Tobacco Retailers Act (Northern Ireland) 2014

EXPLANATORY NOTES

COMMENTARY ON SECTIONS

A commentary on the provisions follows below. Comments are not given where the wording is self-explanatory.

Section 1: Register of tobacco retailers

Provides that a registration authority must keep a register of persons carrying on a business involving the sale of tobacco and must make this information available to district councils and to members of the public.

Section 2: Application for registration

Provides for a person to apply to the registration authority to be registered, or to add further premises to an existing entry in the register. It also sets out the information required to be included in the application and provides that the registration authority can only refuse an application if: not all the information required is provided; or if the application is not made in the correct form and manner; or if the premises stated in the application are subject to a restricted premises order; or if the applicant is subject to a restricted sale order; or if the applicant has been convicted of an illicit tobacco offence which resulted in a custodial sentence being applied. This section also allows for the making of regulations to permit the charging of fees for making an application.

Section 3: Duty to notify certain changes

Requires a registered person to inform the registration authority of any changes in the person's name or address or if the person ceases to carry on a tobacco business. The registration authority must be informed within 28 days of the date of the change.

Section 4: Changes to and removal from the register

Provides for the registration authority to correct the register as it considers appropriate. It also requires the registration authority to remove premises subject to a restricted premises order from the register and to remove a registered person's entry for 5 years if that person has been convicted of an illicit tobacco offence which resulted in a custodial sentence being applied. This section allows the registration authority to remove a person from the register if it is not satisfied

that the person is carrying on a tobacco business. If such a person is removed from the register and that person notifies the registration authority within a specified period of time that he or she is still carrying on a tobacco business, it must reinstate the person in the register. The registration authority is required to notify a registered person of any changes to his or her entry as soon as is reasonably practicable.

Section 5: Restricted premises orders

Provides that a court can, following an application by a council, make a restricted premises order banning the sale of tobacco on premises if three or more relevant offences (as defined in subsection (2)) have been committed in relation to those premises by a person within a five-year period. A restricted premises order has effect for a minimum period of 28 days and a maximum period of three years. This section requires that a council must give notice of the application to every person affected by it. It provides that persons affected by the application for a restricted premises order may make representation to the court and set out the circumstances under which the court may vary or discharge the order. While a restricted premises order has effect, it is a statutory charge. "Tobacco offence" is defined in this section.

Section 6: Restricted sale orders

Provides that a court can, following an application by a council, make a restricted sale order banning a particular individual from selling tobacco or having any management functions in relation to the sale of tobacco. The ban also applies in relation to any machines which may be held on the premises for the sale of tobacco products. This section provides that the court may only make a restricted sale order if the individual has committed three or more relevant offences (as defined in subsection (2)) within a five-year period. The period of the order must be for at least 28 days and cannot exceed three years.

Section 7: Appeal against the making of an order under section 5 or 6

Provides that a person may appeal against a restricted premises order or a restricted sale order made under section 5 or 6. It provides that the order will not apply until either the period within which an appeal may be made has expired, or if an appeal is ongoing, until that appeal has been determined or withdrawn.

Section 8: Restricted premises orders: display of notices

Provides that where a restricted premises order is in place, a notice stating the period of the order must be displayed. Regulation-making powers to specify the dimensions and wording of the notice are included in this section.

Section 9: Restricted premises orders: no tobacco in retail area

Requires that while a restricted premises order is in place, all tobacco products are to be removed from the retail area of the premises.

Section 10: Offences

Creates a number of offences both in relation to the register and in relation to breaching a restricted premises order or a restricted sale order. It also sets out the different levels of penalty for offences.

Section 11: Powers of entry

Provides an authorised officer of a district council with a power of entry in relation to premises (other than premises only used as a private dwelling house) for the purpose of the proper exercise of the officer's functions under this Act and for relevant offences under the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1978 and the Children and Young Persons (Protection from Tobacco) (Northern Ireland) Order 1991. An authorised officer may take possession of documents and records and require other people to provide him or her with information and assistance under this section.

Section 12: Fixed penalties for certain offences

Provides that an authorised officer of a council may give a fixed penalty notice to a person if the officer believes the person has committed an offence under section 10 (1), (2), (3), (7) or (8) of the Act. It also allows for fixed penalty notices to be issued for a number of relevant offences under the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1978 and the Children and Young Persons (Protection from Tobacco) (Northern Ireland) Order 1991. It sets out the information which a fixed penalty notice is required to contain including information on the amount payable, deadline for payment and discounted amount for early payment.

Section 13: Use of fixed penalty receipts

Requires that a council must only use payments received from fixed penalty notices for the purposes of its functions under this Act, or for such other functions the Department may specify by regulations. It also places a duty on councils to provide the Department with information on the use of fixed penalty receipts if required.

Section 14: Withdrawal of fixed penalty notices

Provides that a council can withdraw a fixed penalty notice. In the case of a fixed penalty notice being withdrawn, no criminal proceedings for the related offence can be brought, and any payments made by the individual following receipt of the fixed penalty notice must be repaid by the council.

Section 15: Obstruction, etc. of authorised officers

Provides that anyone who intentionally obstructs an authorised officer acting in the exercise of the officer's functions under this Act commits an offence. It also provides that failure to comply with a requirement of an authorised officer or giving false information to such an officer is an offence.

Section 16: Council's duty to share information about enforcement

Places a duty on councils to share enforcement information on relevant tobacco offences with other councils, the registration authority and the Department.

Section 17: Offences by bodies corporate

Provides that, if an offence under this Act is committed with the consent or connivance of, or is attributable to the neglect of a director or certain members of a body corporate then that person, as well as the body corporate, is guilty of the offence.

Section 18: Amendment of the Order of 1978

Amends the Health and Personal Social Services (Northern Ireland) Order 1978 to increase the maximum fine for underage tobacco sales and to include a new offence of purchasing tobacco on behalf of a person under the age of 18.

Section 19: Statutory charges

This section amends Schedule 11 to the Land Registration Act (Northern Ireland) 1970 to make a restricted premises order a statutory charge.

Section 20: Vehicles, vessels, etc.

Provides that the Department may, if it considers it necessary or expedient, modify the Act by regulations in its application to vehicles, vessels, stalls or moveable structures.

Section 21: Service of notices in electronic form

Provides that relevant notices, as defined within the section, may be delivered in electronic form. Such notices may only be delivered electronically if the recipient has agreed to an electronic address and the electronic form for the notice. The section specifies that such notices will be considered to have been delivered at 9am on the working day following the day on which it is transmitted. The section also gives the Department the power to make regulations amending the provisions about the delivery of notices in electronic form.

Section 22: Interpretation

Provides definitions for specific terms used throughout the Act.

Section 23: Transitional provision

Provides that sections 5 and 6 do not apply where any of the offences mentioned in the respective sections were committed before the commencement of the respective sections. The same also applies in relation to offences mentioned in: paragraph (b) of section 2(3); paragraph (b) of section 4(2); sections 11(1)(a) and 12(1); and subsection (2) of section 18.

These notes refer to the Tobacco Retailers Act (Northern Ireland) 2014 (c.4) which received Royal Assent on 25 March 2014

Section 24: Regulations and orders

Contains provision about the Assembly's control over regulations under the Act.

Section 25: Commencement

Provides that all of the sections, except for section 22, 24 and 26 come into operation on the day or days appointed by the Department.

Section 26: Short title

Specifies the name of the Act.