#### STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

# 1999 No. 2789

# The Criminal Evidence (Northern Ireland) Order 1999

## **PART III**

## PROTECTION OF WITNESSES FROM CROSS-EXAMINATION BY ACCUSED IN PERSON

### General prohibitions

## Complainants in proceedings for sexual offences

- **22.** No person charged with a sexual offence may in any criminal proceedings cross-examine in person a witness who is the complainant, either—
  - (a) in connection with that offence, or
  - (b) in connection with any other offence (of whatever nature) with which that person is charged in the proceedings.

#### Child complainants and other child witnesses

- **23.**—(1) No person charged with an offence to which this Article applies may in any criminal proceedings cross-examine in person a protected witness, either—
  - (a) in connection with that offence, or
  - (b) in connection with any other offence (of whatever nature) with which that person is charged in the proceedings.
  - (2) For the purposes of paragraph (1) a "protected witness" is a witness who—
    - (a) either is the complainant or is alleged to have been a witness to the commission of the offence to which this Article applies, and
    - (b) either is a child or falls to be cross-examined after giving evidence in chief (whether wholly or in part)—
      - (i) by means of a video recording made (for the purposes of Article 15) at a time when the witness was a child, or
      - (ii) in any other way at any such time.
  - (3) The offences to which this Article applies are—
    - (a) a sexual offence within the meaning of the Criminal Justice (Children) (Northern Ireland) Order 1998;
    - (b) a violent offence within the meaning of that Order;
    - (c) kidnapping, false imprisonment, or an offence under section 1 or 2 of the Child Abduction Act 1984; ;

- (d) any offence (not within any of the preceding sub-paragraphs) which involves an assault on, or injury or a threat of injury to, any person.
- (4) In this Article "child" means—
  - (a) where the offence falls within paragraph (3)(a), a person under the age of 17; or
  - (b) where the offence falls within paragraph (3)(b), (c) or (d), a person under the age of 14.
- (5) For the purposes of this Article "witness" includes a witness who is charged with an offence in the proceedings.