Limited Partnerships Act, 1907.

[7 Edw. 7. Ch. 24.]

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A.D. 1907.

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CHAPTER

An Act to establish Limited Partnerships. [28th August 1907.]

A.D. 1907.

BE it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1. This Act may be cited for all purposes as the Limited Short title. Partnerships Act, 1907.
- 2. This Act shall come into operation on the first day of Commencement of Act. January one thousand nine hundred and eight.
- 3. In the construction of this Act the following words and Interpretation expressions shall have the meanings respectively assigned to of terms. them in this section, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction:—

"Firm," "firm name," and "business" have the same 53 & 54 Vict. meanings as in the Partnership Act, 1890:

"General partner" shall mean any partner who is not a limited partner as defined by this Act.

4.—(1) From and after the commencement of this Act Definition and limited partnerships may be formed in the manner and subject constitution of limited part-

to the conditions by this Act provided.

nership.

- (2) A limited partnership shall not consist, in the case of a partnership carrying on the business of banking, of more than ten persons, and, in the case of any other partnership, of more than twenty persons, and must consist of one or more persons called general partners, who shall be liable for all debts and obligations of the firm, and one or more persons to be called limited partners, who shall at the time of entering into such partnership contribute thereto a sum or sums as capital or property valued at a stated amount, and who shall not be liable for the debts or obligations of the firm beyond the amount so contributed.
- (3) A limited partner shall not during the continuance of the partnership, either directly or indirectly, draw out or receive

A.D. 1907. back any part of his contribution, and if he does so draw out or receive back any such part shall be liable for the debts and obligations of the firm up to the amount so drawn out or received back.

(4) A body corporate may be a limited partner.

Registration of limited partnership required.

5. Every limited partnership must be registered as such in accordance with the provisions of this Act, or in default thereof it shall be deemed to be a general partnership, and every limited partner shall be deemed to be a general partner.

Modifications of general law in case of limited partnerships.

6.—(1) A limited partner shall not take part in the management of the partnership business, and shall not have power to bind the firm:

Provided that a limited partner may by himself or his agent at any time inspect the books of the firm and examine into the state and prospects of the partnership business, and may advise with the partners thereon.

If a limited partner takes part in the management of the partnership business he shall be liable for all debts and obligations of the firm incurred while he so takes part in the management as though he were a general partner.

- (2) A limited partnership shall not be dissolved by the death or bankruptcy of a limited partner, and the lunacy of a limited partner shall not be a ground for dissolution of the partnership by the court unless the lunatic's share cannot be otherwise ascertained and realised.
- (3) In the event of the dissolution of a limited partnership its affairs shall be wound up by the general partners unless the court otherwise orders.
- (4) Applications to the court to wind up a limited partnership shall be by petition under the Companies Acts, 1862 to 1900, and the provisions of those Acts relating to the windingup of companies by the court and of the rules made thereunder (including provisions as to fees) shall, subject to such modifications (if any) as the Lord Chancellor, with the concurrence of the President of the Board of Trade, may by rules provide, apply to the winding-up by the court of limited partnerships, with the substitution of general partners for directors.
- (5) Subject to any agreement expressed or implied between the partners—
 - (a) Any difference arising as to ordinary matters connected with the partnership business may be decided by a majority of the general partners;
 - (b) A limited partner may, with the consent of the general partners, assign his share in the partnership, and upon such an assignment the assignee shall become a limited partner with all the rights of the assignor;
 - (c) The other partners shall not be entitled to dissolve the partnership by reason of any limited partner suffering his share to be charged for his separate debt;

- (d) A person may be introduced as a partner without the A.D. 1907. consent of the existing limited partners;
- (e) A limited partner shall not be entitled to dissolve the partnership by notice.
- 7. Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Partnership Act, Law as to private 1890, and the rules of equity and of common law applicable to apply where not partnerships, except so far as they are inconsistent with the Act. express provisions of the last-mentioned Act, shall apply to 53 de 54 Vict. c. 39. limited partnerships.

8. The registration of a limited partnership shall be effected Manner and by sending by post or delivering to the registrar at the register particulars of office in that part of the United Kingdom in which the principal place of business of the limited partnership is situated or proposed to be situated a statement signed by the partners containing the following particulars:—

(a) The firm name;

(b) The general nature of the business;

(c) The principal place of business;

(d) The full name of each of the partners;

(e) The term, if any, for which the partnership is entered into, and the date of its commencement;

(f) A statement that the partnership is limited, and the description of every limited partner as such;

(q) The sum contributed by each limited partner, and whether paid in cash or how otherwise.

9.—(1) If during the continuance of a limited partnership Registration of changes in any change is made or occurs inpartnerships.

(a) the firm name.

(b) the general nature of the business,

(c) the principal place of business,

(d) the partners or the name of any partner, (e) the term or character of the partnership,

(f) the sum contributed by any limited partner,

(q) the liability of any partner by reason of his becoming a limited instead of a general partner or a general instead of a limited partner,

a statement, signed by the firm, specifying the nature of the change shall within seven days be sent by post or delivered to the registrar at the register office in that part of the United Kingdom in which the partnership is registered.

(2) If default is made in compliance with the requirements of this section each of the general partners shall on conviction under the Summary Jurisdiction Acts be liable to a fine not exceeding one pound for each day during which the default continues.

10.—(1) Notice of any arrangement or transaction under Advertisement which any person will cease to be a general partner in any firm, in Gazette of and will become a limited partner in that firm, or under which general partner the share of a limited partner in the share of a lim the share of a limited partner in a firm will be assigned to any becoming a

limited partner and of assignment of share of limited partner.

A.D. 1907. person, shall be forthwith advertised in the Gazette, and until notice of the arrangement or transaction is so advertised, the arrangement or transaction shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be of no effect.

(2) For the purposes of this section, the expression "the

Gazette" means-

In the case of a limited partnership registered in England, the London Gazette:

In the case of a limited partnership registered in Scotland,

the Edinburgh Gazette;

In the case of a limited partnership registered in Ireland. the Dublin Gazette.

Ad valorem stamp duty on contributions by limited partners.

11. The statement of the amount contributed by a limited partner, and a statement of any increase in that amount, sent to the registrar for registration under this Act, shall be charged with an ad valorem stamp duty of five shillings for every one hundred pounds, and any fraction of one hundred pounds over any multiple of one hundred pounds, of the amount so contributed, or of the increase of that amount, as the case may be: and in default of payment of stamp duty thereon as herein required, the duty with interest thereon at the rate of five per cent. per annum from the date of delivery of such statement shall be a joint and several debt to His Majesty, recoverable from the partners, or any of them, in the said statements named, or, in the case of an increase, from all or any of the said partners whose discontinuance in the firm shall not, before the date of delivery of such statement of increase, have been duly notified to the registrar.

Making false returns to be misdemeanor.

12. Every one commits a misdemeanor, and shall be liable to imprisonment with hard labour for a term not exceeding two years, who makes, signs, sends, or delivers for the purpose of registration under this Act any false statement known by him to be false.

Registrar to file statement and of registration.

13. On receiving any statement made in pursuance of this statement and issue certificate Act the registrar shall cause the same to be filed, and he shall send by post to the firm from whom such statement shall have been received a certificate of the registration thereof.

Register and index to be kept.

14. At each of the register offices herein-after referred to the registrar shall keep, in proper books to be provided for the purpose, a register and an index of all the limited partnerships registered as aforesaid, and of all the statements registered in relation to such partnerships.

Registrar of joint stock companies to be registrar under Act.

15. The registrar of joint stock companies shall be the registrar of limited partnerships, and the several offices for the registration of joint stock companies in London, Edinburgh, and Dublin shall be the offices for the registration of limited partnerships carrying on business within those parts of the United Kingdom in which they are respectively situated.

16.—(1) Any person may inspect the statements filed by the A.D. 1907. registrar in the register offices aforesaid, and there shall be paid for such inspection such fees as may be appointed by the Board statements of Trade, not exceeding one shilling for each inspection; and registered. any person may require a certificate of the registration of any limited partnership, or a copy of or extract from any registered statement, to be certified by the registrar, and there shall be paid for such certificate of registration, certified copy, or extract such fees as the Board of Trade may appoint, not exceeding two shillings for the certificate of registration, and not exceeding sixpence for each folio of seventy-two words, or in Scotland for each sheet of two hundred words.

- (2) A certificate of registration, or a copy of or extract from any statement registered under this Act, if duly certified to be a true copy under the hand of the registrar or one of the assistant registrars (whom it shall not be necessary to prove to be the registrar or assistant registrar) shall, in all legal proceedings, civil or criminal, and in all cases whatsoever be received in evidence.
- 17. The Board of Trade may make rules (but as to fees Power to Board with the concurrence of the Treasury) concerning any of the of Trade to make rules. following matters:-

(a) The fees to be paid to the registrar under this Act, so that they do not exceed in the case of the original registration of a limited partnership the sum of two pounds, and in any other case the sum of five shillings.

(b) The duties or additional duties to be performed by the

registrar for the purposes of this Act;

(c) The performance by assistant registrars and other officers of acts by this Act required to be done by the registrar;

(d) The forms to be used for the purposes of this Act;

(e) Generally the conduct and regulation of registration under this Act and any matters incidental thereto.

> Produced in the U.K. for W.J. SHARP

Controller and Chief Executive of Her Majesty's Stationery Office and Queen's Printer of Acts of Parliament LONDON: PUBLISHED BY HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE