



Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979

1979 CHAPTER 4

PART I

PRELIMINARY

1 The alcoholic liquors dutiable under this Act.

- (1) Subsections (2) to (8) below define for the purposes of this Act the alcoholic liquors which are subject to excise duty under this Act, that is to say—
- (a) spirits,
 - (b) beer,
 - (c) wine,
 - (d) made-wine, and
 - (e) cider;
- and in this Act “dutiable alcoholic liquor” means any of those liquors and “duty” means excise duty.
- (2) “Spirits” means, subject to [F¹subsections (7) to (9)] below, spirits of any description and includes all liquors mixed with spirits and all mixtures, compounds or preparations made with spirits but does not include methylated spirits.
- (3) “Beer” includes ale, porter, stout and any other description of beer, and any liquor which is made or sold as a description of beer or as a substitute for beer and which on analysis of a sample . . . F² is found to be of a strength exceeding [F³1·2 per cent.], but does not include—
- (a) black beer the worts whereof before fermentation were of a specific gravity of 1200° or more; or
 - (b) liquor made elsewhere than upon the licensed premises of a brewer for sale which on analysis of a sample [F⁴is found to be] of a strength not exceeding [F³1·2 per cent.]
- (4) “Wine” means any liquor obtained from the alcoholic fermentation of fresh grapes or of the must of fresh grapes, whether or not the liquor is fortified with spirits or flavoured with aromatic extracts.

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- (5) “Made-wine” means [^{F5}subject to subsection (10) below] any liquor obtained from the alcoholic fermentation of any substance or by mixing a liquor so obtained or derived from a liquor so obtained with any other liquor or substance but does not include wine, beer, black beer, spirits or cider.
- (6) “Cider” means cider (or perry) of a strength [^{F6}less than 8.5 per cent.] . . . ^{F7} obtained from the fermentation of apple or pear juice without the addition at any time of any alcoholic liquor or of any liquor or substance which communicates colour or flavour other than such as the Commissioners may allow as appearing to them to be necessary to make cider (or perry).
- (7) Angostura bitters, that is to say, the aromatic flavouring essence commonly known as angostura bitters, shall be deemed not to be spirits, but this subsection does not apply for the purposes of sections 2, 5, 6 and 27 to 30 below.
- (8) Methyl alcohol, notwithstanding that it is so purified or prepared as to be drinkable, shall not be deemed to be spirits nor shall naphtha or any mixture or preparation containing naphtha or methyl alcohol and not containing spirits as defined in subsection (2) above.
- [^{F8}(9) Any beverage of an alcoholic strength exceeding 1.2 per cent. but not exceeding 5.5 per cent. which is made with spirits and is not of a description specified in an order made by the Treasury by statutory instrument shall be deemed not to be spirits.
- (10) The Treasury may by order made by statutory instrument provide that any beverage of an alcoholic strength exceeding 1.2 per cent. but not exceeding 5.5 per cent. which is made with beer or cider and is of a description specified in the order shall be deemed to be beer or, as the case may be, cider, and not to be made-wine.]

Textual Amendments

- F1** Words substituted by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39, SIF 40:1), s. 1(5), **Sch. 1 Part II para. 1(1)**
- F2** Words repealed by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39, SIF 40:1), ss. 1(5), 148, Sch. 1 part II para. 1(2)(a), **Sch. 14 Part I** Note 1
- F3** Words substituted by S.I. 1979/241, **art. 5(a)**
- F4** Words substituted by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39, SIF 40:1), s. 1(5), **Sch. 1 Part II para. 1(2)(b)**
- F5** Words inserted by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39, SIF 40:1), s. 1(5), **Sch. 1 Part II para. 1(3)**
- F6** Words substituted by Finance Act 1984 (c. 43, SIF 40:1), **s. 1(5)(6)**
- F7** Words repealed by S.I. 1979/241, **art. 5(b)**
- F8** S. 1(9)(10) inserted by Finance Act 1988 (c. 39, SIF 40:1), s. 1(5), **Sch. 1 Part II para. 1(4)**

[^{F9}2] Ascertainment of strength volume and weight of alcoholic liquors.

- (1) Subject to subsections (5) and (6) below, this section applies to spirits, methylated spirits and any fermented liquor other than wash, and “liquor” shall be construed accordingly.
- (2) For all purposes of this Act—
- except where some other measure of quantity is specified, any computation of the quantity of any liquor or of the alcohol contained in any liquor shall be made in terms of the volume of the liquor or alcohol, as the case may be;
 - any computation of the volume of any liquor or of the alcohol contained in any liquor shall be made in litres as at 20_C; and

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- (c) the alcoholic strength of any liquor is the ratio of the volume of the alcohol contained in the liquor to the volume of the liquor (inclusive of the alcohol contained in it);

and in this Act, unless the context otherwise requires—

“alcohol” means ethyl alcohol; and

“strength” in relation to any liquor, means its alcoholic strength computed in accordance with this section, the ratio referred to in paragraph (c) above being expressed as a percentage.

- (3) The Commissioners may make regulations prescribing the means to be used for ascertaining for any purpose the strength, weight or volume of any liquor, and any such regulations may provide that in computing for any purpose the strength of any liquor any substance contained therein which is not alcohol or distilled water may be treated as if it were.

[Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (3) above, regulations under that ^{F10}(3A) subsection may provide that for the purpose of charging duty on any spirits, wine or made-wine contained in any bottle or other container, the strength, weight or volume of the spirits, wine or made-wine may be ascertained by reference to any information given on the bottle or other container by means of a label or otherwise or to any documents relating to the bottle or other container.]

- (4) Different regulations may be made under subsection (3) above for different purposes.
- (5) Nothing in this section shall prevent the strength, weight or volume of wine, made-wine or cider from being computed for the purpose of charging duty thereon by methods other than that provided in this section.
- (6) Except for the purpose of determining whether liquor is or is not beer (within the meaning of this Act), nothing in this section applies for purposes of the charge of duty on beer.
- (7) Except as provided in subsection (8) below, where the quantity of alcohol contained in any spirits or in any methylated spirits falls to be computed in accordance with this section on or after 1st January 1980 and the quantity of those spirits or methylated spirits was last computed in accordance with this section before that date the following conversion factor shall be applied in making the first-mentioned computation, that is to say, one gallon of spirits at proof shall be taken to be equivalent to 2.595 litres of alcohol.
- (8) The Commissioners may, if they think fit in any particular case, require the quantity of alcohol contained in any spirits or methylated spirits falling within subsection (7) above to be computed in accordance with this section without applying the conversion factor specified in that subsection.]

Textual Amendments

F9 S. 2 substituted by S.I. 1979/241, art. 6

F10 S. 2(3A) inserted by Finance Act 1981 (c. 35, SIF 40:1), Sch. 8 Pt. II para. 10

3 Meaning of and method of ascertaining gravity of liquids.

- (1) For the purposes of the Customs and Excise Acts 1979—

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- (a) “gravity”, in relation to any liquid, means the ratio of the weight of a volume of the liquid to the weight of an equal volume of distilled water, the volume of each liquid being computed as at ^{F11}20_C];
 - (b) where the gravity of any liquid is expressed as a number of degrees that number shall be the said ratio multiplied by 1,000; and
 - (c) “original gravity”, in relation to any liquid in which fermentation has taken place, means its gravity before fermentation.
- (2) The gravity of any liquid at any time shall be ascertained by such means as the Commissioners may approve, and the gravity so ascertained shall be deemed to be the true gravity of the liquid.
 - (3) Subject to subsection (5) below, where for any purposes of the Customs and Excise Acts 1979 it is necessary to ascertain the original gravity of worts in which fermentation has commenced or of any liquid produced from such worts, that gravity shall be determined in such manner as the Commissioners may by regulations prescribe.
 - (4) Different regulations may be made under subsection (3) above in relation to different liquids.
 - (5) Where the original gravity of any worts has been determined in accordance with regulations made under subsection (3) above for the purpose of charging duty under section 38 below by reference to the quantity and original gravity of worts produced, a deduction of $\frac{3}{4}$ shall be allowed from the original gravity so determined, so however as not to reduce the original gravity by reference to which the duty is charged below the gravity of the worts as ascertained by the ^{F12}brewer in accordance with subsection (2) above and recorded by him in pursuance of regulations made under section 49 below.]

Textual Amendments

F11 Words substituted by [S.I. 1979/241, art. 7](#)

F12 Words substituted by [Finance Act 1989 \(c. 26, SIF 40:1\), s. 3\(1\)\(2\)](#)

4 Interpretation.

- (1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—
 - ^{F13}“alcohol” has the meaning given by section 2 above;]
 - “authorised methylator” means a person authorised to methylate spirits under section 75(1) below;
 - “beer” has the meaning given by section 1 above;
 - “black beer” means beer of the description called or similar to black beer, mum, spruce beer or Berlin white beer, and any other preparation (whether fermented or not) of a similar character;
 - “brewer” and “brewer for sale” have the meanings given by section 47 below;
 - “British compounded spirits” means spirits which have, in the United Kingdom, had any flavour communicated thereto or ingredient or material mixed therewith, not being methylated spirits;
 - “case”, in relation to dutiable alcoholic liquor, means 1 dozen units each consisting of a container holding not less than ^{F14}65 nor more than 80

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centilitres], or the equivalent of that number of such units made up wholly or partly of containers of a larger or smaller size;

“cider” has the meaning given by section 1 above;

“compounder” means a person holding a licence as a compounder under section 18 below;

“distiller”, means a person holding a distiller’s licence under section 12 below;

“distiller’s licence” has the meaning given by section 12(1) below;

“distiller’s warehouse” means a place of security provided by a distiller and approved by the Commissioners under section 15(1) below;

“distillery” means premises where spirits are manufactured, whether by distillation of a fermented liquor or by any other process;

“dutable alcoholic liquor” has the meaning given by section 1(1) above;

“duty” has the meaning given by section 1(1) above and “duty-paid”, “duty-free” and references to drawback shall be construed accordingly;

“gravity” and “original gravity” have the meanings given by section 3 above;

“justices’ licence” and “justices on-licence”—

(a) in the application of this Act to England and Wales have the meanings respectively given to them by sections 1(1) and 1(2)(a) of the ^{M1}Licensing Act 1964 and in both cases include a canteen licence granted under Part X and an occasional licence granted under section 180 of that Act;

(b) in the application of this Act to Northern Ireland mean a licence corresponding to the relevant licence such as is mentioned in paragraph (a) of this definition;

“licensed”, in relation to a producer of wine or of made-wine, means a producer who holds a licence to produce wine or made-wine respectively under subsection (2) of section 54 or 55 below;

“licensed methylator” means a person holding a licence under section 75(2) below;

“limited licence to brew beer” has the meaning given by section 47(2) below;

“made-wine” has the meaning given by section 1 above;

“the Management Act” means the ^{M2}Customs and Excise Management Act 1979;

[^{F15}“methylated spirits” means—

(a) spirits mixed in the United Kingdom with some other substance in accordance with regulations made under section 77 below; or

(b) spirits mixed outside the United Kingdom with some other substance if the spirits and other substance, and the proportions in which they are mixed, are such as are prescribed by those regulations for the production of methylated spirits in the United Kingdom;]

“the prescribed sum”, in relation to the penalty provided for an offence, means—

(a) if the offence was committed in England or Wales . . . ^{F16}, the prescribed sum within the meaning of [^{F17}section 32 of the Magistrates’ Court Act 1980 (£1,000 or other sum substituted by order under section 143(1) of that Act)];

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- (b) if the offence was committed in Scotland, the prescribed sum within the meaning of section 289B of the ^{M3}Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1975 (£1,000 or other sum substituted by order under section 289D(1) of that Act);
- (c) [^{F18}if the offence was committed in Northern Ireland, the prescribed sum within the meaning of Article 4 of the Fines and Penalties (Northern Ireland) Order 1984 (£1,000 or other sum substituted by order under Article 17 of that Order);]

“producer of made-wine” includes a person who renders made-wine sparkling and “produce”, in relation to made-wine, shall be construed accordingly;

“producer of wine” includes a person who renders wine sparkling, and “produce”, in relation to wine, shall be construed accordingly;

^{F19}
...

“rectifier” means a person holding a licence as a rectifier under section 18 below;

“registered club” means a club which is for the time being registered within the meaning of the ^{M4}Licensing Act 1964 or which is for the time being a registered club within the meaning of the ^{M5}Licensing (Scotland) Act 1976 or which is for the time being a registered club within the meaning of the [^{F20}Registration of Clubs (Northern Ireland) Order 1987];

“retailer” means—

- (a) in relation to dutiable alcoholic liquor, a person who sells such liquor by retail;
- (b) ^{F21}

“Scottish licence” includes a licence of a type described in Schedule 1 to the ^{M6}Licensing (Scotland) Act 1976, (other than an off-sale licence), an occasional licence granted in terms of section 33 of the said Act, an occasional permission granted in terms of section 34 of the said Act, and a licence granted in terms of section 40 of the said Act;

“spirits” has the meaning given by section 1 above;

^{F22}
.....

“spirits of wine” means plain spirits of a strength of not less than [^{F23}80 per cent.] manufactured in the United Kingdom;

[^{F13}“strength”, in relation to any liquor, has the meaning given by section 2 above;]

[^{F24}“wholesale”, in relation to dealing in dutiable alcoholic liquor, means the sale at any one time to any one person of quantities not less than the following, namely—

- (a) in the case of spirits, wine or made-wine, 9 litres or 1 case; or
- (b) in the case of beer or cider, 20 litres or 2 cases;]

[^{F24}“wholesaler” means a person who deals wholesale in dutiable alcoholic liquor;]

“wine” has the meaning given by section 1 above.

- (2) This Act and the other Acts included in the Customs and Excise Acts 1979 shall be construed as one Act but where a provision of this Act refers to this Act that reference is not to be construed as including a reference to any of the others.

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- (3) Any expression used in this Act or in any instrument made under this Act to which a meaning is given by any other Act included in the Customs and Excise Acts 1979 has, except where the context otherwise requires, the same meaning in this Act or in any such instrument as in that Act; and for ease of reference the Table below indicates the expressions used in this Act to which a meaning is given by any other such Act—

Management Act

“the Commissioners”	
“container”	
“the Customs and Excise Acts 1979”	
“excise warehouse”	
“goods”	
“hovercraft”	
“importer”	
.....	F25
.....	F26
“night”	
“occupier”	
“officer” and “proper” in relation to an officer	
“ship” and “British ship”	
“shipped”	
“shipment”	
“stores”	
“tons register”	
[^{F27} “United Kingdom waters”]	
“warehouse”	
“warehousing regulations”.	

- (4) For the purposes of this Act, selling by retail, in relation to dutiable alcoholic liquor, means the sale at any one time to any one person of quantities not exceeding the following, that is to say—
- (a) in the case of spirits, wine or made-wine, [^{F28}9 litres] or 1 case;
 - (b) in the case of beer or cider, [^{F28}21 litres] or 2 cases.

Textual Amendments

- F13** Definition inserted by S.I. 1979/241, **art. 8(a)(i)**
- F14** Words substituted by S.I. 1979/241, **art. 8(a)(ii)**
- F15** Definition substituted by Finance Act 1990 (c. 29, SIF 40:1), **s. 8**
- F16** Words repealed by S.I. 1984/703, (N.I. 3) Sch. 6 para. 9(a) and Sch. 7
- F17** Words substituted by Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (c. 43, SIF 82), s. 154, **Sch. 7 para. 180**
- F18** Para. (c) of the definition of “the prescribed sum” inserted by SI 1984/703, (N.I. 3) Sch. 6 para. 9(b)
- F19** Definition of “proof” repealed by S.I. 1979/241, **art. 8(a)(iv)**
- F20** Words substituted by S.I. 1987/1278 (N.I. 14), art. 47(2), **Sch. 4 para. 2**
- F21** Para. (b) of the definition of “retailer” repealed by Finance Act 1981 (c. 35, SIF 40:1), s. 139(6), **Sch. 19 Pt. III**
- F22** Definitions repealed by Finance Act 1981 (c. 35, SIF 40:1), s. 139(6), **Sch. 19 Pt. III**
- F23** Words substituted by S.I. 1979/241, **art. 8(a)(iii)**
- F24** Definition substituted by Finance Act 1981 (c. 35, SIF 40:1), s. 11(1), **Sch. 8 Pt. II para. 11**

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- F25** Words repealed by Finance Act 1986 (c. 41, SIF 40:1), s. 114, **Sch. 23 Pt. IV**
- F26** Words repealed by Territorial Sea Act 1987 (c. 49, SIF 29:1), **s. 3 Sch. 2**
- F27** Expression inserted by Territorial Sea Act 1987 (c. 49, SIF 29:1), s. 3, **Sch. 1 para. 5(1)**
- F28** Words substituted by S.I. 1979/241, **art. 8(b)**

Marginal Citations

- M1** 1964 c. 26.
- M2** 1979 c. 2.
- M3** 1975 c. 21.
- M4** 1964 c. 26.
- M5** 1976 c.26
- M6** 1976 c. 66.

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