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COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 2200/96

of 28 October 1996

on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables

(OJ L 297, 21.11.1996, p. 1)

Amended by:

Official Journal

		No	page	date
► <u>M1</u>	Commission Regulation (EC) No 2520/97 of 15 December 1997	L 346	41	17.12.1997
► <u>M2</u>	Council Regulation (EC) No 857/1999 of 22 April 1999	L 108	7	27.4.1999
► <u>M3</u>	Council Regulation (EC) No 1257/1999 of 17 May 1999	L 160	80	26.6.1999
► <u>M4</u>	Council Regulation (EC) No 2699/2000 of 4 December 2000	L 311	9	12.12.2000
► <u>M5</u>	Council Regulation (EC) No 2826/2000 of 19 December 2000	L 328	2	23.12.2000
► <u>M6</u>	Commission Regulation (EC) No 718/2001 of 10 April 2001	L 100	12	11.4.2001
► <u>M7</u>	Commission Regulation (EC) No 911/2001 of 10 May 2001	L 129	3	11.5.2001
► <u>M8</u>	Council Regulation (EC) No 545/2002 of 18 March 2002	L 84	1	28.3.2002
► <u>M9</u>	Council Regulation (EC) No 1881/2002 of 14 October 2002	L 285	13	23.10.2002
► <u>M10</u>	Commission Regulation (EC) No 47/2003 of 10 January 2003	L 7	64	11.1.2003
► <u>M11</u>	amended by the Commission Regulation (EC) No $6/2005$ of 4 January 2005	L 2	3	5.1.2005
► <u>M12</u>	Council Regulation (EC) No 1182/2007 of 26 September 2007	L 273	1	17.10.2007
► <u>M13</u>	Council Regulation (EC) No 1234/2007 of 22 October 2007	L 299	1	16.11.2007

Corrected by:

- ▶<u>C1</u> Corrigendum, OJ L 271, 3.10.1997, p. 19 (2200/96)
- ▶ <u>C2</u> Corrigendum, OJ L 191, 7.7.1998, p. 71 (2200/96)
- ►<u>C3</u> Corrigendum, OJ L 61, 10.3.1999, p. 55 (2200/96)
- ▶<u>C4</u> Corrigendum, OJ L 302, 1.12.2000, p. 72 (1257/1999)

NB: This consolidated version contains references to the European unit of account and/or the ecu, which from 1 January 1999 should be understood as references to the euro — Council Regulation (EEC) No 3308/80 (OJ L 345, 20.12.1980, p. 1) and Council Regulation (EC) No 1103/97 (OJ L 162, 19.6.1997, p. 1).

COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 2200/96

of 28 October 1996

on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular Articles 42 and 43 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission (1),

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament (2),

Having regard to the opinion of the Economic and Social Committee (3),

- Whereas at the present time various changes are placing the fruit (1)and vegetable sector in a new situation to which producers must adjust; whereas, accordingly, a reorientation of the basic rules of the market organization for the sector is warranted; whereas, in view of the numerous changes made to that market organization since it was first adopted, a new regulation should, for reasons of clarity, be adopted;
- Whereas it is desirable to insert in that new regulation the main (2)provisions of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3285/83 of 14 November 1983 laying down general rules for the extension of certain rules issued by producers' organizations in the fruit and vegetables sector (4), of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1319/85 of 23 May 1985 on the reinforcement of supervision of the application of Community rules on fruit and vegetables (5), of Council Regulation (EEC) No 2240/88 of 19 July 1988 fixing, for peaches, lemons and oranges, the rules for applying Article 16b of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables (6), of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1121/89 of 27 April 1989 on the introduction of an intervention threshold for apples and cauliflowers (7), and of Council Regulation (EEC) No 1198/90 of 7 May 1990 establishing a Community register of citrus cultivation (8); whereas these Regulations should therefore be repealed;
- Whereas classification using common obligatory standards for (3) fruit and vegetables both marketed within the Community and exported to third countries provides a reference framework that encourages fair trading and market transparency and also eliminates products of unsatisfactory quality from the market; whereas compliance with these standards thus also helps to improve the profitability of production;
- Whereas it would be desirable, for reasons of simplicity, to adopt (4) standards for fruit and vegetables having a relatively large impact on the market which take account of the standards adopted by the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UN/ECE); whereas it is necessary to set the terms on which these international standards can be adjusted to the specific requirements of the Community;

- (4) OJ No L 325, 22.11.1983, p. 8. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 220/92 (OJ No L 24, 1.2.1992, p. 7).
- (⁵) OJ No L 137, 27.5.1985, p. 39. Regulation as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 404/93 (OJ No L 47, 25.2.1993, p. 1).
- (6) OJ No L 198, 26.7.1988, p. 9. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1327/95 (OJ No L 128, 13.6.1995, p. 8).
- (7) OJ No L 118, 29.4.1989, p. 21. Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1327/95 (OJ No L 128, 13.6.1995, p. 8).
- (8) OJ No L 119, 11.5.1990, p. 59.

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ No C 52, 21.2.1996, p. 1. (²) OJ No C 96, 1.4.1996, p. 269.

^{(&}lt;sup>3</sup>) OJ No C 82, 19.3.1996, p. 21.

- (5) Whereas standardization cannot be fully effective unless it is applied, subject to exemption, at all marketing stages and on departure from the production region; whereas exemption may, nevertheless, be provided for in the case of certain operations which either are very marginal and specific or take place at the start of the distribution chain, or in the case of products intended for processing; whereas account should also be taken of the possibility of shortages and of exceptionally plentiful supply; whereas in order to guarantee the quality required by the standards, the holder of the product must be responsible for compliance, whereas in particular, consumer requirements as regards the characteristics of fruit and vegetables mean that the origin of products should be included in the labelling up to and including the final retail stage;
- (6) Whereas the production and marketing of fruit and vegetables should take full account of environmental concerns, including cultivation practices, the management of waste materials and the destruction of products withdrawn from the market, in particular as regards the protection of water quality, the maintenance of biodiversity and the upkeep of the countryside;
- (7) Whereas producer organizations are the basic elements in the common market organization, the decentralized operation of which they ensure at their level; whereas, in the face of ever greater concentration of demand, the grouping of supply through these organizations is more than ever an economic necessity in order to strengthen the position of producers in the market; whereas such grouping must be effected on a voluntary basis and must prove its utility by the scope and efficiency of the services offered by producer organizations to their members; whereas the delivery of products to specialist producer organizations existing before the entry into force of this Regulation is not brought into question;
- (8) Whereas a producer organization cannot be recognized by its Member State as able to contribute to achievement of the objectives of the common market organization unless its articles of association impose certain requirements on it and its members; whereas producer groups wishing to acquire the status of producer organizations in accordance with this Regulation should be allowed the benefit of a transitional period during which national and Community financial support can be given against certain commitments by the group;
- (9) Whereas a transitional period should be allowed to producer organizations already recognized under Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 (¹) which cannot immediately meet the requirements of this Regulation for recognition; whereas such organizations must be able to show themselves able to make the necessary changes;
- (10) Whereas in order to give producer organizations greater responsibility for their financial decisions in particular and to gear the public resources assigned to them towards future requirements, terms should be set for the use of these resources; whereas joint financing of operational funds set up by producer organizations presents itself as an appropriate solution;
- (11) Whereas the establishment and proper functioning of operational funds requires that producer organizations should take charge of the whole of the relevant fruit and vegetable production of their members;
- (12) Whereas in order to control Community expenditure, there should be a cap on assistance granted to producer organizations that establish operational funds;

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of the Council of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables (OJ No L 118, 20.5.1972, p. 1). Regulation as last amended by Regulation (EC) No 1363/95 (OJ No L 132, 16.6.1995, p. 1).

- (13) Whereas in regions where the organization of production is weak the grant of additional, national, financial contributions should be allowed; whereas in the case of Member States which are at a particular disadvantage with regard to structures, those contributions should be reimbursable by the Community via the Community Support Framework;
- (14) Whereas, in order to further boost the impact of producer organizations and associations thereof and ensure the market as much stability as is desirable, Member States should be allowed on certain conditions to extend to non-member producers in their region the rules, particularly on production, marketing and environmental protection, adopted for its members by the organization or association for the region concerned; whereas, where proper justification is given, certain costs arising from this extension of the rules should be chargeable to the producers concerned since they will benefit from the extension;
- Whereas interbranch organizations set up on the initiative of (15)individual or already grouped operators can, if they account for a significant proportion of the members of the various occupational categories of the fruit and vegetable sector, contribute to behaviour taking closer account of market realities and facilitate a commercial approach that will improve production reporting, that is to say the organization of production, product presentation and marketing; whereas since the work of these organizations is able to contribute in general to attaining the objectives of Article 39 of the Treaty and in particular to those of this Regulation it should, once the relevant forms of action are defined, be possible to grant specific recognition to those organizations which provide proof of sufficient representativeness and carry out practical action in regard to the abovementioned objectives; whereas the provisions on extending the rules adopted by producer organizations and their associations and on sharing the costs resulting from such extension should, given the similarity of the objectives pursued, also apply to interbranch organizations;
- (16) Whereas to stabilize prices it is desirable that producer organizations should be able to intervene on the market, in particular by deciding not to put up for sale particular quantities at particular periods; whereas these withdrawal operations must not be regarded as an alternative outlet to the market itself; whereas Community financing of withdrawals should therefore be restricted to a set percentage of production and the Community compensation granted at a reduced level, though use of the operational funds for this purpose should be permitted; whereas for simplicity Community compensation should be at a single flat rate for each product; whereas, to achieve a comparable reduction for all products, certain differentiations are required;
- (17) Whereas intervention can be fully effective only if the products withdrawn from the market are not reintroduced into the normal marketing channel again; whereas various alternative uses to which they may be put should be specified so that their destruction is avoided wherever possible;
- (18) Whereas this new way of managing withdrawals will allow the provisions in force on the implications of threshold overruns to be repealed immediately; whereas it is, however, reasonable to retain the underlying principle of those provisions for a transitional period and to give the Commission authority to take action on the basis of that principle if the need arises;
- (19) Whereas by Regulation (EC) No 3290/94 (1) the Council has adopted the adjustments and transitional arrangements required

^{(&}lt;sup>1</sup>) OJ No L 349, 31.12.1994, p. 105. Regulation as amended by Regulation (EC) No 1193/96 (OJ No L 161, 29.6.1996, p. 1).

in the agricultural sector in order to implement the agreements concluded in the context of the Uruguay Round of multilateral trade negotiations, in particular the new trading arrangements with third countries in the fruit and vegetable sector; whereas the provisions in Annex XIII to Regulation (EC) No 3290/94 have been inserted in this Regulation; whereas, however, where products are imported into the Community for industrial processing, they are not sold on consignment; whereas verification of the entry price can therefore be made on other bases than a flat rate value; whereas the relevant provisions should therefore be supplemented in this regard;

- (20) Whereas the rules of the common market organization should be complied with by all operators to whom they apply, otherwise their impact will be distorted with all the resulting consequences in terms of both the use of public resources and the interplay of competition; whereas a special corps of Community inspectors should be set up for this sector; whereas for both budget reasons and effectiveness the corps should consist of Commission officials and possibly other staff; whereas it is also necessary to make provision for Community penalties in order to ensure that the new rules are uniformly applied throughout the Community;
- (21) Whereas one of the indispensable elements for the proper management of the common organization of the market is detailed knowledge of the market; whereas measures should therefore be provided for to this end;
- (22) Whereas the granting of certain aid would compromise the functioning of the single market; whereas, therefore, the provisions of the Treaty enabling aid granted by Member States to be examined and enabling aid which is incompatible with the common market to be prohibited, should be extended to cover the sector referred to in this Regulation;
- (23) Whereas the common organization of the market in that sector must take proper and simultaneous account of the objectives set out in Articles 39 and 110 of the Treaty;
- (24) Whereas, to facilitate the implementation of the provision of this Regulation, a procedure for close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission by means of a management committee should be set up;
- (25) Whereas in order to deal with a particularly unfavourable situation in the hazelnut sector, flat-rate aid should be granted for hazelnuts harvested in the 1997/1998, 1998/1999 and 1999/2000 marketing years,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. This Regulation sets up a common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables.

2. The common organization shall cover the following products:

▼M12

CN code	Description
0702 00 00	Tomatoes, fresh or chilled
0703	Onions, shallots, garlic, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables, fresh or chilled

▼<u>M12</u>

CN code	Description	
0704	Cabbages, cauliflowers, kohlrabi, kale and similar edible brassicas, fresh or chilled	
0705	Lettuce (Lactuca sativa) and chicory (Cichorium spp.), fresh or chilled	
0706	Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots, fresh or chilled	
0707 00	Cucumbers and gherkins, fresh or chilled	
0708	Leguminous vegetables, shelled or unshelled, fresh or chilled	
ex 0709	Other vegetables, fresh or chilled, excluding vege- tables of subheadings 0709 60 91, 0709 60 95, 0709 60 99, 0709 90 31, 0709 90 39 and 0709 90 60	
ex 0802	Other nuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled, excluding areca (or betel) and cola nuts falling within subheading 0802 90 20	
0803 00 11	Fresh plantains	
ex 0803 00 90 Dried plantains		
0804 20 10	Figs, fresh	
0804 30 00	Pineapples	
0804 40 00	Avocados	
0804 50 00	Guavas, mangos and mangosteens	
0805	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried	
0806 10 10	Fresh table grapes	
0807	Melons (including watermelons) and pawpaws (papayas), fresh	
0808	Apples, pears and quinces, fresh	
0809 Apricots, cherries, peaches (including nectarine plums and sloes, fresh		
0810	Other fruit, fresh	
0813 50 31 0813 50 39	Mixtures exclusively of dried nuts of CN codes 0801 and 0802	
0910 20	Saffron	
ex 0910 99	Thyme, fresh or chilled	
ex 1211 90 85	Basil, melissa, mint, origanum vulgare (oregano/wild marjoram), rosemary, sage, fresh or chilled	
1212 99 30	Locust (or carob) beans	

▼<u>B</u>

3. The marketing years for the products listed in paragraph 2 shall be determined, if necessary, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 46.

▼<u>M12</u>

▼ <u>B</u>	
	TITLE VII
	General provisions
▼ <u>M12</u>	
▼ <u>M4</u>	
▼ <u>M13</u>	
▼ <u>M12</u>	
▼B	

Article 58

1. This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

It shall apply from 1 January 1997. However, Title IV shall apply only, for each of the \blacktriangleright <u>C1</u> products referred to in Annex II, \triangleleft from the beginning of the 1997/1998 marketing year.

Regulations (EEC) No 1035/72, (EEC) No 3285/83, (EEC) 2. No 1319/85, (EEC) No 2240/88, (EEC) No 1121/89 and (EEC) No 1198/90 are hereby repealed as from the date of application of the corresponding provisions of this Regulation.

References to the repealed Regulations shall be understood as references to this Regulation and are to be read in conjunction with the correlation tables in Annex VI.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.



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ANNEX VI

Correlation table

Regulation (EEC) No 1035/75	This Regulation
Article 1	Article 1
Article 2	Article 2
Article 3	Article 3
Article 4	_
Article 5	Article 4
Article 6	Article 5
Article 7	Article 6
Article 8	Article 7
Articles 9 and 11	Article 8
Article 10	Article 10
Article 12	Article 9
Article 13	Article 11
Article 13a	_
Article 13b	_
Article 14	Article 14
Article 14a	_
Article 14b	_
Article 14c	_
Article 14d	_
Article 14e	Article 54
Article 14f	_
Article 14g	_
Article 15	Article 23
Article 15a	_
Article 15b	Article 18
Article 16	_
Article 16a	_
Article 16b	Article 27
Article 17	Article 28
Article 18	Article 29
Article 18a	Article 24
Article 19	_
Article 19a	_
Article 19b	_
Article 19c	_

Regulation (EEC) No 1035/75	This Regulation
Article 20	_
Article 21	Article 30
Article 22	Article 31
Article 23	Article 32
Article 24	Article 33
Article 25	Article 34
Article 26	Article 35
Article 27	Article 36
Article 31	Article 43
Article 32	Article 45
Article 33	Article 46
Article 34	Article 47
Article 35	_
Article 36	Article 52
Article 36a	Article 52
Article 37	Article 49
Article 38	Article 44
Article 40	_
Article 41	Article 58
Article 42	Article 58