Third Commission Directive of 27 September 1983 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to methods of analysis necessary for checking the composition of cosmetic products (83/514/EEC)

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ANNEX

DETERMINATION OF DICHLOROMETHANE AND 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE IDENTIFICATION AND DETERMINATION OF NITROMETHANE

5. DETERMINATION

5.3. **Procedure**

5.3.1. *Preparation of the sample*

Into a 100 ml tared transfer bottle, purged or evacuated according to the procedure described in 5.4 of Chapter II of the abovementioned Directive, introduce about 5 ml of either of the internal standard solutions (5.1.5 or 5.1.6). Use a 10 or 20 ml glass syringe, without needle, adapted to the transfer piece following the technique described in paragraph 5 of Chapter II of the above-mentioned Commission Directive. Reweigh to determine the quantity introduced. Using the same technique, transfer into this bottle about 50 g of the contents of the aerosol dispenser sample. Again reweigh to determine the quantity of sample transferred. Mix well.

Inject about 10 μl using the specified microsyringe (5.2.2). Make five injections.

5.3.2. Preparation of the standard

Into a 50 ml volumetric flask, accurately weigh about 500 mg of nitromethane (5.1.4) and either 500 mg of chloroform (5.1.1) or 210 mg of 2,4-dimethylheptane (5.1.2). Make up to volume with 95 % ethanol (5.1.3). Mix well. Place 5 ml of this solution into a 20 mg volumetric flask. Make up to volume with 95 % ethanol (5.1.3).

Inject about 10 μl using the specified microsyringe (5.2.2). Make five injections.

5.3.3. *Gas chromatographic conditions*

5.3.3.1. Column

This is in two parts, the first containing didecyl phthalate on Gas Chrom Q as packing, the second having Ucon 50 HB 280X on Gas Chrom Q as packing. The prepared combined column must yield a resolution 'R' equal to, or better than, 1,5, where:

$$R = 2 \frac{d'(r_2 - r_1)}{W_1 + W_2}$$

let:

 r_1 and r_2 = retention times (in minutes),

W₁ and W₂ = peak widths at half height (in millimetres), d' = the chart speed (in millimetres per minute).

As examples the following two parts yield the required resolution:

Column A:

Material: stainless steel.

Length: 1,5 m.

Diameter: 3 mm.

Packing: 20 % didecyl phthalate on Gas Chrom Q (100 to 120 mesh).

Column B:

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Materia: stainless steel.

Length: 1,5 m.

Diameter: 3 mm.

Packing: 20 % Ucon 50 HB 280X on Gas Chrom Q (100 to 120 mesh).

5.3.3.2. *Detector*

A suitable sensitivity setting for the electrometer of the flame ionization detector is $8 \times 10^{-10} A$.

5.3.3.3. *Temperature conditions*

The following have been found suitable:

Injection port: 150 °C,

Detector: 150 °C,

Column: between 50 and 80 °C depending upon individual columns and apparatus.

5.3.3.4. Suitable gas supplies

Carrier gas: nitrogen.

Pressure: 2,1 bar.

Flow: 40 ml/min

Detector supplies: as specified by the makers of the detector.