DRAFT STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2011 No.

The Investment Trust (Approved Company) (Tax) Regulations 2011

PART 3

Transactions not to be treated entered into otherwise than in the course of a trade

Treatment of transactions carried out by investment trusts

- **32.**—(1) This regulation applies if an investment trust carries out an investment transaction in an accounting period.
- (2) The investment transaction is treated as a transaction entered into otherwise than in the course of a trade for the purposes of the Corporation Tax Acts.

Meaning of "investment transaction"

- **33.** For the purposes of this Part an investment transaction means—
 - (a) any transaction in stocks and shares,
 - (b) any transaction in a relevant contract (see regulations 34 to 40),
 - (c) any transaction which results in an investment trust becoming a party to a loan relationship or a related transaction in respect of a loan relationship (see regulation 39),
 - (d) any transaction in units in a collective investment scheme (see regulation 40),
 - (e) any transaction in securities of any description not falling within paragraphs (a) to (d),
 - (f) any transaction consisting in the buying or selling of any foreign currency, or
 - (g) any transaction in a carbon emission trading product (see regulation 41).

Meaning of "relevant contract"

- **34.**—(1) For the purposes of regulation 33(b) a relevant contract is—
 - (a) an option,
 - (b) a future, or
 - (c) a contract for differences.
- (2) For the purposes of this regulation an option, a future or a contract for differences which relates to land will only be a relevant contract if the option, future or contract for differences uses an index referred to in regulation 38(1)(b) and the index is—
 - (a) publicly accessible,
 - (b) comprised of a significant number of properties, and
 - (c) not maintained by—
 - (i) the investment trust,

- (ii) the manager of the investment trust, or
- (iii) a person connected with the investment trust or the manager of the investment trust.
- (3) For the purposes of this regulation—
 - (a) sections 993 and 994 of the Income Tax Act 2007 (connected persons)(1) apply where the manager is a person other than a company, and
 - (b) sections 1122 and 1123 of CTA 2010 (connected persons) apply in the case of an investment trust or where the manager is a person which is a company.

Meaning of "relevant contract": options

- **35.**—(1) For the purposes of regulation 34(1)(a) an "option" includes an instrument which entitles the holder to subscribe for shares in a company or assets representing a loan relationship of a company, and for these purposes it is immaterial whether the shares or assets to which the instrument relates exist or are identifiable.
- (2) For the purposes of paragraph (1) the reference to a loan relationship of a company is to be construed in accordance with regulation 39 but with references in that regulation to "company" treated as references to "investment trust".

Meaning of "relevant contract": futures

- **36.**—(1) For the purposes of regulation 34(1)(b) a "future" is a contract for the sale of property under which delivery is to be made—
 - (a) at a future date agreed when the contract is made, and
 - (b) at a price so agreed.
 - (2) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(b) a price is taken to be agreed when the contract is made—
 - (a) notwithstanding that the price is left to be determined by reference to the price at which a contract is to be entered into on a market or exchange or could be entered into at a time and place specified in the contract, or
 - (b) in a case where the contract is expressed to be by reference to a standard lot and quality, notwithstanding that provision is made for a variation in the price to take account of any variation in quantity or quality on delivery.

Options and futures: further provisions

- **37.**—(1) For the purposes of regulations 35 and 36 references to an option or a future do not include reference to a contract the terms of which provide—
 - (a) that, after setting off their obligations to each other under the contract, a cash payment is to be made by one party to the other in respect of the excess, if any, and do not provide for the delivery of any property,
 - (b) that each party is liable to make to the other party a cash payment in respect of all that party's obligations to the other under the contract and do not provide for the delivery of any property, or
 - (c) for the delivery of any property other than property a transaction in which would fall within any of the regulations in this Part where the property is delivered.
- (2) Nothing in paragraph (1) has effect to exclude, from references to an option or a future, an option or future whose underlying subject matter is currency.

- (3) In paragraph (2) "underlying subject matter" means—
 - (a) in relation to an option, the property which would fall to be delivered if the option were exercised, and
 - (b) in relation to a future, the property which, if the future were to run to delivery, would fall to be delivered at the date and price agreed when the contract is made.

Meaning of "relevant contract": contracts for difference

- **38.**—(1) For the purposes of regulation 34(1)(c) a "contract for differences" is a contract the purpose or pretended purpose of which is to make a profit or avoid a loss by reference to fluctuations in—
 - (a) the value or price of property described in the contract, or
 - (b) an index or other factor designated in the contract.
 - (2) But none of the following is a contract for differences—
 - (a) a future,
 - (b) an option,
 - (c) a contract of insurance,
 - (d) a contract effected in the course of capital redemption business,
 - (e) a contract of indemnity,
 - (f) a guarantee,
 - (g) a warranty,
 - (h) a loan relationship.
 - (3) For the purposes of paragraph (2)—

"capital redemption business" means any business of a company carrying on insurance business in so far as it consists of the effecting on the basis of actuarial calculations, and the carrying out, of contracts under which, in return for one or more fixed payments, a sum or series of sums of a specified amount become payable at a future time or over a period,

- "loan relationship" is to be construed in accordance with regulation 39 but with references to "company" in that regulation being construed as references to "investment trust".
- (4) For the purposes of paragraph (1)(b) an index or factor may be determined by reference to any matter and, for these purposes, a numerical value may be attributed to any variation in a matter.

Interpretation of regulation 33(c)

- **39.**—(1) For the purposes of regulation 33(c) an investment trust has a loan relationship where the investment trust stands (whether by reference to a security or otherwise) in the position of a creditor or debtor as respects any money debt and either—
 - (a) that debt is one arising from a transaction for the lending of money, or
 - (b) that debt is not one which arose from a transaction for the lending of money but is one—
 - (i) on which interest is payable to or by the investment trust,
 - (ii) in relation to which the exchange gains or losses arise to the investment trust, or
 - (iii) as respects which the conditions in paragraph (2) are satisfied.
 - (2) The conditions mentioned in paragraph (1)(b)(iii) are that—
 - (a) the investment trust stands in the position of creditor in relation to the money debt, and

- (b) the money debt is one from which a discount (whether of an income or capital nature) arises to the investment trust.
- (3) In this regulation "exchange gains or losses" means profits or gains or losses which arise as a result of comparing at different times the expression in one currency of the whole or some part of the valuation put by the investment trust in another currency on an asset or liability of the investment trust.
- (4) For the purposes of this regulation a "money debt" is a debt which is, or has at any time been, one that falls, or that may at the choice of the creditor or of the debtor, fall to be settled—
 - (a) by the payment of money,
 - (b) by the transfer of a right to settlement under a debt which is itself a money debt, or
 - (c) by the issue or transfer of shares in any company,

disregarding any other alternative exercisable by either party.

- (5) Subject to paragraph (6), if an instrument is issued by any person for the purpose of representing security for, or the rights of a creditor in respect of, any money debt, then (whatever the circumstances of the issue of the instrument) that debt shall be taken for the purposes of this regulation to be a debt arising from a transaction for the lending of money.
- (6) For the purposes of this regulation a debt does not arise from a transaction for the lending of money to the extent that it is a debt arising from rights conferred by shares in a company.
- (7) For the purposes of this regulation, so far as relating to exchange gains and losses, any currency held by the investment trust shall be treated as a money debt.
- (8) For the purpose of this regulation "money" includes money expressed in a currency other than sterling.
- (9) For the purposes of regulation 33(c) a "related transaction" in relation to a loan relationship means any disposal or acquisition (in whole or in part) of rights or liabilities under that relationship.

Meaning of "units in a collective investment scheme"

- **40.**—(1) For the purposes of regulation 33(d)—
 - "collective investment scheme" has the meaning given by section 235 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000(2),
 - "units" means the rights or interests (however described) of the investors in a collective investment scheme.
- (2) In paragraph (1) an "investor", in relation to a collective investment scheme, means a beneficial owner of units in the scheme, except where the units are held on trust (other than a bare trust) or are comprised in the estate of a deceased person, and in such a case the investor, in relation to the scheme, means the trustees of the trust or, as the case may be, the deceased's personal representatives.

Meaning of "transaction in a carbon emission trading product"

- **41.**—(1) For the purposes of regulation 33(g) a "transaction in a carbon emission trading product" means a transaction—
 - (a) in Community tradable emissions allowances, or
 - (b) in transferable units issued pursuant to the Kyoto Protocol,

which does not otherwise fall within any other paragraph of regulation 33.

(2) For the purposes of this regulation—

"Community tradable emissions allowances" means transferable allowances which relate to the making of emissions of greenhouse gases, and are allocated as part of a system made for the purpose of implementing any Community obligation of the United Kingdom relating to such emissions,

"the Kyoto Protocol" means the Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change signed at Kyoto on 11th December 1997,

"units" includes assigned amount units, certified emission reductions, emission reduction units and removal units.