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COMMISSION DECISION

of 21 November 2003

laying down the animal health conditions and certification requirements for imports of live fish, their eggs and gametes intended for farming, and live fish of aquaculture origin and products thereof intended for human consumption

(notified under document number C(2003) 4219)

(Text with EEA relevance)

(2003/858/EC)

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(Text with EEA relevance)

(2003/858/EC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 91/67/EEC of 28 January 1991 concerning the animal health conditions governing the placing on the market of aquaculture animals and products (1), as last amended by Council Regulation (EC) No 806/2003 (2), and in particular Article 19 (1), Article 20(1) and Article 21(2) thereof,

Whereas:

- A list of third countries or parts thereof, from which Member States are authorised to import live fish, their eggs and gametes for farming in the Community, should be established.
- It is necessary to lay down specific animal health conditions and model certificates for those third countries, taking into account the animal health situation of the third country concerned and of the fish, eggs or gametes to be imported, in order to prevent the introduction of disease agents that could cause significant impact to the fish stock in the Community.
- Attention should be paid to emerging diseases and diseases which (3) are exotic to the Community and which could have serious impact on the fish stocks in the Community. Furthermore, the vaccination policy and the disease situation as regards epizootic haematopoietic necrosis (EHN) and the fish diseases referred to in Annex A to Directive 91/67/EEC, at the place or production and where appropriate at the place of destination should be taken into account.
- (4) It is necessary that countries or parts thereof from which Member States are authorised to import live fish, their eggs and gametes for farming, must apply conditions for disease control, and monitoring at least equivalent to Community standards as laid down in Directive 91/67/EEC and in Council Directive 93/53/ EC of 24 June 1993 introducing minimum Community measures for the control of certain fish diseases (3), as last amended by Commission Decision 2001/288/EC (4). The sampling and testing methods used should be at least equivalent to Commission Decision 2001/183/EC (5) of 22 February 2001 laying down the sampling plans and diagnostic methods for the detection and confirmation of certain fish diseases and repealing Decision 92/ 532/EEC, and Commission Decision 2003/466/EC (6) of 13 June 2003 establishing criteria for zoning and official surveillance following suspicion or confirmation of the presence of Infectious salmon anaemia (ISA). In cases where sampling and testing methods are not laid down in the Community legislation, the sampling and testing methods used should be in accordance with

⁽¹) OJ L 46, 19.2.1991, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 122, 16.5.2003, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 175, 19.7.1993, p. 23.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ L 99, 10.4.2001, p. 11.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ L 67, 9.3.2001, p. 65.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ L 156, 25.6.2003, p. 61.

- those laid down in the International Office of Epizootics (OIE) Manual of Diagnostic Tests for Aquatic Animals.
- (5) It is necessary that the responsible competent authorities of these third countries undertake to notify by fax, telegram or electronic mail, the Commission and the Member States within 24 hours, of any occurrence of epizootic haematopoietic necrosis (EHN), or diseases referred to in Annex A to Directive 91/67/EEC, as well as any other disease outbreaks causing a significant impact to the fish stock within their territory or parts thereof from which imports covered by this Decision are authorised. In such event, the responsible competent authorities of those third countries must take measures to prevent the disease spreading into the Community. Furthermore and as applicable, the Commission and the Member States should be notified of any alteration in the vaccination policy against such diseases.
- (6) In addition, when importing live fish of aquaculture origin and products thereof for human consumption, it is necessary to prevent the introduction into the Community of serious diseases affecting aquaculture animals.
- (7) Therefore, it is necessary to supplement the certification requirements relating to the importation of live fish of aquaculture origin and products thereof under Council Directive 91/493/EEC of 22 July 1991 laying down the health conditions for the production and the placing on the market of fishery products (¹), as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 806/2003, with the animal health certification requirements.
- (8) It would reduce the possibility to control and eradicate diseases which are exotic to the Community and which could have serious impact on the fish stocks in the Community, if fish that could carry the disease are released into unenclosed waters in the Community. Live fish, eggs and gametes of aquaculture origin, should therefore be imported into the Community only if they are introduced into a farm.
- (9) This Decision should not apply to the importation of tropical ornamental fish kept permanently in aquariums.
- (10) This Decision should apply without prejudice to the public health conditions established under Directive 91/493/EEC.
- (11) This Decision should apply without prejudice to Community or national provision on the conservation of species.
- (12) Council Directive 96/93/EC of 17 December 1996 on the certification of animals and animal products (²) lays down standards of certification. The rules and principles applied by third-country certifying officers should provide guarantees, which are equivalent to those laid down in that Directive.
- (13) The principles laid down in Council Directive 2002/99/EC of 16 December 2002 laying down the animal health rules governing the production, processing, distribution and introduction of products of animal origin for human consumption (3), in particular Article 3 of that Directive should be taken into account.
- (14) A transitional period of time should be provided for the implementation of the new import certification requirements.
- (15) The list of approved countries referred to in Annex I to this Decision should be reviewed no later than 12 months after the date of application.
- (16) The measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Committee on the Food Chain and Animal Health,

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 268, 24.9.1991, p. 15.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 13, 16.1.1997, p. 28.

⁽³⁾ OJ L 18, 23.1.2003, p. 11.

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

Scope

- 1. This Decision establishes harmonised animal health rules for the importation of:
- (a) live fish, their eggs and gametes, intended for farming in the Community;
- (b) live fish of aquaculture origin intended for restocking of put-and take fisheries in the Community;
- (c) live fish of aquaculture origin and products thereof, intended for immediate human consumption or further processing before human consumption.
- 2. This Decision shall not to apply to the importation of tropical ornamental fish kept permanently in aquariums.

Article 2

Definitions

- 1. For the purpose of this Decision, the definitions in Article 2 of Directives 91/67/EEC and 93/53/EEC shall apply.
- 2. The following definitions shall also apply:
- (a) 'aquaculture origin' means fish originating from a farm;
- (b) 'approved import centre' means any establishment in the Community where special bio-security measures have been put in place, approved by the competent authority of the Member State concerned, for further processing of imported live fish of aquaculture origin and products thereof;
- (c) 'coastal zone' means a zone consisting of a part of the coast or sea water or an estuary:
 - (i) which has a precise geographical delimitation and consists of a homogeneous hydrological system or a series of such systems, or
 - (ii) which is situated between the mouths of two watercourses, or
 - (iii) where there are one or more farms and all farms are surrounded by appropriate buffer zones on both sides of the farm or farms;
- (d) 'continental zone' means a zone consisting of either:
 - (i) a part of the territory comprising an entire catchment area from the sources of the waterways to the estuary or more than one catchment area in which fish is reared, kept or caught, as necessary surrounded by a buffer zone in which a monitoring program is carried out without the necessity of obtaining the status of an approved zone, or
 - (ii) a part of a catchment area from the sources of the waterways to a natural or artificial barrier preventing fish migrating from downstream of that barrier, as necessary surrounded by a buffer zone in which a monitoring program is carried out without the necessity of obtaining the status of an approved zone.

The size and the geographical situation of the continental zone must be such that the possibilities for recontamination e.g. by migrating fish are reduced to a minimum;

- (e) 'designated farm' means either:
 - (i) a coastal farm in a third country subject to all necessary measures to prevent the introduction of diseases and to which the water is supplied by means of a system which ensures the complete inactivation of the following pathogens: infectious

- salmon anaemia (ISA), viral heamorrhagic septicaemia (VHS) and infectious haemorrhagic necrosis (IHN), or
- (ii) an inland farm in a third country subject to all necessary measures to prevent the introduction of diseases. The farm is, if necessary, protected against flooding and infiltration of water, and there is a natural or artificial barrier situated down stream, which prevents fish from entering the farm. The water is supplied directly to the farm from a borehole, spring, or well, channelled through a pipe, open channel or a natural conduit, which does not constitute a source of infection for the farm and does not allow the introduction of wild fish. The water channel is under the control of the farm or of the competent authorities;
- (f) 'establishment' means: any premises approved according to Directive 91/493/EEC, where fishery products are prepared, processed, chilled, frozen, packaged or stored, but excluding auction and wholesale markets in which only display and sale by wholesale takes place;
- (g) 'farming' means: the activity that takes place on any farm or, in general, any geographically defined installation in which fish are reared or kept with a view to their being placed on the market;
- (h) 'fish products of aquaculture origin' means any products intended for human consumption derived from fish of aquaculture origin, including whole fish (un-eviscerated), eviscerated fish, and filets, and any products thereof;
- (i) 'further processing' means preparation and processing before human consumption by any kind of measures and techniques, that produces waste or byproducts which could cause a risk of spreading diseases, including: operations affecting the anatomical wholeness such as bleeding, gutting/evisceration, heading, slicing, filleting;
- (j) 'immediate human consumption' means that the fish imported for the purpose of human consumption do not undergo any further processing within the Community before being placed on the retail market for human consumption;
- (k) 'put and take fisheries' means ponds, lakes or unenclosed waters that are sustained by the introduction of fish primarily for recreational fishing rather than for conservation or improvement of natural population;
- 'territory' means either a whole country, a coastal zone, a continental zone or a designated farm, which is authorised by the central competent authority of the third country concerned for exportation to the Community.

Conditions for importation of live fish, their eggs and gametes intended for farming, and of live fish of aquaculture origin for restocking of put-and take fisheries, within the European Community

- 1. Member States shall authorise the importation into their territory live fish, their eggs and gametes for farming only if:
- (a) the fish originate in a territory listed in Annex I;
- (b) the consignment complies with the guarantees, including those for packaging and labelling and the appropriate specific additional requirements, as laid down in the animal health certificate, drawn up in conformity with the model in Annex II, taking into account the explanatory notes in Annex III;
- (c) the fish have been transported under conditions not altering their health status.

- 2. Member States shall authorise the importation into their territory live fish of aquaculture origin, their eggs and gametes intended for direct restocking of put-and take fisheries only if:
- (a) the consignment comply with the rules laid down in paragraph 1;
- (b) the put and take fishery do not represent lakes or unenclosed waters.
- 3. Member States shall ensure that imported fish of aquaculture origin, their eggs and gametes intended for farming or restocking of put-and take fisheries in Community waters, only are introduced into farms or put-and take fisheries representing ponds, and not introduced into unenclosed waters.
- 4. Member States shall ensure that imported live fish or aquaculture origin, their eggs and gametes are transported directly to the farm or pond of destination, as stated on the animal health certificate.

Conditions related to importation of live fish of aquaculture origin for human consumption

Member States shall authorise the importation into their territory live fish of aquaculture origin intended for immediate human consumption or for further processing before human consumption, only if:

- (a) the consignment complies with the conditions laid down in Article 3 paragraph 1 and Article 7 paragraph 1 of this Decision; or
- (b) the fish are sent directly to an approved import centre to be slaughtered and eviscerated.

Article 5

Conditions related to importation of fish products of aquaculture origin for further processing before human consumption

- 1. Member States shall authorise the importation into their territory fish products of aquaculture origin intended for further processing before human consumption only if:
- (a) the fish originate in third countries and establishments authorised under Article 11 of Directive 91/493/EEC and comply with the public health certification requirements laid down under that Directive; and
- (b) the consignment complies with the guarantees, including those for packaging and labelling and the appropriate specific additional requirements, as laid down in the animal health certificate, drawn up in conformity with the model in Annex IV, taking into account the explanatory notes in Annex III.
- 2. Member States shall ensure that processing of fish products of aquaculture origin takes place in approved import centres unless:
- (a) the fish are eviscerated before dispatch; or
- (b) the place of origin has a health status equivalent to the place where they are to be processed in particular as regards epizootic haematopoietic necrosis (EHN) and the diseases referred to in lists I and II, column 1, of Annex A to Directive 91/67/EEC.

Article 6

Conditions related to importation of fish products of aquaculture origin for immediate human consumption

Member States shall authorise the importation into their territory of fish products of aquaculture origin intended for immediate human consumption only if:

(a) the fish originate in third countries and establishments authorised under Article 11 of Directive 91/493/EEC and comply with the

- public health certification requirements laid down under that Directive;
- (b) the consignment complies with the guarantees, including those for packaging and labelling as laid down in the animal health certificate, drawn up in conformity with the model in Annex V, taking into account the explanatory notes in Annex III;
- (c) the consignment consists of consumer-ready packages of a size suitable for retail sale directly to the end consumer, like
 - (i) vacuum packed filets,
 - (ii) hermetically sealed or other heat-treated products,
 - (iii) frozen blocks of fish meat,
 - (iv) eviscerated fish frozen or placed on ice.

Certification

- 1. In the case of live fish, their eggs and gametes, the competent authority at the border inspection post in the Member State of arrival shall complete the document referred to in Annex of Commission Decision 92/527/EEC (¹) with one of the statements laid down in Annex VI to this Decision as appropriate.
- 2. In the case of fish products of aquaculture origin, the competent authority at the border inspection post in the Member State of arrival shall complete the document referred to in Annex B to Commission Decision 93/13/EEC (²) with one of the statements laid down in Annex VI of this Decision as appropriate.

Article 8

Preventing contamination of natural waters

- 1. Member States shall ensure that imported live fish of aquaculture origin and products thereof intended for human consumption are not introduced into, and do not contaminate any natural waters within their territory.
- 2. Members States shall ensure that transport water from imported consignments does not lead to contamination of natural waters within their territory.

Article 9

Approval of import centres

- 1. The competent authority of the Member States shall approve an establishment as an approved import centre provided that it satisfies the minimum animal health conditions of Annex VII to this Decision.
- 2. The competent authority of the Member State shall draw up a list of approved import centres, each of which shall be given an official number.
- 3. The list of approved import centres, and any subsequent amendments thereto, shall be communicated by the competent authority of each Member State to the Commission and to the other Member States.

Article 10

Date of application

This Decision shall apply from 1 May 2004.

⁽¹⁾ OJ L 332, 18.11.1992, p. 22.

⁽²⁾ OJ L 9, 15.1.1993, p. 33.

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

ANNEX I

Territories from which importation of certain species of live fish, their eggs, and gametes intended for farming in the European Community (EC) are authorised

Country		Territory		Specific requirements (1)						
ISO code	Name	Code	Description	VHS	IHN	SVC	BKD	IPN	G. salaris	Comments (2)
AL	Albania									
AU	Australia									
BR	Brazil									
BG	Bulgaria									Carps only
CA	Canada									
CL	Chile									Carps only
CN	China, Peoples Republic of									
СО	Colombia									Carps only
CG	Congo									Carps only
HR	Croatia									
MK (3)	Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia									
ID	Indonesia									
IL	Israel									Carps only
JM	Jamaica									Carps only
JP	Japan									Carps only
MY	Malaysia (Peninsular, western Malaysia only)									Carps only
NZ	New Zealand									Carps only
RU	Russian Federation									
SG	Singapore									
ZA	South Africa									Carps only
LK	Sri Lanka									Carps only
TW	Taiwan									
TH	Thailand									Carps only
TR	Turkey									

▼<u>M1</u>

Country Territory		Specific requirements (1)								
ISO code	Name	Code	Description	VHS	IHN	SVC	BKD	IPN	G. salaris	Comments (2)
US	United States									

- (¹) Insert 'Yes' or 'No' as relevant if designated farm, coastal or continental zone is approved by the central competent authority of the exporting country as a territory that fulfils the specific animal health requirements including a non-vaccination policy for introduction into European Community zones and farms having a Community approved programme or status, or for one or more of the diseases viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS) and infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN), additional guarantees for spring viraemia of carp (SVC), bacterial kidney disease (BKD, infectious pancreatic necrosis (IPN), and/or Gyrodactylus salaris (G. salaris).
- (2) No limitations if left empty. If a country or territory is allowed to export only certain species and/or eggs or gametes, the species should be specified and/or a comment with for example 'eggs only' shall be inserted in this column.
- (3) Provisional code that does not affect the definitive denomination of the country to be attributed after the conclusion of the negotiations currently taking place in the United Nations.

ANNEX II

MODEL ANIMAL HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR THE IMPORTATION OF $(^1)$ [LIVE FISH, EGGS AND GAMETES FOR FARMING] $(^1)$ [LIVE FISH OF AQUACULTURE ORIGIN FOR THE PURPOSE OF $(^1)$ [HUMAN CONSUMPTION] $(^1)$ [RESTOCKING OF PUT AND TAKE FISHERIES]] INTO THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY (EC)

Note for the importer: This certificate is only for veterinary purposes and has — in its original — to accompany the consignment until it reaches the horder inspection post.

Reference Code No ORIGINAL

1.	Exporting country and authorities involved			3.	Destination of the consignment		
1.1.	Exporting country:			3.1.	Member State:		
1.2.	Competent authority:			(¹)[3.2.	2. Zone or part(³) of the Member State:		
1.3.		uthority:		(¹)[3.3.	,		
2.	Place of origin of th	e consignment		3.4.	Address:		
2.1.		rigin(²):		3.5.	Name, address and phone number	of the Consignee:	
(1)[2.2.							
(¹)[2.3.	Address or location o	of farm:					
				4.	Means of transport and consign	nent identification(4)	
2.4		1 (1 0 :		4.1.	Means of transport: (1)[Lorry] (1)[R	ail-wagon] (^I)[Ship] (^I)[Airc	:raft]
2.4.	Name, address and pl	hone number of the Consigno	r:	4.2.	(¹)[Registration number(s)] (¹)[Ship	name] (¹)[Flight number]:	
					Consignment identification details		
5. D	Pescription of the co	nsionment		<u> </u>			
	-	Wild stocks ☐ Live fisl	h ∃ Game	tes	☐ Fertilised eggs ☐ Unf	ertilised eggs = La	arvae/fry
	Fish spe	ecie(s)	Total weight of fish (l	kg) (¹)[Numbe		Age of live fish	
S	cientific name:	Common name:	of fish]		(1)[Volume of gametes]		
						+ >24 months	
						1 12-24 months	
						+ 0-11 months;	
						unknown	

ORIGINAL

Reference Code No

6. Animal health attestation for importation of (¹)[(¹)[live fish] (¹)[and] (¹)[eggs] (¹)[and] (¹)[gametes] for farming] (¹)[live fish of aquaculture origin intended for (¹)[human consumption] (¹)[for farming or restocking of put-and take fisheries]]

I, the undersigned official inspector, hereby certify that the $\binom{b}{l}$ [live fish] $\binom{b}{l}$ [and] $\binom{b}{l}$ [and] $\binom{b}{l}$ [gametes], referred to at point 5 this certificate fulfils the following requirements:

6.1. either

- are officially registered by the competent authority,
- keep an updated record of: live fish, eggs and gametes entering and leaving the farm and all information relating to: their delivery and dispatch, their number or weight, their size, their source, their suppliers and observed mortality(*)
- have to notify as soon as possible to the competent authority, any suspicion of the following diseases: ISA, EHN, VHS and IHN; and any clinical signs
 giving reason to suspect the presence of a disease capable of causing significant impact to the fish stock,
- are subject to appropriate disease control measures as necessary at least equivalent to those required in Directives 91/67/EEC and 93/53/EEC including prohibition as regards vaccination against ISA, and as regards sampling and testing also Decisions 2001/183/EC and 2003/466/EC; in cases where sampling and testing methods are not established in the Community legislation, the methods are those laid down in the relevant chapters of the OIE(') Manual of Diagnostic Tests for Aquatic Animals, Fourth edition, 2003,
- have had no disease, that has caused significant impact to the stock during the last six months prior to dispatch, and during the last two years, no cases of the diseases: ISA, and EHN
- have, during the last two years prior to dispatch not introduced live fish, eggs or gametes with a lower health status,
- there are, on the day of loading, no clinical signs of disease and there is no suspicion of the presence of any of the following diseases: ISA, EHN, VHS and IHN.

o

- $(^1)[\mbox{They originate from the territory}\ (^2)$ with the code:(^2) and which:
- is a designated farm, or a farm that is not connected with coastal or estuarial waters, and that does not contain fish of the species considered as susceptible (⁵) to the diseases: infectious salmon anaemia (ISA); epizootic haematopoietic necrosis (EHN); viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS); and infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN)
- keep an updated record of: live fish, eggs and gametes entering and leaving the farm and all information relating to: their delivery and dispatch, their number or weight, their size, their source, their suppliers and observed mortality (*)

6.2. They:

- have not, since the time of collection, been in contact with live fish, eggs or gametes of a lower health status than referred to in point 6.1 of this certificate.
- are not intended for destruction or slaughter for the eradication of the following diseases: ISA; VHS; IHN; EHN; spring viraemia of carp (SVC);
 Infectious pancreatic necrosis (IPN): Bacterial kidney disease (BKD, Renibacterium salmoninarum); Furunculosis (Aeromonas salmonicida); Enteric redmouth disease (ERM, Yersinia ruckeri); Gyrodactylus salaris; or due to diseases caused by any other pathogen,
- $\quad \text{are not subject to any prohibitions for animal health reasons,} \\$
- were inspected on the day of loading and showed no clinical signs of disease,
- (8) [were subject to a visual check of a randomly selected representative part of the consignment, including each part having a different origin, and
 no fish species other than those specified in point 5 of this certificate were detected], and
- (³)[have been disinfected in accordance with OIE (¬) International Aquatic Animal Health Code, edition 2003, Appendix 5.2.1;]

ORIGINAL

Reference Code No

(10)[7. Specific animal health requirements as regards VHS, IHN, SVC, IPN, BKD and Gyrodactylus salaris

(11)[7.1. I, the undersigned official inspector, hereby certify that the (1)[live fish] (1)[eggs] (1)[eggs] (1)[eggs] (1)[eggs], referred to at point 5 this certificate, originate from a territory (1) that, in addition to the guarantees given in point 6 of this certificate, is approved by the competent authority as having an equivalent health status to those farms and zones within the Community, with approved status as regards (1)[VHS] (1)[and] (1)[IHN], as they:

- (1)[either (1)] originate from a coastal zone in which all farms are under the supervision of the competent authority, and the fish]
 - or (')[originate from a continental zone in which all farms are under the supervision of the competent authority and the fish]
 - or $\binom{h}{l}$ originate from a designated farm which is under the supervision of the competent authority, and where the water is supplied by means of a system which ensures the complete inactivation of $\binom{h}{l}$ [MN] and the fish]
 - or (1)[originate from a coastal zone in which there are no farms and the wild fish:]
 - or (1)[originate from a continental zone in which there are no farms and the wild fish:]
 - have been subject to health inspections, carried out at intervals adapted to the development of $\binom{l}{[VHS]}\binom{l}{[and]}\binom{l}{[HN]}$ and samples are taken and examined for these pathogens with a negative result by an officially authorised laboratory and the sampling and testing methods are at least equivalent to those laid down in Directives 91/67/EEC, 93/53/EEC and Decision 2001/183/EC as the following surveillance scheme has been used:
 - ${}^{(12)} [EC\ Model\ A'-\ at\ least\ four\ years'\ documented\ freedom,\ including\ a\ two-year\ surveillance\ program]\ (^{12}) [EC\ Model\ B'-\ at\ least\ six\ program]\ (^{12}) [EC\ Model\ B'-\ at\ least\$ years' documented freedom, including a two-year surveillance program with reduced sample size] (13) ['EC Special provisions' – new farms] (13) ['EC Special provisions'- farms which recommence their activities] (1) ['OJE' – methods as described in the OJE (1) Manual of Diagnostic Tests for Aquatic Animals, Fourth edition, 2003, Chapters: 1.1.4 (General) and (1)[2.1.5. (VHS)] (1)[and] (1)[2.1.2. (IHN)]]
 - since at least 2 years have been free of clinical and other signs of $\binom{1}{VHS}\binom{1}{IMN}$
- originate from a territory (2) where all necessary measures (14) are taken to prevent the introduction of diseases.]

Or

- (')[originate from a farm that is not connected with coastal or estuarial waters and does not contain any fish of the species considered as susceptible(5) to (1)[VHS] (1)[and] (1)[IHN].
- (15)[7.2. I, the undersigned official inspector, hereby certify that the (1)[live fish] (1)[eggs] (1)[and] (1)[gametes], referred to at point 5 this certificate, which is considered susceptible(5) to (1)[Spring viraemia of carp] (1)[Infectious pancreatic necrosis] (1)[and] (1)[Bacterial kidney disease], originate from a territory(2)
 - where (¹)[SVC] (¹)[and] (¹)[IPN] (¹)[and] (¹)[BKD] is notifiable to the competent authority, and reports of suspicion of infections must be immediately investigated by the official service
 - in which all introduction of species susceptible(') (')[SVC] (')[and] (')[IPN] (')[and] (')[BKD] has come from a zone or farm having the same health status with respect to (')[SVC] (')[and] (')[IPN] (')[and] (')[BKD], ('b)[- in which the fish has not been vaccinated against (')[SVC] (')[and] (')[IPN] (')[and] (')[BKD],

 - where all farms raising species susceptible $\binom{5}{1}$ to $\binom{1}{1}$ [SVC] $\binom{1}{1}$ [and] $\binom{1}{1}$ [IPN] $\binom{1}{1}$ [IPN] $\binom{1}{1}$ [BKD] are under the supervision of the competent authority;
 - where all necessary measures(14) are taken to prevent the introduction of diseases
 - that, in addition to the guarantees given in point 6 of this certificate, is approved by the competent authority as having an equivalent health status to zones within the Community, having additional guarantees with regard to (')[SVC] (')[and] (')[IPN] (')[BKD] as they
 - either (1)[originate from the following territory(2):.. .. ,which is considered free from (¹)[SVC] (¹)[and] (¹)[IPN] (¹)[and] (¹)[BKD] in accordance with Annex I to Decision 2003/858/EC.]

or (')[originate from the following farm:,which at the time of the year (')[SVC] (')[and] (')[IPN] (')[and] (')[BKD] is expected to	
manifest itself, have been submitted for at least two years to inspections by the competent authorities, with sampling at least	
equivalent to those sampling programmes laid down by Decision $2001/183/EC(^{12})$ or surveillance methods as described in the OIE $(^{\circ})$	
Manual of diagnostic tests for aquatic animals, Chapter 1.1.4 and the relevant disease chapters, and as laboratory tests have been	
carried out in accordance with the relevant chapters in the most current edition of the OIE (1) Manual of diagnostic tests for aquatic	
animals, with all test giving negative results	

Reference Code No ORIGINAL

	or (17)[originate from the following continental farm:
(¹⁸)[7.3.	I, the undersigned official inspector, hereby certify that the (¹)[live fish] (¹)[and] (¹)[eggs] (¹)[and] (¹)[gametes] referred to at point 5 this certificate, which is considered susceptible(⁵) to Gyrodactylus salaris, originate from a territory(²)
-	where G. salaris is notifiable to the competent authority, and reports of suspicion of infections must be immediately investigated by the official services.
-	in which all introduction of species susceptible(5) to G . salaris has come from a zone or farm declared free from G . salaris, where all farms raising species susceptible(5) to G . salaris are under the supervision of the competent authority, where all necessary measures(14) are taken to prevent the introduction of diseases,
-	that, in addition to the guarantees given in point 6 of this certificate, is approved by the competent authority as having an equivalent health status to those zones within the Community, having additional guarantees with regard to Gyrodactylus salaris, as they:
	either (¹)[originate from the following territory (²):, which is considered free from Gyrodactylus salaris in accordance with Annex I to Decision 2003/858/EC.]
	or (1)[originate from the following continental farm:, which at the time of the year <i>Gyrodactylus salaris</i> is expected to manifest itself, has been submitted for at least two years to inspections by the competent authorities, with sample size at least equivalent to those sampling programmes laid down in Decision 2001/183/EC (1) and sampling and laboratory tests have been carried out in accordance with the relevant chapters in the most current edition of the OIE (7) Manual of diagnostic tests for aquatic naimals, with all test giving negative results; and the farm is either situated in a part (19) of a water catchment area declared free (20) from <i>Gyrodactylus salaris</i> , or situated in a water catchment area declared free (20) from <i>G. salaris</i> and all other water catchment areas draining into the same estuary are declared free (20 .21) from <i>G. salaris</i> , and
	or (¹)[originate from the following coastal farm:, which is situated in an coastal zone with a salinity below 25 parts per thousand, and where all water catchment areas draining into the estuary are declared free (² ^{00,21}) of <i>G. salaris</i> , and.]
	or (¹)[originate from the following coastal farm:, which is situated in a coastal zone where the seawater has a salinity of more than 25 parts per thousand and no live fish of the susceptible species(⁵) have been introduced during the previous 14 days, and.]
	or (%) [originate from the following farm:, where the eggs have been disinfected according to the OIE International Aquatic Animal Health Code Sixth edition 2003, Appendix 5.2.1, ensuring the elimination G. salaris.]
8.	Transport requirements
	Furthermore, they:
	 are placed under conditions that do not alter their health status, and
	have been placed in (¹)[sealed watertight containers which were cleaned and disinfected beforehand using an authorised disinfectant and which bear on the exterior a legible label] (¹)[a well boat where the well and its pipe and pump systems were free of fish, cleaned and disinfected using an authorised disinfectant, and inspected before loading, carrying a manifest] with the relevant (²²) information referred to in point 1, 2 and 3 of this certificate and with the following statement:
	either:
	['i'][Live fish] ('i)[and] (')[Eggs] ('i)[and] (')[Gametes] certified for farming in European Community zones and farms except those with a Community approved programme or status, and additional guarantees with regard to: viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS), infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN), spring viraemia of carp (SVC), infectious pancreatic necrosis (IPN), bacterial kidney disease (BKD) and Gyrodactylus salaris.']

Reference Code No ORIGINAL

[Live fish of aquaculture origin certified for restocking of put-and take fisheries in European Community zones and farms except those with a Community approved programme or status, additional guarantees or protective measures with regard to: viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS), infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN), spring viraemia of carp (SVC), infectious pancreatic necrosis (IPN), bacterial kidney disease (BKD) and

 $[t'] [Live fish] \ (t') [and] \ (t') [Eggs] \ (t') [and] \ (t') [Gametes] \ certified for farming in European Community zones and farms including those with a Community approved programme or status, additional guarantees or protective measures with regard to: (t') [viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS)] \ (t') [and] \ (t') [infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN)] \ (t') [and] \ (t') [infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN)] \ (t') [and] \$ (')[Bacterial kidney disease] (')[and] (')[Gyrodactylus salaris].']

[Live fish of aquaculture origin certified for restocking of put-and take fisheries in European Community zones and farms including those with a Community approved programme or status, additional guarantees or protective measures with regard to: (¹)[viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS)] (')|and| (')|infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN)] (')|and| (')|Spring viraemia of carp] (')|and| (')|Infectious pancreatic necrosis] (')|and| (')|Bacterial kidney disease] (')|and] (')|Gyrodactylus salaris]']

Done at,	on
(Place)	(Date)
Official stamp	(Signature of official inspector)
	(Name in capital letter, qualifications and title)

Indicative notes

- Retain as appropriate.
- $Territory (a \ whole \ country, or \ a \ zone \ or \ a \ farm) \ and \ code \ of \ territory \ as \ appearing \ in \ Annex \ I \ to \ Decision \ 2003/858/EC.$
- (²) (¹) Specify as applicable: zone, farm, or in case of live fish for human consumption, establishment. If the zone is specified under point 3.2, then the name of the farm, or in case of live fish for human consumption, establishment, must be specified under point 3.3
- (4) The registration number(s) of rail-wagon or lorry and the name of the ship should be given as appropriate. If known, the flight number of the aircraft shall be specified.
- In case of transport in containers or boxes, the total number, their registration and seal numbers, if present, shall be indicated under point 4.3
- Known susceptible species, see table below

Disease	Susceptible host species*
ISA	Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar), rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), brown trout (Salmo trutta),
EHN	Redfin perch (Perca fluviatilis), rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), Macquarie perch (Macquaria australasica), silver perch (Bidyanus bidyanus), mountain galaxias (Galaxias olidus), sheatfish (Silurus glanis), catfish (Ictalurus melas) and mosquito fish (Gambusa affinis) and other species belonging to the family Poeciliidae
VHS	Fish belonging to the family Salmonideae, grayling (Thymallus thymallus), white fish (Coregonus spp.), pike (Esox lucius), turbot (Scophthalmus maximus), herring and sprat (Clupea spp.), Pacific salmon (Oncorhynchus spp.), Atlantic cod (Gadus morhua), Pacific cod (G. macrocephalus), haddock (G. aeglefinus) and rockling (Onos mustelus).
IHN	Fish belonging to the family Salmonidae, pike (Esox lucius)
SVC	Common carp and koi carp (Cyprinus carpio), grass carp (Ctenopharyngodon idellus), silver carp (Hypophthalmichthys molitrix), bighead carp (Aristichthys nobilis), crucian carp (Carassius carassius), goldfish (Carassius auratus), tench (Tinca tinca) and sheatfish (Silurus glanis)

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IPN	Rainbow trout (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>), brook trout (<i>Salvelinus fontinalis</i>), brown trout (<i>Salmo trutta</i>), Atlantic salmon (<i>Salmo salar</i>), and several Pacific salmon species (<i>Oncorhynchus</i> spp.),					
BKD	Fish belonging to the family Salmonidae					
Gyrodactylus salaris	Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar) Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), Arctic char (Salwelinus alpinus), North American brook trout (S. fontinalis), grayling (Thymallus thymallus), North American lake trout (Salvelinus namaycush) and brown trout (Salmo trutta). Other species of fish on sites where any of the above species are present shall also be considered as susceptible species.					
as being susceptible for the pathogen/disease in question.	tional Aquatic Animal Health Code and/or the OIE Manual of diagnostic tests for aquatic animals					
(°) As applicable.						
(⁷) World Organisation for Animal Health.						
(\$) Only applicable for live fish, retain as appropriate. (\$) Applicable to eggs only, retain as appropriate.						
1	re needed in the case of exports to farms or zones within the Community with a Community-					
	ore of the diseases referred to in list II and III of Annex A to Directive 91/67/EEC.					
(11) Specific requirements needed in the case of exports to farms or zones with septicaemia (VHS) and/or infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN) respectivel	Specific requirements needed in the case of exports to farms or zones within the Community with a Community-approved programme or status for viral haemorrhagic					
(12) Model A or B' as laid down in Decision 2001/183/EC, as well as the requirement (13) In accordance with Directives 91/67/EEC and 93/53/EEC, and Decision 2001,	ents in Directives 91/67/EEC and 93/53/EEC, retain as appropriate					
In accordance with Directives 91/67/EEC and 93/53/EEC, and Decision 2001/183/EC; new farms which commence activity with fish, eggs and gametes that have an equivalent health status according to the central competent authority of the exporting country to those farms and zones approved in the Community with regard to VHS and/or IHN respectively, and otherwise meet the requirements in Annex C LA. 6(a) to Directive 91/67/EEC; or farms which recommence their activities after officially supervised cleaning and disinfection and 15 days of fallowing, and which introduce only fish, eggs and gametes that have an equivalent health status according to the central competent authority of the exporting country to those farms and zones approved in the Community with regard to VHS and/or IHN respectively and otherwise meet the requirements in Annex C						
I.A, 6(b) to Directive 91/67/EEC. Retain as appropriate.						
approved farms and zones. Ponds with susceptible species should be covered prevented. The site must not be used for angling purposes unless under condit	Not applicable to coastal or continental zones with no farms. High bio-security level must be maintained. Fish from non-approved farms or zones must not be introduced into approved farms and zones. Ponds with susceptible species should be covered or be located at a safe distance from non-approved farms. Uncontrolled public access should be prevented. The site must not be used for angling purposes unless under conditions authorised and supervised by the local competent authority.					
control and eradication programmes (additional guarantees) as regards spri (BKD), according to Commission Decision 2004/454/EC (OJ L 156, 30.4.200	ates or parts of Member States within the Community with Community-approved free status or ng viraemia of carp (SVC), infectious pancreatic necrosis (IPN), and/or bacterial kidney disease 14).					
	o areas with additional guarantees for SVC, IPN and/or BKD. Retain as applicable.					
	ve shown that the disease has not spread to other farms or into the wild. Retain as applicable.					
(additional guarantees) as regards Gyrodactylus salaris according to Decision 20	Specific additional requirements needed in the case of exports to Member States or parts of Member States within the Community with Community-approved free status (additional guarantees) as regards Gyrodactylus salaris according to Decision 2004/454/EC (OJ L 156, 30.4.2004).					
(18) According to Annex B, I A to Directive 91/67/EEC a part of a water catchment from its sources of the waterways to a natural or artificial barrier preventing fit	t area can only be declared free from a disease if it consists of the upper part of the catchment area of migrating from downstream of that barrier.					
(20) According to the requirements in Annex I, Chapter 1.B of Decision 2004/454						
the salinity between them is low or intermediate (below 25 ppt). Hence one same coastal zone is infected or has unknown status, unless they are separated	into account that the disease may spread my migrating fish between different continental zones if individual continental zone can not be declared free if another continental zone draining into the by seawater with salinity above 25 ppt.					
Country and territory of origin (code) and of destination; name and telephone from the place of loading to the place of destination should be given.	number of the consignor and consignee. In case of a transport with well boat, the transport route					

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- When declaring continental zones free of *Gyrodactylus salaris*, it must be taken into account that the disease may spread my migrating fish between different continental zones if the salinity between them is low or intermediate (below 25 ppt). Hence one individual continental zone can not be declared free if another continental zone draining into the same coastal zone is infected or has unknown status, unless they are separated by seawater with salinity above 25 ppt.

 Country and territory of origin (code) and of destination; name and telephone number of the consignor and consignee. In case of a transport with well boat, the transport route from the place of loading to the place of destination should be given.

ANNEX III

Explanatory notes

- (a) The certificates shall be produced by the competent authorities of the exporting country, based on the appropriate model appearing in Annex II, IV, or V to this Decision taking into account the use to which the fish are to be put after the arrival to the Community.
- (b) Considering the status of the place of destination as regards viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS), infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN), spring viraemia of carp (SVC), bacterial kidney disease (BKD), infectious pancreatic necrosis (IPN) and Gyrodactylus salaris (G. salaris) in the Community Member State, the appropriate specific additional requirements shall be incorporated and completed in the certificate.
- (c) The original of each certificate shall consist of a single page, double-sided, or, where more than one page is required, it shall be in such a form that all pages form part of an integrated whole and are indivisible.
 - It shall, on the right hand side of the top of each page, be marked as original and bear a specific code number issued by the competent authority. All pages of the certificate shall be numbered (page number) of (total number of pages).
- (d) The original of the certificate and the labels referred to in the model certificate shall be drawn up in at least one official language of the Community Member State in which the inspection at the border post shall be carried out and of the Community Member State of destination. However, these Member States may allow other languages, if necessary, accompanied by an official translation.

- (e) The original of the certificate must be completed on the day of loading the consignment for exportation to the Community with an official stamp and signed by an official inspector designated by the competent authority. In doing so, the competent authority of the exporting country shall ensure that the principles of certification equivalent to those laid down in Directive 96/93/EC are followed
 - The stamp, unless embossed, and the signature shall be in a colour different to that of the printing.
- (f) If for reasons of identification of the items of the consignment, additional pages are attached to the certificate, these pages shall be considered as forming part of the original and be signed and stamped by the certifying official inspector on each page.
- (g) The original of the certificate must accompany the consignment until it reaches the Community border inspection post.
- (h) The certificate shall be valid for 10 days from the date of issue. In the case of transport by ship, the time of validity is prolonged by the time of journey at sea.
- (i) The fish, their eggs and gametes, shall not be transported together with other fish, eggs or gametes that, either are not destined to Community, or are of a lower health status. Furthermore, they must not be transported under any other conditions that alter their health status.
- (j) The possible presence of pathogens in the water is relevant for considering the health status of live fish, eggs and gametes. The certifying officer should therefore consider the following: The Place of origin should be the localisation of the farm where the fish, eggs or gametes was reared reaching their commercial size relevant for the consignment covered by this certificate.

ANNEX IV

Model animal health certificate for the importation of fish products of aquaculture origin into the European Community (EC) for further processing before human consumption

Reference Code No

ORIGINAL

Note for the importer:

The present consignment must be shipped immediately, without breaking, to be retailed for further processing before human consumption.

Processing of fish products of aquaculture origin must take place in approved import centres unless eviscerated before dispatch, or the place of origin has a health status at least equivalent to the place where they are to be processed, in particular as regards the diseases epizootic haematopoietic necrosis (EHN) as well as the diseases referred to in lists I and II, column 1, of Annex A to Directive 91/67/EEC.

This certificate is only for veterinary purposes and has — in its original — to accompany the consignment until it reaches the border inspection post.

1. Animal health attestation for importation into the European Community of fish products of aquaculture origin for further processing before human consumption

I, the undersigned official inspector, hereby certify that the fish products of aquaculture origin referred to in this certificate:

- originate from fish which showed no clinical signs of disease at the time of (collection) (1) (slaughter) (1) (loading) (1) and
- (¹) (are not subject to any prohibitions for animal health reasons, in particular due to clinical signs of disease or suspicion, or confirmation of the presence of the following diseases: (infectious salmon anaemia (ISA);) (¹) (epizootic haematopoietic necrosis (EHN);) (¹) (viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS) (¹) (and) (¹) (infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN) (¹) and)
- (¹) (²) (– originate from fish harvested from a farm or a zone which is approved by the central competent authority as having an equivalent health status to those farms and zones with Community approved programmes or status as regards (VHS) (¹) (and) (¹) (IHN) (¹) and);
- (¹)(– originate from a designated farm, or a farm that is not connected with coastal or estuarial waters and does not contain any fish of the species considered as susceptible (³) to ISA, EHN, (and) (¹) (VHS) (¹) (and) (¹) (IHN) (¹), and that is not subject to any prohibitions for animal health reasons, and)
- (1) (2) (- have been slaughtered and eviscerated, and)
- are transported under conditions that do not alter their health status, and
- have been placed in sealed watertight containers which were cleaned and disinfected beforehand using an authorised disinfectant and which bear on the exterior a legible label with the relevant information (4) of this certificate and with the following statement:

(Uneviscerated fish) (¹) (and) (¹) (eviscerated fish) (¹) (and) (¹) (fish products) (¹) of aquaculture origin certified for export to the European Community (including to Community approved zones as regards (VHS) (¹) (and) (¹) (IHN) (¹)) (¹), for immediate human consumption, or for further processing (in approved import centres for) (¹) before human consumption, and not to be introduced into natural waters of the European Community) (¹);

General statement I, the undersigned official inspector, hereby certify that I a 93/53/EEC and Commission Decision 2003/858/EC (1).	um aware of the provisions of Council Directives 91/67/EEC and
Done at, (Place)	on(Date)
Official stamp	(Signature of official inspector)
*****	(Name in capital letter, qualifications and title)

Indicative notes

- (1) Retain as appropriate.
- (2) Specific requirements needed in the case of exports to farms or zones within the EC with a Community approved programme or status for viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS) and/or infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN) respectively.
- (3) Known susceptible species, see table below.

Disease	Susceptible host species (*)
ISA	Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar), rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), brown trout (Salmo trutta)
EHN	Redfin perch (Perca fluviatilis), rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), Macquarie perch (Macquaria australasica), silver perch (Bidyanus bidyanus), mountain galaxias (Galaxias olidus), sheatfish (Silurus glanis), catfish (Ictalurus melas) and mosquito fish (Gambusa affinis) and other species belonging to the family Poeciliidae
VHS	Fish belonging to the family Salmonideae, grayling (Thymallus thymallus), white fish (Coregonus spp.), pike (Esox lucius), turbot (Scophthalmus maximus), herring and sprat (Clupea spp.), Pacific salmon (Oncorhynchus spp.), Atlantic cod (Gadus morhua), Pacific cod (G. macrocephalus), haddock (G. aeglefinus) and rockling (Onos mustelus)
IHN	Fish belonging to the family Salmonideae, pike (Esox lucius)
SVC	Common carp (Cyprinus carpio), grass carp (Ctenopharyngodon idellus), silver carp (Hypophthalmichthys molitrix), bighead carp (Aristichthys nobilis), crucian carp (Carassius carassius), goldfish (Carassius auratus), tench (Tinca tinca) and sheatfish (Silurus glanis)

^(*) And any other species referred to in the most recent edition of the OIE International Aquatic Animal Health Code as being susceptible for the pathogen/disease in question.

⁽⁴⁾ Country and territory of origin (code) and of destination; name and telephone number of the consignor and consignee.

ANNEX V

Animal health certificate for the importation of fish products of aquaculture origin into the European Community (EC) for immediate human consumption

Reference Code No

ORIGINAL

Note for the importer:

The present consignment must be shipped immediately, without breaking, to be retailed for immediate human consumption.

This certificate is only for veterinary purposes and has — in its original — to accompany the consignment until it reaches the border inspection post.

1. Animal health attestation for importation into the European Community of fish products of aquaculture origin for immediate human consumption

I, the undersigned official inspector, hereby certify that the fish products of aquaculture origin referred to in this certificate:

- originate from fish which showed no clinical signs of disease at the time of (collection) (1) (slaughter) (1) (loading) (1),
- have been placed in containers which bear on the exterior a legible label with the relevant information (2) of this certificate and with the following statement:

Fish products of aquaculture origin certified for export to the European Community for immediate human consumption, and not to be introduced into natural waters of the European Community'

General statement

I, the undersigned official inspector, hereby certify that I am aware of the provisions of Council Directives 91/67/EEC and 93/53/EEC and Commission Decision 2003/858/EC.

Done at, (Place)	on(Date)
Official stamp	(Signature of official inspector)
	(Name in capital letter, qualifications and title)

Indicative notes

- (1) Retain as appropriate.
- (2) Country and territory of origin (code) and of destination; name and telephone number of the consignor and consignee.

ANNEX VI

Statements to be issued by the competent authority at the border inspection post to complete the document referred to in the Annex to Decision 92/527/ EEC or in the Annex B of Decision 93/13/EEC

The competent authority at the border inspection post in the Member State of arrival shall complete the document referred to in the Annex of Decision 92/527/EEC or of Annex B of Decision 93/13/EEC with one of the following statements as appropriate:

A. Statements to be added to the document referred to in the Annex of Decision 92/527/EEC as regards live fish, their eggs and gametes intended for farming, and live fish of aquaculture origin for restocking of put-and take fisheries, in the European Community

either

'(Live fish) (¹) (and) (¹) (Eggs) (¹) (and) (¹) (Gametes) (¹) certified for farming in European Community zones and farms except those with a Community approved programme or status, additional guarantees or protective measures with regard to: viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS), and infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN), and spring viraemia of carp (SVC), and *Gyrodactylus salaris*.'

or:

'Live fish of aquaculture origin certified for restocking of put-and take fisheries in European Community zones and farms except those with a Community approved programme or status, additional guarantees or protective measures with regard to: viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS), and infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN), and spring viraemia of carp (SVC), and *Gyrodactylus salaris*.'

or

'(Live fish) (¹) (and) (¹) (Eggs) (¹) (and) (¹) (Gametes) (¹) certified for farming in European Community zones and farms including those with a Community approved programme or status, additional guarantees or protective measures with regard to: (viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS)) (¹) (and) (¹) (infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN)) (¹) (and) (¹) (spring viraemia of carp (SVC)) (¹) (and) (¹) (Gyrodactylus salaris) (¹).'

or:

'Live fish of aquaculture origin certified for restocking of put-and take fisheries in European Community zones and farms including those with a Community approved programme or status, additional guarantees or protective measures with regard to: (viral haemorrhagic septicaemia (VHS)) (¹) (and) (¹) (infectious haematopoietic necrosis (IHN)) (¹) (and) (¹) (spring viraemia of carp (SVC)) (¹) (and) (¹) (*Gyrodactylus salaris*) (¹).'

B. Statements to be added to the document referred to in the Annex B of Decision 93/13/EEC as regards fish products of aquaculture origin intended for human consumption

either:

'Uneviscerated fish products of aquaculture origin certified for export to the European Community (except to zones with Community approved status as regards (VHS) (¹) (and) (¹) (IHN) (¹)) (¹), for further processing (in approved import centres) (¹) before human consumption.'

or

'Eviscerated fish products of aquaculture origin certified for export to the European Community, for further processing before human consumption.'

or

'Fish products of aquaculture origin certified for export to the European Community for immediate human consumption.'.

ANNEX VII

Minimum animal health conditions for the approval of 'approved import centres' for processing of fish of aquaculture origin

A. General provisions

- Member States shall only approve establishments as import centres for further processing of imported live fish of aquaculture origin and products thereof provided that the conditions at the import centre are such that risks of contamination of fish in Community waters, with pathogens capable of causing significant impact to fish stock, via discharges or other waste, or by other means, are avoided.
- 2. Establishments approved as 'approved import centre', must not be allowed to move live fish out of the establishment.
- 3. In addition to the appropriate public health provisions laid down under Directive 91/493/EEC for any establishments, as well as health rules laid down by Community legislation concerning animal by-products not intended for human consumption, the minimum animal health conditions as laid down below, shall apply.

B. Management provisions

- 1. Approved import centres must be open to inspection and control by the competent authority at all times.
- 2. Approved import centres must have an efficient disease control, and monitoring system; in application of Council Directive 93/53/EEC, cases of suspected disease and mortality shall be investigated by the competent authority; the necessary analysis and treatment must be carried out in consultation with and under the control of the competent authority, taking into consideration the requirement in Article 3(1)(a) of Directive 91/67/EEC.
- 3. Approved import centres must apply a management system, approved by the competent authority, including hygiene and disposal routines for transports, transport containers, facilities, and equipment. The guidelines laid down for disinfection of fish farms in the OIE International Aquatic Animal Health Code, Sixth Edition, 2003, Appendix 5.2.2, should be followed. The disinfectants used must be approved for the purpose by the competent authority and appropriate equipment must be available for cleaning and disinfection. Discharges of by-products and other waste materials including dead fish and their products must be carried out in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council (1). The management system at the approved import centre shall be such that risks of contamination of fish in Community waters with pathogens capable of causing significant impact to fish stock, in particular as regards pathogens exotic to the Community and the fish pathogens referred to in list I and II, column 1, of Annex A to Directive 91/67/EEC, are avoided.
- 4. Approved import centres must keep an updated record of: observed mortality; and of all the live fish, eggs and gametes entering the centre and products leaving the centre including their source, their suppliers and their destination. The record should be open to scrutiny by the competent authority at all times.
- 5. Approved import centres must be cleaned and disinfected regularly in accordance with the programme described in point 3 above.
- Only authorised persons may enter approved import centres and must wear protective clothing including appropriate footwear.