the approval is not suspended or withdrawn;
 - which is (are) not subject to any animal health restriction;
 - around which, within a radius of 25 km including, where appropriate, the territory of a neighbouring country, there has been no outbreak of avian influenza or Newcastle disease for at least 30 days;
- (iii) they have during the period mentioned in (ii) had no contact with ratites or other poultry not meeting the requirements laid down in this certificate;
- (iv) — have not been vaccinated against Newcastle disease ⁽⁷⁾;
- have been vaccinated against Newcastle disease using:
(name, type — live or inactivated — or NDV strain used in vaccine(s))
at the age of weeks ⁽⁷⁾;
- (v) have been vaccinated, using officially approved vaccines

At the age of	Against

- (b) they have been marked as indicated in point 14.2 of the certificate using
..... (colour ink);
 - (c) they have been disinfected in accordance with my instructions, using
(name of the product and active substance) for (time in minutes);
3. the eggs have been collected from to (dates).

⁽⁵⁾ Name of the country of origin.
⁽⁶⁾ Approval number(s) of approved establishment(s) of origin.
⁽⁷⁾ Delete the unnecessary reference.

III. Additional health information ⁽⁸⁾

1. In the event the consignment is destined for a Member State or region from which the status has been established in accordance with Article 12(2) of Directive 90/539/EEC ⁽⁹⁾, the hatching eggs come from ratites, which were
 - (a) not vaccinated against Newcastle disease ⁽⁷⁾;
 - (b) vaccinated against Newcastle disease using an inactivated vaccine ⁽⁷⁾;
 - (c) vaccinated against Newcastle disease using a live vaccine at the latest 60 days before the date mentioned under point II, 3 ⁽⁷⁾;
2. The following supplementary requirements, imposed by the Member State of destination according to Articles 13 and/or 14 of Directive 90/539/EEC are met ⁽⁸⁾:

.....

.....

IV. Supplementary health information

The breeding ratites from which the hatching eggs are derived:

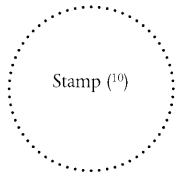
- (a) have been isolated under official surveillance not less than 30 days prior to laying the hatching eggs for export; and
- (b) have undergone seven to ten days after entry into isolation a virus isolation test for Newcastle disease from either cloacal swabs or faeces samples from each bird. The test has been carried out in an official laboratory and no avian paramyxovirus type 1 isolates with an Intracerebral Pathogenicity Index (I.C.P.I.) of more than 0,4 has been found. Favourable results were available from each and every bird before the eggs left the isolation facility for export; and
- (c) have not been in contact during the last 30 days prior to and during laying the hatching eggs for export with poultry (including ratites) which do not fulfil the guarantees mentioned respectively under (a) (b) and (d); and
- (d) from flocks of origin in which surveillance for Newcastle disease is being carried out on a statistically based sampling plan with negative results for at least six months immediately prior to export.

V. Transport information

1. The hatching eggs are transported in perfectly clean, disposable boxes used for the first time which,
 - (a) contain only hatching eggs of the same species, category and type, coming from the same establishment;
 - (b) bear, written legibly and in at least one Community language, the following indications:
 - the words 'hatching', 'Brutei', 'à couver', 'cova', 'broedei' or 'rügeæg',
 - the name of the country of consignment,
 - the species of ratites concerned,
 - the number of eggs,
 - the category and type of production for which they are intended,
 - the name, address and approval number of the breeding establishment,
 - the name and address of the establishment of origin,
 - the date of dispatch,
 - the Member State of destination;
 - (c) are closed in accordance with the instructions of the competent authority in such a way as to avoid any possibility of substitution of the contents.
2. The containers and vehicles in which the boxes mentioned in 1 have been transported, have been cleansed and disinfected before loading in accordance with the instructions of the competent authorities.

17. This certificate is valid for five days.

Done at on



.....
 (signature of official veterinarian) ⁽¹⁰⁾

.....
 (name in capital letters, qualifications and title)

⁽⁸⁾ Delete if not applicable.
⁽⁹⁾ When the consignment is not destined for such Member States or regions (currently Denmark, Finland and Sweden), the guarantees given under point III.1. must be deleted.
⁽¹⁰⁾ Stamp and signature in a colour different to that of the printing; to be signed on the day of loading.

MODEL E

ANIMAL HEALTH CERTIFICATE

for day-old chicks of ratites originating from countries free from avian influenza and Newcastle disease intended for consignment to the European Community

1. Consignor (name and address in full):	2. HEALTH CERTIFICATE No Original
4. Consignee (name and address in full):	3.1. Country of origin: 3.2. Region of origin ⁽¹⁾ : 5. COMPETENT AUTHORITY (CENTRAL LEVEL) 5.1. Ministry: 5.2. Service:
7. Place of loading:	6. COMPETENT AUTHORITY (LOCAL LEVEL)
8. Means of transport ⁽²⁾ :	10. Address of establishment of origin: (hatcheries)
9.1. Member State of destination: 9.2. Final destination (name and address in full):	
12. Ratite species:	11. Approval numbers(s) of the establishment(s) of origin: (hatcheries)
13. Category: pure line/grandparents/parents/others ⁽³⁾	
14. Consignment identification details (including any container seal numbers):	15. Quantity: (in words and figures) 15.1. Number of birds: 15.2. Number of boxes:
Notes: (a) A separate certificate must be provided for each consignment of day-old-chicks transported in the same railway wagon, lorry, aircraft or ship and consigned to the same destination. (b) The original of the certificate must accompany the consignment until it reaches the border inspection post.	(c) It must be completed on the day of loading and all time limits referred to relate to that date. (d) After importation the ratites must be kept in isolation on the holding of destination for at least six weeks in accordance with the provisions of Article 3(1) of Commission Decision 2001/751/EC.
⁽¹⁾ Only to be completed if the authorisation to export to the Community is restricted to certain regions of the third country concerned. ⁽²⁾ Indicate means of transport and registration marks or registered name, as appropriate. ⁽³⁾ Delete the unnecessary reference; in case of 'others' please specify.	

16. I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, in accordance with the provisions of Directive 90/539/EEC for the day-old-chicks described above, that:

I. Origin of day-old chicks

The day-old chicks have been hatched on the territory of⁽⁴⁾, in the region of⁽¹⁾. If the flocks from which the hatching eggs were issued, have been imported into the country of origin, they were imported in accordance with veterinary conditions at least as strict as the relevant requirements of Directive 90/539/EEC, including any subsidiary Decisions.

II. Health information

1.⁽⁴⁾, region⁽¹⁾ is free from avian influenza and Newcastle disease as defined in Decision 93/342/EEC;

2. The day-old chicks described in this certificate meet the following requirements:

- (a) have been examined this day and show no clinical signs or suspicion of disease;
- (b) have been hatched in the following establishment(s) officially approved in accordance with requirements which are at least equivalent to those laid down in Annex II to Directive 90/539/EEC:

-⁽²⁾
 - for which the approval is not suspended or withdrawn;
 - which is (are), at the time of consignment, not subject to any animal health restriction;
 - around which, within a radius of 25 km including, where appropriate, the territory of a neighbouring country, there has been no outbreak of avian influenza or Newcastle disease for at least 30 days;

- (c) they have had no contact with ratites or other poultry not meeting the requirements laid down in this certificate;
- (d) they are hatched from eggs originating from flocks which:

- (i) have been held for more than six weeks in officially approved breeding establishments for which, at the time of consignment of the hatching eggs to the hatchery, the approval was not suspended or withdrawn;
- (ii) are located in regions which are free from avian influenza or Newcastle disease;
- (iii) present, this day, no clinical signs or suspicion of disease;
- (iv) — have not been vaccinated against Newcastle disease⁽⁶⁾;
- have been vaccinated against Newcastle disease using:

.....

 (name, type — live or inactivated — of and NDV strain used in vaccine(s)) at the age of weeks⁽⁶⁾;

- (v) have been vaccinated, using officially approved vaccines

At the age of	Against

- (e) they have been hatched from eggs which:
 - (i) had been marked prior to the consignment to the hatchery in accordance with the instructions of competent authority;
 - (ii) had been disinfected in accordance with the instructions of the competent authority.

3. The chicks have hatched on (dates).

4. The chicks have been vaccinated, using officially approved vaccines, against:

⁽⁴⁾ Name of the country of origin.
⁽²⁾ Approval number(s) of approved establishment(s) of origin.
⁽⁶⁾ Delete the unnecessary reference.

III. Additional health information ⁽⁷⁾

- 1. In the event the consignment is destined for a Member State or region from which the status has been established in accordance with Article 12(2) of Directive 90/539/EEC, the day-old chicks come from ⁽⁸⁾
 - (a) hatching eggs originating from flocks which are:
 - (i) not vaccinated against Newcastle disease ⁽⁶⁾;
 - (ii) vaccinated against Newcastle disease using an inactivated vaccine ⁽⁶⁾;
 - (iii) vaccinated against Newcastle disease using a live vaccine at the latest 60 days before the date the eggs have been collected ⁽⁶⁾;
 - (b) a hatchery where working practices ensure that such eggs are incubated at completely separated times and locations from eggs not satisfying the requirements in (a).
- 2. Following supplementary requirements, imposed by the Member State of destination according to Articles 13 and/or 14 of Directive 90/539/EEC are met ⁽⁸⁾:

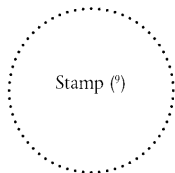
- 3. If the Member State of destination is Finland or Sweden, the day-old chicks for introduction into flocks of breeding poultry or flocks of productive ratites come from flocks which have been tested with negative results according to the rules laid down in Commission Decision 95/160/EC ⁽⁷⁾.

IV. Transport information

- 1. The day-old chicks are transported
 - 1.1. under conditions meeting those laid down in Directive 91/628/EEC;
 - 1.2. in perfectly clean, disposable boxes used for the first time which:
 - (a) contain only day-old chicks of the same species, category and type, coming from the same establishment;
 - (b) bear, written legibly and in at least one Community language, the following indications:
 - the name of the country of consignment,
 - the species of ratites concerned,
 - the number of chicks,
 - the category and type of production for which they are intended,
 - the name, address and approval number of the breeding establishment,
 - the name, address and approval number of the establishment of origin,
 - the date of dispatch,
 - the Member State of destination;
 - (c) are closed in accordance with the instructions of the competent authority in such a way as to avoid any possibility of substitution of the contents.
- 2. The containers and vehicles in which the boxes mentioned in 1 have been transported, have been cleansed and disinfected before loading in accordance with the instructions of the competent authorities.

17. This certificate is valid for five days.

Done at on



.....
(signature of official veterinarian) ⁽⁹⁾

.....
(name in capital letters, qualifications and title)

⁽⁷⁾ Delete if not applicable.
⁽⁸⁾ When the consignment is not destined for such Member States or regions (currently Denmark, Finland and Sweden), the guarantees given under point III.1 must be deleted.
⁽⁹⁾ Stamp and signature in a colour different to that of the printing; to be signed on the day of loading.

MODEL F

ANIMAL HEALTH CERTIFICATE

for day-old chicks of ratites originating from regions free from avian influenza and not free from Newcastle disease intended for consignments to the European Community

1. Consignor (name and address in full):	2. HEALTH CERTIFICATE No Original
4. Consignee (name and address in full):	3.1. Country of origin: 3.2. Region of origin ⁽¹⁾ : 5. COMPETENT AUTHORITY (CENTRAL LEVEL) 5.1. Ministry: 5.2. Service:
7. Place of loading:	6. COMPETENT AUTHORITY (LOCAL LEVEL)
8. Means of transport ⁽²⁾ :	10. Address of establishment of origin: (hatcheries)
9.1. Member State of destination: 9.2. Final destination (name and address in full):	
12. Ratite species:	11. Approval number(s) of the establishment(s) of origin: (hatcheries)
13. Category: pure line/grandparents/parents/others ⁽³⁾	
14. Consignment identification details (including any container seal numbers):	15. Quantity: (in words and figures) 15.1. Number of birds: 15.2. Number of boxes:
Notes: (a) A separate certificate must be provided for each consignment of day-old-chicks transported in the same railway wagon, lorry, aircraft or ship and consigned to the same destination. (b) The original of the certificate must accompany the consignment until it reaches the border inspection post.	(c) It must be completed on the day of loading and all time limits referred to relate to that date. (d) After importation the ratites must be kept in isolation on the holding of destination for at least six weeks in accordance with the provisions of Article 3(1) of Commission Decision 2001/751/EC.
⁽¹⁾ Only to be completed if the authorisation to export to the Community is restricted to certain regions of the third country concerned. ⁽²⁾ Indicate means of transport and registrations marks or registered name, as appropriate. ⁽³⁾ Delete the unnecessary reference, in case of 'others' please specify.	

16. I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, in accordance with the provisions of Directive 90/539/EEC for the day-old-chicks described above, that:

I. Origin of day-old chicks

The day-old chicks have been hatched on the territory of⁽⁴⁾, in region of⁽¹⁾. If the flocks from which the hatching eggs were issued, have been imported into the country of origin, they were imported in accordance with veterinary conditions at least as strict as the relevant requirements of Directive 90/539/EEC, including any subsidiary Decisions.

II. Health information

1.⁽⁴⁾, region⁽¹⁾ is free from avian influenza as defined in Decision 93/342/EEC.

2. The day-old chicks described in this certificate meet the following requirements:

- (a) have been examined this day and show no clinical signs or suspicion of disease;
- (b) have been hatched in the following establishment(s) officially approved in accordance with requirements which are at least equivalent to those laid down in Annex II to Directive 90/539/EEC:
.....⁽⁵⁾
— for which the approval is not suspended or withdrawn;
— which is (are), at the time of consignment, not subject to any animal health restriction;
— around which, within a radius of 25 km including, where appropriate, the territory of a neighbouring country, there has been no outbreak of avian influenza or Newcastle disease for at least 30 days;
- (c) they have had no contact with ratites or other poultry not meeting the requirements laid down in this certificate;
- (d) they are hatched from eggs originating from flocks which:
 - (i) have been held for more than six weeks in officially approved establishments for which, at the time of consignment of the hatching eggs to the hatchery, the approval was not suspended or withdrawn;
 - (ii) are located in regions which are free from avian influenza;
 - (iii) present, this day, no clinical signs or suspicion of disease;
 - (iv) — which have not been vaccinated against Newcastle disease ⁽⁶⁾;
— which have been vaccinated Newcastle disease using:
.....
.....
(name, type — live or inactivated — of and NDV strain used in vaccine(s)) at the age of weeks ⁽⁶⁾;
- (v) have been vaccinated, using officially approved vaccines

At the age of	Against

- (e) they have been hatched from eggs which:
 - (i) had been marked prior to the consignment to the hatchery in accordance with the instructions of competent authority;
 - (ii) had been disinfected in accordance with the instructions of the competent authority;

3. The chicks have hatched on (dates).

4. The chicks have been vaccinated, using officially approved vaccines, against:

III. Additional health information ⁽⁷⁾

1. In the event the consignment is destined for a Member State or region from which the status has been established in accordance with Article 12(2) of Directive 90/539/EEC, the day-old chicks come from ⁽⁸⁾

- (a) hatching eggs originating from flocks which are:
 - (i) not vaccinated against Newcastle disease ⁽⁶⁾;
 - (ii) vaccinated against Newcastle disease using an inactivated vaccine ⁽⁶⁾;
 - (iii) vaccinated against Newcastle disease using a live vaccine at the latest 60 days before the date the eggs have been collected ⁽⁶⁾;

⁽⁴⁾ Name of the country of origin.
⁽⁵⁾ Approval number(s) of approved establishment(s) of origin.
⁽⁶⁾ Delete the unnecessary reference.

- (b) a hatchery where working practices ensure that such eggs are incubated at completely separated times and locations from eggs not satisfying the requirements in (a).
- 2. Following supplementary requirements, imposed by the Member State of destination according to Articles 13 and/or 14 of Directive 90/539/EEC are met ⁽⁷⁾:
.....
- 3. If the Member State of destination is Finland or Sweden, the day-old chicks for introduction into flocks of breeding poultry or flocks of productive poultry come from flocks which have been tested with negative results according to the rules laid down in Commission Decision 95/160/EC ⁽⁷⁾.

IV. Supplementary health information

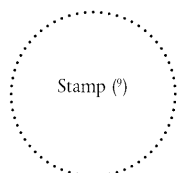
- 1. The breeding raites from which the day-old chicks are derived:
 - (a) have been isolated under official surveillance not less than 30 days prior to laying the hatching eggs from which the day-old chicks for export have been derived; and
 - (b) have undergone seven to ten days after entry into isolation a virus isolation test for Newcastle disease from either cloacal swabs or faeces samples from each bird. The test has been carried out in an official laboratory and no avian paramyxovirus type 1 isolates with an Intracerebral Pathogenicity Index (ICPI) of more than 0,4 has been found. Favourable results were available for all tests carried out before the day-old chicks left the hatchery for export; and
 - (c) have not been in contact during the last 30 days prior to and during laying the hatching eggs from which the day-old chicks for export have been derived with poultry (including raites) which do not fulfil the guarantees mentioned respectively under (a), (b) and (d); and
 - (d) from flocks of origin in which surveillance for Newcastle disease is being carried out on a statistically based sampling plan with negative results for at least six months immediately prior to export.
- 2. The hatching eggs from which the day-old chicks have been hatched and the day-old chicks have not been in contact in the hatchery or during transport with eggs or poultry which do not fulfil the abovementioned guarantees.

V. Transport information

- 1. The day-old chicks are transported
 - 1.1. under conditions meeting those laid down in Directive 91/628/EEC;
 - 1.2. in perfectly clean, disposable boxes used for the first time which:
 - (a) contain only day-old chicks of the same species, category and type, coming from the same establishment;
 - (b) bear, written legibly and in at least one Community language, the following indications:
 - the name of the country of consignment,
 - the species of raites concerned,
 - the number of chicks,
 - the category and type of production for which they are intended,
 - the name, address and approval number of the breeding establishment,
 - the name, address and approval number of the establishment of origin,
 - the date of dispatch,
 - the Member State of destination;
 - (c) are closed in accordance with the instructions of the competent authority in such a way as to avoid any possibility of substitution of the contents.
- 2. The containers and vehicles in which the boxes mentioned in 1 have been transported, have been cleansed and disinfected before loading in accordance with the instructions of the competent authorities.

17. This certificate is valid for five days.

Done at on



.....
(signature of official veterinarian) ⁽⁹⁾

.....
(name in capital letters, qualifications and title)

⁽⁷⁾ Delete if not applicable.
⁽⁸⁾ When the consignment is not destined for such Member States or regions (currently Denmark, Finland and Sweden), the guarantees given under point III.1 must be deleted.
⁽⁹⁾ Stamp and signature in a colour different to that of the printing; to be signed on the day of loading.

MODEL G

ANIMAL HEALTH CERTIFICATE

for slaughter raptites originating from countries free from avian influenza and Newcastle disease intended for consignment to the European Community

1. Consignor (name and address in full):	2. HEALTH CERTIFICATE No Original												
4. Consignee (name and address in full):	3.1. Country of origin: 3.2. Region of origin ⁽¹⁾ :												
7. Place of loading:	5. COMPETENT AUTHORITY (CENTRAL LEVEL) 5.1. Ministry: 5.2. Service:												
8. Means of transport ⁽²⁾ :	6. COMPETENT AUTHORITY (LOCAL LEVEL)												
9.1. Member State of destination: 9.2. Final destination (name and address of the slaughter house in full):	10. Address of holding of origin:												
12. Ratite species:	15. Quantity: (in words and figures)												
13. Category: slaughter raptites	15.1. Number of birds: 15.2. Number of crates or cages:												
14. Consignment identification details (including any container seal numbers):	16. Individual identification of each bird by neck-tags/microchips ⁽³⁾ , and identification numbers, sex and age of each ratite included in this consignment ⁽⁴⁾ : <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="padding: 2px 10px;">Identification No</th> <th style="padding: 2px 10px;">Sex</th> <th style="padding: 2px 10px;">Age</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td style="border: none;"> </td><td style="border: none;"> </td><td style="border: none;"> </td></tr> <tr><td style="border: none;"> </td><td style="border: none;"> </td><td style="border: none;"> </td></tr> <tr><td style="border: none;"> </td><td style="border: none;"> </td><td style="border: none;"> </td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">In the case microchips were used for identification specification of the system used and the place of introduction of the chip into the bird:</p>	Identification No	Sex	Age									
Identification No	Sex	Age											
Notes: (a) A separate certificate must be provided for each consignment transported in the same railway wagon, lorry, aircraft or ship and consigned to the same destination. (b) The original of the certificate must accompany the consignment until it reaches the border inspection post.	(c) It must be completed on the day of loading and all time limits referred to relate to that date. (d) After importation the raptites must be conveyed without delay to the slaughterhouse of destination in accordance with the provisions of Article 15(4)(b) of Council Directive 90/539/EEC.												
⁽¹⁾ Only to be completed if the authorisation to export to the Community is restricted to certain regions of the third country concerned. ⁽²⁾ Indicate means of transport and registration marks or registered name, as appropriate. ⁽³⁾ Neck-tags and microchips must include the ISO code of the country of origin; microchips must be in accordance with ISO standards. ⁽⁴⁾ When more animals need to be added, then a schedule must be used containing the above information and the certificate number on each page and must be signed and stamped by the certifying official veterinarian.													

17. I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, in accordance with the provisions of Directive 90/539/EEC for the ratites described above, that:

I. Origin of ratites

The ratites have remained on the territory of⁽⁵⁾, in the region of⁽¹⁾ for at least six weeks or since hatching if younger than six weeks. If imported into the country of origin, they were imported in accordance with veterinary conditions at least as strict as the relevant requirements of Directive 90/539/EEC, including any subsidiary Decisions.

II. Health information

1.⁽⁵⁾, region⁽¹⁾ is free from avian influenza and Newcastle disease as defined in Decision 93/342/EEC.

2. The ratites described in this certificate meet the following requirements:

- (a) they have been examined this day and show no clinical signs or suspicion of disease;
- (b) they have been held since hatching or for more than 30 days in their holding(s) of origin:
 - (i) which is (are) not subject to any animal health restriction;
 - (ii) around which, within a radius of 25 km including, where appropriate, the territory of a neighbouring country, there has been no outbreak of avian influenza or Newcastle disease for at least 30 days;
- (c) they have during the period mentioned in (b) had no contact with ratites or other poultry not meeting the requirements laid down in this certificate;
- (d) they are originating from a flock
 - (i) which has been examined this day and shows no clinical signs or suspicion of disease;
 - (ii) — which has not been vaccinated against Newcastle disease ⁽⁶⁾;
 - which has been vaccinated against Newcastle disease ⁽⁶⁾ using:

.....
.....
(name, type —live or inactivated — of NDV strain used in vaccine(s)) at the age of weeks ⁽⁷⁾.

III. Additional health information ⁽⁸⁾

1. In the event the consignment is destined for a Member State or region from which the status has been established in accordance with Article 12(2) of Directive 90/539/EEC ⁽⁹⁾ the ratites,

- (a) have not been vaccinated against Newcastle disease and have undergone, during 14 days preceding consignment, serological examination on the presence of Newcastle disease antibodies with negative result ⁽⁶⁾;
- (b) have been vaccinated against Newcastle disease, but not with a live vaccine during the 30 days preceding consignment and have undergone during the 14 days preceding consignment and on the basis of an at random sample of cloacal swabs or faeces samples of at least 60 birds, a virus isolation test for Newcastle disease with negative results ⁽⁶⁾.

2. Following supplementary requirements, imposed by the Member State of destination according to Articles 13 and/or 14 of Directive 90/539/EEC are met ⁽⁸⁾:

.....
.....

- 3. If the Member State of destination is Finland or Sweden, the slaughter ratites ⁽⁸⁾
 - either have been subject to a microbiological test by sampling in the holding of origin with negative results according to the rules laid down in Council Decision 95/410/EC ⁽⁶⁾, or
 - are originating from a holding subject to a programme recognized by the European Commission to be equivalent to the national programme of Finland or Sweden, as appropriate ⁽⁶⁾.

⁽⁵⁾ Name of the country of origin.
⁽⁶⁾ Delete the unnecessary reference.
⁽⁷⁾ Fill out as appropriate.

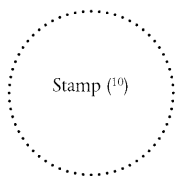
IV. Transport information

The ratites are transported

- 1. under conditions meeting those laid down in Directive 91/628/EEC;
- 2. in crates or cages which:
 - (a) contain only ratites of the same species, category and type, coming from the same establishment,
 - (b) are closed in accordance with the instructions of the competent authority in such a way as to avoid any possibility of substitution of the contents,
 - (c) are designed, as well as the vehicles in which they are transported, so as to:
 - (i) preclude the loss of excrement and minimize the loss of feathers during transport,
 - (ii) allow visual inspection of the ratites,
 - (iii) allow cleansing and disinfection;
 - (d) have been, as well as the vehicles in which they are transported, cleansed and disinfected before loading in accordance with the instructions of the competent authority.

18. This certificate is valid for five days.

Done at on



.....
(signature of official veterinarian) ⁽⁹⁾

.....
(name in capital letters, qualifications and title)

⁽⁸⁾ Delet if not applicable.
⁽⁹⁾ When the consignment is not destined for such Member States or regions (currently) Denmark, Finland and Sweden), the guarantees given under point II.,1. must be deleted.
⁽¹⁰⁾ Stamp and signature in a colour different to that of the printing; to be signed on the day of loading.

MODEL H

ANIMAL HEALTH CERTIFICATE

for slaughter raptites originating from regions free from avian influenza and not free from Newcastle disease intended for consignment to the European Community

1. Consignor (name and address in full):	2. HEALTH CERTIFICATE No Original												
4. Consignee (name and address in full):	3.1. Country of origin: 3.2. Region of origin ⁽¹⁾ : 5. COMPETENT AUTHORITY (CENTRAL LEVEL) 5.1. Ministry: 5.2. Service:												
7. Place of loading:	6. COMPETENT AUTHORITY (LOCAL LEVEL)												
8. Means of transport ⁽²⁾ :	10. Address of holding of origin:												
9.1. Member State of destination: 9.2. Final destination (name and address of the slaughter house in full):													
12. Ratite species:													
13. Category: slaughter raptites	15. Quantity: (in words and figures) 15.1. Number of birds: 15.2. Number of crates or cages:												
14. Consignment identification details (including any container seal numbers):													
16. Individual identification of each bird by neck-tags/microchips ⁽³⁾ , and identification numbers, sex and age of each ratite included in this consignment ⁽⁴⁾ : <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 33%;">Identification No</th> <th style="width: 33%;">Sex</th> <th style="width: 33%;">Age</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>In the case microchips were used for identification specification of the system used and the place of introduction of the chip into the bird:</p>		Identification No	Sex	Age									
Identification No	Sex	Age											
Notes: (a) A separate certificate must be provided for each consignment transported in the same railway wagon, lorry, aircraft or ship and consigned to the same destination. (b) The original of the certificate must accompany the consignment until it reaches the border inspection post.	(c) It must be completed on the day of loading and all time limits referred to relate to that date. (d) After importation the raptites must be conveyed without delay to the slaughterhouse of destination in accordance with the provisions of Article 15(4)(b) of Council Directive 90/539/EEC.												
⁽¹⁾ Only to be completed if the authorisation to export to the Community is restricted to certain regions of the third country concerned. ⁽²⁾ Indicate means of transport and registration marks or registered name, as appropriate. ⁽³⁾ Neck-tags and microchips must include the ISO code of the country of origin; microchips must be in accordance with ISO standards. ⁽⁴⁾ When more animals need to be added, then a schedule must be used containing the above information and on each page the certificate number and must be signed and stamped by the certifying official veterinarian.													

17. I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, in accordance with the provisions of Directive 90/539/EEC for the ratites described above, that:

I. Origin or ratites

The ratites have remained on the territory of⁽⁵⁾, in the region of⁽¹⁾ for at least six weeks or since hatching if younger than six weeks. If imported into the country of origin, they were imported in accordance with veterinary conditions at least as strict as the relevant requirements of Directive 90/539/EEC, including any subsidiary Decisions.

II. Health information

1.⁽⁵⁾, region⁽¹⁾ is free from avian influenza as defined in Decision 93/342/EEC.

2. The ratites described in this certificate met the following requirements:

- (a) they have been examined this day and show no clinical signs or suspicion of disease;
- (b) they have been held since hatching or for more than 30 days in their holding(s) of origin:
 - (i) which is (are) not subject to any animal health restriction;
 - (ii) around which, within a radius of 25 km including, where appropriate, the territory of a neighbouring country, there has been no outbreak of avian influenza or Newcastle disease for at least 30 days;
- (c) they have during the period mentioned in (b) had no contact with ratites or other poultry not meeting the requirements laid down in this certificate;
- (d) they are originating from a flock which
 - (i) has been examined this day and shows no clinical signs or suspicion of disease;
 - (ii) — has not been vaccinated against Newcastle disease ⁽⁶⁾;
 - which has been vaccinated against Newcastle disease ⁽⁶⁾ using:

.....
.....
(name, type — live or inactivated — of and NDV strain used in vaccine(s)) at the age of weeks ⁽⁷⁾.

III. Additional health information ⁽⁸⁾

1. In the event the consignment is destined for a Member State or region from which the status has been established in accordance with Article 12(2) of Directive 90/539/EEC ⁽⁹⁾ the ratites:

- (a) have not been vaccinated against Newcastle disease and have undergone, during 14 days preceding consignment, serological examination on the presence of Newcastle disease antibodies with negative result;
- (b) have been vaccinated against Newcastle disease, but not with a live vaccine during the 30 days preceding consignment and have undergone during the 14 days preceding consignment and on the basis of an at random sample of cloacal swabs or faeces samples of at least 60 birds, a virus isolation test for Newcastle disease with negative results ⁽⁶⁾.

2. Following supplementary requirements, imposed by the Member State of destination according to Articles 13 and/or 14 of Directive 90/539/EEC are met ⁽⁸⁾:

.....
.....

3. If the Member State of destination is Finland or Sweden, the slaughter ratites ⁽⁸⁾

- either have been subject to a microbiological test by sampling in the holding of origin with negative results according to the rules laid down in Council Decision 95/410/EC ⁽⁶⁾,
- or are originating from a holding subject to a programme recognized by the European Commission to be equivalent to the national programme of Finland or Sweden, as appropriate ⁽⁶⁾.

⁽⁵⁾ Name of the country of origin.
⁽⁶⁾ Delete the unnecessary reference.
⁽⁷⁾ Fill out as appropriate.

IV. Supplementary health information

The ratites

- (a) have been held under official surveillance in a ratite quarantine station as defined in Article 2 of Council Directive 90/539/EEC approved by the competent authority, for at least 21 days prior to export approval number and address of the facility
.....
..... ; and
- (b) have undergone seven to ten days after entry into quarantine a virus isolation test for Newcastle disease from either cloacal swabs or faeces samples from each bird. The test has been carried out in an official laboratory and no avian paramyxovirus type 1 isolates with an Intracerebral Pathogenicity Index (ICPI) of more than 0,4 has been found. Favourable results were available from each and every bird of the consignment before the birds left the quarantine facility for export; and
- (c) come from flocks of origin in which surveillance for Newcastle disease is being carried out on a statistically based sampling plan with negative results for at least six months immediately prior to export.

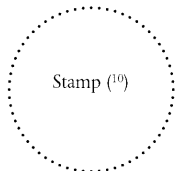
V. Transport information

The ratites are transported

- 1. under conditions meeting those laid down in Directive 91/628/EEC.
- 2. in crates or cages which:
 - (a) contain only ratites of the same species, category and type, coming from the same establishment;
 - (b) are closed in accordance with the instructions of the competent authority in such a way as to avoid any possibility of substitution of the contents;
 - (c) are designed, as well as the vehicles in which they are transported, so as to:
 - (i) preclude the loss of excrement and minimize the loss of feathers during transport,
 - (ii) allow visual inspection of the ratites,
 - (iii) allow cleansing and disinfection;
 - (d) have been, as well as the vehicles in which they are transported, cleansed and disinfected before loading in accordance with the instructions of the competent authority.

18. This certificate is valid for five days.

Done at on



.....
(signature of official veterinarian) ⁽⁹⁾

.....
(name in capital letters, qualifications and title)

⁽⁸⁾ Delete if not applicable.
⁽⁹⁾ When the consignment is not destined for such Member States or regions (currently Denmark, Finland and Sweden), the guarantees given under point III.1 must be deleted.
⁽¹⁰⁾ Stamp and signature in a colour different to that of the printing; to be signed on the day of loading.