# Vehicles (Excise) Act 1971

#### CHAPTER 10

## ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

# Excise duty on, and licensing of, mechanically propelled vehicles

#### Section

1. Charge of duty.

2. Commencement and duration of licences, and rate of duty.

3. Collection of duty, etc.

## Exemptions from duty

- 4. Exemptions from duty of certain descriptions of vehicle.
- 5. Exemptions from duty in connection with vehicle testing, etc.
- 6. Exemptions from duty in respect of vehicles acquired by overseas residents.
- 7. Miscellaneous exemptions from duty.

# Liability to pay duty and consequences of non-payment thereof

- 8. Using and keeping vehicles without a licence.
- 9. Additional liability for keeping unlicensed vehicle.
- 10. Continuous liability for duty.
- 11. Provisions supplementary to s. 10.

## Issue, exhibition, exchange, surrender, etc. of licences

- 12. Issue and exhibition of licences.
- 13. Temporary licences.
- 14. Issue, etc. of temporary licences by motor dealers.
- 15. Provisions supplementary to s. 14.
- 16. Trade licences.
- 17. Surrender of licences
- 18. Alteration of vehicle or of its use.

## Registration and registration marks, etc.

#### Section

19. Registration and registration marks.

20. Issue, etc., of vehicle registration marks by motor dealers.

21. Distinctive signs for hackney carriages.

- 22. Failure to fix, and obscuration of, marks and signs.
- 23. Regulations with respect to the transfer and identification of vehicles.

#### Miscellaneous

24. Marking of engines and bodies.

25. Review of Secretary of State's decisions relating to motor traders, etc.

26. Forgery and false information.

27. Duty to give information.

## Legal Proceedings, etc.

28. Institution and conduct of proceedings in England and Wales.

29. Institution and conduct of proceedings in Scotland.

30. Limitation on the bringing of proceedings for recovery of underpayments and overpayments of duty.

31. Admissibility of records as evidence.

32. Evidence of admissions in certain proceedings.

33. Burden of proof in certain proceedings.

34. Fixing of amount payable under s. 9 on pleas of guilty by absent accused.

35. Application of fines, penalties and forfeitures.

## Supplementary

36. Fractions of a new penny.

37. Regulations.

38. Interpretation.

39. Transitional provisions, savings, repeals and revocation.

40. Short title, commencement and extent.

#### SCHEDULES:

Schedule 1—Annual rates of duty on certain vehicles not exceeding 8 cwt. in weight unladen.

Schedule 2—Annual rates of duty on hackney carriages.

Schedule 3—Annual rates of duty on tractors, etc. Schedule 4—Annual rates of duty on goods vehicles.

Schedule 5—Annual rates of duty on vehicles not falling within Schedules 1 to 4.

Schedule 6—Provisions as to the computation of the unladen weight of vehicles.

Schedule 7—Transitional provisions and savings.

Schedule 8—Repeals and revocation.

#### ELIZABETH II



### **1971 CHAPTER 10**

An Act to consolidate certain enactments relating to excise duties on mechanically propelled vehicles, and to the licensing and registration of such vehicles with amendments to give effect to recommendations of the Law Commission and the Scottish Law Commission.

[16th March 1971]

BE IT ENACTED by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

# Excise duty on, and licensing of, mechanically propelled vehicles

- 1.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, a duty of excise Charge of shall be charged in respect of every mechanically propelled duty. vehicle used or kept on any public road in Great Britain and shall be paid upon a licence to be taken out by the person keeping the vehicle.
- (2) The duty chargeable under this section in respect of a vehicle of any description shall be chargeable by reference to the annual rate applicable in accordance with the provisions of that one of the first five Schedules to this Act which relates to vehicles of that description.
- (3) For the purposes of the said duty, in so far as chargeable in respect of the keeping of a vehicle on a road, a vehicle shall be deemed—
  - (a) to be chargeable with the like duty as on the occasion of the issue of the vehicle licence or last vehicle licence issued for the vehicle under this Act, and to be so chargeable by reference to the rate specified in the same Schedule to this Act as on that occasion, or

- (b) if no vehicle licence has been issued for the vehicle under this Act, to be chargeable by reference to the rate applicable to it under Schedule 5 to this Act.
- (4) Nothing in this section shall operate so as to render lawful the keeping of a vehicle for any period, in any manner or at any place, if to do so would be unlawful apart from this section.

Commencement and duration of licences, and rate of duty.

- 2.—(1) A vehicle licence may be taken out—
  - (a) in the case of any vehicle, for any period of twelve months;
  - (b) in the case of any vehicle the annual rate of duty applicable to which exceeds £8, for any period of four months.
  - (c) in the case of a goods vehicle which is authorised to be used on roads by virtue of an order made under section 64(4) of the Road Traffic Act 1960, and the unladen weight of which exceeds eleven tons, for any period of seven consecutive days (such a licence being hereafter in this Act referred to as a "seven day licence");

and shall, subject to the provisions of section 13 of this Act, first have effect on the day specified by the applicant in the application for the licence.

- (2) A licence for a period of four months shall expire with such day in the fourth month after that in which the licence first has effect as corresponds to the day preceding that on which it first has effect, so however that a licence for that period shall—
  - (a) if it first has effect on the first day of a month, expire with the last day of the third month after that month; and
  - (b) if it first has effect on 30th or 31st October, expire with the last day of the following February.
- (3) A licence which first has effect before the day on which it is issued shall not affect any criminal liability incurred before that day.
- (4) The duty payable on a vehicle licence for a vehicle of any description shall—
  - (a) if the licence is taken out for a period of twelve months, be paid at the annual rate of duty applicable to vehicles of that description;
  - (b) if the licence is taken out for a period of four months, be paid at a rate equal to eleven thirtieths of the said annual rate;
  - (c) if the licence is taken out for a period of seven days, be paid at a rate equal to one fifty-second of the said annual rate plus ten per cent. of that amount;

1960 c. 16.

and in computing the rate of duty in accordance with paragraph (b) or paragraph (c) above, any fraction of 5p shall be treated as 5p if it exceeds 2.5p and shall otherwise be disregarded.

- (5) Notwithstanding anything in this Act, the Secretary of State may, during the period of two years beginning with the day when this subsection first takes effect, provide by regulations that, in such cases as may be determined by or under the regulations, the duration of a licence taken out after the coming into force of the regulations shall be longer or shorter, by such period not exceeding thirty days as may be so determined, than its duration would have been apart from the regulations; and where the duration of a licence is altered by virtue of this subsection the duty payable upon the licence shall be increased or reduced proportionately.
- (6) At the expiration of the period of two years mentioned in subsection (5) above that subsection shall cease to have effect, but without prejudice to any licence issued or any payment made or falling to be made by virtue of any regulations in force under that subsection immediately before the expiration of that period.
- 3.—(1) The duty chargeable under this Act shall be levied Collection of by the Secretary of State.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of this Act the Secretary of State and his officers (including any body or person authorised by the Secretary of State to act as his agent for the purposes of this Act) shall have for the purpose of levying the duty aforesaid the same powers, duties and liabilities as the Commissioners of Customs and Excise and their officers have with respect to duties of excise and to the issue and cancellation of licences on which duties of excise are imposed and to other matters under the Acts relating to duties of excise and excise licences; and, subject to those provisions and in particular to section 28 or 29 and to section 35(3) of this Act, all enactments relating to those duties and to punishments and penalties in connection therewith shall apply accordingly.
- (3) Without prejudice to subsection (2) above, the Secretary of State shall, with respect to the duty of excise chargeable under this Act and the excise licences provided for thereby, have the powers given to the said Commissioners by the Acts relating to duties of excise and excise licences for the restoration of any forfeiture and the mitigation or remission of any penalty or part thereof.
- (4) The duty levied by the Secretary of State under this Act shall be paid into the Consolidated Fund.

(5) Any sums received by the Secretary of State by virtue of this Act by way of fees shall be paid into the Consolidated Fund.

### Exemptions from duty

Exemptions from duty of certain descriptions of vehicle.

- 4.—(1) No duty shall be chargeable under this Act in respect of mechanically propelled vehicles of any of the following descriptions, that is to say—
  - (a) fire engines;
  - (b) vehicles kept by a local authority while they are used or kept on a road for the purposes of their fire brigade service:
  - (c) ambulances;
  - (d) road rollers;
  - (e) vehicles used on tram lines, not being tramcars used for the conveyance of passengers;
  - (f) vehicles used or kept on a road for no purpose other than the haulage of lifeboats and the conveyance of the necessary gear of the lifeboats which are being hauled;
  - (g) vehicles (including cycles with an attachment for propelling them by mechanical power) which do not exceed eight hundredweight in weight unladen and are adapted, and used or kept on a road, for invalids;
  - (h) road construction vehicles used or kept on a road solely for the conveyance of built-in road construction machinery (with or without articles or material used for the purposes of that machinery);
  - (i) vehicles constructed or adapted, and used, solely for the conveyance of machinery for spreading material on roads to deal with frost, ice or snow or for the conveyance of such machinery and articles and material used for the purposes of that machinery;
  - (j) local authority's watering vehicles;
  - (k) tower wagons used solely by a street lighting authority, or by any person acting in pursuance of a contract with such an authority, for the purpose of installing or maintaining materials or apparatus for lighting streets, roads or public places.
  - (2) In this section—
    - "road construction vehicle" means a vehicle constructed or adapted for use for the conveyance of built-in road construction machinery and not constructed or adapted for the conveyance of any other load except articles and material used for the purposes of that machinery;

"road construction machinery" means a machine or contrivance suitable for use for the construction or repair of roads and used for no purpose other than the construction or repair of roads at the public expense;

"built-in road construction machinery", in relation to a vehicle, means road construction machinery built in as part of the vehicle or permanently attached thereto;

- "local authority's watering vehicle" means a vehicle used solely within the area of a local authority by that local authority, or by any person acting in pursuance of a contract with that local authority, for the purpose of cleansing or watering roads or cleansing gulleys;
- "tower wagon" has the same meaning as in Schedule 4 to this Act:
- "street lighting authority" means any local authority or Minister having power under any enactment to provide or maintain materials or apparatus for lighting streets. roads or public places.
- 5.—(1) A mechanically propelled vehicle shall not be charge- Exemptions able with any duty under this Act by reason of its use on public from duty in roads---

- (a) solely for the purpose of submitting it by previous testing, etc. arrangement for a specified time on a specified date for, or bringing it away from, a compulsory test; or
- (b) in the course of a compulsory test, solely for the purpose of taking it to, or bringing it away from, any place where a part of the test is to be or, as the case may be, has been carried out, or of carrying out any part of the test, the person so using it being an authorised person; or
- (c) where the relevant certificate is refused on a compulsory test, solely for the purpose of delivering it by previous arrangement for a specified time on a specified date at a place where work is to be done on it to remedy the defects on the ground of which the certificate was refused, or bringing it away from a place where work has been done on it to remedy such defects.
- (2) In paragraph (c) above the reference to work done or to be done on the vehicle to remedy the defects there mentioned is, in a case where the relevant certificate which is refused is a test certificate, a reference to work done or to be done to remedy those defects for a further compulsory test and includes, in a case where the relevant certificate which is refused is a goods vehicle test certificate, type approval certificate or Minister's

approval certificate, a reference to work done or to be done to alter the vehicle in some aspect of design, construction, equipment or marking on account of which the certificate was refused.

#### (3) In this section—

1960 c. 16.

1967 c. 30.

- "compulsory test" means an examination under section 65 of the Road Traffic Act 1960 with a view to obtaining a test certificate without which a vehicle licence cannot be granted for the vehicle under this Act or, in the case of a goods vehicle for which by virtue of section 14(9) of the Road Safety Act 1967 a vehicle licence cannot be so granted, an examination under regulations under section 9 or for the purposes of section 10 of that Act (examinations as to a goods vehicle's compliance with construction and use or type approval requirements respectively) or an examination under regulations under section 13(1)(a) of that Act (in connection with alterations to goods vehicles subject to type approval requirements) or for the purposes of section 12 of that Act (appeals);
- "the relevant certificate" means a test certificate as defined in subsection (2) of the said section 65, a goods vehicle test certificate as defined in the said section 9, a type approval certificate or a Minister's approval certificate as defined in the said section 10;
- "authorised person" in the case of a compulsory test under the said section 65 means a person authorised as an examiner or appointed as an inspector under that section or acting on behalf of a person so authorised, or a person acting under the personal direction of such a person as aforesaid; and in the case of any other compulsory test means a goods vehicle examiner or a person carrying out the test under his direction or a person driving the vehicle in pursuance of a requirement to do so under regulations under which the compulsory test is carried out;
- "goods vehicle examiner" means an examiner appointed under section 183 of the said Act of 1960 or a certifying officer appointed under Part III of that Act.

Exemptions from duty in respect of vehicles acquired by overseas residents. 1963 c. 9.

1967 c. 54.

6.—(1) A mechanically propelled vehicle shall not be chargeable with any duty under this Act if purchase tax in respect of the vehicle is remitted under section 23 of the Purchase Tax Act 1963 (remission of tax on exported vehicles) on the ground that the vehicle has been acquired from its manufacturer by a person who is an overseas resident; but if at any time purchase tax becomes payable in respect of that vehicle under section 9 of the Finance Act 1967 (purchase tax payable where conditions

of remission broken), or would have become so payable but for any authorisation or waiver under subsection (1) of the said section 9, then the provisions of subsection (3) below shall apply in relation to that vehicle.

- (2) Where in the case of any mechanically propelled vehicle it is shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State—
  - (a) that the vehicle is not chargeable with purchase tax;
  - (b) that the vehicle is being acquired from a person who is for the time being registered as a manufacturer of such vehicles by the Secretary of State and who is the manufacturer of the vehicle for the purposes of that register; and
  - (c) that the person so acquiring the vehicle would fall to be treated as an overseas resident for the purposes of the said section 23,

the Secretary of State may exempt the vehicle from duty under this Act for a period of twelve months subject to specified conditions, being such conditions as the Secretary of State may from time to time think necessary for the protection of the revenue; but if at any time during those twelve months any of the conditions subject to which the exemption is granted is not complied with, the provisions of subsection (3) below shall apply in relation to the vehicle.

- (3) Where under subsection (1) or (2) above the provisions of this subsection are to apply in relation to a vehicle, the vehicle shall be deemed never to have been exempted from duty under the said subsection (1) or (2) and, without prejudice to the provisions of section 9 of this Act, unless, or except to the extent that, the Secretary of State sees fit to waive payment of the whole or part of the duty, there shall be recoverable by the Secretary of State as a debt due to him—
  - (a) from the person by whom the vehicle was acquired from its manufacturer, the duty in respect of the whole period since the registration of the vehicle; or
- (b) from any other person who is for the time being the keeper of the vehicle, the duty in respect of the period since the vehicle was first kept by that other person, other than any part of that period by reference to which there was calculated an amount ordered to be paid by the person in question in respect of the vehicle in pursuance of section 9(1) of this Act.
- 7.—(1) If an applicant for a vehicle licence satisfies the Miscellaneous Secretary of State that the vehicle is intended to be used on exemptions public roads—

  from duty.
  - (a) only in passing from land in his occupation to other land in his occupation, and

(b) for distances not exceeding in the aggregate six miles in any calendar week.

then, with the consent of the Treasury, the Secretary of State may exempt the vehicle from the duty chargeable under this Act in respect of the use of the vehicle on roads; but if a vehicle so exempted is used on public roads otherwise than for the purpose or to the extent specified above, the vehicle shall cease to be exempted.

- (2) A mechanically propelled vehicle fitted with controls enabling it to be driven by persons having a particular disability, and registered in the name of such a person under this Act, shall not be chargeable with any duty under this Act by reason of its use by or for the purposes of that person, or by reason of its being kept for such use, where—
  - (a) he caused the controls to be fitted to the vehicle and obtained in respect of the cost thereby incurred a grant paid by the Secretary of State out of moneys provided by Parliament; or
  - (b) whether or not he caused the controls to be fitted to the vehicle, his disability is of a kind in the case of which grants in respect of the fitting of such controls are so paid.
- (3) A mechanically propelled vehicle shall not be chargeable with any duty under this Act by reason of its use for clearing snow from public roads by means of a snow plough or similar contrivance, whether forming part of the vehicle or not, or by reason of its being kept for such use or by reason of its use for the purpose of going to or from the place where it is to be used for clearing snow from public roads by those means.
- (4) Regulations under this Act may provide that, in such cases and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, a mechanically propelled vehicle shall not be chargeable with any duty under this Act by reason of any use made of it for the purpose of a public or local authority's functions in connection 1943 c. 5 (12, with civil defence as defined in the Civil Defence Act 1948, 14 or by reason of its being kept on a road for any such use, or
- Geo. 6.). (5) Regulations under this Act may provide for the total or partial exemption for a limited period from the duty chargeable under this Act of any mechanically propelled vehicles for the time being licensed under section 1 or 10 of the Vehicles (Excise)

Act (Northern Ireland) 1954; and, without prejudice to section 37(1) of this Act, regulations made under this subsection may— (a) make different provision in relation to vehicles of

- different descriptions: (b) provide that any exemption conferred by the regulations
- in respect of any vehicle shall have effect subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.

1954 c. 17 (N.I.).

13 &

### Liability to pay duty and consequences of non-payment thereof

8.—(1) If any person uses or keeps on a public road any Using and mechanically propelled vehicle for which a licence is not in force, keeping not being a vehicle exempted from duty under this Act by virtue without a of any enactment (including any provision of this Act), he shall licence. be liable to the greater of the following penalties, namely—

- (a) an excise penalty of £50; or
- (b) an excise penalty equal to five times the amount of the duty chargeable in respect of the vehicle.
- (2) In any proceedings for an offence under this section it shall be a defence to prove that-
  - (a) while an expired vehicle licence for the vehicle was in force an application was duly made for a further vehicle licence for the vehicle to take effect from or before the expiration of the expired licence and for a period including the time in question; and
  - (b) the expired licence was at that time fixed to and exhibited on the vehicle in the manner prescribed in pursuance of section 12(4) of this Act: and
  - (c) the period between the expiration of the expired licence and that time did not exceed fourteen days.

For the purposes of paragraph (a) above an application for a further licence is made when the application is received by the Secretary of State.

- (3) For the purposes of this section—
  - (a) where a vehicle for which a vehicle licence is in force is transferred by the holder of the licence to another person, the licence shall be treated as no longer in force unless it is delivered to that other person with the vehicle:
  - (b) the amount of the duty chargeable in respect of a vehicle shall be taken to be an amount equal to the annual rate of duty applicable to the vehicle at the date on which the offence was committed or, where in the case of a vehicle kept on a public road that rate differs from the annual rate by reference to which the vehicle was at that date chargeable under section 1 of this Act in respect of the keeping thereof, equal to the last mentioned rate.

For the purposes of paragraph (b) above the offence shall, in the case of a conviction for a continuing offence, be taken to have been committed on the date or latest date to which the conviction relates.

Additional liability for keeping unlicensed vehicle.

- 9.—(1) Where a person convicted of an offence under section 8 of this Act is the person by whom the vehicle in respect of which the offence was committed was kept at the time it was committed, the court shall, in addition to any penalty which it may impose under that section, order him to pay an amount calculated in accordance with subsections (2) to (4) below.
- (2) The said amount shall, subject to subsection (3) below, be an amount equal to one three-hundred-and-sixty-fifth of the annual rate of duty appropriate to the vehicle in question for each day in the relevant period, and the relevant period shall be one ending with the date of the offence and beginning—
  - (a) if the person convicted has before that date notified the Secretary of State of his acquisition of the vehicle in accordance with regulations under this Act, with the date on which the notification was received by the Secretary of State or, if later, with the expiry of the vehicle licence last in force for the vehicle, or
  - (b) in any other case, with the expiry of the vehicle licence last in force for the vehicle before the date of the offence or, if there has not at any time before that date been a vehicle licence in force for the vehicle, with the date on which the vehicle was first kept by that person:

Provided that, where the person convicted has been ordered to pay an amount under this section on the occasion of a previous conviction in respect of the same vehicle, and the offence then charged was committed after the date specified above for the beginning of the relevant period, that period shall begin instead with the day following that on which the former offence was committed.

- (3) Where the person convicted proves—
  - (a) that throughout any day comprised in the relevant period the vehicle in question was not kept by him, or
  - (b) that throughout any such day the vehicle in question was neither used nor kept by him on a public road and that he was exempt by virtue of section 10(2)(b) or (c) of this Act from liability under subsection (1) of that section in respect of that day, or
  - (c) that throughout any such day the vehicle in question was not chargeable with duty, or
  - (d) that he has paid duty in respect of the vehicle for any such day, whether or not on a licence,

the said amount shall be calculated as if that day were not comprised in the relevant period.

- (4) In relation to any day comprised in the relevant period, the reference in subsection (2) above to the annual rate of duty appropriate to the vehicle in question is a reference to the annual rate applicable to it on that day; and, except so far as it is proved to have fallen within some other description for the whole of any such day, a vehicle shall be taken for the purposes of this section to have belonged throughout the relevant period to that descripton of vehicle to which it belonged for the purposes of duty at the date of the offence or, if the prosecution so elect, the date when a vehicle licence for it was last issued.
- (5) Where, on a person's conviction of an offence under section 8 of this Act, an order is made under Part I of the Criminal 1948 c. 58. Justice Act 1948 placing him on probation or discharging him absolutely or conditionally, the foregoing provisions of this section shall apply as if the conviction were deemed to be a conviction for all purposes.
- (6) In the foregoing provisions of this section any reference to the expiry of a vehicle licence includes a reference to its surrender, and to its being treated as no longer in force for the purposes of section 8 of this Act by virtue of subsection (3)(a) of that section; and in the case of a conviction for a continuing offence, the offence shall be taken for the purposes of those provisions to have been committed on the date or latest date to which the conviction relates.
- (7) The foregoing provisions of this section shall have effect subject to the provisions (applying with the necessary modifications) of any enactment relating to the imposition of fines by magistrates' courts, other than one conferring a discretion as to their amount; and any sum payable by virtue of an order under this section shall be treated as a fine, and the order as a conviction, for the purposes of Part III of the Magistrates' 1952 c. 55. Courts Act 1952 (including any enactment having effect as if contained in that Part) and of any other enactment relating to the recovery or application of sums ordered to be paid by magistrates' courts.
- (8) In its application to Scotland, this section shall have effect as if for subsections (5) and (7) there were substituted the following subsections respectively:-
  - "(5) Where a person is convicted on indictment of. or is charged before a court of summary jurisdiction with, an offence under section 8 of this Act, and an order is made under Part I of the Criminal Justice (Scotland) Act 1949 1949 c. 94. discharging him absolutely or placing him on probation, the foregoing provisions of this section shall apply as if the

conviction on indictment were a conviction for all purposes, or, as the case may be, the making of the order by the court of summary jurisdiction were a conviction."

"(7) The foregoing provisions of this section shall have effect subject to the provisions (applying with the necessary modifications) of any enactment relating to the imposition of fines by courts of summary jurisdiction, other than one conferring a discretion as to their amount; and any sum payable by virtue of an order under this section shall be treated as a fine, and the order as a conviction, for the purposes of any enactment relating to the recovery or application of sums ordered to be paid by courts of summary jurisdiction."

Continuous liability for duty.

- 10.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this section and of section 11 of this Act, a person who for any period keeps a vehicle in respect of which duty under this Act has at any time become chargeable shall, whether or not it is still a mechanically propelled vehicle, be liable to pay duty under this Act in respect of the vehicle for that period.
- (2) Subject as aforesaid, a person shall not be liable by virtue of subsection (1) above to pay duty under this Act in respect of a vehicle—
  - (a) for any period for which duty under this Act in respect of the vehicle has been paid and has not been repaid in consequence of the surrender of a licence;
  - (b) for any period in respect of which he has, in accordance with regulations under section 11 of this Act, given notice to the Secretary of State that the vehicle will not be used or kept on a public road;
  - (c) for any period when the vehicle is not a mechanically propelled vehicle and a notice stating that it has ceased to be such a vehicle has, in accordance with regulations under section 11 of this Act, been given to the Secretary of State and not revoked in pursuance of subsection (2) of that section:
  - (d) for any period when the vehicle is exempt from duty by virtue of section 4 or 6 or section 7 (except subsection (3)) of this Act;
  - (e) for any period when he keeps the vehicle solely for the purpose of selling or supplying it in the course of his business as a motor dealer or using it under the authority of a trade licence in the course of his business as a motor trader within the meaning of section 16 of this Act:

- (f) in the case of such a vehicle as is mentioned in paragraph (c) of section 2(1) of this Act, for any period as respects which the Secretary of State is satisfied that the vehicle has not been used or kept on a public road otherwise than as authorised by a seven day licence;
- (g) for any period by reference to which there was calculated an amount ordered to be paid by him in respect of the vehicle in pursuance of section 9(1) of this Act.
- (3) A person shall not by virtue of subsection (2)(b) above be exempt from his liability for any period under subsection (1) above in respect of a vehicle if—
  - (a) at any time during that period he or any other person with his consent uses or keeps the vehicle on a public road and no vehicle licence is in force for the vehicle at that time; or
  - (b) after he has given notice under the said subsection (2)(b) in relation to the vehicle in respect of that period he applies for a vehicle licence for the vehicle to have effect on any day included in the first thirty days of that period;

and for the purposes of paragraph (a) above the consent there mentioned shall be presumed to have been given unless the contrary is shown, but any use or keeping of the vehicle in question as respects which the vehicle is exempt by virtue of any enactment for the time being in force from duty under this Act shall be disregarded.

- (4) Sums payable in pursuance of this section by way of duty in respect of a vehicle shall accrue due from day to day at one three-hundred-and-sixty-fifth of the annual rate of duty applicable to the vehicle on that day.
- (5) Without prejudice to any other mode of recovering sums payable by virtue of this section, where an application for a vehicle licence for twelve months or four months for a vehicle is made by a person by whom such sums are payable in respect of the vehicle and a vehicle licence other than a temporary licence is to be issued in pursuance of the application, the licence shall, if the Secretary of State so directs but subject to subsection (6) below, be made to have effect for a shorter period specified in the direction, being a period which is not less than thirty days and is such that the difference between the amount tendered in connection with the application and the amount chargeable upon the licence for the specified period does not exceed the aggregate amount of the sums aforesaid; and the

amount so chargeable shall be equal to the number of days in the specified period multiplied by—

- (a) where the application is for a licence for twelve months, one three-hundred-and-sixty-fifth of the annual rate of duty under this Act payable in respect of the vehicle on the date of the application; and
- (b) where the application is for a licence for four months, eleven three-thousand-six-hundred-and-fiftieths of that rate:

and where a licence is made to have effect for a specified period in pursuance of this subsection the aggregate amount of the sums aforesaid shall be treated as reduced by the difference aforesaid.

(6) A person to whom a licence is issued for a period specified in a direction under subsection (5) above may appeal to the county court, or in Scotland by way of summary application to the sheriff, on the ground that the Secretary of State was not authorised by that subsection to give the direction.

Provisions supplementary to s. 10.

- 11.—(1) For the purposes of section 10 of this Act a vehicle in respect of which a vehicle licence has been issued and sums are payable by virtue of that section for any period shall, except so far as it is shown to have been a mechanically propelled vehicle of some other description during that period, be deemed to have belonged throughout that period to the description to which it belonged on the date when the last such licence was issued in respect of it.
- (2) When a vehicle in respect of which a notice has been given in pursuance of subsection (2)(c) of section 10 of this Act becomes a mechanically propelled vehicle, its keeper for the time being shall forthwith give to the Secretary of State a further notice revoking the first-mentioned notice; and where a person required to give such a further notice does not do so, then—
  - (a) if he knowingly fails to give it he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50; and
  - (b) in a case where he became the keeper of the vehicle after the first-mentioned notice was given it shall be deemed to have been revoked on the date when he became the keeper of the vehicle, and in any other case the first-mentioned notice shall be deemed not to have been given.
- (3) The Secretary of State may by regulations make such provision as he considers appropriate for the purposes of section 10(2)(b) or (c) of this Act or subsection (2) above

including, without prejudice to the generality of the power conferred by this subsection, provision—

- (a) as to the form of and particulars to be included in a notice under those provisions, the manner of giving such a notice and the time at which it is to be treated as being given;
- (b) for securing that notice under the said paragraph (b) is not given in respect of a period of less than thirty days or more than twelve months;
- (c) as to the mode of calculating the period in respect of which notice under the said paragraph (b) is to be treated as given;
- (d) with respect to the mode of proving the giving of notice;
- (e) for deeming notice to have been given in relation to a vehicle in respect of any period or at any time if in the circumstances of any particular case the Secretary of State considers it reasonable to do so.

### Issue, exhibition, exchange, surrender, etc. of licences

- 12.—(1) Every person applying for a vehicle licence shall Issue and make such a declaration and furnish such particulars with respect exhibition of to the vehicle for which the licence is to be taken out or other-licences. wise as may be prescribed.
- (2) Every vehicle licence shall be issued for the vehicle specified in the application for the licence and shall not entitle the person to whom it is issued to use or keep any other vehicle.
- (3) The Secretary of State shall not be required to issue any vehicle licence for which application is made unless he is satisfied—
  - (i) that the licence applied for is the appropriate licence for the vehicle specified in the application; and
  - (ii) in the case of an application for a licence for a vehicle purporting to be the first application for a licence for the vehicle, that a licence has not previously been issued for that vehicle.
- (4) Subject to the provisions of regulations under this Act, and without prejudice to section 8 thereof, any person who uses or keeps on a public road any mechanically propelled vehicle on which duty under this Act is chargeable without there being fixed to and exhibited on that vehicle in the prescribed manner a licence for, or in respect of the use of, that vehicle issued under this Act and for the time being in force shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20.

- (5) In any proceedings for an offence under subsection (4) above it shall be a defence to prove that—
  - (a) while an expired vehicle licence for the vehicle was in force an application was duly made for a further vehicle licence for the vehicle to take effect from or before the expiration of the expired licence and for a period including the time in question; and
  - (b) the expired licence was at that time fixed to and exhibited on the vehicle in the manner prescribed in pursuance of subsection (4) above; and
  - (c) the period between the expiration of the expired licence and that time did not exceed fourteen days.

For the purposes of paragraph (a) above an application for a further licence is made when the application is received by the Secretary of State.

- (6) Regulations under this Act may provide for the issue of new licences in the place of licences which may be lost or destroyed, and for the fee to be paid on the issue of a new licence.
- (7) Any vehicle licence may be transferred in the prescribed manner.

## Temporary licences.

- 13.—(1) Where an application is made for a vehicle licence for any period (except a seven day licence), the Secretary of State may, if he thinks fit, instead of issuing forthwith a vehicle licence for that period—
  - (a) issue a vehicle licence (in this Act referred to as a "temporary licence") for fourteen days or such other period as may be prescribed and having effect from such day as may be prescribed; and
  - (b) issue from time to time a further temporary licence in respect of the vehicle to which a previous temporary licence relates.
- (2) Nothing in this section shall affect the amount of any duty payable in connection with an application for a vehicle licence.
- (3) Where an application is made for a vehicle licence for any period and a temporary licence is issued in pursuance of the application, subsection (3)(a) of section 8 of this Act shall not apply to the first-mentioned licence if on a transfer of the relevant vehicle during the currency of the temporary licence the temporary licence is delivered with the vehicle to the transferee.

14.—(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make such Issue, etc. of provision as he considers appropriate with respect to the temporary allocation of temporary licences to motor dealers who apply motor dealers. for such allocations and appear to the Secretary of State suitable to receive them and with respect to the issue of the licences by motor dealers.

- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1) above, regulations under this section may include provision—
  - (a) as to the mode of application for the allocation of licences and as to the fees payable in respect of alloca-
  - (b) specifying the categories of vehicles for which allocations of licences may be made;
  - (c) prohibiting the issue of temporary licences in pursuance of applications for trade licences or seven day licences;
  - (d) for requiring a motor dealer to pay to the Secretary of State, in respect of each licence allocated to the dealer, the excise duty chargeable in respect of the licence which will be specified in the application in consequence of which the allocated licence can be issued:
  - (e) as to the replacement of allocated licences which are lost, damaged or destroyed and as to the fees payable in connection with their replacement; and
  - (f) as to the transfer of licences allocated to a motor dealer in cases where the dealer dies or becomes incapacitated or bankrupt and in such other cases as may be prescribed.
- (3) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1) above, regulations under this section may also include provision for-
  - (a) requiring a motor dealer to whom an allocation of licences is made to keep a record in the prescribed form of the licences allocated to him and of the licences issued by him, and to permit the record to be inspected at all reasonable times by any officer of the Secretary of State and any constable;
  - (b) restricting the circumstances in which a motor dealer may issue licences;
  - (c) requiring a motor dealer, before he issues a temporary licence in respect of a vehicle-
    - (i) to obtain from the proposed holder of the licence an application for a vehicle licence in the prescribed form.
    - (ii) to ascertain that the prescribed requirements as to test certificates and insurance are satisfied in respect of the vehicle,

- (iii) to ensure that the temporary licence is appropriate for the vehicle and takes effect on the prescribed date, and
- (iv) to make on the temporary licence, and on any copy of it specified in the regulations, such entries as the Secretary of State may determine;
- (d) requiring a motor dealer by whom a temporary licence is issued to deliver or despatch to the Secretary of State, within the prescribed period beginning with the day on which the dealer issues the licence, the prescribed particulars and documents relating to the licence and the vehicle for which it is issued; and
- (e) securing that after any change takes effect in the rate of excise duty chargeable in respect of a vehicle licence of any description, a temporary licence previously allocated to a dealer is not issued by him in consequence of an application for a vehicle licence of that description, but that a temporary licence issued in contravention of regulations made in pursuance of the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall not be invalid by reason only of the contravention.

Provisions supplementary to s. 14.

- 15.—(1) Any unissued licence allocated to a motor dealer in pursuance of section 14 of this Act may at any time be surrendered in the prescribed manner to the Secretary of State by the dealer or by any person to whom the licence has been transferred under regulations made in pursuance of subsection (2)(f) of that section.
- (2) A motor dealer and any other person having the custody of any unissued licence allocated to the dealer in pursuance of section 14 of this Act shall, if required to do so by the Secretary of State and subject to section 25(2) of this Act, forthwith surrender any such licence to the Secretary of State in such manner as the Secretary of State may direct; and a person who knowingly fails to comply with a requirement made by the Secretary of State under this subsection shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of £50.
- (3) On the surrender of a licence in pursuance of this section the dealer or other person in question shall be entitled to be paid by the Secretary of State the amount paid by the dealer in respect of the licence under regulations made in pursuance of section 14(2)(d) of this Act.
- (4) Where a licence is issued by a motor dealer in contravention of regulations made in pursuance of section 14(3)(e) of this Act, the dealer shall be liable to pay to the Secretary of State a sum equal to the amount (if any) by which the amount paid by the dealer as mentioned in subsection (3) above is

exceeded by the amount which would have been so paid if the allocation of the licence to the dealer had taken place at the time when the licence was issued.

16.—(1) If a motor trader or a vehicle tester applies in the Trade licences. prescribed manner to the Secretary of State to take out a licence under this section (in this Act referred to as a "trade licence ")\_\_\_

- (i) in the case of a motor trader, for all mechanically propelled vehicles which are from time to time temporarily in his possession in the course of his business as a motor trader and all recovery vehicles kept by him for the purpose of dealing with disabled vehicles in the course of that business; or
- (ii) in the case of a vehicle tester, for all mechanically propelled vehicles which are from time to time submitted to him for testing in the course of his business as a vehicle tester; or
- (iii) in the case of a motor trader who is a manufacturer of mechanically propelled vehicles, for all vehicles kept and used by him solely for purposes of conducting research and development in the course of his business as such a manufacturer.

the Secretary of State may, subject to the prescribed conditions, issue to him a trade licence on payment of duty at the rate applicable to the licence in accordance with the following provisions of this section:

Provided that the holder of a trade licence shall not be entitled by virtue of that licence—

- (a) to use more than one mechanically propelled vehicle at any one time, except in the case of a recovery vehicle drawing a disabled vehicle; or
- (b) to use any vehicle for any purpose other than such purposes as may be prescribed; or
- (c) to keep any vehicle on a road if it is not being used thereon.
- (2) Regulations shall be made under this section prescribing the conditions subject to which trade licences are to be issued and the purposes for which the holder of a trade licence may use a vehicle under the licence.
- (3) The purposes which may be prescribed as those for which the holder of a trade licence may use a vehicle under the licence shall not include the conveyance of goods or burden of any description other than—
  - (a) a load which is carried solely for the purpose of testing or demonstrating the vehicle or any of its accessories

- or equipment and which is returned to the place of loading without having been removed from the vehicle except for such purpose or in the case of accident; or
- (b) in the case of a recovery vehicle, any such load as is referred to in the definition of such a vehicle contained in subsection (8) below or a load consisting of a disabled vehicle; or
- (c) any load built in as part of the vehicle or permanently attached thereto; or
- (d) a load consisting of parts, accessories or equipment designed to be fitted to the vehicle and of tools for so fitting them; or
- (e) a load consisting of a trailer;

and, for the purposes of this subsection, where a vehicle is so constructed that a trailer may by partial superimposition be attached to the vehicle in such a manner as to cause a substantial part of the weight of the trailer to be borne by the vehicle, the vehicle and the trailer shall be deemed to constitute a single vehicle.

- (4) A trade licence may be taken out-
  - (a) for a period of twelve months; or
  - (b) except in the case of a licence which is to be used only for vehicles to which Schedule 1 to this Act relates, for a period of four months;

and shall first have effect on the day specified by the applicant in the application for the licence.

- (5) The rate of duty applicable to a trade licence taken out for a period of twelve months shall be £15 or, if the licence is to be used only for vehicles to which Schedule 1 to this Act relates, £2.50; and the rate of duty applicable to a licence taken out for a period of four months shall be eleven thirtieths of the rate applicable to the corresponding trade licence taken out for a period of twelve months, any fraction of 5p being treated as 5p if it exceeds 2.5p but otherwise being disregarded.
- (6) Nothing in this section shall operate to prevent a person entitled to take out a trade licence from holding two or more trade licences.
- (7) If any person holding a trade licence or trade licences issued under this section uses on a public road by virtue of that licence or those licences—
  - (i) a greater number of vehicles at any one time than he is authorised to use by virtue of that licence or those licences; or

(ii) any vehicle for any purpose other than such purposes as may have been prescribed under subsection (2) above;

or if that person uses that licence or any of those licences for the purpose of keeping on a road a vehicle which is not being used on that road, he shall be liable to the greater of the following penalties, namely—

- (a) an excise penalty of £50; or
- (b) an excise penalty equal to five times the amount of the duty chargeable in respect of the vehicle or vehicles.

The amount of the duty chargeable in respect of a vehicle shall be calculated for the purposes of this subsection in the same manner as it is calculated for the purposes of section 8 of this Act by virtue of subsection (3) thereof.

- (8) In this section—
  - "motor trader" means a manufacturer or repairer of, or dealer in, mechanically propelled vehicles; and a person shall be treated for the purposes of this section as a dealer in such vehicles if he carries on a business consisting wholly or mainly of collecting and delivering mechanically propelled vehicles, and not including any other activities except activities as a manufacturer or repairer of, or dealer in, such vehicles;
  - "vehicle tester" means a person, other than a motor trader, who regularly in the course of his business engages in the testing on roads of mechanically propelled vehicles belonging to other persons; and
  - "recovery vehicle" means a vehicle on which there is mounted, or which is drawing, or which is carrying as part of its equipment, apparatus designed for raising a disabled vehicle wholly or partly from the ground or for drawing a disabled vehicle when so raised, and which is not used for the conveyance of goods other than a disabled vehicle wholly raised by that apparatus, and which carries no other load than articles required for the operation of, or in connection with, that apparatus or otherwise for dealing with disabled vehicles.
- 17.—(1) The holder of a licence (other than a licence for a Surrender of tramcar)—
  - (a) may at any time surrender the licence to the Secretary of State in the prescribed manner; and
  - (b) shall on so surrendering the licence be entitled, if he satisfies the prescribed requirements and subject to the following provisions of this section, to receive from the Secretary of State, by way of rebate of duty paid upon

the surrendered licence, a sum equal to the relevant amount multiplied by the number of days in the relevant period:

Provided that no sum shall be payable under this subsection in a case where the relevant period is less than thirty days.

(2) In this section "the relevant amount", in relation to a surrendered licence, means one three-hundred-and-sixty-fifth of the annual rate by reference to which duty was charged upon the licence and "the relevant period", in relation to a surrendered licence, means the period beginning with the day following that on which the licence is received by the Secretary of State in pursuance of paragraph (a) of subsection (1) above and ending with the day on which the licence would have expired by the effluxion of time.

The Secretary of State may, for the purposes of this subsection, treat a surrendered licence delivered to him by post as received by him on the day on which it was posted.

- (3) If during the currency of a temporary licence issued in pursuance of an application for a vehicle licence for any period, the temporary licence is surrendered under this section, it shall be treated for the purposes of this section as issued for that period or, if the Secretary of State so directs but subject to subsection (4) below, for any other period specified in the direction being a period for which by virtue of section 10(5) of this Act a vehicle licence could be issued in pursuance of the application; and where a further vehicle licence issued in pursuance of the application is held by any person at the time of the surrender of the temporary licence or is received by him thereafter—
  - (a) the further licence shall cease to be in force and he shall forthwith return it to the Secretary of State and shall, if he knowingly fails to do so, be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50; and
  - (b) if the Secretary of State considers that there has been undue delay in complying with paragraph (a) above he may, without prejudice to any liability under that paragraph, reduce the relevant period by such number of days as he thinks fit for the purpose of calculating the sum payable in pursuance of subsection (1) above in respect of the surrendered temporary licence.
- (4) A person who in pursuance of this section is paid a sum which was calculated by reference to a period specified in a direction under subsection (3) above may appeal to the county court, or in Scotland by way of summary application to the sheriff, on the ground that the Secretary of State was not authorised by that subsection to give the direction.

- 18.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, where a Alteration of vehicle licence has been taken out for a vehicle at any rate under vehicle or this Act and the vehicle is at any time while the licence is in of its use. force used in an altered condition or in a manner or for a purpose which brings it within, or which if it was used solely in that condition or in that manner or for that purpose would bring it within, a description of vehicle to which a higher rate of duty is applicable under this Act, duty at that higher rate shall become chargeable in respect of the licence for the vehicle.
- (2) Where duty at a higher rate becomes chargeable under subsection (1) above in respect of any vehicle licence, the licence may be exchanged for a new vehicle licence, for the period beginning with the date on which the higher rate of duty becomes chargeable and expiring at the end of the period for which the original vehicle licence was issued, on payment of the appropriate proportion of the difference between—
  - (a) the amount payable under this Act on the original vehicle licence; and
  - (b) the amount payable under this Act on a vehicle licence taken out for the period for which the original licence was issued but at the higher rate of duty, that amount being calculated, if that rate has been changed since the issue of the original licence, as if that rate had been in force at all material times at the level at which it is in force when it becomes chargeable.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (2) above the appropriate proportion is the proportion which the number of days in the period beginning when the higher rate of duty becomes chargeable and ending with the end of the period for which the original licence was issued bears to the number of days in the whole of the last-mentioned period, that period being treated as 365 days in the case of a licence for twelve months and 120 days in the case of a licence for four months.
- (4) Where a vehicle licence has been taken out for a vehicle, and by reason of the vehicle being used as mentioned in subsection (1) above, a higher rate of duty becomes chargeable and duty at the higher rate was not paid before the vehicle was so used, the person so using the vehicle shall be liable to the greater of the following penalties, namely—
  - (a) an excise penalty of £50; or
  - (b) an excise penalty of an amount equal to five times the difference between the duty actually paid on the licence and the amount of the duty at that higher rate.
- (5) Where a vehicle licence has been taken out for a vehicle of a certain description, duty at a higher rate applicable to vehicles of some other description shall not become chargeable in respect

c. 10

of the vehicle by reason of the vehicle being used as mentioned in subsection (1) above, unless the vehicle as used while the said licence is in force satisfies all the conditions which must be satisfied in order to bring the vehicle for the purposes of the charge of duty under this Act into the said other description of vehicles

- (6) Where duty has been paid in respect of a vehicle at a rate applicable under Schedule 4 to this Act, then, so long as the vehicle is to a substantial extent being used for the conveyance of goods or burden belonging to a particular person (whether the person keeping the vehicle or not), duty at a higher rate shall not become chargeable in respect of the vehicle by reason only that it is used for the conveyance without charge in the course of their employment of employees of the person aforesaid.
- (7) Where duty has been paid in respect of a vehicle at a rate applicable to farmers' goods vehicles under Schedule 4 to this Act, duty at a higher rate shall not become chargeable in respect of the vehicle by reason only that, on an occasion when the vehicle is being used by the person in whose name it is registered under this Act for the purpose of the conveyance of the produce of, or of articles required for the purposes of, the agricultural land which he occupies, it is also used for the conveyance for some other person engaged in agriculture of the produce of, or of articles required for the purposes of, the agricultural land occupied by that other person, if it is shown—
  - (a) that the vehicle is so used only occasionally;
  - (b) that the goods conveyed for that other person represent only a small proportion of the total amount of goods which the vehicle is conveying on that occasion; and
  - (c) that no payment or reward of any kind is, or is agreed to be, made or given for the conveyance of the goods of that other person.
- (8) Where duty has been paid in respect of a vehicle at a rate applicable to farmers' goods vehicles under Schedule 4 to this Act, duty at a higher rate shall not become chargeable in respect of the vehicle by reason only that, during such periods and in such areas as may be specified by order of the Treasury made by statutory instrument, it is used, whether or not by the person in whose name it is registered under this Act, for any such purpose as is specified in the order.

An order under this subsection may be revoked or varied by a subsequent order of the Treasury.

(9) Subsection (8) above shall continue in force until such date as Her Majesty may by Order in Council determine.

Registration and registration marks, etc.

19.—(1) It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State—

Registration

(a) on the first issue by him of a vehicle licence for a and registravehicle: or

(b) where particulars in respect of the vehicle are furnished to him by a motor dealer in pursuance of section 20 of this Act before the Secretary of State first issues a vehicle licence for the vehicle, on receiving the said particulars,

to register the vehicle in such manner as the Secretary of State thinks fit without any further application in that behalf by the person taking out the licence and, except where the Secretary of State registers the vehicle on receiving the said particulars, to assign to the vehicle a registration mark indicating the registered number of the vehicle.

- (2) The registration mark assigned to a vehicle under this section shall be fixed in the prescribed manner on the vehicle, or on any other vehicle drawn by that vehicle, or on both.
- 20.—(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make Issue etc. such provision as he considers appropriate with respect to the of vehicle allocation of registration marks for vehicles to motor dealers registration who apply for such allocations and appear to the Secretary of marks by motor dealers. State suitable to receive them and with respect to the assigning of the marks to vehicles by motor dealers.

- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1) above, regulations under this section may include provision—
  - (a) as to the mode of application for the allocation of registration marks;
  - (b) as to the transfer of registration marks allocated to a motor dealer in cases where the dealer dies or becomes incapacitated or bankrupt and in such other cases as may be prescribed; and
  - (c) subject to section 25(2) of this Act, as to the cancellation of allocations of registration marks.
- (3) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1) above, regulations under this section may also include provision for-
  - (a) restricting the circumstances in which a motor dealer may assign a registration mark to a vehicle;
  - (b) securing that registration marks allocated to a dealer are assigned by him in such sequence as the Secretary of State considers appropriate and that no registration mark is assigned to a vehicle to which such a mark has already been assigned; and

- (c) requiring a motor dealer to furnish the Secretary of State within the prescribed period with the prescribed particulars in respect of each vehicle to which the dealer assigns a registration mark.
- (4) A registration mark assigned to a vehicle in pursuance of this section shall be deemed to be assigned to it under section 19 of this Act.

Distinctive signs for hackney carriages.

- 21. On every mechanically propelled vehicle which is chargeable with duty as a hackney carriage there shall, subject to the prescribed exceptions, be exhibited, in conjunction with the mark required under section 19 of this Act to be fixed on the vehicle, a distinctive sign indicating—
  - (a) that the vehicle is a hackney carriage; and
  - (b) the number of persons for which the vehicle has seating capacity;

and regulations under this Act shall provide for such signs to be exhibited as aforesaid.

Failure to fix, and obscuration of, marks and signs. 22.—(1) If any mark to be fixed or sign to be exhibited on a vehicle in accordance with section 19 or 21 of this Act is not so fixed or exhibited, the person driving the vehicle, or, where the vehicle is not being driven, the person keeping the vehicle, shall be guilty of an offence:

Provided that it shall be a defence for a person charged under this subsection with failing to fix a mark on a vehicle to prove—

- (a) that he had no reasonable opportunity of registering the vehicle under this Act and that the vehicle was being driven on a public road for the purpose of being so registered; or
- (b) in a case where the charge relates to a vehicle to which section 4(1) of the Road Traffic (Amendment) Act 1967 applies (vehicles manufactured before beginning of prescribed period to which section 4(1) extends the provisions of section 66 of the Road Traffic Act 1960 prohibiting the use on roads of certain vehicles without a test certificate), that he had no reasonable opportunity of so registering the vehicle and that the vehicle was being driven on a road for the purposes of or in connection with its examination under section 65 of the said Act of 1960 (examination for test certificates) in circumstances in which its use is exempted from the said section 66(1) by regulations under section 66(4) thereof.
- (2) If any mark fixed or sign exhibited on a vehicle as aforesaid is in any way obscured or rendered or allowed to become

1967 c. 70.

1960 c. 16.

not easily distinguishable, the person driving the vehicle, or, where the vehicle is not being driven, the person keeping the vehicle, shall be guilty of an offence:

Provided that it shall be a defence for a person charged with such an offence to prove that he took all steps reasonably practicable to prevent the mark or sign being obscured or rendered not easily distinguishable.

- (3) Any person guilty of an offence under this section shall be liable on summary conviction—
  - (a) if it is his first conviction of such an offence, to a fine not exceeding £20;
  - (b) in any other case, to a fine not exceeding £50.

#### 23. Regulations under this Act may—

- Regulations
- (a) require a person who becomes or ceases to be the keeper with respect to the of a mechanically propelled vehicle, or who acts as the transfer and auctioneer at the sale of such a vehicle by auction, to identification furnish the prescribed information to the Secretary of of vehicles. State in the prescribed manner;
- (b) specify the size, shape and character of the registration marks or the signs to be affixed to any such vehicle (including a vehicle used by virtue of a trade licence) and the manner in which the marks or signs are to be displayed and rendered easily distinguishable by day and by night;
- (c) make provision for the issue of trade plates to holders of trade licences and for the charging of a fee for the replacement of such plates by reason of damage to them or of their loss or destruction:
- (d) make provision with respect to the furnishing of information and production of certificates of insurance or security and test certificates relating to mechanically propelled vehicles in respect of which duty is not chargeable under this Act and with respect to the registration and identification of such vehicles (including vehicles belonging to the Crown);
- (e) make provision with respect to the inspection and surrender of any registration document issued in respect of a vehicle and provide that, in a case where the surrender of such a document is required in connection with an application for a licence under this Act. the licence shall not be issued if the document is not surrendered:
- (f) make provision with respect to the replacement of any such document and as to the fee payable in prescribed circumstances in respect of any replacement; and

(g) provide for information contained in any records maintained by the Secretary of State with respect to the marking, registration or keeping of vehicles to be made public or to be made available, either without payment or on payment of the prescribed fee, to such persons as may be determined by or under the regulations.

Regulations under this section which require a person to furnish information relating to vehicles exempted from duty by virtue of section 7(2) of this Act may require him to furnish in addition such evidence of the facts giving rise to the exemption as is prescribed by the regulations.

#### Miscellaneous

Marking of engines and bodies.

- 24.—(1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make such provision as he thinks appropriate with respect to the marking of the engines and bodies of mechanically propelled vehicles.
- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1) above regulations under this section may include provision—
  - (a) as to the persons by whom and the times at which engines and bodies of vehicles are to be marked;
  - (b) as to the form of any mark and the manner and position in which it is to be made; and
  - (c) for requiring particulars of marks made in pursuance of the regulations to be furnished to the Secretary of State.

25.—(1) If the Secretary of State—

- (a) rejects an application by a motor dealer for an allocation of temporary licences or registration marks in pursuance of this Act; or
- (b) requires a motor dealer or any other person to surrender any unissued temporary licences allocated to the dealer in pursuance of this Act or cancels an allocation of registration marks made to a dealer in pursuance of this Act; or
- (c) refuses an application for a trade licence made by a motor trader or vehicle tester within the meaning of section 16 of this Act,

and the dealer, trader, tester or other person in question requests the Secretary of State within the prescribed period to review his decision, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to comply with the request and, in doing so, to consider any representations made to him in writing within the period aforesaid by the person who made the request.

(2) Such a requirement or cancellation as is mentioned in subsection (1)(b) above shall not take effect before the expiration of the period aforesaid and, where during that period a

Review of Secretary of State's decisions relating to motor traders etc. request is made in pursuance of that subsection in respect of the requirement or cancellation, shall not take effect before the Secretary of State gives notice in writing of the result of the review to the person who made the request.

For the purposes of this subsection a notice may be given to any person by delivering it to him or by leaving it at his proper address or by sending it to him by post; and for the purposes of this subsection and section 26 of the Interpretation Act 1889 in its application to this subsection the proper address 1889 c. 63. of any person shall be his latest address as known to the person giving the notice.

26.—(1) If any person forges or fraudulently alters or uses, Forgery or fraudulently lends or allows to be used by any other person— and false information.

- (a) any mark to be fixed or sign to be exhibited on a mechanically propelled vehicle in accordance with section 19 or 21 of this Act; or
- (b) any trade plates or replacements such as are mentioned in section 23(c) of this Act; or
- (c) any licence or registration document under this Act, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £200 or on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years.
  - (2) Any person who—
    - (a) in connection with an application for a licence or for the allocation of temporary licences or registration marks makes a declaration which to his knowledge is false or in any material respect misleading; or
    - (b) being required by virtue of this Act to furnish particulars relating to, or to the keeper of, any vehicle, furnishes any particulars which to his knowledge are false or in any material respect misleading,

shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £200 or on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years.

- 27.—(1) Where it is alleged that a mechanically propelled Duty to give vehicle has been used or kept in contravention of section 8, information. 16(7) or 18(4) of this Act-
  - (a) the person keeping the vehicle shall give such information as he may be required by or on behalf of a chief officer of police or the Secretary of State to give as to the identity of the person or persons concerned and, if he fails to do so, shall be guilty of an offence unless he shows to the satisfaction of the court that he did

- not know and could not with reasonable diligence have ascertained the identity of the person or persons concerned:
- (b) any other person shall, if required as aforesaid, give such information as it is in his power to give and which may lead to the identification of any of the persons concerned and, if he fails to do so, shall be guilty of an offence: and
- (c) in a case where it is alleged that the vehicle has been used at any time in contravention of the said section 8, the person who is alleged to have so used the vehicle shall, if required as aforesaid, give such information as it is in his power to give as to the identity of the person by whom the vehicle was kept at that time and, if he fails to do so, shall be guilty of an offence.
- (2) The following persons shall be treated for the purposes of subsection (1)(a) and (b) above as persons concerned, that is to say-
  - (a) in relation to an alleged offence of using a vehicle in contravention of section 8, 16(7) or 18(4) of this Act, both the driver and any person using the vehicle;
  - (b) in relation to an alleged offence of keeping the vehicle in contravention of the said section 8, the person keeping the vehicle.
- (3) A person guilty of an offence under subsection (1) of this section shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £50.

## Legal proceedings etc.

- Institution and conduct of proceedings in England and Wales.
- 28.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, summary proceedings for an offence under section 8, 11(2), 16(7), 18(4) or 26(1) or (2) of this Act or under regulations made in pursuance of this Act may be instituted in England and Wales by the Secretary of State or a constable (in this section severally referred to as "the authorised prosecutor") at any time within six months from the date on which evidence sufficient in the opinion of the authorised prosecutor to warrant the proceedings came to his knowledge; but no proceedings for any offence shall be instituted by virtue of this subsection more than three vears after the commission of the offence.
- (2) No proceedings for an offence under section 8, 16(7) or 18(4) of this Act shall be instituted in England and Wales except by the authorised prosecutor; and no proceedings for such an offence shall be so instituted by a constable except with the approval of the Secretary of State.

- (3) A certificate stating—
  - (a) the date on which such evidence as is mentioned in subsection (1) above came to the knowledge of the authorised prosecutor; or
  - (b) that the Secretary of State's approval is given for the institution by a constable of any proceedings specified in the certificate.

and signed by or on behalf of the authorised prosecutor or, as the case may be, the Secretary of State shall for the purposes of this section be conclusive evidence of the date or approval in question; and a certificate purporting to be given in pursuance of this subsection and to be signed as aforesaid shall be deemed to be so signed unless the contrary is proved.

- (4) In a magistrates' court or before the registrar of a county court any proceedings by or against the Secretary of State under this Act may be conducted on behalf of the Secretary of State by a person authorised by him for the purposes of this subsection.
- (5) Section 281 of the Customs and Excise Act 1952 (which 1952 c. 44. restricts the bringing of proceedings under that Act) and section 283(1) of that Act (which extends the time for bringing such proceedings) shall not apply to proceedings in England or Wales for offences under this Act.
- 29.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this section, summary Institution proceedings for an offence under this Act except under section and conduct 26(1) or (2) thereof may be instituted in Scotland by the of proceedings Secretary of State.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of any enactment, the Secretary of State may institute proceedings by virtue of subsection (1) above in any court of summary jurisdiction in Scotland.
- (3) Any proceedings in any court in Scotland, other than the High Court of Justiciary or the Court of Session, by or against the Secretary of State under this Act may be conducted on behalf of the Secretary of State by any person authorised by him for the purposes of this subsection.
- (4) Summary proceedings in Scotland in respect of an offence under section 8, 11(2), 16(7), 18(4) or 26(1) or (2) of this Act or under regulations made in pursuance of this Act shall not be commenced more than three years after the commission of the offence, but subject to the foregoing limitation and notwith-standing anything in section 23 of the Summary Jurisdiction 1954 c. 48. (Scotland) Act 1954 (limitation of time for proceedings in

statutory offences) any such proceedings may be commenced—

- (a) in the case of proceedings instituted by the procurator fiscal as a result of information supplied to him by the Secretary of State, at any time within six months from the date on which such information came to the knowledge of the Secretary of State;
- (b) in any other case, at any time within six months from the date on which evidence sufficient in the opinion of the person instituting the proceedings to justify proceedings came to his knowledge,

and subsection (2) of the said section 23 shall apply for the purposes of this subsection as it applies for the purposes of that section.

- (5) For the purposes of subsection (4) above a certificate signed—
  - (a) in the case of any such proceedings as are mentioned in paragraph (a) of that subsection, by or on behalf of the Secretary of State;
  - (b) in any other case, by or on behalf of the person instituting the proceedings,

and stating the date on which such information or, as the case may be, such evidence as aforesaid came to his knowledge shall be conclusive evidence of that fact; and a certificate stating that matter and purporting to be signed by or on behalf of the Secretary of State or that person shall be deemed to be so signed unless the contrary is proved.

Limitation on the bringing of proceedings for recovery of underpayments and overpayments of duty.

- 30.—(1) Where the amount of the duty which has been paid on a vehicle licence for a vehicle is less than the amount payable on the licence appropriate to that vehicle, the Secretary of State may take proceedings for the recovery of that amount at any time before the expiration of the twelve months beginning with the end of the period in respect of which the licence was taken out.
- (2) No proceedings shall be brought for enforcing any repayment of duty to which a person may be entitled in respect of any overpayment of duty made on a vehicle licence taken out by him, unless the proceedings are brought before the expiration of the twelve months beginning with the end of the period in respect of which the licence was taken out.

Admissibility of records as evidence.

- 31.—(1) A statement contained in a document purporting to be—
  - (a) a part of the records maintained by the Secretary of State in connection with any functions exercisable by the Secretary of State by virtue of this Act; or

- (b) a copy of a document forming part of those records; or
- (c) a note of any information contained in those records, and to be authenticated by a person authorised in that behalf by the Secretary of State shall be admissible in any proceedings as evidence of any fact stated therein to the same extent as oral evidence of that fact is admissible in those proceedings.
- (2) In subsection (1) above "document" and "statement" have the same meanings as in subsection (1) of section 10 of the Civil Evidence Act 1968, and the reference to a copy of a 1968 c. 64. document shall be construed in accordance with subsection (2) of that section; but nothing in this subsection shall be construed as limiting to civil proceedings the references to proceedings in subsection (1) above.
- (3) Nothing in the foregoing provisions of this section shall enable evidence to be given with respect to any matter other than a matter of the prescribed description.
- (4) In its application to Scotland this section shall have effect as if—
  - (a) in subsection (1), for the words from "as evidence" onwards there were substituted the words "as sufficient evidence of any fact stated therein, so however that nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to make such a statement evidence in any proceedings except where oral evidence to the like effect would have been admissible in those proceedings"; and
  - (b) in subsection (2), for the references to subsections (1) and (2) of section 10 of the Civil Evidence Act 1968 there were substituted references to subsections (3) and (4) respectively of section 17 of the Law Reform 1968 c. 70. (Miscellaneous Provisions) (Scotland) Act 1968.
- 32. Where in any proceedings in England and Wales for an Evidence of offence under section 8 or section 16(7) of this Act—

  admissions in certain
  - (a) it is proved to the satisfaction of the court, on oath proceedings. or in manner prescribed by rules made under section 15 of the Justices of the Peace Act 1949, that a 1949 c. 101. requirement under section 27(1)(a) or (b) of this Act to give information as to the identity of the driver of, or the person using or keeping, a particular vehicle on the particular occasion on which the offence is alleged to have been committed has been served on the accused by post; and
  - (b) a statement in writing is produced to the court purporting to be signed by the accused that the accused

was the driver of, or the person using or keeping, that vehicle on that occasion,

the court may accept the statement as evidence that the accused was the driver of, or the person using or keeping, that vehicle on that occasion.

Burden of proof in certain proceedings.

- 33. If in any proceedings under section 8, 16(7) or 26(2) of this Act any question arises—
  - (a) as to the number of mechanically propelled vehicles used, or
  - (b) as to the character, weight, horse-power or cylinder capacity of any mechanically propelled vehicle, or
  - (c) as to the number of persons for which a mechanically propelled vehicle has seating capacity, or
  - (d) as to the purpose for which any mechanically propelled vehicle has been used.

the burden of proof in respect of the matter in question shall lie on the defendant.

Fixing of amount payable under s. 9 on plea of guilty by absent accused. 1957 c. 29. 1949 c. 101. 34. Where in pursuance of section 1(2) of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1957 a person is convicted in his absence of an offence under section 8 of this Act and it is proved to the satisfaction of the court, on oath or in the manner prescribed by rules made under section 15 of the Justices of the Peace Act 1949, that there was served on the accused with the summons a notice stating that, in the event of his being convicted of the offence, it will be alleged that an order requiring him to pay an amount specified in the notice falls to be made by the court in pursuance of section 9(1) of this Act then, unless in the notification purporting to be given by or on behalf of the accused in pursuance of the said section 1(2) it is stated that the amount so specified is inappropriate, the court shall proceed in pursuance of the said section 9(1) as if that amount had been calculated as required by that subsection.

Application of fines, penalties and forfeitures.

- 35.—(1) All sums paid to the Secretary of State under section 27 of the Justices of the Peace Act 1949 in respect of fines imposed, or penalties or forfeitures recovered, under or in pursuance of this Act by or before a magistrates' court in England and Wales shall be deemed to be Exchequer moneys within the meaning of the said section 27.
- (2) All fines imposed and penalties and forfeitures recovered under or in pursuance of this Act in England and Wales otherwise than by or before a magistrates' court, and all fines imposed, and penalties and forfeitures recovered, under or in pursuance of this Act in Scotland, shall be paid into the Consolidated Fund.

(3) Section 287 of the Customs and Excise Act 1952 (which 1952 c. 44. relates to the application of penalties) shall not apply to penalties recovered under or in pursuance of this Act.

# Supplementary

- 36.—(1) Subject to subsection (2) below, for the purpose Fractions of calculating any amount due on or after 15th February 1971 of a new from or to any person under any provision of this Act any penny. fraction of a new penny in that amount shall be disregarded.
- (2) Subsection (1) above shall not apply for the purpose of calculating any amount due under any provision of section 2(4) or 16(5) of this Act relating to the duty on a vehicle licence or trade licence for a period of less than twelve months.
- 37.—(1) Regulations under this Act may be made generally Regulations. for the purpose of carrying this Act (except section 31) into effect and may—
  - (a) make different provision for different circumstances;
  - (b) provide for exemptions from any provisions of the regulations; and
  - (c) contain such incidental and supplemental provisions as the Secretary of State considers expedient for the purposes of the regulations;

and nothing in any other provision of this Act shall be construed as prejudicing the generality of the foregoing provisions of this subsection.

- (2) Regulations under this Act may contain provisions prescribing any matter which is to be prescribed under this Act, but any fee prescribed under this Act, except a fee for which provision is made by section 23(c) thereof, shall be of an amount approved by the Treasury.
- (3) Regulations under this Act except regulations under section 2(5) or 11(3) may provide that a person who contravenes or fails to comply with any specified provision of the regulations shall be guilty of an offence and a person guilty of such an offence shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of an amount not exceeding—
  - (a) in the case of regulations made under section 24 or of a contravention or failure to comply with requirements imposed in pursuance of section 23(a) of this Act, £50;
  - (b) in any other case, £20.
- (4) Any power to make regulations which is exercisable by the Secretary of State by virtue of section 11(3), 14, 15(1), 17(1), 20, 23 or 24 of this Act includes power to provide by the regulations that any document for which provision is made by

the regulations shall be in such form and contain such particulars as may be specified by a person specified in the regulations.

(5) Any power to make regulations conferred on the Secretary of State by this Act shall be exercisable by statutory instrument which, except in the case of a statutory instrument containing only regulations made under section 7(4) or (5) or 38(5) of this Act, shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.

Interpretation.

1965 c. 66.

1965 c. 67.

- 38.—(1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires-
  - "gas" means any fuel which is wholly gaseous at a temperature of 60 degrees Fahrenheit under a pressure of 30 inches of mercury;
  - "hackney carriage" means a mechanically propelled vehicle standing or plying for hire, and includes any mechanically propelled vehicle let for hire by a person whose trade it is to sell mechanically propelled vehicles or to let mechanically propelled vehicles for hire, so however that for the purposes of this definition a letting under a hire-purchase agreement (as defined in section 1 of the Hire-Purchase Act 1965 or section 1 of the Hire-Purchase (Scotland) Act 1965) shall not be treated as a letting for hire;

"licence" means a vehicle licence or a trade licence;

- "motor dealer" means a person carrying on the business of selling or supplying mechanically propelled vehicles:
- "prescribed" means prescribed by regulations made by the Secretary of State;
- "public road" means a road which is repairable at the public expense;
- "seven day licence" has the meaning assigned to it by section 2(1)(c) of this Act;
- "temporary licence" has the meaning assigned to it by section 13(1) of this Act:
- "trade licence" means a licence issued under section 16(1) of this Act: and

1969 c. 27.

- "transfer date" has the same meaning as in the Vehicle and Driving Licences Act 1969, that is to say, such date as the Secretary of State may by order appoint for the purposes of section 1(1) of that Act;
- "vehicle licence" means a licence under this Act for a mechanically propelled vehicle.

- (2) For the purposes of any provision of this Act and any subsequent enactment relating to the keeping of mechanically propelled vehicles on public roads, a person keeps such a vehicle on a public road if he causes it to be on such a road for any period, however short, when it is not in use there.
- (3) A mechanically propelled vehicle shall not be treated as an electrically propelled vehicle for the purposes of this Act unless the electrical motive power is derived either from a source external to the vehicle or from any electrical storage battery which is not connected to any source of power when the vehicle is in motion.
- (4) References in this Act to the unladen weight of any mechanically propelled vehicle shall be construed in accordance with the provisions of Schedule 6 to this Act.
- (5) The unit of horse-power or cylinder capacity for the purposes of any rate of duty under this Act shall be calculated in accordance with regulations under this Act.
- (6) References in this Act to any enactment shall be construed, unless the context otherwise requires, as references to that enactment as amended by or under any other enactment.
- 39.—(1) This Act shall have effect subject to the modifications Transitional specified in Part I of Schedule 7 thereto (being modifications provisions, required during the transition to the provisions of this Act from savings, repeals and the law in force at the passing of this Act relating to the system revocation. of vehicle licensing and registration).

- (2) The modifications of this Act so specified shall cease to have effect on such day as the Secretary of State may appoint by order made by statutory instrument which shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament; and different days may be appointed under this subsection for different modifications so specified or for different modifications so far as they apply to such cases only as may be specified in the order.
- (3) Where during the period between the passing and the commencement of this Act any provision of the Vehicle and 1969 c. 27. Driving Licences Act 1969 is brought into force and either—
  - (a) this Act or any provision thereof is by virtue of subsection (1) above and any modifications specified in Part I of Schedule 7 thereto directed to have effect as if the corresponding provision of this Act were omitted: or
  - (b) there would be at the commencement of this Act, if the power given by this subsection were not exercised,

any other inconsistency in effect between the provision of any enactment repealed by this Act and the corresponding provision of this Act,

1889 c. 63.

- the Secretary of State may, without prejudice to section 37 of the Interpretation Act 1889 (exercise of statutory powers before commencement of Acts), exercise the power given him by subsection (2) above at any time after the passing of this Act.
- (4) The other transitional provisions and savings contained in Part II of Schedule 7 to this Act shall have effect.
- (5) The enactments specified in Part I of Schedule 8 to this Act are hereby repealed to the extent specified in the third column of that Schedule; and the order specified in Part II of that Schedule is hereby revoked.
- (6) The provisions of Part II of Schedule 7 to this Act shall not be taken as prejudicing the operation of section 38 of the Interpretation Act 1889 (which relates to the effect of repeals).

Short title, commencement and extent.

- **49.**—(1) This Act may be cited as the Vehicles (Excise) Act 1971.
- (2) This Act except section 39(2) and (3) and this section shall come into force on the transfer date.
  - (3) This Act does not extend to Northern Ireland.

# SCHEDULES

#### SCHEDULE 1

Section 1.

Annual Rates of Duty on Certain Vehicles not Exceeding 8 cwt. in Weight Unladen

#### PART I

- 1. Subject to paragraph 2 below, the annual rate of duty applicable to a mechanically propelled vehicle of a description specified in the first column of Part II of this Schedule, being a vehicle which does not exceed 8 hundredweight in weight unladen, shall be the rate specified in relation to vehicles of that description in the second column of the said Part II.
- 2. Where a bicycle the cylinder capacity of whose engine exceeds 250 cubic centimetres—
  - (a) is one for which a licence was taken out before the beginning of the year 1933, and
- (b) does not exceed 224 pounds in weight unladen, it shall be treated for the purposes of this Schedule as having an engine of cylinder capacity exceeding 150, but not exceeding 250, cubic centimetres.
  - 3. In this Schedule-
    - "bicycle" includes a motor scooter, a bicycle with an attachment for propelling it by mechanical power and a bicycle to which a side-car is attached;
    - "tricycle" includes a motor scooter and a tricycle with an attachment for propelling it by mechanical power.

#### PART II

| Description of vehicle  | Rate of duty |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Bicycles and tricycles of which the cylinder   | £            |
| capacity of the engine does not exceed 150 cubic centimetres; electrically propelled bicycles: electrically propelled tricycles which   |              |
| do not exceed 165 pounds in weight unladen  | 2.50         |
| 2. Bicycles of which the cylinder capacity of the engine exceeds 150 cubic centimetres but does not exceed 250 cubic centimetres; tricycles (other than those in the foregoing paragraph) and vehicles (other than mowing machines) with more than three wheels, being tricycles and vehicles neither constructed nor adapted for use nor used for the carriage of a driver |              |
| or passenger  | 5.00         |
| B. Bicycles and tricycles not in the foregoing paragraphs   | 10.00        |

#### Section 1.

#### SCHEDULE 2

## ANNUAL RATES OF DUTY ON HACKNEY CARRIAGES

#### PART I

- 1. The annual rate of duty applicable to a hackney carriage of any description shall, subject to paragraph 3 below, be the rate specified in relation to carriages of that description in the second column of Part II of this Schedule.
- 2. For the purposes of this Schedule, the seating capacity of a vehicle shall be determined in accordance with regulations under this Act.
- 3. Where a hackney carriage is partly used for private purposes, that is to say, otherwise than for the purpose of carrying passengers for hire or reward or of being let for hire, duty shall (if apart from this paragraph it would be less) be chargeable by virtue of this Schedule at a rate equal to that which would be chargeable in respect of that hackney carriage if Schedule 5 to this Act were applicable to it instead of this Schedule.
- 4. Duty shall not be chargeable by virtue of this Schedule in respect of a vehicle chargeable with duty by virtue of Schedule 1 to this Act.

#### PART II

| Description of vehicle           | Rate of duty   |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Hackney carriages being tramcars | £<br>0·75  |
| 2. Other hackney carriages       | with an additional 50p for each person above 20 (excluding the driver) for which the vehicle has seating capacity. |

#### Section 1.

#### SCHEDULE 3

# ANNUAL RATES OF DUTY ON TRACTORS, ETC.

#### PART I

1. The annual rate of duty applicable to a mechanically propelled vehicle of a description specified in the first column of Part II of this Schedule shall, according to the unladen weight of the vehicle as set out in the second and third columns of that Table, be the initial rate specified in relation to vehicles of that description and that weight in the fourth column of that Table together with any additional rate so specified in the fifth column of that Table.

c. 10

2.—(1) In this Schedule "agricultural machine" means a locomotive ploughing engine, tractor, agricultural tractor or other agricultural engine which is not used on public roads for hauling any objects, except as follows, that is to say—

SCH. 3

- (a) for hauling its own necessary gear, threshing appliances, farming implements, a living van for the accommodation of persons employed in connection with the vehicle, or supplies of water or fuel required for the purposes of the vehicle or for agricultural purposes;
- (b) for hauling, from one part of a farm to another part of that farm, agricultural or woodland produce of, or articles required for, the farm;
- (c) for hauling, within 15 miles of a farm in the occupation of the person in whose name the vehicle is registered under this Act, agricultural or woodland produce of that farm, or agricultural or woodland produce of land occupied with that farm, or fuel required for any purpose on that farm or for domestic purposes by persons employed on that farm by the occupier of the farm;
- (d) for hauling articles required for a farm by the person in whose name the vehicle is registered as aforesaid, being either the owner or occupier of the farm or a contractor engaged to do agricultural work on the farm by the owner or occupier of the farm, or for hauling articles required by that person for land occupied by him with a farm;
- (e) for hauling, within 15 miles of a forestry estate in the occupation of the person in whose name the vehicle is registered as aforesaid, agricultural or woodland produce of that estate or fuel required for any purpose on that estate or for domestic purposes by persons employed on that estate by the occupier of the estate, or for hauling articles required for such a forestry estate by the occupier of the estate;
- (f) for hauling, within 15 miles of a farm in the occupation of the person in whose name the vehicle is registered as aforesaid, material to be spread on roads to deal with frost, ice or snow;
- (g) for hauling, for the purpose of clearing snow, a snow plough or similar contrivance.

# (2) In this paragraph—

- (a) any reference to a farm includes a market garden;
- (b) any reference to woodland produce includes the wood and other produce of trees which are not woodland trees;
- (c) any reference to articles required for a farm, forestry estate or other land includes articles which are or have been

- required for doing work on and for the purposes of the farm, forestry estate or other land, except that—
  - (i) the reference to articles required for a farm by a contractor engaged to do agricultural work on the farm shall include only articles required for the farm in connection with that work, and
  - (ii) the reference to articles required for land occupied with a farm shall include only articles required for the land in connection with the doing on the land of any agricultural or forestry work (including the getting and carrying away of any woodland produce);
- (d) any reference to the owner of a farm includes any person having any estate or interest in land comprised in the farm.
- 3. In this Schedule "digging machine" means a vehicle designed, constructed and used for the purpose of trench digging or any kind of excavating or shovelling work which—
  - (a) is used on public roads only for that purpose or for the purpose of proceeding to and from the place where it is to be used for that purpose; and
  - (b) when so proceeding, neither carries nor hauls any load than such as is necessary for its propulsion or equipment.
- 4. In this Schedule "mobile crane" means a vehicle designed and constructed as a mobile crane which—
  - (a) is used on public roads only either as a crane in connection with work being carried on on a site in the immediate vicinity or for the purpose of proceeding to and from a place where it is to be used as a crane; and
  - (b) when so proceeding neither carries nor hauls any load than such as is necessary for its propulsion or equipment.
- 5. In this Schedule "works truck" means a goods vehicle (within the meaning of Schedule 4 to this Act) designed for use in private premises and used on public roads only for carrying goods between such premises and a vehicle on a road in the immediate vicinity, or in passing from one part of any such premises to another or to other private premises in the immediate vicinity, or in connection with road works while at or in the immediate vicinity of the site of such works.
- 6. In this Schedule "haulage vehicle" means a vehicle (other than one described in any of the foregoing paragraphs) which is constructed and used on public roads for haulage solely and not for the purpose of carrying or having superimposed upon it any load except such as is necessary for its propulsion or equipment.
- 7. In this Schedule "showman's vehicle" means a vehicle registered under this Act in the name of a person following the business of a travelling showman and used solely by him for the purposes of his business and for no other purpose.

PART II

SCH. 3

|   | Weight unladen<br>of vehicle                    |   | Rate of duty  |  |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| 1.  | 2.  | 3.  | 4.  | 5.<br>Additional<br>for each ton                                 |
| Description of vehicle  | Exceeding                                       | Not<br>exceeding                                | Initial   | or part of<br>a ton in<br>excess of the<br>weight in<br>column 2 |
| 1. Agricultural machines; digging machines; mobile cranes; works trucks; mowing machines. | -   |   | £<br>5·00   | £  |
| 2. Haulage vehicles, being showmen's vehicles.  | 7½ tons<br>8 tons<br>10 tons                    | 7½ tons<br>8 tons<br>10 tons                    | 47·00<br>56·25<br>65·50<br>65·50                        | 9.50   |
| 3. Haulage vehicles, not being showmen's vehicles.  | 2 tons<br>4 tons<br>6 tons<br>7½ tons<br>8 tons | 2 tons<br>4 tons<br>6 tons<br>7½ tons<br>8 tons | 60·00<br>108·00<br>148·50<br>189·00<br>229·50<br>229·50 | 40.50  |

#### SCHEDULE 4

Section 1.

### ANNUAL RATES OF DUTY ON GOODS VEHICLES

#### PART I

- 1.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Schedule, the annual rate of duty applicable to a goods vehicle of a description specified in the first column of Table A in Part II of this Schedule shall, according to the unladen weight of the vehicle as set out in the second and third columns of that Table, be the initial rate specified in relation to vehicles of that description and that weight in the fourth column of that Table together with any additional rate so specified in the fifth column of that Table.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of this Schedule, if a goods vehicle of a description specified in the first column of Table B in Part II of this Schedule is used for drawing a trailer, the annual rate of duty applicable thereto in accordance with the foregoing sub-paragraph shall be increased by the amount specified in the fourth column of that Table in relation to vehicles of that description or, where the unladen weight of the vehicle is set out in the second and third columns of that Table, by the amount so specified in relation to vehicles of that description and weight.

- Sch. 4

  2. Where a goods vehicle is partly used for private purposes, that is to say, otherwise than for the conveyance of goods or burden for hire or reward or for or in connection with a trade or business (including the performance by a local or public authority of its functions), duty shall (if apart from this paragraph it would be less) be chargeable by virtue of this Schedule at a rate equal to that which would be chargeable in respect of that goods vehicle if Schedule 5 to this Act were applicable to it instead of this Schedule.
  - 3. Duty shall not be chargeable by virtue of this Schedule—
    - (a) in respect of a vehicle chargeable with duty by virtue of Schedule 1 to this Act;
    - (b) in respect of an agricultural machine as being a goods vehicle by reason of the fact that it is constructed or adapted for use and used for the conveyance of farming or forestry implements fitted thereto for operation while so fitted:
    - (c) in respect of a mobile crane or works truck; or
    - (d) in respect of a vehicle which, though constructed or adapted for use for the conveyance of goods or burden, is not used for the conveyance thereof for hire or reward or for or in connection with a trade or business (including the performance by a local or public authority of its functions).
  - 4. Without prejudice to paragraph 2 above a vehicle shall be treated for the purposes of this Schedule as a farmer's goods vehicle notwithstanding that it is partly used for private purposes as defined in the said paragraph 2 if, apart from that use, it would be a farmer's goods vehicle as defined in this Schedule.
  - 5.—(1) A mechanically propelled vehicle constructed or adapted for use and used for the conveyance of a machine or contrivance and no other load except articles used in connection with the machine or contrivance, not being a vehicle for which an annual rate of duty is specified in Schedule 3 to this Act, shall, notwithstanding that the machine or contrivance is built in as part thereof, be chargeable with duty at the rate which would be applicable if the machine or contrivance were burden and were not included in the unladen weight of the vehicle.
  - (2) A mobile concrete mixer which, but for its conveyance of the materials used by it in mixing concrete, would fall within the foregoing sub-paragraph, shall be chargeable with duty in accordance with that sub-paragraph and shall be so chargeable at the rate which would be applicable thereunder if so much of the weight of its built-in machine or contrivance as exceeds 30 hundredweight were burden and were not included in the unladen weight of the vehicle.
  - 6.—(1) Where a goods vehicle used for drawing a trailer has the trailer attached to it by partial superimposition, the vehicle and trailer shall, for the purpose of determining the annual rate of duty applicable to the vehicle, be treated as if they together formed a

single vehicle, and the increase of duty provided for by paragraph 1(2) above shall not be chargeable.

- Sch. 4
- (2) The increase of duty provided for by the said paragraph 1(2) shall not be chargeable by reason of the use of a goods vehicle for drawing any vehicle which, if mechanically propelled, would be exempt from duty by virtue of section 4(1)(j) or (k) of this Act.
- 7.—(1) This paragraph and paragraph 8 below apply to agricultural machines which do not draw trailers.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of this paragraph and the said paragraph 8, a vehicle to which this paragraph applies shall not be chargeable with duty by virtue of this Schedule by reason of the fact that it is constructed or adapted for use and used for the conveyance of such goods or burden as are hereinafter mentioned if they are carried in or on not more than one appliance, the appliance is fitted either to the front or to the back of the vehicle and the following conditions are satisfied:—
  - (a) the appliance must be removable;
  - (b) the area of the horizontal plane enclosed by vertical lines passing through the outside edges of the appliance must not, when the appliance is in the position in which it is carried when the vehicle is travelling and the appliance is loaded, exceed 7 square feet if it is carried at the front or 15 square feet if it is carried at the back.
- (3) The goods or burden referred to in the foregoing sub-paragraph are any goods or burden the haulage of which is permissible under paragraph 2(1)(a) to (e) of Schedule 3 to this Act.
- (4) The foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to the use of a vehicle on a public road more than 15 miles from a farm in the occupation of the person in whose name the vehicle is registered under this Act.
- (5) The foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to three-wheeled vehicles, or to any vehicle such that the distance between the centre of the area of contact with the road surface of—
  - (a) a back wheel, in a case where only one appliance is being used for the carriage of goods or burden, and is fitted to the back of the vehicle,
- (b) any wheel on one side of the vehicle, in any other case, and that of the nearest wheel on the other side is less than 4 feet.
- (6) For the purposes of this paragraph a vehicle having two wheels at the front shall, if the distance between them (measured between the centres of their respective areas of contact with the road) is less than 18 inches, be treated as a three-wheeled vehicle.
- 8.—(1) The following provisions of this paragraph shall have effect in relation to any vehicle fitted with an appliance of any description prescribed for the purposes of all or any of sub-paragraphs (2) to (4) of this paragraph by regulations under this paragraph.
- (2) The limitation in paragraph 7(2) above to one appliance shall have effect as a limitation to two appliances of which at least one

- Sch. 4 must be an appliance prescribed for the purposes of this subparagraph; but if two appliances are used they must be fitted at opposite ends of the vehicle.
  - (3) Regulations under this paragraph may provide for all or any of the following matters where an appliance prescribed for the purposes of this paragraph is being used, that is to say, that paragraph 7(2) above shall not apply unless the prescribed appliance is fitted to the prescribed end of the vehicle, or unless the use of the prescribed, or any, appliance is limited to prescribed goods or burden or to use in prescribed circumstances.
  - (4) Regulations under this paragraph may provide that paragraph 7(2)(b) above shall not have effect in relation to appliances prescribed for the purposes of this sub-paragraph, but that in relation thereto paragraph 7(4) above shall have effect with the substitution of such shorter distance as may be prescribed.
  - (5) In sub-paragraphs (2) to (4) of this paragraph references to use are references to use for the carriage of goods or burden; and regulations under this paragraph may make different provisions in relation to different descriptions of prescribed appliances.
    - 9.—(1) In this Schedule, unless the context otherwise requires—
      - "agricultural machine" has the same meaning as in Schedule 3 to this Act:
      - "farmer's goods vehicle" means a goods vehicle registered under this Act in the name of a person engaged in agriculture and used on public roads solely by him for the purpose of the conveyance of the produce of, or of articles required for the purposes of, the agricultural land which he occupies, and for no other purpose;
      - "goods vehicle" means a mechanically propelled vehicle (including a tricycle as defined in Schedule 1 to this Act and weighing more than 8 hundredweight unladen) constructed or adapted for use and used for the conveyance of goods or burden of any description, whether in the course of trade or otherwise;
      - "mobile crane" has the same meaning as in Schedule 3 to this Act;
      - "showman's goods vehicle" means a showman's vehicle which is a goods vehicle and is permanently fitted with a living van or some other special type of body or superstructure, forming part of the equipment of the show of the person in whose name the vehicle is registered under this Act;
      - "showman's vehicle" has the same meaning as in Schedule 3 to this Act;
      - "tower wagon" means a goods vehicle-
        - (a) into which there is built, as part of the vehicle, any expanding or extensible contrivance designed for facilitating the erection, inspection, repair or maintenance of overhead structures or equipment; and

SCH. 4

(b) which is neither constructed nor adapted for use nor used for the conveyance of any load, except such a contrivance and articles used in connection therewith;

"works truck" has the same meaning as in Schedule 3 to this Act.

- (2) In this Schedule "trailer" does not include—
  - (a) an appliance constructed and used solely for the purpose of distributing on the road loose gritting material;
  - (b) a snow plough;
  - (c) a road construction vehicle as defined in section 4(2) of this Act:
  - (d) a farming implement not constructed or adapted for the conveyance of goods or burden of any description, when drawn by a farmer's goods vehicle;
  - (e) a trailer used solely for the carriage of a container for holding gas for the propulsion of the vehicle by which it is drawn, or plant and materials for producing such gas.

PART II

TABLES SHOWING ANNUAL RATES OF DUTY ON GOODS VEHICLES
TABLE A
GENERAL RATES OF DUTY

| -                            | Weight unladen<br>of vehicle  |   | Rate of duty   |   |
|------------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| 1.  Description of vehicle   | 2. Exceeding  | 3. Not exceeding  | 4.<br>Initial  | 5. Additional for each \$\frac{1}{4}\$ ton or part of a \$\frac{1}{4}\$ ton in excess of the weight in column 2 |
| 1. Farmers' goods vehicles.  | 12 cwt. 16 cwt. 1 ton 1½ tons 2½ tons 4½ tons 5½ tons 8½ tons       | 12 cwt. 16 cwt. 1 ton 1½ tons 2½ tons 4½ tons 5½ tons 8½ tons       | £<br>17·50<br>19·25<br>21·00<br>22·75<br>22·75<br>32·75<br>50·25<br>56·25<br>70·00 | £   |
| 2. Showmen's goods vehicles. | 12 cwt.<br>16 cwt.<br>1 ton<br>3 tons<br>4 tons<br>5 tons<br>6 tons | 12 cwt.<br>16 cwt.<br>1 ton<br>3 tons<br>4 tons<br>5 tons<br>6 tons | 17·50<br>19·25<br>21·00<br>21·00<br>37·00<br>46·00<br>54·00<br>61·00               | 2·00<br>2·25<br>2·00<br>1·75<br>2·00  |

Scn. 4

|  | Weight unladen<br>of vehicle                               |  | Rate of duty  |   |
|--|--|--|---|---|
| 1.  Description of vehicle   | 2. Exceeding   | 3. Not exceeding   | 4.<br>Initial   | 5. Additional for each \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ton or part of a \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ton in excess of the weight in column 2 |
| 3. Electrically propelled goods vehicles (other than farmers' goods vehicles or showmen's goods vehicles); tower wagons. | 12 cwt.<br>16 cwt.<br>1 ton<br>6 tons<br>7 tons<br>8½ tons | 12 cwt.<br>16 cwt.<br>1 ton<br>6 tons<br>7 tons<br>8½ tons | £ 24.00 26.25 29.50 29.50 89.50 99.50 113.25                          | £<br><br>3.00<br>2.50<br>2.75<br>3.00   |
| 4. Goods vehicles not included in any of the foregoing provisions of this Part of this Schedule.                         | 12 cwt. 16 cwt. 1 ton 1½ tons 2 tons 3 tons 4 tons         | 12 cwt. 16 cwt. 1 ton 1½ tons 2 tons 3 tons 4 tons         | 24·00<br>30·00<br>36·50<br>36·50<br>49·50<br>63·00<br>93·00<br>135·00 | 6·50<br>6·75<br>7·50<br>10·50<br>13·50  |

 $\label{eq:Table B} \textbf{Rates of duty on goods vehicles used for drawing trailers}$ 

|   | Weight unladen<br>of vehicle |                              |                                  |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Description of vehicle   | 2.<br>Exceeding              | 3.<br>Not<br>exceeding       | 4.<br>Rate of<br>duty            |
| 1. Showmen's goods vehicles   |                              |                              | £<br>17·50                       |
| 2. Electrically propelled goods vehicles (other than farmers' goods vehicles and showmen's goods vehicles); tower wagons. | 1½ tons<br>3 tons            | 1½ tons<br>3 tons            | 14·00<br>24·00<br>27·00          |
| 3. Other goods vehicles   | 1½ tons<br>2½ tons<br>4 tons | 1½ tons<br>2½ tons<br>4 tons | 14·00<br>24·00<br>40·00<br>54·00 |

#### SCHEDULE 5

Section 1.

# Annual Rates of Duty on Vehicles not Falling Within Schedules 1 to 4 to this Act

#### PART I

The annual rate of duty applicable to a mechanically propelled vehicle of a description specified in the first column of Part II of this Schedule, being a vehicle in respect of which an annual rate is not specified in the foregoing Schedules to this Act, shall be the rate specified in relation to vehicles of that description in the second column of the said Part II.

#### PART II

| Description of vehicle  | Rate of duty |
|---|--------------|
| 1. Electrically propelled vehicles; vehicles not exceeding 7 horse-power, if registered under the Roads Act 1920 for the first time before 1st January 1947 | £<br>18·00   |
| 2. Vehicles not included above  | 25.00        |

#### SCHEDULE 6

Section 38.

# PROVISIONS AS TO THE COMPUTATION OF THE UNLADEN WEIGHT OF VEHICLES

- 1. Subject to the provisions of this Schedule, the unladen weight of any mechanically propelled vehicle shall, for the purposes of this Act, be taken to be the weight of the vehicle inclusive of the body and all parts (the heavier being taken where alternative bodies or parts are used) which are necessary to or ordinarily used with the vehicle when working on a road but exclusive of the weight of water, fuel or accumulators used for the purpose of the supply of power for the propulsion of the vehicle, and of loose tools and loose equipment.
- 2.—(1) This paragraph applies to any vehicle having a body constructed or adapted for the purpose of being lifted on or off the vehicle with goods or burden contained therein which is from time to time actually used for that purpose in the ordinary course of business.
- (2) The unladen weight of a vehicle to which this paragraph applies shall for the purposes of this Act be taken exclusive of the weight of any such body and, where alternative bodies are used, any such body shall be disregarded for the purposes of this Schedule.
- (3) If any question arises whether a body is from time to time actually used for the purpose mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) above

- Sch. 6 in the ordinary course of business, the body shall be deemed not to be so used until the contrary is shown.
  - 3.—(1) In computing for the purposes of Schedule 4 to this Act the unladen weight of a goods vehicle, there shall be included the weight of any receptacle, being an additional body, placed on the vehicle for the purpose of the carriage of goods or burden of any description, if any goods or burden are loaded into, carried in and unloaded from the receptacle without the receptacle being removed from the vehicle:

Provided that the weight of a receptacle shall not be included in the unladen weight of a goods vehicle by virtue of this sub-paragraph—

- (a) unless the receptacle is placed on the vehicle by or on behalf
  of the person in whose name the vehicle is registered under
  this Act; or
- (b) if the receptacle is constructed or adapted for the purpose of being lifted on or off the vehicle with goods or burden contained therein and is from time to time actually used for that purpose in the ordinary course of business; or
- (c) if the receptacle is specially constructed or specially adapted for carrying livestock and is used solely for that purpose.
- (2) If any question arises whether any receptacle is from time to time actually used for the purpose mentioned in paragraph (b) of the proviso to sub-paragraph (1) above in the ordinary course of business, the receptacle shall be deemed not to be so used until the contrary is shown.
- (3) For the purposes of paragraph (c) of the said proviso a receptacle shall not be deemed to be used otherwise than solely for carrying livestock by reason that, on a journey the main purpose of which is the carrying of livestock or on the way to the loading point or while returning from the discharging point on such a journey, the vehicle is used for carrying agricultural produce or agricultural requisites.
- 4. For the purposes of Schedules 3 and 4 to this Act the unladen weight of a mechanically propelled vehicle shall not be taken to include the weight of a contrivance attached thereto, being a contrivance designed or adapted for the purpose of enabling the vehicle to tow or be towed:

Provided that in computing the unladen weight of a vehicle there shall not, by virtue of this paragraph, be excluded the weight of a contrivance attached to the rear of a vehicle chargeable with duty by virtue of Schedule 3 to this Act or of a vehicle which is chargeable with duty by virtue of Schedule 4 to this Act and is used for drawing a trailer, or, in any event an amount exceeding—

- (a) where a contrivance, the weight of which falls to be excluded, is attached to one end only of the vehicle, one hundredweight;
- (b) where such a contrivance is attached to each end of the vehicle, two hundredweight.

- 5. In computing for the purposes of Schedule 4 to this Act the unladen weight of a goods vehicle which carries a container for holding gas for the propulsion of the vehicle, or plant for producing such gas, the unladen weight of the vehicle shall be reduced—
  - (a) where the unladen weight exceeds twelve hundredweight but does not exceed three tons, by half a ton;
  - (b) where the unladen weight exceeds three tons but does not exceed six tons, by three quarters of a ton;
  - (c) where the unladen weight exceeds six tons, by one ton.

#### SCHEDULE 7

Section 39.

#### TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

#### PART I

MODIFICATIONS OF THIS ACT RELATING TO THE SYSTEM OF VEHICLE LICENSING AND REGISTRATION ETC.

Excise duty on, and licensing of, mechanically propelled vehicles

- 1. Section 2(1) shall have effect as if—
  - (a) there were inserted at the beginning the words "Subject to the provisions of section 2A of this Act";
  - (b) in paragraph (a) and in paragraph (b) there were added at the end the words "running from the beginning of the month in which the licence first has effect":
  - (c) there were inserted after paragraph (a) the following paragraph—
    - "(aa) in the case of any vehicle, for one calendar vear:":
  - (d) the words following paragraph (c) were omitted.
- 2. Section 2 shall have effect as if subsections (2) and (3) were omitted.
  - 3. Section 2(4) shall have effect as if—
    - (a) there were inserted at the beginning the words "Subject to the provisions of section 2A of this Act";
    - (b) in paragraph (a) for the words "a period of twelve months" there were substituted the words "one calendar year or any other period of twelve months".
- 4. Section 2 shall have effect as if subsections (5) and (6) were omitted.
  - 5. After section 2 there shall be inserted the following section—
- "2A.—(1) Subject to the following provisions of this section, Power to the Secretary of State may by order provide that vehicle licences modify duration (other than licences for one calendar year) may be taken out for such of licences and rates of periods as may be specified in the order, being—

  "2A.—(1) Subject to the following provisions of this section, Power to the Secretary of State may be received by order provide that vehicle licences modify duration of licences and rates of duty.
  - (a) periods of a fixed number of months (not exceeding fifteen) running from the beginning of the month in which the licence first has effect; or

Scн. 6

SCH. 7

- (b) in the case of vehicles of such description, or of such description and used in such circumstances, as may be so specified, periods of less than a month.
- (2) A licence for any period specified in an order under this section shall be taken out on payment of duty at such rate as may be so specified:

#### Provided that-

- (a) the rate of duty on any licence taken out for a vehicle for a period other than one of twelve months shall be such as to bear to the annual rate of duty applicable to that vehicle no less proportion than the period for which the licence is taken out bears to a year; and
- (b) the rate of duty on any licence taken out for a vehicle for a period of three months or for a period of four months shall not exceed for each month of the period ten per cent. of the annual rate of duty applicable to the vehicle.
- (3) Any order made by the Secretary of State under this section may be made so as to apply only to vehicles of specified descriptions and may make different provision for vehicles of different descriptions or for different circumstances.
- (4) The power to make orders under this section shall be exercisable by statutory instrument and shall include power to vary or revoke any such order and to amend or repeal the following provisions of section 2 of this Act, that is to say, in subsection (1), paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) and, in subsection (4), paragraphs (b) and (c) and so much of the remainder of the subsection as relates to those two paragraphs.".

Liability to pay duty and consequences of non-payment thereof

- 6. Section 8 shall have effect as if subsection (2) were omitted.
- 7. Section 9 shall have effect as if—
  - (a) in subsection (2) for the words "one-three-hundred and sixty-fifth" there were substituted the words "one twelfth", for the words "day in the relevant period" there were substituted the words "calendar month or part of a calendar month in the relevant period" and, in the proviso, for the words "day following that on which" there were substituted the words "calendar month immediately following that in which":
  - (b) in subsection (3)—
    - (i) in paragraph (a), for the word "day" there were substituted the words "month or part of a month";
    - (ii) in paragraph (b), for the word "day" there were substituted the words "month or part", and the words from "and that he was exempt" to "day" were omitted;
    - (iii) in paragraphs (c) and (d) and in the words following paragraph (d), for the word "day" there were in each case substituted the words "month or part";

- (c) in subsection (4), for the words "In relation to any day" there were substituted the words "In relation to any month or part of a month", for the words "on that day" there were substituted the words "at the beginning of that month or part" and for the words "such day" there shall be substituted the words "such month or part".
- 8. Sections 10 and 11 shall be omitted.

Issue, exhibition, exchange, surrender, etc. of licences

- 9. Section 12 shall have effect as if subsection (5) were omitted.
- 10. Section 13 shall be omitted.
- 11. Sections 14 and 15 shall be omitted.
- 12. Section 16 shall have effect as if for subsections (4) and (5) there were substituted the following subsections—
  - "(4) A trade licence may be taken out either for one calendar year or, except in the case of a licence which is to be used only for vehicles to which Schedule 1 to this Act relates, for a period of three months beginning with the first day of January, of April, of July or of October.
  - (5) The rate of duty applicable to a trade licence taken out for a calendar year shall be £15 or, if the licence is to be used only for vehicles to which Schedule 1 to this Act relates, £2.50; and the rate of duty applicable to a licence taken out for a period of three months shall be eleven fortieths of the rate applicable to the corresponding trade licence taken out for a calendar year, any fraction of 5p being treated as 5p if it exceeds 2.5p but otherwise being disregarded."
- 13. Section 17 shall have effect as if there were substituted for subsections (1) and (2) the following subsections—
  - "(1) The holder of a licence (other than a licence for a tramcar) may at any time surrender the licence to the Secretary of State.
  - (2) Where a licence is surrendered to the Secretary of State under subsection (1) above, the holder shall be entitled to be repaid by the Secretary of State by way of rebate of duty paid for the licence the following amount in respect of each complete month of the period of the currency of the licence which is unexpired at the date of the surrender, that is to say—
    - (a) in the case of a trade licence taken out for a period of three months only, an amount equal to one third of the duty charged on that licence;
    - (b) in the case of a licence of any other class, an amount equal to one twelfth of the annual rate of duty chargeable on the licence."
- 14. Until the date appointed for the cesser of paragraph 10 above section 17 shall have effect as if subsection (3) were omitted.

- 15. On and after the said date section 17(3) shall have effect until **SCH. 7** the date appointed for the cesser of paragraph 13 above as if paragraph (b) were omitted together with the words from "or, if the Secretary of State so directs" to "application" in the second place where it occurs.
  - 16. Section 17 shall have effect as if subsection (4) were omitted.
  - 17. Section 18(3) shall have effect as if for the words "number of days" there were substituted in each place where they occur the words "number of months" and for the words from "that period being treated" to the end there were substituted the words "any incomplete month being treated as a whole month".

## Registration and registration marks, etc.

- 18. Section 19(1) shall have effect as if paragraph (b) together with the preceding "or" and the words "except where the Secretary of State registers the vehicle on receiving the said particulars" were omitted.
  - 19. Section 20 shall be omitted.
  - 20. For section 23 there shall be substituted the following—

"23.—(1) Regulations under this Act may—

(a) make provision with respect to the registration of

mechanically propelled vehicles;

(b) require the Secretary of State to make the prescribed returns with respect to mechanically propelled vehicles registered with him, and provide for making any particulars contained in the register available for use by the prescribed persons on payment, in the prescribed cases, of the prescribed fee;

(c) require any person to whom any mechanically propelled vehicle is sold or disposed of to furnish the prescribed

particulars in the prescribed manner;

(d) provide for the issue of registration books in respect of the registration of any mechanically propelled vehicle, and for the surrender and production, and the inspection by the prescribed persons, of any books so issued;

(e) provide for the issue of new registration books in the place of any such books which may be lost or destroyed, and for the fee to be paid on the issue of

a new registration book; and

- (f) prescribe the size, shape and character of the registration marks or the signs to be fixed on any vehicle and the manner in which those marks or signs are to be displayed and rendered easily distinguishable, whether by night or by day.
- (2) Regulations under this Act may-

(a) prescribe the form of, and the particulars to be included

in, the register of trade licences;

(b) make provision for assigning general registration marks to persons holding trade licences and, without prejudice to the foregoing, prescribe the registration marks to

be carried by vehicles the use of which is authorised by virtue of such licences; and

- (c) make provision for the issue of trade plates to holders of trade licences and for the charging of a fee for the replacement of such plates by reason of damage to them
- (3) Regulations under this Act may—

or of their loss or destruction.

- (a) extend any of the provisions as to registration, and provisions incidental to any such provisions, to any mechanically propelled vehicles in respect of which duty is not chargeable under this Act (including vehicles belonging to the Crown); and
- (b) provide for the identification of any such vehicles.
- (4) Regulations under subsection (3) above which require a person to furnish information relating to vehicles exempted from duty by virtue of section 7(2) of this Act may require him to furnish in addition such evidence of the facts giving rise to the exemption as is prescribed by the regulations.

#### Miscellaneous

- 21. Section 24 shall be omitted.
- 22. Section 25 shall have effect as if-
  - (a) in subsection (1), paragraph (a) together with the last reference in that subsection to a motor dealer so far as it relates to that paragraph were omitted;
  - (b) in subsection (1), paragraph (b) together with the last reference in that subsection to a motor dealer so far as it relates to that paragraph and the reference therein to any other person in question and subsection (2) were omitted.
- 23. Section 26 shall have effect as if in subsection (1) there were substituted for the reference to section 23(c) of this Act a reference to section 23(2)(c) thereof; and as if in subsection (2) there were omitted therefrom the words "or for the allocation of temporary licences or registration marks".

### Supplementary

- 24. For section 37(3) there shall be substituted the following subsection—
  - "(3) Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any regulations under this Act except regulations under section 2(5), 11(3), 14, 20 or 24 thereof shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £20; and regulations under the said section 14, 20 or 24 may provide that a person who contravenes or fails to comply with any specified provision of the regulations shall be guilty of an offence and a person guilty of such an offence shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of an amount not exceeding—
  - (a) in the case of an offence under regulations made under section 24, £50;
  - (b) in the case of an offence under regulations made under section 14 or 20, £20.".

c. 10

#### PART II

#### OTHER TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS AND SAVINGS

1. In so far as any regulation, order, licence or other instrument made or issued, or having effect as if made or issued, under any enactment repealed by this Act or any other thing done or deemed to have been done under any such enactment, could have been made, issued or done under a corresponding provision of this Act it shall not be invalidated by the repeals effected by section 39(5) of this Act, but shall have effect as if made, issued or done under that corresponding provision.

Provided that this paragraph shall not be construed as saving the order specified in Part II of Schedule 8 to this Act.

- 2. Without prejudice to paragraph 1 above, any provision of this Act relating to anything done or required or authorised to be done under, or by reference to, that provision, this Act or any other provision of this Act shall have effect as if any reference to that provision, to this Act or to that other provision, as the case may be, included a reference to the corresponding provision of the enactments repealed by this Act or to the Act containing the corresponding provision so repealed.
- 3. No licence or other instrument issued or made or having effect as if issued or made by a local authority under any enactment repealed by this Act and nothing done or deemed to have been done by or in relation to a local authority under any such enactment shall be prevented from being treated for the purposes of the foregoing paragraphs as a licence or other instrument or other thing which could have been issued, made or done under a corresponding provision of this Act by reason only that it could have been issued, made or done under that corresponding provision by or in relation to the Secretary of State and not by or in relation to a local authority.

In this paragraph "local authority" has the same meaning as it has in the Vehicle and Driving Licences Act 1969.

4. No licence issued under this Act and in force when any of the following modifications of this Act contained in Part I of this Schedule ceases to have effect under section 39(2) of this Act shall be affected by reason of any such modification so ceasing to have effect; nor shall any right to be repaid by way of rebate of duty any such amount as is referred to in section 17(2) accruing on a surrender of a licence before the modification contained in paragraph 13 of the said Part I ceases to have effect under the said section 39(2) be affected by reason of that modification so ceasing to have effect.

The modifications of this Act referred to above are those contained in paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 5, 12 and 17 of the said Part I.

- 5. Nothing in this Act shall affect the enactments repealed thereby in their operation in relation to offences committed before the commencement of this Act.
- 6. In relation to a vehicle for which a licence was issued before and is in force after the commencement of this Act, or the last licence was issued between the commencement of the Vehicles

1969 c. 27.

1949 c. 89.

(Excise) Act 1949 and the commencement of this Act, section 1(3) of this Act shall have effect as if for the reference in paragraph (a) to the same Schedule to this Act there were substituted a reference to the Schedule to this Act corresponding to the enactment under which duty was chargeable for the licence.

Sch. 7

- 7. In relation to a vehicle exempted from duty under the Vehicles 1962 c. 13. (Excise) Act 1962 by virtue of section 6(2A) or (2B) thereof to which the provisions of section 6(3) of this Act apply, the reference in the said section 6(3) to the vehicle being deemed never to have been exempted from duty under subsection (1) or (2) of that section shall include a reference to the vehicle being deemed never to have been exempted from duty under the said section 6(2A) or (2B).
- 8. In relation to a vehicle for which a licence was taken out before and is in force at the commencement of this Act, section 18 of this Act shall have effect as if—
  - (a) any reference to any rate of duty or amount payable under this Act included a reference to a rate of duty or an amount payable under the Vehicles (Excise) Act 1962;
  - (b) for any reference to duty paid in respect of a vehicle at a rate applicable under Schedule 4 to this Act, there were substituted a reference to duty paid at a rate applicable under Schedule 4 to the said Act of 1962.
- 9. For the purposes of section 22 of this Act a person shall be treated as having been previously convicted of an offence under that section if he has been convicted of an offence under the corresponding enactment in the Vehicles (Excise) Act 1949 or the Vehicles (Excise) 1949 c. 89. Act 1962.
- 10. Where in pursuance of section 12(7) of the Vehicles (Excise) Act 1962 (which relates to appeals to the Secretary of State from refusals of local authorities to issue trade licences) an appeal is pending at the transfer date, the making of the appeal shall be treated as a request in pursuance of subsection (1) of section 25 of this Act in respect of such a refusal as is mentioned in paragraph (c) of that subsection.
- 11. Any enactment passed before the commencement of this Act referring, whether specifically or by means of a general description, to an enactment repealed by this Act shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as referring to the corresponding provision of this Act, and any document made or issued (whether before or after the commencement of this Act) referring, whether specifically or by means of a general description, to an enactment repealed by this Act shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be similarly construed.
- 12. Nothing in this Act shall require any charge or fee to be paid which would not have been payable if this Act had not been passed.
- 13. Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this Schedule to enactments repealed by this Act include references to the order revoked by this Act.

Section 39(5).

# SCHEDULE 8 REPEALS AND REVOCATION Part I

# ENACTMENTS REPEALED

| Session and<br>Chapter                         | Short Title   | Extent of Repeal  |
|--|---|---|
| 10 & 11 Eliz. 2.<br>c. 13.<br>10 & 11 Eliz. 2. | The Vehicles (Excise) Act<br>1962.<br>The Finance Act 1962. | The whole Act except section 25(1) and Schedule 7. Section 5.   |
| c. 44.<br>1964 c. 49.                          | The Finance Act 1964.                                       | Section 11.   |
| 1965 c. 25.                                    | The Finance Act 1965.                                       | Section 5 so far as unrepealed,<br>sections 6 and 7 and Schedule<br>5 Pt. V.  |
| 1965 c. 66.                                    | The Hire-Purchase Act 1965.                                 | In Schedule 5, the amendment of the Vehicles (Excise) Act 1962.   |
| 1965 c. 67.                                    | The Hire-Purchase (Scotland) Act 1965.                      | In Schedule 5, the amendment of the Vehicles (Excise) Act 1962.   |
| 1966 c. 18.                                    | The Finance Act 1966.                                       | Section 8.  |
| 1967 c. 30.                                    | The Road Safety Act   | Section 27.   |
| 1967 c. 54.                                    | The Finance Act 1967.                                       | Sections 11 and 12.   |
| 1967 c. 70.                                    | The Road Traffic (Amendment) Act 1967.                      | Section 4(4).   |
| 1968 c. 44.                                    | The Finance Act 1968.                                       | Sections 8 and 9 and Schedule 7.  |
| 1968 c. 73.                                    | The Transport Act 1968.                                     | Section 147.  |
| 1969 c. 27.                                    | The Vehicle and Driving Licences Act 1969.                  | Sections 4 to 12. Section 17. Section 19. In section 20, subsections (1) to (4) and in subsection (5) the words from the beginning to "to the vehicle;". Section 21. In section 23, paragraphs (d), (e) and (f) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) so far as it amends the Vehicles (Excise) Act 1962. Section 24. In section 25, subsections (1) to (5), in subsection (6) the words "this Act, the Act of 1962 or "and subsection (7). In section 26, subsections (1) and (2), in subsection (3) the words "by or and "this Act, the Act of 1962 or and subsections (4) to (8). |

Session and Chapter Short Title Extent of Repeal 1969 c. 27---The Vehicle and Driving Section 27 in so far as it relates Licences Act 1969—cont. to records maintained in connection with functions conferred on local authorities by the Vehicles (Excise) Act 1962 transferred to Secretary of State by order under section 1 of the Vehicle and Driving Licences Act 1969 or with any functions exercisable by the Secretary of State by virtue of the said Act of 1969 except sections 1 to 3 thereof. Section 28. In section 29, subsections (1) and (2). Section 30. Section 32 except so far as it relates to offences against section 22 of that Act. In section 33 the definitions of dealer ", " motor " public licence", licence", road ", " trade " seven day " temporary licence " "vehicle licence" In section 34, in subsection (2) the words "or the Act of 1962" and subsection (5). In section 35, the words " section 21(2) or ". Section 36(2). In Schedule 1, paragraphs 4 to 8, 11 and 13 to 18. Section 6 and Schedule 12. 1969 c. 32. The Finance Act 1969. 1970 c. 24. The Finance Act 1970. Section 9.

#### PART II

## ORDER REVOKED

The Road Vehicles (Duration of Licences) Order 1968 (S.I. 1968/439).

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