STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

1989 No. 2405

The Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

PART XII

INSOLVENCY PRACTITIONERS AND THEIR QUALIFICATION

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C1 Pts. 11-14 modified by S.R. 2004/307 (as amended (1.10.2006) by Limited Liability Partnerships (Amendment) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2006 (S.R. 2006/377), reg. 3, Sch. 2; (temp.) (27.4.2020 retrospective) by virtue of Corporate Insolvency and Governance Act 2020 (c. 12), Sch. 11 para. 8(1)(2), 14 (with ss. 2(2), 5(2)); (26.6.2020) by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2020 (S.I. 2020/643), reg. 1(1), Sch. 2 (with reg. 3); (16.2.2021) by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Amendment etc.) Regulations 2021 (S.I. 2021/60), reg. 1(1), Sch. 2 (with reg. 4(2)))
- C2 Pts. 11-14 applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, **Sch. 1A para. 3** (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), reg. 1(2), **Sch. 1**)

Restrictions on unqualified persons acting as liquidator, trustee in bankruptcy, etc.

Acting as insolvency practitioner without qualification

28(2), Sch. 3 para. 14, Sch. 4; S.R. 2016/203, art. 2

348. —(1) F1 A person who acts as an insolvency practitioner in relation to a company or an individual at a time when he is not qualified to do so shall be guilty of an offence.
F2(1A)
F1 mod. by SR 2004/307

Art. 348(1A) repealed (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), s.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C3 Art. 348 applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

Authorisation of nominees and supervisors

F3 Art. 348A repealed (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), s. 28(2), Sch. 3 para. 15, **Sch. 4**; S.R. 2016/203, art. 2

[F4Official receiver as nominee or supervisor

- **348B.**—(1) The official receiver is authorised to act as nominee or supervisor in relation to a voluntary arrangement approved under Chapter II of Part VIII provided that the debtor is an undischarged bankrupt when the arrangement is proposed.
 - (2) The Department may by order repeal the proviso in paragraph (1).
 - (3) An order under paragraph (2) shall be subject to negative resolution.]
 - **F4** Art. 348B inserted (27.3.2006) by Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/1455 (N.I. 10)), arts. 1(3), 21(1), Sch. 7 para. 3 (with art. 4); S.R. 2006/21, **art. 2** (with S.R. 2006/22, **arts. 2 7**)

The requisite qualification, and the means of obtaining it

Persons not qualified to act as insolvency practitioners

- **349.**—(1) A person who is not an individual is not qualified to act as an insolvency practitioner.
- [F5(2) A person is not qualified to act as an insolvency practitioner at any time unless at that time the person is appropriately authorised under Article 349A of this Order.]
- (3) A person is not qualified to act as an insolvency practitioner in relation to another person at any time unless—
 - (a) there is in force at that time security, and
 - (b) that security meets the prescribed requirements with respect to his so acting in relation to that other person.
 - (4) A person is not qualified to act as an insolvency practitioner at any time if at that time—
 - (a) he has been adjudged bankrupt [F6under this Order or the 1986 Act] or sequestration of his estate has been awarded and (in either case) he has not been discharged,
 - [F7(aa) a moratorium period under a debt relief order [F8under this Order or the 1986 Act] applies in relation to him,]
 - [F9(b) he is subject to a disqualification order made or a disqualification undertaking accepted under the Company Directors Disqualification Act 1986 or the Company Directors Disqualification (Northern Ireland) Order 2002, or]
 - (c) he is a patient within the meaning of Part VII of the Mental Health Act 1983^{F10}, section 125(1) of the Mental Health (Scotland) Act 1984^{F11} or Part VIII of the Mental Health (Northern Ireland) Order 1986^{F12}.
- [F13(5)] A person is not qualified to act as an insolvency practitioner while there is in force in respect of that person—
 - (a) a bankruptcy restrictions order under this Order, the 1986 Act or the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act 1985 [^{F14}or 2016], or
 - (b) a debt relief restrictions order under this Order or the 1986 Act.
 - (6) In this Article "the 1986 Act" means the Insolvency Act 1986.]

- F5 Art. 349(2) substituted (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), ss. 14(2), 28(2); S.R. 2016/203, art. 2
- **F6** Words in art. 349(4)(a) inserted (1.10.2015) by Small Business, Enterprise and Employment Act 2015 (c. 26), ss. 116(2)(a), 164(1); S.I. 2015/1689, reg. 2(i) (with Sch. para. 14)
- F7 Art. 349(4)(aa) inserted (30.6.2011) by Debt Relief Act (Northern Ireland) 2010 (c. 16), ss. 6, 7(1), Sch. para. 4(9)(a); S.R. 2011/13, art. 2
- **F8** Words in art. 349(4)(aa) inserted (1.10.2015) by Small Business, Enterprise and Employment Act 2015 (c. 26), **ss. 116(2)(b)**, 164(1); S.I. 2015/1689, reg. 2(i) (with Sch. para. 14)
- F9 2002 NI 4
- F10 1983 c. 20
- F11 1984 c. 36
- F12 1986 NI 4
- **F13** Art. 349(5)(6) substituted for art. 349(5) (1.10.2015) by Small Business, Enterprise and Employment Act 2015 (c. 26), **ss. 116(3)**, 164(1); S.I. 2015/1689, reg. 2(i) (with Sch. para. 14)
- F14 Words in art. 349(5)(a) inserted (30.11.2016) by The Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act 2016 (Consequential Provisions and Modifications) Order 2016 (S.I. 2016/1034), art. 1, Sch. 1 para. 37(3)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

[F15Authorisation

349A.—(1) In this Part—

"partial authorisation" means authorisation to act as an insolvency practitioner—

- (a) only in relation to companies, or
- (b) only in relation to individuals;

"full authorisation" means authorisation to act as an insolvency practitioner in relation to companies, individuals and insolvent partnerships;

"partially authorised" and "fully authorised" are to be construed accordingly.

- (2) A person is fully authorised under this Article to act as an insolvency practitioner by virtue of being a member of a professional body recognised under Article 350(1) and being permitted to act as an insolvency practitioner for all purposes by or under the rules of that body.
 - (3) A person is partially authorised under this Article to act as an insolvency practitioner—
 - (a) by virtue of being a member of a professional body recognised under Article 350(1) and being permitted to act as an insolvency practitioner in relation only to companies or only to individuals by or under the rules of that body, or
 - (b) by virtue of being a member of a professional body recognised under Article 350(2) and being permitted to act as an insolvency practitioner by or under the rules of that body.

F15 Arts. 349A-349B inserted (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), ss. 14(3), 28(2); S.R. 2016/203, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

Partial authorisation: acting in relation to partnerships

- **349B.**—(1) A person who is partially authorised to act as an insolvency practitioner in relation to companies may nonetheless not accept an appointment to actin relation to a company if at the time of the appointment the person is aware that the company—
 - (a) is or was a member of a partnership; and
 - (b) has outstanding liabilities in relation to the partnership.
- (2) A person who is partially authorised to act as an insolvency practitioner in relation to individuals may nonetheless not accept an appointment to act in relation to an individual if at the time of the appointment the person is aware that the individual—
 - (a) is or was a member of a partnership other than a Scottish partnership, and
 - (b) has outstanding liabilities in relation to the partnership.
- (3) Subject to paragraph (9), a person who is partially authorised to act as an insolvency practitioner in relation to companies may nonetheless not continue to actin relation to a company if the person becomes aware that the company—
 - (a) is or was a member of a partnership, and
- (b) has outstanding liabilities in relation to the partnership,

unless the person is granted permission to continue to act by the High Court.

- (4) Subject to paragraph (9), a person who is partially authorised to act as an insolvency practitioner in relation to individuals may nonetheless not continue to act in relation to an individual if the person becomes aware that the individual—
 - (a) is or was a member of a partnership other than a Scottish partnership, and
- (b) has outstanding liabilities in relation to the partnership, unless the person is granted permission to continue to act by the High Court.
- (5) The High Court may granta person permission to continue to act for the purposes of paragraph (3) or (4) if it is satisfied that the person is competent to do so.
- (6) A person who is partially authorised and becomes aware as mentioned in paragraph (3) or (4) may alternatively apply to the High Court for an order (a "replacement order") appointing in his or her place a person who is fully authorised to act as an insolvency practitioner in relation to the company or (as the case may be) the individual.
- (7) A person may apply to the High Court for permission to continue to act or for a replacement order under—
 - (a) where acting in relation to a company, this Article or, if it applies, Article 143(5B);
 - (b) where acting in relation to an individual, this Article or, if it applies, Article 276(2C).
- (8) A person who acts as an insolvency practitioner in contravention of any of paragraphs (1) to (4) is guilty of an offence under Article 348 (acting without qualification).
- (9) A person does not contravene paragraph (3) or (4) by continuing to act as an insolvency practitioner during the permitted period if, within the period of 7 business days beginning with the day after the day on which the person becomes aware as mentioned in the paragraph, the person—
 - (a) applies to the High Court for permission to continue to act, or
 - (b) applies to the High Court for a replacement order.
 - (10) For the purposes of paragraph (9)—

"business day" means any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday or a day which is a bank holiday in Northern Ireland under the Banking and Financial Dealings Act 1971;

"permitted period" means the period beginning with the day on which the person became aware as mentioned in paragraph (3) or (4) and ending on the earlier of—

- (a) the expiry of the period of 6 weeks beginning with the day on which the person applies to the High Court as mentioned in paragraph (9)(a) or (b), and
- (b) the day on which the High Court disposes of the application (by granting or refusing it "replacement order" has the meaning given by paragraph (6).]

F15 Arts. 349A-349B inserted (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), ss. 14(3), 28(2); S.R. 2016/203, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

[F16Recognised professional bodies

- **350.**—(1) The Department may by order, if satisfied that a body meets the requirements of paragraph (4), declare the body to be a recognised professional body which is capable of providing its insolvency specialist members with full authorisation or partial authorisation.
- (2) The Department may by order, if satisfied that a body meets the requirements of paragraph (4), declare the body to be a recognised professional body which is capable of providing its insolvency specialist members with partial authorisation only of the kind specified in the order (as to which, see Article 349A(1)).
- (3) Article 350A makes provision about the making by a body of an application to the Department for an order under this Article.
 - (4) The requirements are that—
 - (a) the body regulates (or is going to regulate) the practice of a profession;
 - (b) the body has rules which it is going to maintain and enforce for securing that its insolvency specialist members—
 - (i) are fit and proper persons to act as insolvency practitioners; and
 - (ii) meet acceptable requirements as to education and practical training and experience; and
 - (c) the body's rules and practices for or in connection with authorising persons to act as insolvency practitioners, and its rules and practices for or in connection with regulating persons acting as such, are designed to ensure that the regulatory objectives are met (as to which, see Article 350C).
- (5) An order of the Department under this Article has effect from such date as is specified in the order.
- (6) An order under this Article may be revoked by an order under Article 350L or 350N (and see Article 361A(1)(b)).
 - (7) In this Part—
 - (a) references to members of a recognised professional body are to persons who, whether members of that body or not, are subject to its rules in the practice of the profession in question;
 - (b) references to insolvency specialist members of a professional body are to members who are permitted by or under the rules of the body to act as insolvency practitioners.

(8) A reference in this Part to a recognised professional body is to a body recognised under this Article (and see Articles 350L(6) and 350N(5)).]

F16 Arts. 350-350A substituted for art. 350 (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), ss. 14(4), 28(2); S.R. 2016/203, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

[F16Application for recognition as recognised professional body

350A.—(1) An application for an order under Article 350(1) or (2) must—

- (a) be made to the Department in such form and manner as the Department may require;
- (b) be accompanied by such information as the Department may require;
- (c) be supplemented by such additional information as the Department may require at any time between receiving the application and determining it.
- (2) The requirements which may be imposed under paragraph (1) may differ as between different applications.
- (3) The Department may require information provided under this Article to be in such form, and verified in such manner, as the Department may specify.
 - (4) An application for an order under Article 350(1) or (2) must be accompanied by—
 - (a) a copy of the applicant's rules;
 - (b) a copy of the applicant's policies and practices; and
 - (c) a copy of any guidance issued by the applicant in writing.
- (5) The reference in paragraph (4)(c) to guidance issued by the applicant is a reference to guidance or recommendations which are—
 - (a) issued or made by it which will apply to its insolvency specialist members or to persons seeking to become such members;
 - (b) relevant for the purposes of this Part; and
 - (c) intended to have continuing effect,

including guidance or recommendations relating to the admission or expulsion of members.

- (6) The Department may refuse an application for an order under Article350(1) or (2) if the Department considers that recognition of the body concerned is unnecessary having regard to the existence of one or more other bodies which have been or are likely to be recognised under Article 350.
- (7) Paragraph (8) applies where the Department refuses an application for an order under Article 350(1) or (2); and it applies regardless of whether the application is refused on the ground mentioned in paragraph (6), because the Department is not satisfied as mentioned in Article 350(1) or (2) or because a fee has not been paid (see Article 361A(1)(b)).
- (8) The Department must give the applicant a written notice of the Department's decision; and the notice must set out the reasons for refusing the application.]

F16 Arts. 350-350A substituted for art. 350 (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), ss. 14(4), 28(2); S.R. 2016/203, art. 2

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

I^{F17}Regulatory objectives

F17 Arts. 350B-350C and cross-heading inserted (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), ss. 15(1), 28(2); S.R. 2016/203, art. 2

Application of regulatory objectives

- **350B.**—(1) In discharging regulatory functions, a recognised professional body must, so far as is reasonably practicable, act in a way—
 - (a) which is compatible with the regulatory objectives; and
 - (b) which the body considers most appropriate for the purpose of meeting those objectives.
- (2) In discharging functions under this Part, the Department must have regard to the regulatory objectives.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

Meaning of "regulatory functions" and "regulatory objectives"

- **350C.**—(1) This Article has effect for the purposes of this Part.
- (2) "Regulatory functions", in relation to a recognised professional body, means any functions the body has—
 - (a) under or in relation to its arrangements for or in connection with—
 - (i) authorising persons to act as insolvency practitioners; or
 - (ii) regulating persons acting as insolvency practitioners; or
 - (b) in connection with the making or alteration of those arrangements.
 - (3) "Regulatory objectives" means the objectives of—
 - (a) having a system of regulating persons acting as insolvency practitioners that—
 - (i) secures fair treatment for persons affected by their acts and omissions;
 - (ii) reflects the regulatory principles; and
 - (iii) ensures consistent outcomes;
 - (b) encouraging an independent and competitive insolvency-practitioner profession whose members—
 - (i) provide high quality services at a cost to the recipient which is fair and reasonable;
 - (ii) act transparently and with integrity; and
 - (iii) consider the interests of all creditors in any particular case;

- (c) promoting the maximisation of the value of returns to creditors and promptness in making those returns; and
- (d) protecting and promoting the public interest.
- (4) In paragraph (3)(a), "regulatory principles" means—
 - (a) the principles that regulatory activities should be transparent, accountable, proportionate, consistent and targeted only at cases in which action is needed; and
 - (b) any other principle appearing to the body concerned (in the case of the duty under Article 350B(1)), or to the Department (in the case of the duty under Article 350B(2)), to lead to best regulatory practice.]

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

I^{F18}Oversight of recognised professional bodies

F18 Arts. 350D-350K and cross-heading inserted (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), **ss. 16(1)**, 28(2); S.R. 2016/203, art. 2

Directions

- **350D.**—(1) This Article applies if the Department is satisfied that an act or omission of a recognised professional body (or a series of such acts or omissions) in discharging one or more of its regulatory functions has had, or is likely to have, an adverse impact on the achievement of one or more of the regulatory objectives.
- (2) The Department may, if in all the circumstances of the case satisfied that it is appropriate to do so, direct the body to take such steps as the Department considers will counter the adverse impact, mitigate its effect or prevent its occurrence or recurrence.
 - (3) A direction under this Article may require a recognised professional body—
 - (a) to take only such steps as it has power to take under its regulatory arrangements;
 - (b) to take steps with a view to the modification of any part of its regulatory arrangements.
 - (4) A direction under this Article may require a recognised professional body—
 - (a) to take steps with a view to the institution of, or otherwise in respect of, specific regulatory proceedings;
 - (b) to take steps in respect of all, or a specified class of, such proceedings.
- (5) For the purposes of this Article, a direction to take steps includes a direction which requires a recognised professional body to refrain from taking a particular course of action.
- (6) In this Article "regulatory arrangements", in relation to a recognised professional body, means the arrangements that the body has for or in connection with—
 - (a) authorising persons to act as insolvency practitioners; or
 - (b) regulating persons acting as insolvency practitioners.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

Directions: procedure

- **350E.**—(1) Before giving a recognised professional body a direction under Article 350D, the Department must give the body a notice accompanied by a draft of the proposed direction.
 - (2) The notice under paragraph (1) must—
 - (a) state that the Department proposes to give the body a direction in the form of the accompanying draft;
 - (b) specify why the Department has reached the conclusions mentioned in Article 350D(1) and (2); and
 - (c) specify a period within which the body may make written representations with respect to the proposal.
 - (3) The period specified under paragraph (2)(c)—
 - (a) must begin with the date on which the notice is given to the body; and
 - (b) must not be less than 28 days.
- (4) On the expiry of that period, the Department must decide whether to give the body the proposed direction.
 - (5) The Department must give notice of that decision to the body.
- (6) Where the Department decides to give the proposed direction, the notice under paragraph (5) must—
 - (a) contain the direction;
 - (b) state the time at which the direction is to take effect; and
 - (c) specify the Department's reasons for the decision to give the direction.
- (7) Where the Department decides to give the proposed direction, the Department must publish the notice under paragraph (5); but this paragraph does not apply to a direction to take any step with a view to the institution of, or otherwise in respect of, regulatory proceedings against an individual.
- (8) The Department may revoke a direction under Article 350D; and, where doing so, the Department—
 - (a) must give the body to which the direction was given notice of the revocation; and
 - (b) must publish the notice and, if the notice under paragraph (5) was published under paragraph (7), must do so (if possible) in the same manner as that in which that notice was published.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

Financial penalty

- **350F.**—(1) This Article applies if the Department is satisfied—
 - (a) that a recognised professional body has failed to comply with a requirement to which this Article applies; and
 - (b) that, in all the circumstances of the case, it is appropriate to impose a financial penalty on the body.
- (2) This Article applies to a requirement imposed on the recognised professional body—
 - (a) by a direction given under Article 350D; or
 - (b) by a provision of this Order or of subordinate legislation under this Order.
- (3) The Department may impose a financial penalty, in respect of the failure, of such amount as the Department considers appropriate.
 - (4) In deciding what amount is appropriate, the Department—
 - (a) must have regard to the nature of the requirement which has not been complied with; and
 - (b) must not take into account the Department's costs in discharging functions under this Part.
- (5) A financial penalty under this Article is payable to the Department; and sums received by the Department in respect of a financial penalty under this Article (including by way of interest) are to be paid into the Consolidated Fund.
 - (6) In Articles 350G to 350I, "penalty" means a financial penalty under this Article.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

Financial penalty: procedure

- **350G.**—(1) Before imposing a penalty on a recognised professional body, the Department must give notice to the body—
 - (a) stating that the Department proposes to impose a penalty and the amount of the proposed penalty;
 - (b) specifying the requirement in question;
 - (c) stating why the Department is satisfied as mentioned in Article 350F(1); and
 - (d) specifying a period within which the body may make written representations with respect to the proposal.
 - (2) The period specified under paragraph (1)(d)—
 - (a) must begin with the date on which the notice is given to the body; and
 - (b) must not be less than 28 days.
 - (3) On the expiry of that period, the Department must decide—
 - (a) whether to impose a penalty; and
 - (b) whether the penalty should be the amount stated in the notice or a reduced amount.
 - (4) The Department must give notice of the decision to the body.
 - (5) Where the Department decides to impose a penalty, the notice under paragraph (4) must—
 - (a) state that the Department has imposed a penalty on the body and its amount;

- (b) specify the requirement in question and state—
 - (i) why it appears to the Department that the requirement has not been complied with; or
 - (ii) where, by that time, the requirement has been complied with, why it appeared to the Department when giving the notice under paragraph (1) that the requirement had not been complied with; and
- (c) specify a time by which the penalty is required to be paid.
- (6) The time specified under paragraph (5)(c) must be at least three months after the date on which the notice under paragraph (4) is given to the body.
- (7) Where the Department decides to impose a penalty, the Department must publish the notice under paragraph (4).
- (8) The Department may rescind or reduce a penalty imposed on a recognised professional body; and, where doing so, the Department—
 - (a) must give the body notice that the penalty has been rescinded or reduced to the amount stated in the notice; and
 - (b) must publish the notice; and it must (if possible) be published in the same manner as that in which the notice under paragraph (4) was published.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

Appeal against financial penalty

350H.—(1) A recognised professional body on which a penalty is imposed may appeal to the High Court on one or more of the appeal grounds.

- (2) The appeal grounds are—
 - (a) that the imposition of the penalty was not within the Department's power under Article 350F;
 - (b) that the requirement in respect of which the penalty was imposed had been complied with before the notice under Article 350G(1) was given;
 - (c) that the requirements of Article 350G have not been complied with in relation to the imposition of the penalty and the interests of the body have been substantially prejudiced as a result;
 - (d) that the amount of the penalty is unreasonable;
 - (e) that it was unreasonable of the Department to require the penalty imposed to be paid by the time specified in the notice under Article 350G(5)(c).
- (3) An appeal under this Article must be made within the period of three months beginning with the day on which the notice under Article 350G(4) in respect of the penalty is given to the body.
 - (4) On an appeal under this Article the Court may—
 - (a) quash the penalty;
 - (b) substitute a penalty of such lesser amount as the Court considers appropriate; or
 - (c) in the case of the appeal ground in paragraph (2)(e), substitute for the time imposed by the Department a different time.

- (5) Where the Court substitutes a penalty of a lesser amount, it may require the payment of interest on the substituted penalty from such time, and at such rate, as it considers just and equitable.
- (6) Where the Court substitutes a later time for the time specified in the notice under Article 350G(5)(c), it may require the payment of interest on the penalty from the substituted time at such rate as it considers just and equitable.
- (7) Where the Court dismisses the appeal, it may require the payment of interest on the penalty from the time specified in the notice under Article 350G(5)(c) at such rate as it considers just and equitable.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

Recovery of financial penalties

- **350I.**—(1) If the whole or part of a penalty is not paid by the time by which it is required to be paid, the unpaid balance from time to time carries interest at the rate for the time being applicable to a money judgment of the High Court (but this is subject to any requirement imposed by the Court under Article 350H(5), (6) or (7)).
- (2) If an appeal is made under Article 350H in relation to a penalty, the penalty is not required to be paid until the appeal has been determined or withdrawn.
- (3) Paragraph (4) applies where the whole or part of a penalty has not been paid by the time it is required to be paid and—
 - (a) no appeal relating to the penalty has been made under Article 350H during the period within which an appeal may be made under that Article; or
 - (b) an appeal has been made under that Article and determined or withdrawn.
- (4) The Department may recover from the recognised professional body in question, as a debt due to the Department, any of the penalty and any interest which has not been paid.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, **reg. 37A** (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), **12**)

Reprimand

- **350J.**—(1) This Article applies if the Department is satisfied that an act or omission of a recognised professional body (or a series of such acts or omissions) in discharging one or more of its regulatory functions has had, or is likely to have, an adverse impact on the achievement of one or more of the regulatory objectives.
- (2) The Department may, if in all the circumstances of the case satisfied that it is appropriate to do so, publish a statement reprimanding the body for the act or omission (or series of acts or omissions).

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

Reprimand: procedure

- **350K.**—(1) If the Department proposes to publish a statement under Article 350J in respect of a recognised professional body, it must give the body a notice—
 - (a) stating that the Department proposes to publish such a statement and setting out the terms of the proposed statement;
 - (b) specifying the acts or omissions to which the proposed statement relates; and
 - (c) specifying a period within which the body may make written representations with respect to the proposal.
 - (2) The period specified under paragraph (1)(c)—
 - (a) must begin with the date on which the notice is given to the body; and
 - (b) must not be less than 28 days.
 - (3) On the expiry of that period, the Department must decide whether to publish the statement.
- (4) The Department may vary the proposed statement; but before doing so, the Department must give the body notice—
 - (a) setting out the proposed variation and the reasons for it; and
 - (b) specifying a period within which the body may make written representations with respect to the proposed variation.
 - (5) The period specified under paragraph (4)(b)—
 - (a) must begin with the date on which the notice is given to the body; and
 - (b) must not be less than 28 days.
- (6) On the expiry of that period, the Department must decide whether to publish the statement as varied.]

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

I^{F19} Revocation etc. of recognition

F19 Arts. 350L-350N and cross-heading inserted (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), ss. 17(1), 28(2); S.R. 2016/203, art. 2

Revocation of recognition at instigation of Department

350L.—(1) An order under Article 350(1) or (2) in relation to a recognised professional body may be revoked by the Department by order if the Department is satisfied that—

- (a) an act or omission of the body (or a series of such acts or omissions) in discharging one or more of its regulatory functions has had, or is likely to have, an adverse impact on the achievement of one or more of the regulatory objectives; and
- (b) it is appropriate in all the circumstances of the case to revoke the body's recognition under Article 350.
- (2) If the condition set out in paragraph (3) is met, an order under Article 350(1) in relation to a recognised professional body may be revoked by the Department by an order which also declares the body concerned to be a recognised professional body which is capable of providing its insolvency specialist members with partial authorisation only of the kind specified in the order (see Article 349A(1)).
 - (3) The condition is that the Department is satisfied—
 - (a) as mentioned in paragraph (1)(a); and
 - (b) that it is appropriate in all the circumstances of the case for the body to be declared to be a recognised professional body which is capable of providing its insolvency specialist members with partial authorisation only of the kind specified in the order.
 - (4) In this Part—
 - (a) an order under paragraph (1) is referred to as a "revocation order";
 - (b) an order under paragraph (2) is referred to as a "partial revocation order".
 - (5) A revocation order or partial revocation order—
 - (a) has effect from such date as is specified in the order; and
 - (b) may make provision for members of the body in question to continue to be treated as fully or partially authorised (as the case may be) to act as insolvency practitioners for a specified period after the order takes effect.
 - (6) A partial revocation order has effect as if it were an order made under Article 350(2).

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

Orders under Article 350L: procedure

- **350M.**—(1) Before making a revocation order or partial revocation order in relation to a recognised professional body, the Department must give notice to the body—
 - (a) stating that the Department proposes to make the order and the terms of the proposed order;
 - (b) specifying the Department's reasons for proposing to make the order; and
 - (c) specifying a period within which the body, members of the body or other persons likely to be affected by the proposal may make written representations with respect to it.
- (2) Where the Department gives a notice under paragraph (1), the Department must publish the notice on the same day.
 - (3) The period specified under paragraph (1)(c)—
 - (a) must begin with the date on which the notice is given to the body; and
 - (b) must not be less than 28 days.

- (4) On the expiry of that period, the Department must decide whether to make the revocation order or (as the case may be) partial revocation order in relation to the body.
 - (5) The Department must give notice of the decision to the body.
- (6) Where the Department decides to make the order, the notice under paragraph (5) must specify—
 - (a) when the order is to take effect; and
 - (b) the Department's reasons for making the order.
- (7) A notice under paragraph (5) must be published; and it must (if possible) be published in the same manner as that in which the notice under paragraph (1) was published.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

Revocation of recognition at request of body

- **350N.**—(1) An order under Article 350(1) or (2) in relation to a recognised professional body may be revoked by the Department by order if—
 - (a) the body has requested that an order be made under this paragraph; and
 - (b) the Department is satisfied that it is appropriate in all the circumstances of the case to revoke the body's recognition under Article 350.
- (2) An order under Article 350(1) in relation to a recognised professional body may be revoked by the Department by an order which also declares the body concerned to be a recognised professional body which is capable of providing its insolvency specialist members with partial authorisation only of the kind specified in the order (see Article 349A(1)) if—
 - (a) the body has requested that an order be made under this paragraph; and
 - (b) the Department is satisfied that it is appropriate in all the circumstances of the case for the body to be declared to be a recognised professional body which is capable of providing its insolvency specialist members with partial authorisation only of the kind specified in the order.
- (3) Where the Department decides to make an order under this Article the Department must publish a notice specifying—
 - (a) when the order is to take effect; and
 - (b) the Department's reasons for making the order.
 - (4) An order under this Article—
 - (a) has effect from such date as is specified in the order; and
 - (b) may make provision for members of the body in question to continue to be treated as fully or partially authorised (as the case may be) to act as insolvency practitioners for a specified period after the order takes effect.
 - (5) An order under paragraph (2) has effect as if it were an order made under Article 350(2).]

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

I^{F20}Court sanction of insolvency practitioners in public interest cases

F20 Arts. 350O-350R and cross-heading inserted (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), ss. 18, 28(2); S.R. 2016/203, art. 2 (with art. 3)

Direct sanction orders

- **350O.**—(1) For the purposes of this Part a "direct sanctions order" is an order made by the High Court against a person who is acting as an insolvency practitioner which—
 - (a) declares that the person is no longer authorised (whether fully or partially) to act as an insolvency practitioner;
 - (b) declares that the person is no longer fully authorised to act as an insolvency practitioner but remains partially authorised to act as such either in relation to companies or individuals, as specified in the order;
 - (c) declares that the person's authorisation to act as an insolvency practitioner is suspended for the period specified in the order or until such time as the requirements so specified are complied with;
 - (d) requires the person to comply with such other requirements as may be specified in the order while acting as an insolvency practitioner;
 - (e) requires the person to make such contribution as may be specified in the order to one or more creditors of a company, individual or insolvent partnership in relation to which the person is acting or has acted as an insolvency practitioner.
- (2) Where the Court makes a direct sanctions order, the relevant recognised professional body must take all necessary steps to give effect to the order.
- (3) A direct sanctions order must not specify a contribution as mentioned in paragraph (1)(e) which is more than the remuneration that the personhas received or will receive in respect of acting as an insolvency practitioner in the case.
- (4) In this Article and Article 350P, "relevant recognised professional body", in relation to a person who is acting as an insolvency practitioner, means the recognised professional body by virtue of which the person is authorised so to act.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)
- C5 Arts. 350O-350R applied (7.4.2017) by The Deregulation Act 2015, the Small Business, Enterprise and Employment Act 2015 and the Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Regulations 2017 (S.I. 2017/400), regs. 1(2), 18

Application for, and power to make, direct sanctions order

- **350P.**—(1) The Department may apply to the High Court for a direct sanctions order to be made against a person if it appears to the Department that it would be in the public interest for the order to be made.
- (2) The Department must send a copy of the application to the relevant recognised professional body.
- (3) The Court may make a direct sanctions order against a person where, on an application under this Article, the Court is satisfied that condition 1 and at least one of conditions 2, 3, 4 and 5 are met in relation to the person.
 - (4) The conditions are set out in Article 350Q.
- (5) In deciding whether to make a direct sanctions order against a person the Court must have regard to the extent to which—
 - (a) the relevant recognised professional body has taken action against the person in respect of the failure mentioned in condition 1; and
 - (b) that action is sufficient to address the failure.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)
- C5 Arts. 350O-350R applied (7.4.2017) by The Deregulation Act 2015, the Small Business, Enterprise and Employment Act 2015 and the Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Regulations 2017 (S.I. 2017/400), regs. 1(2), 18

Direct sanctions order: conditions

- **350Q.**—(1) Condition 1 is that the person, in acting as an insolvency practitioner or in connection with any appointment as such, has failed to comply with—
 - (a) a requirement imposed by the rules of the relevant recognised professional body;
 - (b) any standards, or code of ethics, for the insolvency-practitioner profession adopted from time to time by the relevant recognised professional body.
 - (2) Condition 2 is that the person—
 - (a) is not a fit and proper person to act as an insolvency practitioner;
 - (b) is a fit and proper person to act as an insolvency practitioner only in relation to companies, but the person's authorisation is not so limited; or
 - (c) is a fit and proper person to act as an insolvency practitioner only in relation to individuals, but the person's authorisation is not so limited.
- (3) Condition 3 is that it is appropriate for the person's authorisation to act as an insolvency practitioner to be suspended for a period or until one or more requirements are complied with.
- (4) Condition 4 is that it is appropriate to impose other restrictions on the person acting as an insolvency practitioner.
- (5) Condition 5 is that loss has been suffered as a result of the failure mentioned in condition 1 by one or more creditors of a company, individual or insolvent partnership in relation to which the person is acting or has acted as an insolvency practitioner.

(6) In this Article "relevant recognised professional body" has the same meaning as in Article 350O.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)
- C5 Arts. 350O-350R applied (7.4.2017) by The Deregulation Act 2015, the Small Business, Enterprise and Employment Act 2015 and the Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Regulations 2017 (S.I. 2017/400), regs. 1(2), 18

Direct sanctions direction instead of order

- **350R.**—(1) The Department may give a direction (a "direct sanctions direction") in relation to a person acting as an insolvency practitioner to the relevant recognised professional body (instead of applying, or continuing with an application, for a direct sanctions order against the person) if the Department is satisfied that—
 - (a) condition 1 and at least one of conditions 2, 3, 4 and 5 are met in relation to the person (see Article 350Q); and
 - (b) it is in the public interest for the direction to be given.
- (2) But the Department may not give a direct sanctions direction in relation to a person without that person's consent.
- (3) A direct sanctions direction may require the relevant recognised professional body to take all necessary steps to secure that—
 - (a) the person is no longer authorised (whether fully or partially) to act as an insolvency practitioner;
 - (b) the person is no longer fully authorised to act as an insolvency practitioner but remains partially authorised to act as such either in relation to companies or individuals, as specified in the direction;
 - (c) the person's authorisation to act as an insolvency practitioner is suspended for the period specified in the direction or until such time as the requirements so specified are complied with;
 - (d) the person must comply with such other requirements as may be specified in the direction while acting as an insolvency practitioner;
 - (e) the person makes such contribution as may be specified in the direction to one or more creditors of a company, individual or insolvent partnership in relation to which the person is acting or has acted as an insolvency practitioner.
- (4) A direct sanctions direction must not specify a contribution as mentioned in paragraph (3) (e) which is more than the remuneration that the person has received or will receive in respect of acting as an insolvency practitioner in the case.
- (5) In this Article "relevant recognised professional body" has the same meaning as in Article 3500.]

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)
- C5 Arts. 350O-350R applied (7.4.2017) by The Deregulation Act 2015, the Small Business, Enterprise and Employment Act 2015 and the Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (Consequential Amendments and Transitional Provisions) Regulations 2017 (S.I. 2017/400), regs. 1(2), 18

I^{F21}General

F21 Art. 350S and cross-heading inserted (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), ss. 19, 28(2); S.R. 2016/203, art. 2

Power for Department to obtain information

350S.—(1) A person mentioned in paragraph (2) must give the Department such information as the Department may by notice in writing require for the exercise of the Department's functions under this Part.

- (2) Those persons are—
 - (a) a recognised professional body;
 - (b) any individual who is or has been authorised under Article 349A to act as an insolvency practitioner;
 - (c) any person who is connected to such an individual.
- (3) A person is connected to an individual who is or has been authorised to act as an insolvency practitioner if, at any time during the authorisation—
 - (a) the person was an employee of the individual;
 - (b) the person acted on behalf of the individual in any other way;
 - (c) the person employed the individual;
 - (d) the person was a fellow employee of the individual's employer;
 - (e) in a case where the individual was employed by a firm, partnership or company, the person was a member of the firm or partnership or (as the case may be) a director of the company.
 - (4) In imposing a requirement under paragraph (1) the Department may specify—
 - (a) the time period within which the information in question is to be given; and
 - (b) the manner in which it is to be verified.]

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

[F22Compliance orders

- **350T.**—(1) If at any time it appears to the Department that—
 - (a) a recognised professional body has failed to comply with a requirement imposed on it by or by virtue of this Part; or
 - (b) any other person has failed to comply with a requirement imposed on the person by virtue of Article 350S,

the Department may make an application to the High Court.

(2) If, on an application under this Article, the Court decides that the body or other person has failed to comply with the requirement in question, it may order the body or person to take such steps as the Court considers will secure that the requirement is complied with.]

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F22 Art. 350T inserted (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), ss. 20, 28(2); S.R. 2016/203, art. 2
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Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C4 Arts. 349-350T applied (with modifications) (4.1.2024) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted by The Payment and Electronic Money Institution Insolvency (Amendment) Regulations 2023 (S.I. 2023/1399), regs. 1(2), 12)

Authorisation by competent authority

F23 Arts. 351-354 repealed (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), ss. 14(5), 28(2), **Sch. 4** (with Sch. 2 paras. 11-16); S.R. 2016/203, art. 2

Grant, refusal and withdrawal of authorisation

F23 Arts. 351-354 repealed (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), ss. 14(5), 28(2), **Sch. 4** (with Sch. 2 paras. 11-16); S.R. 2016/203, art. 2

Notices

F23 Arts. 351-354 repealed (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), ss. 14(5), 28(2), **Sch. 4** (with Sch. 2 paras. 11-16); S.R. 2016/203, art. 2

Right to make representations

F23 Arts. 351-354 repealed (1.4.2016) by Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), ss. 14(5), 28(2), **Sch. 4** (with Sch. 2 paras. 11-16); S.R. 2016/203, art. 2

Changes to legislation:

The Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989, PART XII is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 27 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations.

View outstanding changes

Changes and effects yet to be applied to:

- Instrument amended by 1998 c. 11 s. 23 Sch. 5 Pt.1 Ch. 3 para. 40
- Instrument amended (prosp) by S.I. 1994/279 (N.I.) art. 26(1)Sch. 2 para. 15

Changes and effects yet to be applied to the whole Order associated Parts and Chapters:

Whole provisions yet to be inserted into this Order (including any effects on those provisions):

- Sch. 9 Pt. 2 para. 66 revoked by 1996 c. 23 s. 107(2)Sch. 4 (Amendment could not be applied. The relevant affected text is not available on legislation.gov.uk)
- art. 2B inserted by 2016 c. 2 (N.I.) s. 2(1)
- art. 208ZA applied (with modifications) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted) by S.I. 2023/1399 reg. 12 (This amendment not applied to Legislation.gov.uk. S. 208ZA is inserted by the Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), s. 1(1) which is currently prospective.)
- art. 208ZA-208ZB inserted by 2016 c. 2 (N.I.) s. 1(1)
- art. 208ZB applied (with modifications) by S.I. 2021/716, reg. 37A (as inserted) by S.I. 2023/1399 reg. 12 (This amendment not applied to Legislation.gov.uk. S. 208ZB is inserted by the Insolvency (Amendment) Act (Northern Ireland) 2016 (c. 2), s. 1(1) which is currently prospective.)
- art. 345A-345B inserted by 2016 c. 2 (N.I.) s. 1(2)