

# Maintenance Enforcement Act 1991

#### **1991 CHAPTER 17**

# Magistrates' courts

# 2 Orders for periodical payment in magistrates' courts: means of payment.

For section 59 of the MI Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (periodical payments through justices' clerk) there shall be substituted the following section—

#### "59 Orders for periodical payment: means of payment.

- (1) In any case where a magistrates' court orders money to be paid periodically by one person (in this section referred to as "the debtor") to another (in this section referred to as "the creditor"), then—
  - (a) if the order is a qualifying maintenance order, the court shall at the same time exercise one of its powers under paragraphs (a) to (d) of subsection (3) below;
  - (b) if the order is not a maintenance order, the court shall at the same time exercise one of its powers under paragraphs (a) and (b) of that subsection.
- (2) For the purposes of this section a maintenance order is a "qualifying maintenance order" if, at the time it is made, the debtor is ordinarily resident in England and Wales.
- (3) The powers of the court are—
  - (a) the power to order that payments under the order be made directly by the debtor to the creditor;
  - (b) the power to order that payments under the order be made to the clerk of the court or to the clerk of any other magistrates' court;
  - (c) the power to order that payments under the order be made by the debtor to the creditor by such method of payment falling within subsection (6) below as may be specified;

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- (d) the power to make an attachment of earnings order under the M2Attachment of Earnings Act 1971 to secure payments under the order.
- (4) In any case where—
  - (a) the court proposes to exercise its power under paragraph (c) of subsection (3) above, and
  - (b) having given the debtor an opportunity of opening an account from which payments under the order may be made in accordance with the method of payment proposed to be ordered under that paragraph, the court is satisfied that the debtor has failed, without reasonable excuse, to open such an account,

the court in exercising its power under that paragraph may order that the debtor open such an account.

- (5) In deciding, in the case of a maintenance order, which of the powers under paragraphs (a) to (d) of subsection (3) above it is to exercise, the court having (if practicable) given them an opportunity to make representations shall have regard to any representations made—
  - (a) by the debtor,
  - (b) by the creditor, and
  - (c) if the person who applied for the maintenance order is a person other than the creditor, by that other person.
- (6) The methods of payment referred to in subsection (3)(c) above are the following, that is to say—
  - (a) payment by standing order; or
  - (b) payment by any other method which requires one person to give his authority for payments of a specific amount to be made from an account of his to an account of another's on specific dates during the period for which the authority is in force and without the need for any further authority from him.
- (7) Where the maintenance order is an order—
  - (a) under the Guardianship of Minors Acts 1971 and 1973,
  - (b) under Part I of the M3Domestic Proceedings and Magistrates' Courts Act 1978, or
  - (c) under, or having effect as if made under, Schedule 1 to the M4Children Act 1989,

and the court does not propose to exercise its power under paragraph (c) or (d) of subsection (3) above, the court shall, unless upon representations expressly made in that behalf by the person who applied for the maintenance order it is satisfied that it is undesirable to do so, exercise its power under paragraph (b) of that subsection.

(8) The Secretary of State may by regulations confer on magistrates' courts, in addition to their powers under paragraphs (a) to (d) of subsection (3) above, the power (the "additional power") to order that payments under a qualifying maintenance order be made by the debtor to the creditor or the clerk of a magistrates' court (as the regulations may provide) by such method of payment as may be specified in the regulations.

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- (9) Any reference in any enactment to paragraphs (a) to (d) of subsection (3) above (but not a reference to any specific paragraph of that subsection) shall be taken to include a reference to the additional power, and the reference in subsection (10) below to the additional power shall be construed accordingly.
- (10) Regulations under subsection (8) above may make provision for any enactment concerning, or connected with, payments under maintenance orders to apply, with or without modifications, in relation to the additional power.
- (11) The power of the Secretary of State to make regulations under subsection (8) above shall be exercisable by statutory instrument and any such statutory instrument shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.
- (12) For the purposes of this section the reference in subsection (1) above to money paid periodically by one person to another includes, in the case of a maintenance order, a reference to a lump sum paid by instalments by one person to another."

#### **Commencement Information**

I1 S. 2 wholly in force at 1.4.1992 see s. 12(2) and S.I. 1992/455, art. 2

#### **Marginal Citations**

**M1** 1980 c. 43.

M2 1971 c. 32.

M3 1978 c. 22.

**M4** 1989 c. 41.

# Orders for periodical payment in magistrates' courts: proceedings by clerk and penalty for breach.

After section 59 of the MS Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (orders for periodical payment: means of payment), as substituted by section 2 above, there shall be inserted the following sections—

### "59A Orders for periodical payment: proceedings by clerk.

- (1) Where payments under a relevant UK order are required to be made periodically—
  - (a) to or through the clerk of a magistrates' court, or
  - (b) by any method of payment falling within section 59(6) above, and any sums payable under the order are in arrear, the clerk of the relevant court shall, if the person for whose benefit the payments are required to be made so requests in writing, and unless it appears to the clerk that it is unreasonable in the circumstances to do so, proceed in his own name for the recovery of those sums.
- (2) Where payments under a relevant UK order are required to be made periodically to or through the clerk of a magistrates' court, the person for whose benefit the payments are required to be made may, at any time during the period in which the payments are required to be so made, give authority in writing to the clerk of the relevant court for the clerk to proceed as mentioned in subsection (3) below.

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- (3) Where authority under subsection (2) above is given to the clerk of the relevant court, the clerk shall, unless it appears to him that it is unreasonable in the circumstances to do so, proceed in his own name for the recovery of any sums payable to or through him under the order in question which, on or after the date of the giving of the authority, fall into arrear.
- (4) In any case where—
  - (a) authority under subsection (2) above has been given to the clerk of a relevant court, and
  - (b) the person for whose benefit the payments are required to be made gives notice in writing to the clerk cancelling the authority,

the authority shall cease to have effect and, accordingly, the clerk shall not continue any proceedings already commenced by virtue of the authority.

- (5) The person for whose benefit the payments are required to be made shall have the same liability for all the costs properly incurred in or about proceedings taken under subsection (1) above at his request or under subsection (3) above by virtue of his authority (including any costs incurred as a result of any proceedings commenced not being continued) as if the proceedings had been taken by him.
- (6) Nothing in subsection (1) or (3) above shall affect any right of a person to proceed in his own name for the recovery of sums payable on his behalf under an order of any court.
- (7) In this section—

"the relevant court", in relation to an order, means—

- (a) in a case where payments under the order are required to be made to or through the clerk of a magistrates' court, that magistrates' court; and
- (b) in a case where such payments are required to be made by any method of payment falling within section 59(6) above, the magistrates' court which made the order or, if the order was not made by a magistrates' court, the magistrates' court in which the order is registered;

"relevant UK order" means—

- (a) an order made by a magistrates' court, other than an order made by virtue of Part II of the Maintenance Orders (Reciprocal Enforcement) Act 1972;
- (b) an order made by the High Court or a county court (including an order deemed to be made by the High Court by virtue of section 1(2) of the M7Maintenance Orders Act 1958) and registered under Part I of that Act of 1958 in a magistrates' court; or
- (c) an order made by a court in Scotland or Northern Ireland and registered under Part II of the M8 Maintenance Orders Act 1950 in a magistrates' court;

and any reference to payments required to be made periodically includes, in the case of a maintenance order, a reference to instalments required to be paid in respect of a lump sum payable by instalments.

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#### 59B Maintenance orders: penalty for breach.

- (1) In any case where—
  - (a) payments under a relevant English maintenance order are required to be made periodically in the manner mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) of section 59A(1) above, and
  - (b) the debtor fails, on or after the date of commencement of this section, to comply with the order in so far as the order relates to the manner of payment concerned,

the person for whose benefit the payments are required to be made may make a complaint to a relevant justice giving details of the failure to comply.

- (2) If the relevant justice is satisfied that the nature of the alleged failure to comply may be such as to justify the relevant court in exercising its power under subsection (3) below, he shall issue a summons directed to the debtor requiring him to appear before the relevant court to answer the complaint.
- (3) On the hearing of the complaint, the relevant court may order the debtor to pay a sum not exceeding £1000.
- (4) Any sum ordered to be paid under subsection (3) above shall for the purposes of this Act be treated as adjudged to be paid by a conviction of a magistrates' court.
- (5) In this section—

"debtor" has the same meaning as it has in section 59 above;

"the relevant court" has the same meaning as it has in section 59A above;

"relevant English maintenance order" means—

- (a) a maintenance order made by a magistrates' court, other than an order made by virtue of Part II of the M9Maintenance Orders (Reciprocal Enforcement) Act 1972; or
- (b) an order made by the High Court or a county court (other than an order deemed to be made by the High Court by virtue of section 1(2) of the Maintenance Orders Act 1958) and registered under Part I of that Act of 1958 in a magistrates' court;

"relevant justice", in relation to a relevant court, means a justice of the peace for the petty sessions area for which the relevant court is acting;

and any reference to payments required to be made periodically includes a reference to instalments required to be paid in respect of a lump sum payable by instalments."

#### **Commencement Information**

I2 S. 3 wholly in force at 1.4.1992 see s. 12(2) and S.I. 1992/455, art. 2

### **Marginal Citations**

**M5** 1980 c. 43.

**M6** 1972 c. 18.

M7 1958 c. 39.

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      M8
      1950 c. 37.

      M9
      1972 c. 18.

      M10
      1958 c. 39.
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# 4 Revocation, variation, etc. of orders for periodical payment in magistrates' courts: general.

For section 60 of the MII Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (revocation, variation etc., of orders for periodical payment) there shall be substituted the following section—

### "60 Revocation, variation, etc. of orders for periodical payment.

- (1) Where a magistrates' court has made an order for money to be paid periodically by one person to another, the court may, by order on complaint, revoke, revive or vary the order.
- (2) The power under subsection (1) above to vary an order shall include power to suspend the operation of any provision of the order temporarily and to revive the operation of any provision so suspended.
- (3) Where the order mentioned in subsection (1) above is a maintenance order, the power under that subsection to vary the order shall include power, if the court is satisfied that payment has not been made in accordance with the order, to exercise one of its powers under paragraphs (a) to (d) of section 59(3) above.
- (4) In any case where—
  - (a) a magistrates' court has made a maintenance order, and
  - (b) payments under the order are required to be made by any method of payment falling within section 59(6) above,

an interested party may apply in writing to the clerk of the court for the order to be varied as mentioned in subsection (5) below.

- (5) Subject to subsection (8) below, where an application has been made under subsection (4) above, the clerk, after giving written notice (by post or otherwise) of the application to any other interested party and allowing that party, within the period of 14 days beginning with the date of the giving of that notice, an opportunity to make written representations, may vary the order to provide that payments under the order shall be made to the clerk.
- (6) The clerk may proceed with an application under subsection (4) above notwithstanding that any such interested party as is referred to in subsection (5) above has not received written notice of the application.
- (7) In subsections (4) to (6) above "interested party", in relation to a maintenance order, means—
  - (a) the debtor;
  - (b) the creditor; and
  - (c) if the person who applied for the maintenance order is a person other than the creditor, that other person.
- (8) Where an application has been made under subsection (4) above, the clerk may, if he considers it inappropriate to exercise his power under subsection (5)

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- above, refer the matter to the court which may vary the order by exercising one of its powers under paragraphs (a) to (d) of section 59(3) above.
- (9) Subsections (4), (5) and (7) of section 59 above shall apply for the purposes of subsections (3) and (8) above as they apply for the purposes of that section.
- (10) None of the powers of the court, or of the clerk of the court, conferred by subsections (3) to (9) above shall be exercisable in relation to a maintenance order which is not a qualifying maintenance order (within the meaning of section 59 above).
- (11) For the purposes of this section—
  - (a) "creditor" and "debtor" have the same meaning as they have in section 59 above; and
  - (b) the reference in subsection (1) above to money paid periodically by one person to another includes, in the case of a maintenance order, a reference to a lump sum paid by instalments by one person to another."

#### **Commencement Information**

I3 S. 4 wholly in force at 1.4.1992 see s. 12(2) and S.I. 1992/455, art. 2

#### **Marginal Citations**

M11 1980 c. 43.

# Variation of orders for periodical payment made under Part I of the Domestic Proceedings and Magistrates' Courts Act 1978.

After section 20 of the M12Domestic Proceedings and Magistrates' Courts Act 1978 (variation, revival and revocation of orders for periodical payments) there shall be inserted the following section—

#### "20ZA Variation of orders for periodical payments: further provisions.

- (1) Subject to subsections (7) and (8) below, the power of the court under section 20 of this Act to vary an order for the making of periodical payments shall include power, if the court is satisfied that payment has not been made in accordance with the order, to exercise one of its powers under paragraphs (a) to (d) of section 59(3) of the M13 Magistrates' Courts Act 1980.
- (2) In any case where—
  - (a) a magistrates' court has made an order under this Part of this Act for the making of periodical payments, and
  - (b) payments under the order are required to be made by any method of payment falling within section 59(6) of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (standing order, etc.),

an application may be made under this subsection to the clerk to the justices for the petty sessions area for which the court is acting for the order to be varied as mentioned in subsection (3) below.

(3) Subject to subsection (5) below, where an application is made under subsection (2) above, the clerk, after giving written notice (by post or otherwise)

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of the application to the respondent and allowing the respondent, within the period of 14 days beginning with the date of the giving of that notice, an opportunity to make written representations, may vary the order to provide that payments under the order shall be made to the clerk.

- (4) The clerk may proceed with an application under subsection (2) above notwithstanding that the respondent has not received written notice of the application.
- (5) Where an application has been made under subsection (2) above, the clerk may, if he considers it inappropriate to exercise his power under subsection (3) above, refer the matter to the court which, subject to subsections (7) and (8) below, may vary the order by exercising one of its powers under paragraphs (a) to (d) of section 59(3) of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980.
- (6) Subsection (4) of section 59 of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (power of court to order that account be opened) shall apply for the purposes of subsections (1) and (5) above as it applies for the purposes of that section.
- (7) Before varying the order by exercising one of its powers under paragraphs (a) to (d) of section 59(3) of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980, the court shall have regard to any representations made by the parties to the application.
- (8) If the court does not propose to exercise its power under paragraph (c) or (d) of subsection (3) of section 59 of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980, the court shall, unless upon representations expressly made in that behalf by the person to whom payments under the order are required to be made it is satisfied that it is undesirable to do so, exercise its power under paragraph (b) of that subsection.
- (9) Subsection (12) of section 20 of this Act shall have effect for the purposes of applications under subsection (2) above as it has effect for the purposes of applications under that section.
- (10) None of the powers of the court, or of the clerk to the justices, conferred by this section shall be exercisable in relation to an order under this Part of this Act for the making of periodical payments which is not a qualifying maintenance order (within the meaning of section 59 of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980)."

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Commencement Information

I4 S. 5 wholly in force at 1.4.1992 see s. 12(2) and S.I. 1992/455, art. 2

Marginal Citations

M12 1978 c. 22.

M13 1980 c. 43.

M14 1980 c. 43.
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# Variation of orders for periodical payment made in magistrates' courts under Schedule 1 to the Children Act 1989.

In Schedule 1 to the M15Children Act 1989 (financial provision for children), after paragraph 6 (variation etc. of orders for periodical payments) there shall be inserted the following paragraph—

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# Variation of orders for periodical payments etc. made by magistrates' courts

- "6A (1) Subject to sub-paragraphs (7) and (8), the power of a magistrates' court—
  - (a) under paragraph 1 or 2 to vary an order for the making of periodical payments, or
  - (b) under paragraph 5(6) to vary an order for the payment of a lump sum by instalments,

shall include power, if the court is satisfied that payment has not been made in accordance with the order, to exercise one of its powers under paragraphs (a) to (d) of section 59(3) of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980.

- (2) In any case where—
  - (a) a magistrates' court has made an order under this Schedule for the making of periodical payments or for the payment of a lump sum by instalments, and
  - (b) payments under the order are required to be made by any method of payment falling within section 59(6) of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (standing order, etc.),

any person entitled to make an application under this Schedule for the variation of the order (in this paragraph referred to as "the applicant") may apply to the clerk to the justices for the petty sessions area for which the court is acting for the order to be varied as mentioned in sub-paragraph (3).

- (3) Subject to sub-paragraph (5), where an application is made under sub-paragraph (2), the clerk, after giving written notice (by post or otherwise) of the application to any interested party and allowing that party, within the period of 14 days beginning with the date of the giving of that notice, an opportunity to make written representations, may vary the order to provide that payments under the order shall be made to the clerk.
- (4) The clerk may proceed with an application under sub-paragraph (2) notwithstanding that any such interested party as is referred to in sub-paragraph (3) has not received written notice of the application.
- (5) Where an application has been made under sub-paragraph (2), the clerk may, if he considers it inappropriate to exercise his power under sub-paragraph (3), refer the matter to the court which, subject to sub-paragraphs (7) and (8), may vary the order by exercising one of its powers under paragraphs (a) to (d) of section 59(3) of the M16Magistrates' Courts Act 1980.
- (6) Subsection (4) of section 59 of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (power of court to order that account be opened) shall apply for the purposes of subparagraphs (1) and (5) as it applies for the purposes of that section.
- (7) Before varying the order by exercising one of its powers under paragraphs (a) to (d) of section 59(3) of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980, the court shall have regard to any representations made by the parties to the application.
- (8) If the court does not propose to exercise its power under paragraph (c) or (d) of subsection (3) of section 59 of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980, the court shall, unless upon representations expressly made in that behalf

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by the applicant for the order it is satisfied that it is undesirable to do so, exercise its power under paragraph (b) of that subsection.

- (9) None of the powers of the court, or of the clerk to the justices, conferred by this paragraph shall be exercisable in relation to an order under this Schedule for the making of periodical payments, or for the payment of a lump sum by instalments, which is not a qualifying maintenance order (within the meaning of section 59 of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980).
- (10) In sub-paragraphs (3) and (4) "interested party", in relation to an application made by the applicant under sub-paragraph (2), means a person who would be entitled to be a party to an application for the variation of the order made by the applicant under any other provision of this Schedule if such an application were made."

#### **Commencement Information**

I5 S. 6 wholly in force at 1.4.1992 see s. 12(2) and S.I. 1992/455, art. 2

#### **Marginal Citations**

**M15** 1989 c. 41. **M16** 1980 c. 43.

#### 7 Maintenance orders in magistrates' courts: enforcement.

In section 76 of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (enforcement of sums adjudged to be paid), after subsection (3) there shall be inserted the following subsections—

- "(4) Where proceedings are brought for the enforcement of a magistrates' court maintenance order under this section, the court may vary the order by exercising one of its powers under paragraphs (a) to (d) of section 59(3) above.
- (5) Subsections (4), (5) and (7) of section 59 above shall apply for the purposes of subsection (4) above as they apply for the purposes of that section.
- (6) Subsections (4) and (5) above shall not have effect in relation to a maintenance order which is not a qualifying maintenance order (within the meaning of section 59 above)."

#### **Commencement Information**

I6 S. 7 wholly in force at 1.4.1992 see s. 12(2) and S.I. 1992/455, art. 2

## 8 Interest on arrears.

After section 94 of the M17Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (effect of committal on arrears) there shall be inserted the following section—

### "94A Interest on arrears.

(1) The Secretary of State may by order provide that a magistrates' court, on the hearing of a complaint for the enforcement, revocation, revival, variation or

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- discharge of an English maintenance order, may order that interest of an amount calculated at the prescribed rate shall be paid on so much of the sum due under the order as they may determine.
- (2) In subsection (1) above "the prescribed rate" means such rate of interest as the Secretary of State may by order prescribe.
- (3) An order under this section may make provision for the manner in which and the periods by reference to which interest is to be calculated.
- (4) Where, by virtue of subsection (1) above, a magistrates' court orders the payment of interest on any sum due under a maintenance order—
  - (a) then if it orders that the whole or any part of the interest be paid by instalments that order shall be regarded as an instalments order for the purposes of section 95 below and that section shall accordingly apply in relation to it; and
  - (b) the whole of the interest shall be enforceable as a sum adjudged to be paid by the maintenance order.
- (5) In this section—

"English maintenance order" means—

- (a) a qualifying maintenance order made by a magistrates' court, other than an order made by virtue of Part II of the MI8 Maintenance Orders (Reciprocal Enforcement) Act 1972; or
- (b) an order made by the High Court or a county court (other than an order deemed to be made by the High Court by virtue of section 1(2) of the M19 Maintenance Orders Act 1958) and registered under Part I of that Act of 1958 in a magistrates' court;
  - "qualifying maintenance order" has the same meaning as it has in section 59 above.
- (6) The power of the Secretary of State to make an order under this section shall be exercisable by statutory instrument made with the concurrence of the Treasury and any such statutory instrument shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament."

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Commencement Information
17 S. 8 wholly in force at 1.4.1992 see s. 12(2) and S.I. 1992/455, art. 2.

Marginal Citations
M17 1980 c. 43.
M18 1972 c. 18.
M19 1958 c. 39.
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# 9 Amendment of orders transferred under s.24A of the Social Security Act 1986.

(1) In section 24A of the M20 Social Security Act 1986 (recovery of expenditure on income support: additional amounts and transfer of orders under s.24), after subsection (4) (transfer of right to receive payments under the order to the dependent parent) there shall be inserted the following subsection—

"(4A) In any case where—

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- (a) notice is given to a magistrates' court under subsection (3) above,
- (b) payments under the order are required to be made by any method of payment falling within section 59(6) of the M21Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (standing order, etc.), and
- (c) the clerk to the justices for the petty sessions area for which the court is acting decides that payment by that method is no longer possible,

the clerk shall amend the order to provide that payments under the order shall be made by the liable parent to the clerk."

- (2) After subsection (7) of that section (transfer back of right to receive payments under the order to the Secretary of State) there shall be inserted the following subsections—
  - "(7A) Subject to subsections (7B) and (7C) below, in any case where—
    - (a) notice is given to a magistrates' court under subsection (7) above, and
    - (b) the method of payment under the order which subsists immediately before the day on which the transfer under subsection (7) above takes effect differs from the method of payment which subsisted immediately before the day on which the transfer under subsection (3) above (or, if there has been more than one such transfer, the last such transfer) took effect,

the clerk to the justices for the petty sessions area for which the court is acting shall amend the order by reinstating the method of payment under the order which subsisted immediately before the day on which the transfer under subsection (3) above (or, as the case may be, the last such transfer) took effect.

- (7B) The clerk shall not amend the order under subsection (7A) above if the Secretary of State gives notice in writing to the clerk, on or before the day on which the notice under subsection (7) above is given, that the method of payment under the order which subsists immediately before the day on which the transfer under subsection (7) above takes effect is to continue.
- (7C) In any case where—
  - (a) notice is given to a magistrates' court under subsection (7) above,
  - (b) the method of payment under the order which subsisted immediately before the day on which the transfer under subsection (3) above (or, if there has been more than one such transfer, the last such transfer) took effect was any method of payment falling within section 59(6) of the M22Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (standing order, etc.), and
  - (c) the clerk decides that payment by that method is no longer possible, the clerk shall amend the order to provide that payments under the order shall be made by the liable parent to the clerk."

#### **Commencement Information**

I8 S. 9 wholly in force at 1.4.1992 see s. 12(2) and S.I. 1992/455, art. 2

#### **Marginal Citations**

M20 1986 c. 50.

**M21** 1980 c. 43.

M22 1980 c. 43.

#### **Status:**

Point in time view as at 01/04/1992.

# **Changes to legislation:**

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Maintenance Enforcement Act 1991, Cross Heading: Magistrates' courts.