



Crime and Disorder Act 1998

1998 CHAPTER 37

An Act to make provision for preventing crime and disorder; to create certain racially-aggravated offences; to abolish the rebuttable presumption that a child is doli incapax and to make provision as to the effect of a child's failure to give evidence at his trial; to abolish the death penalty for treason and piracy; to make changes to the criminal justice system; to make further provision for dealing with offenders; to make further provision with respect to remands and committals for trial and the release and recall of prisoners; to amend Chapter I of Part II of the Crime (Sentences) Act 1997 and to repeal Chapter I of Part III of the Crime and Punishment (Scotland) Act 1997; to make amendments designed to facilitate, or otherwise desirable in connection with, the consolidation of certain enactments; and for connected purposes. [31st July 1998]

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C1 Act modified (22.7.2008) by [Transport for London Act 2008 \(c. i\)](#), ss. 1(1), 29

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PART I

PREVENTION OF CRIME AND DISORDER

CHAPTER I

ENGLAND AND WALES

Crime and disorder: general

1 Anti-social behaviour orders.

(1) An application for an order under this section may be made by a relevant authority if it appears to the authority that the following conditions are fulfilled with respect to any person aged 10 or over, namely—

- (a) that the person has acted, since the commencement date, in an anti-social manner, that is to say, in a manner that caused or was likely to cause harassment, alarm or distress to one or more persons not of the same household as himself; and
- [^{F1}(b) that such an order is necessary to protect relevant persons from further anti-social acts by him.

^{F2}]

[^{F3}(1A) In this section and sections 1B [^{F4}, 1CA][^{F5}, 1E and 1F]“relevant authority” means—

- (a) the council for a local government area;
[in relation to England, a county council;]
- ^{F6}(aa) (b) the chief officer of police of any police force maintained for a police area;
- (c) the chief constable of the British Transport Police Force;^{F7} . . .
- (d) any person registered under section 1 of the Housing Act 1996 (c. 52) as a social landlord who provides or manages any houses or hostel in a local government area.[^{F8} or
- (e) a housing action trust established by order in pursuance of section 62 of the Housing Act 1988.]]

[^{F9}(1B) In this section “relevant persons” means—

- (a) in relation to a relevant authority falling within paragraph (a) of subsection (1A), persons within the local government area of that council;
[in relation to a relevant authority falling within paragraph (aa) of
- ^{F10}(aa) subsection (1A), persons within the county of the county council;]
- (b) in relation to a relevant authority falling within paragraph (b) of that subsection, persons within the police area;
- (c) in relation to a relevant authority falling within paragraph (c) of that subsection—
- (i) [^{F11}persons who are within or likely to be within a place specified in section 31(1)(a) to (f) of the Railways and Transport Safety Act 2003 in a local government area; or]
- (ii) [^{F12}persons who are within or likely to be within such a place;]

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- (d) in relation to a relevant authority falling within paragraph (d) ^{F13}or (e)] of that subsection—
- (i) persons who are residing in or who are otherwise on or likely to be on premises provided or managed by that authority; or
 - (ii) persons who are in the vicinity of or likely to be in the vicinity of such premises.]
- (2) ^{F14}.....
- (3) Such an application shall be made by complaint to ^{F15}a magistrates' court].
- (4) If, on such an application, it is proved that the conditions mentioned in subsection (1) above are fulfilled, the magistrates' court may make an order under this section (an “anti-social behaviour order”) which prohibits the defendant from doing anything described in the order.
- (5) For the purpose of determining whether the condition mentioned in subsection (1)(a) above is fulfilled, the court shall disregard any act of the defendant which he shows was reasonable in the circumstances.
- ^{F16}(6) The prohibitions that may be imposed by an anti-social behaviour order are those necessary for the purpose of protecting persons (whether relevant persons or persons elsewhere in England and Wales) from further anti-social acts by the defendant.]
- (7) An anti-social behaviour order shall have effect for a period (not less than two years) specified in the order or until further order.
- (8) Subject to subsection (9) below, the applicant or the defendant may apply by complaint to the court which made an anti-social behaviour order for it to be varied or discharged by a further order.
- (9) Except with the consent of both parties, no anti-social behaviour order shall be discharged before the end of the period of two years beginning with the date of service of the order.
- (10) If without reasonable excuse a person does anything which he is prohibited from doing by an anti-social behaviour order, he ^{F17}is guilty of an offence and] liable—
- (a) on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum, or to both; or
 - (b) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years or to a fine, or to both.
- ^{F18}(10A) The following may bring proceedings for an offence under subsection (10)—
- (a) a council which is a relevant authority;
 - (b) the council for the local government area in which a person in respect of whom an anti-social behaviour order has been made resides or appears to reside.
- (10B) If proceedings for an offence under subsection (10) are brought in a youth court section 47(2) of the Children and Young Persons Act 1933 (c. 12) has effect as if the persons entitled to be present at a sitting for the purposes of those proceedings include one person authorised to be present by a relevant authority.]
- ^{F19}(10C) In proceedings for an offence under subsection (10), a copy of the original anti-social behaviour order, certified as such by the proper officer of the court which made it, is admissible as evidence of its having been made and of its contents to the same extent that oral evidence of those things is admissible in those proceedings.]

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[^{F20}(10D) In relation to proceedings brought against a child or a young person for an offence under subsection (10)—

- (a) section 49 of the Children and Young Persons Act 1933 (restrictions on reports of proceedings in which children and young persons are concerned) does not apply in respect of the child or young person against whom the proceedings are brought;
- (b) section 45 of the Youth Justice and Criminal Evidence Act 1999 (power to restrict reporting of criminal proceedings involving persons under 18) does so apply.

(10E) If, in relation to any such proceedings, the court does exercise its power to give a direction under section 45 of the Youth Justice and Criminal Evidence Act 1999, it shall give its reasons for doing so.]

(11) Where a person is convicted of an offence under subsection (10) above, it shall not be open to the court by or before which he is so convicted to make an order under subsection (1)(b) (conditional discharge) of [^{F21}section 12 of the Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000] in respect of the offence.

(12) In this section—

[^{F22}“British Transport Police Force” means the force of constables appointed under section 53 of the British Transport Commission Act 1949 (c. xxix);]

[^{F23}“child” and “young person” shall have the same meaning as in the Children and Young Persons Act 1933;]

“the commencement date” means the date of the commencement of this section;

“local government area” means—

- (a) in relation to England, a district or London borough, the City of London, the Isle of Wight and the Isles of Scilly;
- (b) in relation to Wales, a county or county borough.

^{F24}
 . . .

Textual Amendments

- F1** S. 1(1)(b) substituted (2.12.2002) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\), s. 61\(2\)](#) (with s. 61(10)); S.I. 2002/2750, [art. 2\(a\)\(vii\)](#)
- F2** Words in s. 1(1) repealed (2.12.2002) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\), ss. 61\(3\), 107\(2\), Sch. 8](#) (with s. 61(10)); S.I. 2002/2750, [art. 2\(a\)\(vii\)\(b\)\(iii\)](#)
- F3** S. 1(1A) inserted (2.12.2002) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\), s. 61\(4\)](#) (with s. 61(10)); S.I. 2002/2750, [art. 2\(a\)\(vii\)](#)
- F4** Words in s. 1(1A) inserted (1.7.2005) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\), ss. 140\(2\), 178\(8\); S.I. 2005/1521, art. 3\(1\)\(s\)](#)
- F5** Words in s. 1(1A) substituted by virtue of [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\), s. 142\(2\)](#), as amended (1.1.2006) by [The Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(Amendment\) Order \(S.I. 2005/3496\)](#), {art. 2} (Note: s. 142(2) of the amending Act was brought into force in unamended form on 1.7.2005 by S.I. 2005/1521, [art. 3\(1\)\(s\)](#))
- F6** S. 1(1A)(aa) inserted (20.1.2004) by [Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 \(c. 38\), ss. 85\(2\)\(a\), 93\(1\); S.I. 2003/3300, art. 2\(f\)\(i\)](#)
- F7** Word following s. 1(1A)(c) repealed (20.1.2004) by [Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 \(c. 38\), ss. 85\(2\)\(b\), 92, 93\(1\), Sch. 3; S.I. 2003/3300, art. 2\(f\)\(i\)\(g\)\(ii\)\(e\)](#)

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- F8** S. 1(1A)(e) and preceding word inserted (20.1.2004) by Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 (c. 38), **ss. 85(2)(c)**, 93(1); S.I. 2003/3300, **art. 2(f)(i)**
- F9** S. 1(1B) inserted (2.12.2002) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), **s. 61(4)** (with s. 61(10)); S.I. 2002/2750, **art. 2(a)(vii)**
- F10** S. 1(1B)(aa) inserted (20.1.2004) by Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 (c. 38), **ss. 85(3)(a)**, 93(1); S.I. 2003/3300, **art. 2(f)(i)**
- F11** S. 1(1B)(c)(i) substituted (1.7.2004) by The British Transport Police (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/1573), **art. 12(5)(a)**
- F12** S. 1(1B)(c)(ii) substituted (1.7.2004) by The British Transport Police (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/1573), {art. 12(5)(b)}
- F13** Words in s. 1(1B)(d) inserted (20.1.2004) by Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 (c. 38), **ss. 85(3)(b)**, 93(1); S.I. 2003/3300, **art. 2(f)(i)**
- F14** S. 1(2) repealed (2.12.2002) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), **ss. 61(5)**, 107(2), **Sch. 8** (with s. 61(10)); S.I. 2002/2750, **art. 2(a)(vii)(b)(iii)(c)**
- F15** Words in s. 1(3) substituted (1.4.2005) by The Courts Act 2003 (Consequential Provisions) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/886), **art. 2**, **Sch. para. 55**
- F16** S. 1(6) substituted (2.12.2002) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), **s. 61(7)** (with s. 61(10)); S.I. 2002/2750, **art. 2(a)(vii)**
- F17** Words in s. 1(10) substituted (2.12.2002) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), **s. 61(8)** (with s. 61(10)); S.I. 2002/2750 {art. 2(a)(vii)}
- F18** S. 1(10A)(10B) inserted (20.1.2004 in relation to s. 1(10B) and 31.3.2004 otherwise) by Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 (c. 38), **ss. 85(4)**, 93(1); S.I. 2003/3300, **art. 2(f)(i)**; S.I. 2004/690, **art. 2(b)(i)**
- F19** S. 1(10C) inserted (1.7.2005) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), **ss. 139(2)**, 178(8); S.I. 2005/1521, **art. 3(1)(s)**
- F20** S. 1(10D)(10E) inserted (1.7.2005) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), **ss. 141(2)(a)**, 178(8); S.I. 2005/1521, **art. 3(1)(s)**
- F21** Words in s. 1(11) substituted (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, **ss. 165**, 168(1), **Sch. 9 para. 192**
- F22** S. 1(12): definition of "British Transport Police Force" inserted (2.12.2002) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), **s. 61(9)** (with s. 61(10)); S.I. 2002/2750, **art. 2(a)(vii)**; and that definition ceased to have effect (1.7.2004) by virtue of Railways and Transport Safety Act 2003 (c. 20), **ss. 73**, 120(1), **Sch. 5 para. 4(1)(b)(2)(j)**; S.I. 2004/1572, **art. 3(jjj)**
- F23** S. 1(12): definition of "child" and "young person" in s. 1(12) inserted (1.7.2005) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), **ss. 141(2)(b)**, 178(8); S.I. 2005/1521, **art. 3(1)(s)**
- F24** S. 1(12): definition of "policed premises" repealed (1.7.2004) by The British Transport Police (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/1573), **art. 12(5)(d)**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C2** S. 1 amended (1.7.2004) by Railways and Transport Safety Act 2003 (c. 20), **ss. 73(1)**, 120(1), **Sch. 5 para. 4(1)(a)(2)(j)**; S.I. 2004/1572, **art. 3(jjj)**
- C3** S. 1(11) modified (30.9.1998) by 1991 c. 53, **Sch. 2 para. 8A(10)** (as inserted (30.9.1998) by 1998 c. 37, s. 106, **Sch. 7 para. 46(11)**; S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)(w)** (with savings in arts. 5-8))

[^{F25}1A Power of Secretary of State to add to relevant authorities

[The Secretary of State may by order provide that the chief officer of a body of
^{F26}(1)] constables maintained otherwise than by a police authority is, in such cases and
circumstances as may be prescribed by the order, to be a relevant authority for the
purposes of section 1 above.

[The Secretary of State may by order—
^{F27}(2) (a) provide that a person or body of any other description specified in the order
is, in such cases and circumstances as may be prescribed by the order, to be a

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relevant authority for the purposes of such of sections 1 above and 1B, 1CA and 1E below as are specified in the order; and

- (b) prescribe the description of persons who are to be “relevant persons” in relation to that person or body.]]

Textual Amendments

F25 S. 1A inserted (2.12.2002) by **Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), s. 62(1)**; S.I. 2002/2750, **art. 2(a)(vii)**

F26 S. 1A renumbered as s. 1A(1) (1.7.2005) by virtue of **Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), ss. 139(3), 178(8)**; S.I. 2005/1521, **art. 3(1)(s)**

F27 S. 1A(2) added (1.7.2005) by **Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), ss. 139(3), 178(8)**; S.I. 2005/1521, **art. 3(1)(s)**

[^{F28}1AA Individual support orders

- (1) Where a court makes an anti-social behaviour order in respect of a defendant who is a child or young person when that order is made, it must consider whether the individual support conditions are fulfilled.
- (2) If it is satisfied that those conditions are fulfilled, the court must make an order under this section (“an individual support order”) which—
 - (a) requires the defendant to comply, for a period not exceeding six months, with such requirements as are specified in the order; and
 - (b) requires the defendant to comply with any directions given by the responsible officer with a view to the implementation of the requirements under paragraph (a) above.
- (3) The individual support conditions are—
 - (a) that an individual support order would be desirable in the interests of preventing any repetition of the kind of behaviour which led to the making of the anti-social behaviour order;
 - (b) that the defendant is not already subject to an individual support order; and
 - (c) that the court has been notified by the Secretary of State that arrangements for implementing individual support orders are available in the area in which it appears to it that the defendant resides or will reside and the notice has not been withdrawn.
- (4) If the court is not satisfied that the individual support conditions are fulfilled, it shall state in open court that it is not so satisfied and why it is not.
- (5) The requirements that may be specified under subsection (2)(a) above are those that the court considers desirable in the interests of preventing any repetition of the kind of behaviour which led to the making of the anti-social behaviour order.
- (6) Requirements included in an individual support order, or directions given under such an order by a responsible officer, may require the defendant to do all or any of the following things—
 - (a) to participate in activities specified in the requirements or directions at a time or times so specified;
 - (b) to present himself to a person or persons so specified at a place or places and at a time or times so specified;
 - (c) to comply with any arrangements for his education so specified.

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- (7) But requirements included in, or directions given under, such an order may not require the defendant to attend (whether at the same place or at different places) on more than two days in any week; and “week” here means a period of seven days beginning with a Sunday.
- (8) Requirements included in, and directions given under, an individual support order shall, as far as practicable, be such as to avoid—
- (a) any conflict with the defendant’s religious beliefs; and
 - (b) any interference with the times, if any, at which he normally works or attends school or any other educational establishment.
- (9) Before making an individual support order, the court shall obtain from a social worker of a local authority ^{F29} . . . or a member of a youth offending team any information which it considers necessary in order—
- (a) to determine whether the individual support conditions are fulfilled, or
 - (b) to determine what requirements should be imposed by an individual support order if made,
- and shall consider that information.
- (10) In this section and section 1AB below “responsible officer”, in relation to an individual support order, means one of the following who is specified in the order, namely—
- (a) a social worker of a local authority ^{F29} . . . ;
 - (b) a person nominated by [^{F30}a person appointed as director of children’s services under section 18 of the Children Act 2004 or by] a person appointed as chief education officer under section 532 of the Education Act 1996 (c. 56);
 - (c) a member of a youth offending team.]

Textual Amendments

- F28** Ss. 1AA, 1AB inserted (1.5.2004) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), [ss. 322, 336\(3\)](#); S.I. 2004/829 {art. 3(2)(b)}
- F29** Words in s. 1AA(9)(10) repealed (1.4.2005 for E. and 1.4.2006 for W.) by [Children Act 2004 \(c. 31\)](#), [ss. 64, 67\(8\)](#), [Sch. 5 Pt. 4](#), Note; S.I. 2005/394, [art. 2\(2\)\(g\)](#); S.I. 2006/885, [art. 2\(2\)\(h\)](#)
- F30** Words s. 1AA(10)(b) inserted (with effect for specified purposes as mentioned in s. 18(9)(a) of the amending Act, otherwise 1.1.2008) by virtue of [Children Act 2004 \(c. 31\)](#), [ss. 18\(9\)\(10\), 67\(2\)](#), [Sch. 2 para. 8](#); S.I. 2007/1792, [art. 2](#)

[^{F28}1AB Individual support orders: explanation, breach, amendment etc

- (1) Before making an individual support order, the court shall explain to the defendant in ordinary language—
- (a) the effect of the order and of the requirements proposed to be included in it;
 - (b) the consequences which may follow (under subsection (3) below) if he fails to comply with any of those requirements; and
 - (c) that the court has power (under subsection (6) below) to review the order on the application either of the defendant or of the responsible officer.
- (2) The power of the Secretary of State under section 174(4) of the Criminal Justice Act 2003 includes power by order to—
- (a) prescribe cases in which subsection (1) above does not apply; and

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- (b) prescribe cases in which the explanation referred to in that subsection may be made in the absence of the defendant, or may be provided in written form.
- (3) If the person in respect of whom an individual support order is made fails without reasonable excuse to comply with any requirement included in the order, he is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding—
 - (a) if he is aged 14 or over at the date of his conviction, £1,000;
 - (b) if he is aged under 14 then, £250.
- (4) No referral order under section 16(2) or (3) of the Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000 (referral of young offenders to youth offender panels) may be made in respect of an offence under subsection (3) above.
- (5) If the anti-social behaviour order as a result of which an individual support order was made ceases to have effect, the individual support order (if it has not previously ceased to have effect) ceases to have effect when the anti-social behaviour order does.
- (6) On an application made by complaint by—
 - (a) the person subject to an individual support order, or
 - (b) the responsible officer,
 the court which made the individual support order may vary or discharge it by a further order.
- (7) If the anti-social behaviour order as a result of which an individual support order was made is varied, the court varying the anti-social behaviour order may by a further order vary or discharge the individual support order.]

Textual Amendments

F28 Ss. 1AA, 1AB inserted (1.5.2004) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), ss. 322, 336(3); S.I. 2004/829 {art. 3(2)(b)}

[^{F31}1B Orders in county court proceedings

- (1) This section applies to any proceedings in a county court (“the principal proceedings”).
- (2) If a relevant authority—
 - (a) is a party to the principal proceedings, and
 - (b) considers that a party to those proceedings is a person in relation to whom it would be reasonable for it to make an application under section 1,
 it may make an application in those proceedings for an order under subsection (4).
- (3) If a relevant authority—
 - (a) is not a party to the principal proceedings, and
 - (b) considers that a party to those proceedings is a person in relation to whom it would be reasonable for it to make an application under section 1,
 it may make an application to be joined to those proceedings to enable it to apply for an order under subsection (4) and, if it is so joined, may apply for such an order.

[Subsection (3B) applies if a relevant authority is a party to the principal proceedings
^{F32}(3A) and considers—

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- (a) that a person who is not a party to the proceedings has acted in an anti-social manner, and
 - (b) that the person's anti-social acts are material in relation to the principal proceedings.
- (3B) The relevant authority may—
- (a) make an application for the person mentioned in subsection (3A)(a) to be joined to the principal proceedings to enable an order under subsection (4) to be made in relation to that person;
 - (b) if that person is so joined, apply for an order under subsection (4).
- (3C) But a person must not be joined to proceedings in pursuance of subsection (3B) unless his anti-social acts are material in relation to the principal proceedings.]
- (4) If, on an application for an order under this subsection, it is proved that the conditions mentioned in section 1(1) are fulfilled as respects that other party, the court may make an order which prohibits him from doing anything described in the order.
- (5) Subject to subsection (6), the [^{F33}person] against whom an order under this section has been made and the relevant authority on whose application that order was made may apply to the county court which made an order under this section for it to be varied or discharged by a further order.
- (6) Except with the consent of the relevant authority and the person subject to the order, no order under this section shall be discharged before the end of the period of two years beginning with the date of service of the order.
- (7) Subsections (5) to (7) and (10) to (12) of section 1 apply for the purposes of the making and effect of orders made under this section as they apply for the purposes of the making and effect of anti-social behaviour orders.]

Textual Amendments

- F31** S. 1B inserted (1.4.2003) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), [ss. 63](#), 108(2); S.I. 2003/808, [art. 2\(f\)](#)
- F32** S. 1B(3A)-(3C) inserted (31.3.2004 for specified purposes, 1.10.2004 (temp. to 30.9.2006) for further specified purposes, otherwise prosp.) by [Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 \(c. 38\)](#), [ss. 85\(5\)](#), 93(1); S.I. 2004/690, [art. 2\(b\)\(ii\)](#); S.I. 2004/2168, [art. 4](#) (as amended by S.I. 2006/835, [art. 2](#))
- F33** Words in s. 1B(5) substituted (31.3.2004 for specified purposes, otherwise 30.9.2004) by [Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 \(c. 38\)](#), [s. 85\(6\)](#), 93(1); S.I. 2004/690, [art. 2\(b\)\(ii\)](#); S.I. 2004/2168, [art. 2\(a\)\(i\)](#)

[^{F34}1C Orders on conviction in criminal proceedings

- (1) This section applies where a person (the “offender”) is convicted of a relevant offence.
- (2) If the court considers—
- (a) that the offender has acted, at any time since the commencement date, in an anti-social manner, that is to say in a manner that caused or was likely to cause harassment, alarm or distress to one or more persons not of the same household as himself, and
 - (b) that an order under this section is necessary to protect persons in any place in England and Wales from further anti-social acts by him,
- it may make an order which prohibits the offender from doing anything described in the order.

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(3) The court may make an order under this section

- ^{F35}(a) if the prosecutor asks it to do so, or
- (b) if the court thinks it is appropriate to do so.]

[For the purpose of deciding whether to make an order under this section the court may
^{F36}(3A) consider evidence led by the prosecution and the defence.

(3B) It is immaterial whether evidence led in pursuance of subsection (3A) would have been admissible in the proceedings in which the offender was convicted.]

(4) An order under this section shall not be made except—

- (a) in addition to a sentence imposed in respect of the relevant offence; or
- (b) in addition to an order discharging him conditionally.

[The court may adjourn any proceedings in relation to an order under this section even
^{F37}(4A) after sentencing the offender.

(4B) If the offender does not appear for any adjourned proceedings, the court may further adjourn the proceedings or may issue a warrant for his arrest.

(4C) But the court may not issue a warrant for the offender's arrest unless it is satisfied that he has had adequate notice of the time and place of the adjourned proceedings.]

(5) An order under this section takes effect on the day on which it is made, but the court may provide in any such order that such requirements of the order as it may specify shall, during any period when the offender is detained in legal custody, be suspended until his release from that custody.

(6) ^{F38}

(7) ^{F38}

(8) ^{F38}

(9) Subsections (7), (10) [^{F39}, (10C)] [^{F40}, (10D), (10E)] and (11) of section 1 apply for the purposes of the making and effect of orders made by virtue of this section as they apply for the purposes of the making and effect of anti-social behaviour orders.

[The council for the local government area in which a person in respect of whom an
^{F41}(9A) anti-social behaviour order has been made resides or appears to reside may bring proceedings under section 1(10) (as applied by subsection (9) above) for breach of an order under subsection (2) above.

(9B) Subsection (9C) applies in relation to proceedings in which an order under subsection (2) is made against a child or young person who is convicted of an offence.

(9C) In so far as the proceedings relate to the making of the order—

- (a) section 49 of the Children and Young Persons Act 1933 (c. 12) (restrictions on reports of proceedings in which children and young persons are concerned) does not apply in respect of the child or young person against whom the order is made;
- (b) section 39 of that Act (power to prohibit publication of certain matter) does so apply.]

(10) In this section—

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[^{F42}“child” and “young person” have the same meaning as in the Children and Young Persons Act 1933 (c. 12);]

“the commencement date” has the same meaning as in section 1 above;

“the court” in relation to an offender means—

- (a) the court by or before which he is convicted of the relevant offence; or
- (b) if he is committed to the Crown Court to be dealt with for that offence, the Crown Court; and

“relevant offence” means an offence committed after the coming into force of section 64 of the Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30).]

Textual Amendments

- F34** S. 1C inserted (2.12.2002) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), s. 64; S.I. 2002/2750, art. 2(a)(vii)
- F35** S. 1C(3)(a)(b) substituted (31.3.2004) for words in s. 10(3) by Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 (c. 38), s. 86(1), 93(1); S.I. 2004/690, art. 2(b)(iii)
- F36** S. 1C(3A)(3B) inserted (31.3.2004) by Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 (c. 38), s. 86(2), 93(1); S.I. 2004/690, art. 2(b)(iii)
- F37** S. 1C(4A)-(4C) inserted (1.7.2005) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), ss. 139(4)(a), 178(8); S.I. 2005/1521, art. 3(1)(s)
- F38** S. 1C(6)-(8) repealed (1.7.2005) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), ss. 140(3), 174(2), 178(8), Sch. 17 Pt. 2; S.I. 2005/1521, art. 3(1)(s)(ee)
- F39** Words in s. 1C(9) inserted (1.7.2005) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), ss. 139(4)(b), 178(8); S.I. 2005/1521, art. 3(1)(s)
- F40** Words in s. 1C(9) inserted (1.7.2005) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), ss. 141(3), 178(8); S.I. 2005/1521, art. 3(1)(s)
- F41** S. 1C(9A)-(9C) inserted (20.1.2004 in relation to s. 1C(9B)(9C), otherwise 31.3.2004) by Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 (c. 38), ss. 86(3), 93(1); S.I. 2003/3300, art. 2(f)(ii); S.I. 2004/690 {art. 2(b)(iii)}
- F42** S. 1C(10): definitions of “child” and “young person” inserted (20.1.2004) by Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 (c. 38), ss. 86(4), 93(1); S.I. 2003/3300, art. 2(f)(ii)

[^{F43}1CA Variation and discharge of orders under section 1C

- (1) An offender subject to an order under section 1C may apply to the court which made it for it to be varied or discharged.
- (2) If he does so, he must also send written notice of his application to the Director of Public Prosecutions.
- (3) The Director of Public Prosecutions may apply to the court which made an order under section 1C for it to be varied or discharged.
- (4) A relevant authority may also apply to the court which made an order under section 1C for it to be varied or discharged if it appears to it that—
 - (a) in the case of variation, the protection of relevant persons from anti-social acts by the person subject to the order would be more appropriately effected by a variation of the order;
 - (b) in the case of discharge, that it is no longer necessary to protect relevant persons from anti-social acts by him by means of such an order.
- (5) If the Director of Public Prosecutions or a relevant authority applies for the variation or discharge of an order under section 1C, he or it must also send written notice of the application to the person subject to the order.

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- (6) In the case of an order under section 1C made by a magistrates' court, the references in subsections (1), (3) and (4) to the court by which the order was made include a reference to any magistrates' court acting in the same local justice area as that court.
- (7) No order under section 1C shall be discharged on an application under this section before the end of the period of two years beginning with the day on which the order takes effect, unless—
- (a) in the case of an application under subsection (1), the Director of Public Prosecutions consents, or
 - (b) in the case of an application under subsection (3) or (4), the offender consents.]

Textual Amendments

F43 S. 1CA inserted (1.7.2005) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\)](#), [ss. 140\(4\)](#), [178\(8\)](#); [S.I. 2005/1521](#), [art. 3\(1\)\(s\)](#)

[^{F44}1D Interim orders

[^{F45}(1) This section applies where—

- (a) an application is made for an anti-social behaviour order;
- (b) an application is made for an order under section 1B;
- (c) a request is made by the prosecution for an order under section 1C; or
- (d) the court is minded to make an order under section 1C of its own motion.

(2) If, before determining the application or request, or before deciding whether to make an order under section 1C of its own motion, the court considers that it is just to make an order under this section pending the determination of that application or request or before making that decision, it may make such an order.]

(3) An order under this section is an order which prohibits the defendant from doing anything described in the order.

(4) An order under this section—

- (a) shall be for a fixed period;
- (b) may be varied, renewed or discharged;
- (c) shall, if it has not previously ceased to have effect, cease to have effect on the determination of the [^{F46}application or request mentioned in subsection (1), or on the court's making a decision as to whether or not to make an order under section 1C of its own motion.]

(5) [^{F47}In relation to cases to which this section applies by virtue of paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection (1),] subsections (6), (8) and (10) to (12) of section 1 apply for the purposes of the making and effect of orders under this section as they apply for the purposes of the making and effect of anti-social behaviour orders.

[In relation to cases to which this section applies by virtue of paragraph (c) or (d) of ^{F48}(6) subsection (1)—

- (a) subsections (6) and (10) to (12) of section 1 apply for the purposes of the making and effect of orders under this section as they apply for the purposes of the making and effect of anti-social behaviour orders; and

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- (b) section 1CA applies for the purposes of the variation or discharge of an order under this section as it applies for the purposes of the variation or discharge of an order under section 1C.]]

Textual Amendments

- F44** S. 1D inserted (2.12.2002 in relation to s. 1D(1)(a)(2)-(5), otherwise 1.4.2003) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), [ss. 65\(1\)](#), [108\(2\)](#); S.I. 2002/2750, [art. 2\(a\)\(vii\)](#); S.I. 2003/808, [art. 2\(f\)](#)
- F45** S. 1D(1)(2) substituted (1.7.2005) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\)](#), [ss. 139\(6\)](#), [178\(8\)](#); S.I. 2005/1521, [art. 3\(1\)\(s\)](#)
- F46** Words in s. 1D(4)(c) substituted (1.7.2005) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\)](#), [ss. 139\(7\)](#), [178\(8\)](#); S.I. 2005/1521, [art. 3\(1\)\(s\)](#)
- F47** Words in s. 1D(5) inserted (1.7.2005) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\)](#), [ss. 139\(8\)](#), [178\(8\)](#); S.I. 2005/1521, [art. 3\(1\)\(s\)](#)
- F48** S. 1D(6) added (1.7.2005) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\)](#), [ss. 139\(9\)](#), [178\(8\)](#); S.I. 2005/1521, [art. 3\(1\)\(s\)](#)

[^{F49}1E Consultation requirements

- (1) This section applies to—
- applications for an anti-social behaviour order; and
 - applications for an order under section 1B.
- (2) Before making an application to which this section applies, the council for a local government area shall consult the chief officer of police of the police force maintained for the police area within which that local government area lies.
- (3) Before making an application to which this section applies, a chief officer of police shall consult the council for the local government area in which the person in relation to whom the application is to be made resides or appears to reside.
- (4) Before making an application to which this section applies, a relevant authority other than a council for a local government area or a chief officer of police shall consult—
- the council for the local government area in which the person in relation to whom the application is to be made resides or appears to reside; and
 - the chief officer of police of the police force maintained for the police area within which that local government area lies.

[Subsection (4)(a) does not apply if the relevant authority is a county council for a ^{F50}(5) county in which there are no districts.]]

Textual Amendments

- F49** S. 1E inserted (2.12.2002 in relation to s. 1E(1)(a)(2)-(4), otherwise 1.4.2003) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), [s. 66](#); S.I. 2002/2750, [art. 2\(a\)\(vii\)](#); S.I. 2003/808, [art. 2\(f\)](#)
- F50** S. 1E(5) inserted (20.1.2004) by [Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 \(c. 38\)](#), [ss. 85\(7\)](#), [93\(1\)](#); S.I. 2003/3300, [art. 2\(f\)\(i\)](#)

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[^{F51}1F Contracting out of local authority functions

- (1) The Secretary of State may by order provide that a relevant authority which is a local authority may make arrangements with a person specified (or of a description specified) in the order for the exercise of any function it has under sections 1 to 1E above—
 - (a) by such a person, or
 - (b) by an employee of his.
- (2) The order may provide—
 - (a) that the power of the relevant authority to make the arrangements is subject to such conditions as are specified in the order;
 - (b) that the arrangements must be subject to such conditions as are so specified;
 - (c) that the arrangements may be made subject to such other conditions as the relevant authority thinks appropriate.
- (3) The order may provide that the arrangements may authorise the exercise of the function—
 - (a) either wholly or to such extent as may be specified in the order or arrangements;
 - (b) either generally or in such cases or areas as may be so specified.
- (4) An order may provide that the person with whom arrangements are made in pursuance of the order is to be treated as if he were a public body for the purposes of section 1 of the Local Authorities (Goods and Services) Act 1970.
- (5) The Secretary of State must not make an order under this section unless he first consults—
 - (a) the National Assembly for Wales, if the order relates to a relevant authority in Wales;
 - (b) such representatives of local government as he thinks appropriate;
 - (c) such other persons as he thinks appropriate.
- (6) Any arrangements made by a relevant authority in pursuance of an order under this section do not prevent the relevant authority from exercising the function to which the arrangements relate.
- (7) The following provisions of the Deregulation and Contracting Out Act 1994 apply for the purposes of arrangements made in pursuance of an order under this section as they apply for the purposes of an authorisation to exercise functions by virtue of an order under section 70(2) of that Act—
 - (a) section 72 (effect of contracting out);
 - (b) section 73 (termination of contracting out);
 - (c) section 75 and Schedule 15 (provision relating to disclosure of information);
 - (d) paragraph 3 of Schedule 16 (authorised persons to be treated as officers of local authority).
- (8) For the purposes of subsection (7), any reference in the provisions specified in paragraphs (a) to (d) to a person authorised to exercise a function must be construed as a reference to a person with whom an arrangement is made for the exercise of the function in pursuance of an order under this section.

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- (9) Relevant authorities and any person with whom arrangements are made in pursuance of an order under this section must have regard to any guidance issued by the Secretary of State for the purposes of this section.
- (10) An order under this section may make different provision for different purposes.
- (11) An order under this section may contain—
 - (a) such consequential, supplemental or incidental provisions (including provision modifying any enactment), or
 - (b) such transitional provisions or savings,as the person making the order thinks appropriate.
- (12) Each of the following is a local authority—
 - (a) a local authority within the meaning of section 270 of the Local Government Act 1972;
 - (b) the Common Council of the City of London;
 - (c) the Council of the Isles of Scilly.]

Textual Amendments

F51 S. 1F inserted (1.7.2005) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\)](#), ss. **142(1)**, 178(8); S.I. 2005/1521, [art. 3\(1\)\(s\)](#)

[^{F52}1G Intervention orders

- (1) This section applies if, in relation to a person who has attained the age of 18, a relevant authority—
 - (a) makes an application for an anti-social behaviour order or an order under section 1B above (the behaviour order),
 - (b) has obtained from an appropriately qualified person a report relating to the effect on the person's behaviour of the misuse of controlled drugs or of such other factors as the Secretary of State by order prescribes, and
 - (c) has engaged in consultation with such persons as the Secretary of State by order prescribes for the purpose of ascertaining that, if the report recommends that an order under this section is made, appropriate activities will be available.
- (2) The relevant authority may make an application to the court which is considering the application for the behaviour order for an order under this section (an intervention order).
- (3) If the court—
 - (a) makes the behaviour order, and
 - (b) is satisfied that the relevant conditions are met,it may also make an intervention order.
- (4) The relevant conditions are—
 - (a) that an intervention order is desirable in the interests of preventing a repetition of the behaviour which led to the behaviour order being made (trigger behaviour);

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- (b) that appropriate activities relating to the trigger behaviour or its cause are available for the defendant;
 - (c) that the defendant is not (at the time the intervention order is made) subject to another intervention order or to any other treatment relating to the trigger behaviour or its cause (whether on a voluntary basis or by virtue of a requirement imposed in pursuance of any enactment);
 - (d) that the court has been notified by the Secretary of State that arrangements for implementing intervention orders are available in the area in which it appears that the defendant resides or will reside and the notice has not been withdrawn.
- (5) An intervention order is an order which—
- (a) requires the defendant to comply, for a period not exceeding six months, with such requirements as are specified in the order, and
 - (b) requires the defendant to comply with any directions given by a person authorised to do so under the order with a view to the implementation of the requirements under paragraph (a) above.
- (6) An intervention order or directions given under the order may require the defendant—
- (a) to participate in the activities specified in the requirement or directions at a time or times so specified;
 - (b) to present himself to a person or persons so specified at a time or times so specified.
- (7) Requirements included in, or directions given under, an intervention order must, as far as practicable, be such as to avoid—
- (a) any conflict with the defendant's religious beliefs, and
 - (b) any interference with the times (if any) at which he normally works or attends an educational establishment.
- (8) If the defendant fails to comply with a requirement included in or a direction given under an intervention order, the person responsible for the provision or supervision of appropriate activities under the order must inform the relevant authority of that fact.
- (9) The person responsible for the provision or supervision of appropriate activities is a person of such description as is prescribed by order made by the Secretary of State.
- (10) In this section—
- “appropriate activities” means such activities, or activities of such a description, as are prescribed by order made by the Secretary of State for the purposes of this section;
 - “appropriately qualified person” means a person who has such qualifications or experience as the Secretary of State by order prescribes;
 - “controlled drug” has the same meaning as in the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971;
 - “relevant authority” means a relevant authority for the purposes of section 1 above.
- (11) An order under this section made by the Secretary of State may make different provision for different purposes.
- (12) This section and section 1H below apply to a person in respect of whom a behaviour order has been made subject to the following modifications—
- (a) in subsection (1) above paragraph (a) must be ignored;

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- (b) in subsection (2) above, for “is considering the application for” substitute made;
- (c) in subsection (3) above paragraph (a), the word “and” following it and the word “also” must be ignored.

Textual Amendments

F52 Ss. 1G, 1H inserted (1.10.2006) by [Drugs Act 2005 \(c. 17\)](#), **ss. 20(1), 24(3)**, S.I. 2006/2136, {art. 2}

1H Intervention orders: explanation, breach, amendment etc.

- (1) Before making an intervention order the court must explain to the defendant in ordinary language—
 - (a) the effect of the order and of the requirements proposed to be included in it,
 - (b) the consequences which may follow (under subsection (3) below) if he fails to comply with any of those requirements, and
 - (c) that the court has power (under subsection (5) below) to review the order on the application either of the defendant or of the relevant authority.
- (2) The power of the Secretary of State under section 174(4) of the Criminal Justice Act 2003 includes power by order to—
 - (a) prescribe cases in which subsection (1) does not apply, and
 - (b) prescribe cases in which the explanation referred to in that subsection may be made in the absence of the defendant, or may be provided in written form.
- (3) If a person in respect of whom an intervention order is made fails without reasonable excuse to comply with any requirement included in the order he is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 4 on the standard scale.
- (4) If the behaviour order as a result of which an intervention order is made ceases to have effect, the intervention order (if it has not previously ceased to have effect) ceases to have effect when the behaviour order does.
- (5) On an application made by—
 - (a) a person subject to an intervention order, or
 - (b) the relevant authority,the court which made the intervention order may vary or discharge it by a further order.
- (6) An application under subsection (5) made to a magistrates' court must be made by complaint.
- (7) If the behaviour order as a result of which an intervention order was made is varied, the court varying the behaviour order may by a further order vary or discharge the intervention order.
- (8) Expressions used in this section and in section 1G have the same meaning in this section as in that section.]

Textual Amendments

F52 Ss. 1G, 1H inserted (1.10.2006) by [Drugs Act 2005 \(c. 17\)](#), **ss. 20(1), 24(3)**, S.I. 2006/2136, {art. 2}

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[^{F53}11 Special measures for witnesses

- (1) This section applies to the following proceedings—
 - (a) any proceedings in a magistrates' court on an application for an anti-social behaviour order,
 - (b) any proceedings in a magistrates' court or the Crown Court so far as relating to the issue whether to make an order under section 1C, and
 - (c) any proceedings in a magistrates' court so far as relating to the issue whether to make an order under section 1D.
- (2) Chapter 1 of Part 2 of the Youth Justice and Criminal Evidence Act 1999 (special measures directions in the case of vulnerable and intimidated witnesses) shall apply in relation to any such proceedings as it applies in relation to criminal proceedings, but with—
 - (a) the omission of the provisions of that Act mentioned in subsection (3) (which make provision appropriate only in the context of criminal proceedings), and
 - (b) any other necessary modifications.
- (3) The provisions are—
 - (a) section 17(4),
 - (b) section 21(1)(b) and (5) to (7),
 - (c) section 22(1)(b) and (2)(b) and (c),
 - (d) section 27(10), and
 - (e) section 32.
- (4) Any rules of court made under or for the purposes of Chapter 1 of Part 2 of that Act shall apply in relation to proceedings to which this section applies—
 - (a) to such extent as may be provided by rules of court, and
 - (b) subject to such modifications as may be so provided.
- (5) Section 47 of that Act (restrictions on reporting special measures directions etc.) applies, with any necessary modifications, in relation to—
 - (a) a direction under section 19 of the Act as applied by this section, or
 - (b) a direction discharging or varying such a direction,
 and sections 49 and 51 of that Act (offences) apply accordingly.]

Textual Amendments

F53 S. 11 inserted (1.7.2005) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\)](#), **ss. 143, 178(8)**; S.I. 2005/1521, **art. 3(1)(s)**

VALID FROM 01/02/2009

[^{F54}1J Review of orders under sections 1, 1B and 1C

- (1) This section applies where—
 - (a) an anti-social behaviour order,
 - (b) an order under section 1B, or
 - (c) an order under section 1C,

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has been made in respect of a person under the age of 17.

- (2) If—
- (a) the person subject to the order will be under the age of 18 at the end of a period specified in subsection (3) (a “review period”), and
 - (b) the term of the order runs until the end of that period or beyond,
- then before the end of that period a review of the operation of the order shall be carried out.
- (3) The review periods are—
- (a) the period of 12 months beginning with—
 - (i) the day on which the order was made, or
 - (ii) if during that period there is a supplemental order (or more than one), the date of the supplemental order (or the last of them);
 - (b) a period of 12 months beginning with—
 - (i) the day after the end of the previous review period, or
 - (ii) if during that period there is a supplemental order (or more than one), the date of the supplemental order (or the last of them).
- (4) In subsection (3) “supplemental order” means—
- (a) a further order varying the order in question;
 - (b) an individual support order made in relation to the order in question on an application under section 1AA(1A).
- (5) Subsection (2) does not apply in relation to any review period if the order is discharged before the end of that period.
- (6) A review under this section shall include consideration of—
- (a) the extent to which the person subject to the order has complied with it;
 - (b) the adequacy of any support available to the person to help him comply with it;
 - (c) any matters relevant to the question whether an application should be made for the order to be varied or discharged.
- (7) Those carrying out or participating in a review under this section shall have regard to any guidance issued by the Secretary of State when considering—
- (a) how the review should be carried out;
 - (b) what particular matters should be dealt with by the review;
 - (c) what action (if any) it would be appropriate to take in consequence of the findings of the review.

Textual Amendments

F54 Ss. 1J, 1K inserted (1.2.2009) by Criminal Justice and Immigration Act 2008 (c. 4), ss. 123(1), 153(7) (with Sch. 27 para. 33); S.I. 2009/140, art. 2(b)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.
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VALID FROM 01/02/2009

1K Responsibility for, and participation in, reviews under section 1J

- (1) A review under section 1J of an anti-social behaviour order or an order under section 1B shall be carried out by the relevant authority that applied for the order.
- (2) A review under section 1J of an order under section 1C shall be carried out—
 - (a) (except where paragraph (b) applies) by the appropriate chief officer of police;
 - (b) where a relevant authority is specified under section 1C(9ZA), by that authority.
- (3) A local authority, in carrying out a review under section 1J, shall act in co-operation with the appropriate chief officer of police; and it shall be the duty of that chief officer to co-operate in the carrying out of the review.
- (4) The chief officer of police of a police force, in carrying out a review under section 1J, shall act in co-operation with the appropriate local authority; and it shall be the duty of that local authority to co-operate in the carrying out of the review.
- (5) A relevant authority other than a local authority or chief officer of police, in carrying out a review under section 1J, shall act in co-operation with—
 - (a) the appropriate local authority, and
 - (b) the appropriate chief officer of police;
 and it shall be the duty of that local authority and that chief officer to co-operate in the carrying out of the review.
- (6) A chief officer of police or other relevant authority carrying out a review under section 1J may invite the participation in the review of a person or body not required by subsection (3), (4) or (5) to co-operate in the carrying out of the review.
- (7) In this section—

“the appropriate chief officer of police” means the chief officer of police of the police force maintained for the police area in which the person subject to the order resides or appears to reside;

“the appropriate local authority” means the council for the local government area (within the meaning given in section 1(12)) in which the person subject to the order resides or appears to reside.]

Textual Amendments

F54 Ss. 1J, 1K inserted (1.2.2009) by [Criminal Justice and Immigration Act 2008 \(c. 4\)](#), [ss. 123\(1\)](#), 153(7) (with [Sch. 27 para. 33](#)); [S.I. 2009/140](#), [art. 2\(b\)](#)

2 Sex offender orders.

F55

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Textual Amendments

- F55** S. 2 repealed (1.5.2004) by [Sexual Offences Act 2003 \(c. 42\)](#), ss. 139, 140, 141(1), Sch. 6 para. 38(2), [Sch. 7](#); [S.I. 2004/874](#), [art. 2](#)

[^{F56}**2A Interim orders: sex offenders**

^{F57}]

Textual Amendments

- F56** S. 2A inserted (2.12.2002) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), [s. 68\(1\)](#); [S.I. 2002/2750](#), [art. 2\(a\)\(viii\)](#)
F57 S. 2A repealed (1.5.2004) by [Sexual Offences Act 2003 \(c. 42\)](#), ss. 139, 140, 141(1), Sch. 6 para. 38(2), [Sch. 7](#); [S.I. 2004/874](#), [art. 2](#)

[^{F58}**2B Sex offender orders made in Scotland or Northern Ireland**

^{F59}]

Textual Amendments

- F58** S. 2B inserted (2.12.2002) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), [s. 69](#); [S.I. 2002/2750](#), [art. 2\(a\)\(viii\)](#)
F59 S. 2B repealed (1.5.2004) by [Sexual Offences Act 2003 \(c. 42\)](#), ss. 139, 140, 141(1), Sch. 6 para. 38(2), [Sch. 7](#); [S.I. 2004/874](#), [art. 2](#)

3 Sex offender orders: supplemental.

^{F60}

Textual Amendments

- F60** S. 3 repealed (1.5.2004) by [Sexual Offences Act 2003 \(c. 42\)](#), ss. 139, 140, 141(1), Sch. 6 para. 38(2), [Sch. 7](#); [S.I. 2004/874](#), [art. 2](#)

4 Appeals against orders.

- (1) An appeal shall lie to the Crown Court against the making by a magistrates' court of an anti-social behaviour order [^{F61}, an individual support order][^{F62}, an order under section 1D above,]^{F63}
- (2) On such an appeal the Crown Court—
 - (a) may make such orders as may be necessary to give effect to its determination of the appeal; and
 - (b) may also make such incidental or consequential orders as appear to it to be just.
- (3) Any order of the Crown Court made on an appeal under this section (other than one directing that an application be re-heard by a magistrates' court) shall, for the purposes

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of section 1(8) [^{F64}, 1AB(6)]^{F63} . . . be treated as if it were an order of the magistrates' court from which the appeal was brought and not an order of the Crown Court.

Textual Amendments

- F61** Words in s. 4(1) inserted (1.5.2004) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), **ss. 323(2)(a)**, 336(3); S.I. 2004/829 {art. 3(2)(b)}
- F62** Words in s. 4(1) inserted (2.12.2002) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), **s. 65(2)**; S.I. 2002/2750, **art. 2(a)(vii)**
- F63** Words in s. 4(1)(3) repealed (1.5.2004) by [Sexual Offences Act 2003 \(c. 42\)](#), **ss. 139, 140, 141(1)**, Sch. 6 para. 38(3), **Sch. 7**; S.I. 2004/874, **art. 2**
- F64** Words in s. 4(3) inserted (1.5.2004) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), **ss. 323(2)(b)**, 336(3); S.I. 2004/829 {art. 3(2)(b)}

Commencement Information

- II** S. 4 wholly in force at 1.4.1999; S. 4 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; s. 4 in force so far as relating to a sex offender order by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 4(1)**; S. 4 in force at 1.4.1999 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 1998/3263, **art. 5**

Crime and disorder strategies

5 Authorities responsible for strategies.

- (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, the functions conferred by section 6 below shall be exercisable in relation to each local government area by the responsible authorities, that is to say—
- (a) the council for the area and, where the area is a district and the council is not a unitary authority, the council for the county which includes the district; [^{F65}and]
 - (b) every chief officer of police any part of whose police area lies within the area.
 - [^{F66}(c) every police authority any part of whose police area so lies;
 - (d) every [^{F67}fire and rescue authority] any part of whose area so lies;
 - (e) if the local government area is in England, every Primary Care Trust the whole or any part of whose area so lies; and
 - (f) if the local government area is in Wales, every [^{F68}Local Health Board] the whole or any part of whose area so lies.]
- [^{F69}(1A) The Secretary of State may by order provide in relation to any two or more local government areas in England—
- (a) that the functions conferred by sections 6 to 7 below are to be carried out in relation to those areas taken together as if they constituted only one area; and
 - (b) that the persons who for the purposes of this Chapter are to be taken to be responsible authorities in relation to the combined area are the persons who comprise every person who (apart from the order) would be a responsible authority in relation to any one or more of the areas included in the combined area.
- (1B) The Secretary of State shall not make an order under subsection (1A) above unless—

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- (a) an application for the order has been made jointly by all the persons who would be the responsible authorities in relation to the combined area or the Secretary of State has first consulted those persons; and
 - (b) he considers it would be in the interests of reducing crime and disorder, or of combatting the misuse of drugs, to make the order.]
- (2) In exercising those functions, the responsible authorities shall act in co-operation with the following persons and bodies, namely—
- [^{F70}(b) every local probation board any part of whose area lies within the area;]
 - (c) every person or body of a description which is for the time being prescribed by order of the Secretary of State under this subsection
- [^{F71}; and
- (d) where they are acting in relation to an area in Wales, every person or body which is of a description which is for the time being prescribed by an order under this subsection of the National Assembly for Wales;]
- and it shall be the duty of those persons and bodies to co-operate in the exercise by the responsible authorities of those functions.
- (3) The responsible authorities shall also invite the participation in their exercise of those functions of at least one person or body of each description which is for the time being prescribed by order of the Secretary of State under this subsection [^{F72}and, in the case of the responsible authorities for an area in Wales, of any person or body of a description for the time being prescribed by an order under this subsection of the National Assembly for Wales.]
- (4) In this section and sections 6 and 7 below “local government area” means—
- (a) in relation to England, each district or London borough, the City of London, the Isle of Wight and the Isles of Scilly;
 - (b) in relation to Wales, each county or county borough.
- [^{F73}(5) In this section—
- [^{F74}“fire and rescue authority” means—
 - (a) a fire and rescue authority constituted by a scheme under section 2 of the Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004 or a scheme to which section 4 of that Act applies;
 - (b) a metropolitan county fire and civil defence authority; or
 - (c) the London Fire and Emergency Planning Authority;] and
- “police authority” means—
- (a) any police authority established under section 3 of the Police Act 1996 (c. 16); or
 - (b) the Metropolitan Police Authority.]

Textual Amendments

- F65** Word at the end of s. 5(1) repealed (30.4.2004 for E. and otherwise prosp.) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), ss. 107(2), 108(2), [Sch. 8](#); S.I. 2004/913, [art. 3](#)
- F66** S. 5(1)(c)-(f) inserted (1.4.2003 for W., 1.4.2003 for E. in relation to s. 5(1)(c)(d), and 30.4.2004 for E. otherwise) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), ss. 97(2), 108(2)(4); S.I. 2003/525, [art. 2](#); S.I. 2003/808, [art. 2\(j\)](#); S.I. 2004/913, [art. 3\(a\)](#)

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- F67** Words in s. 5(1)(d) substituted (7.9.2004 for E.S. for specified purposes, 1.10.2004 for E.S. otherwise, and 10.11.2004 for W.) by [Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004 \(c. 21\)](#), ss. 53(1), 61, [Sch. 1 para. 89\(2\)\(a\)](#); [S.I. 2004/2304](#), [art. 2](#) (with [art. 3](#)); [S.I. 2004/2917](#), [art. 2](#)
- F68** Words in s. 5(1)(f) substituted (1.4.2007) by The References to Health Authorities Order 2007 ([S.I. 2007/961](#)), [art. 3](#), [Sch. para. 29\(2\)\(a\)](#)
- F69** [S. 5\(1A\)\(1B\)](#) inserted (1.10.2002 for E. and 1.4.2003 for W.) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), ss. [97\(3\)](#), [108\(2\)\(4\)](#); [S.I. 2002/2306](#), [art. 3\(a\)](#); [S.I. 2003/525](#), [art. 2](#)
- F70** [S. 5\(2\)\(b\)](#) substituted for [s. 5\(2\)\(a\)\(b\)](#) (1.10.2002 for E. and 1.4.2003 for W.) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), s. [97\(4\)\(a\)](#); [S.I. 2002/2306](#), [art. 3\(a\)](#); [S.I. 2003/525](#), [art. 2](#)
- F71** [S. 5\(2\)\(d\)](#) and preceding word inserted (1.10.2002 for E. and 1.4.2003 for W.) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), s. [97\(4\)\(b\)](#); [S.I. 2002/2306](#), [art. 3\(a\)](#); [S.I. 2003/525](#), [art. 2](#)
- F72** Words in [s. 5\(3\)](#) inserted (1.4.2003 for W. and 23.2.2004 for E.) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), ss. [97\(5\)](#), [108\(2\)\(4\)](#); [S.I. 2003/525](#), [art. 2](#); [S.I. 2004/119](#), [art. 2](#)
- F73** [S. 5\(5\)](#) inserted (1.4.2003) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), ss. [97\(6\)](#), [108\(2\)\(4\)](#); [S.I. 2003/525](#), [art. 2](#); [S.I. 2003/808](#), [art. 2\(j\)](#)
- F74** [S. 5\(5\)](#): definition of "fire authority" substituted (7.9.2004 for E.S. for specified purposes, 1.10.2004 for E.S. otherwise, and 10.11.2004 for W.) by [Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004 \(c. 21\)](#), ss. 53(1), 61, [Sch. 1 para. 89\(2\)\(b\)](#); [S.I. 2004/2304](#), [art. 2](#) (with [art. 3](#)); [S.I. 2004/2917](#), [art. 2](#)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C4** [S. 5](#): functions of local authority not to be the sole responsibility of the executive of the authority (E.) (16.11.2000) by virtue of [S.I. 2000/2853](#), [reg. 4\(1\)](#), [Sch. 3](#)
- C5** [S. 5\(1\)](#) modified (1.4.2003 for W. and 30.4.2004 for E.) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), ss. {[s. 97\(15\)](#)}, [108\(2\)\(4\)](#); [S.I. 2003/525](#), [art. 2](#); [S.I. 2004/913](#), [art. 3\(a\)](#)

Commencement Information

- I2** [S. 5](#) wholly in force; [S. 5](#) not in force at Royal Assent see [s. 121](#). In force at 30.9.1998 by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#))

VALID FROM 16/01/2012

^{F75}5A **Combination agreements: further provision**

- (1) A combination agreement for a combined area may be made only if every responsible authority in relation to that area is a party to the agreement.
- (2) The relevant local policing body for a combined area may enter into a combination agreement for that area only if it considers that it would be in the interests of one or more of the following to do so—
 - (a) reducing crime and disorder;
 - (b) reducing re-offending;
 - (c) combating the misuse of drugs, alcohol and other substances.
- (3) Subsections (4) to (6) apply if a combined area in relation to a combination agreement includes (wholly or partly) the area of more than one police area.
- (4) The combination agreement must include arrangements for securing effective and efficient co-operation—
 - (a) between each of the relevant local policing bodies in relation to the combined area, and

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- (b) between the responsible authorities for the area and those relevant local policing bodies.
- (5) The Secretary of State must be a party to the agreement (if not already a party by virtue of being a relevant local policing body in relation to the combined area).
- (6) The Secretary of State may enter into the agreement only if the Secretary of State—
 - (a) considers that it would be in the interests of one or more of the matters mentioned in subsection (2), and
 - (b) is satisfied that the arrangements mentioned in subsection (4) are adequate for the purposes of securing effective and efficient co-operation in the carrying out of functions under section 6.
- (7) A combination agreement—
 - (a) must be in writing, and
 - (b) may be varied by a further combination agreement.
- (8) A combination agreement may be terminated by agreement in writing between the parties to it; and subsection (2), and (as the case may be) (6)(a), applies to an agreement under this subsection.
- (9) In this section “combination agreement”, “combined area” and “relevant local policing body” have the same meanings as in section 5.]

Textual Amendments

- F75** S. 5A inserted (16.1.2012) by [Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011 \(c. 13\)](#), ss. 88, 157(1), [Sch. 11 para. 3](#); [S.I. 2011/3019](#), [art. 3](#), [Sch. 1 para. \(iii\)](#) (as amended by [S.I. 2012/75](#), [art. 2\(2\)](#) (d))

6 Formulation and implementation of strategies.

- (1) The responsible authorities for a local government area shall, in accordance with the provisions of section 5 above and this section, formulate and implement, for each relevant period,
 - [^{F76}(a) in the case of an area in England—
 - (i) a strategy for the reduction of crime and disorder in the area; and
 - (ii) a strategy for combatting the misuse of drugs in the area;
 - and
 - (b) in the case of an area in Wales—
 - (i) a strategy for the reduction of crime and disorder in the area; and
 - (ii) a strategy for combatting substance misuse in the area.]

[^{F77}(1A) In determining what matters to include or not to include in their strategy for combatting substance misuse, the responsible authorities for an area in Wales shall have regard to any guidance issued for the purposes of this section by the National Assembly for Wales.]

- (2) Before formulating a strategy, the responsible authorities shall—
 - [^{F78}(a) carry out, taking due account of the knowledge and experience of persons in the area, a review—

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- (i) in the case of an area in England, of the levels and patterns of crime and disorder in the area and of the level and patterns of the misuse of drugs in the area; and
 - (ii) in the case of an area in Wales, of the levels and patterns of crime and disorder in the area and of the level and patterns of substance misuse in the area;]
 - (b) prepare an analysis of the results of that review;
 - (c) publish in the area a report of that analysis; and
 - (d) obtain the views on that report of persons or bodies in the area (including those of a description prescribed by order under section 5(3) above), whether by holding public meetings or otherwise.
- (3) In formulating a strategy, the responsible authorities shall have regard to the analysis prepared under subsection (2)(b) above and the views obtained under subsection (2)(d) above.
- (4) A strategy shall include—
- (a) objectives to be pursued by the responsible authorities, by co-operating persons or bodies or, under agreements with the responsible authorities, by other persons or bodies; and
 - (b) long-term and short-term performance targets for measuring the extent to which such objectives are achieved.
- (5) After formulating a strategy, the responsible authorities shall publish in the area a document which includes details of—
- (a) co-operating persons and bodies;
 - (b) the review carried out under subsection (2)(a) above;
 - (c) the report published under subsection (2)(c) above; and
 - (d) the strategy, including in particular—
 - (i) the objectives mentioned in subsection (4)(a) above and, in each case, the authorities, persons or bodies by whom they are to be pursued; and
 - (ii) the performance targets mentioned in subsection (4)(b) above.
- (6) While implementing a strategy, the responsible authorities shall keep it under review with a view to monitoring its effectiveness and making any changes to it that appear necessary or expedient.
- [^{F79}(6A) Within one month of the end of each reporting period, the responsible authorities shall submit a report on the implementation of their strategies during that period—
- (a) in the case of a report relating to the strategies for an area in England, to the Secretary of State; and
 - (b) in the case of a report relating to the strategies for an area in Wales, to the Secretary of State and to the National Assembly for Wales.]
- (7) In this section—
- “co-operating persons or bodies” means persons or bodies co-operating in the exercise of the responsible authorities’ functions under this section;
 - “relevant period” means—
 - (a) the period of three years beginning with such day as the Secretary of State may by order appoint; and
 - (b) each subsequent period of three years.

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[^{F80}“reporting period” means every period of one year which falls within a relevant period and which begins—

- (a) in the case of the first reporting period in the relevant period, with the day on which the relevant period begins; and
- (b) in any other case, with the day after the day on which the previous reporting period ends;

“substance misuse” includes the misuse of drugs or alcohol.]

Subordinate Legislation Made

P1 S. 6: 1.4.1999 appointed day for the purposes of s. 6 by S.I. 1998/3263, **art. 7**

Textual Amendments

F76 S. 6(1)(a)(b) substituted for words in s. 6(1) (1.10.2002 for E. and 1.4.2003 for W.) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), **ss. 97(7), 108(2)(4)**; S.I. 2002/2306, **art. 3(a)**; S.I. 2003/525, **art. 2**

F77 S. 6(1A) inserted (1.4.2003 for W. and 23.2.2004 for E.) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), **ss. 97(8), 108(2)(4)**; S.I. 2003/525, **art. 2**; S.I. 2004/119, **art. 2**

F78 S. 6(2)(a) substituted (1.10.2002 for E. and 1.4.2003 for W.) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), **ss. 97(9), 108(2)(4)**; S.I. 2002/2306, **art. 3(a)**; S.I. 2003/525, **art. 2**

F79 S. 6(6A) inserted (1.10.2002 for E. and 1.4.2003 for W.) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), **ss. 97(10), 108(2)(4)**; S.I. 2002/2306, **art. 2(f)(viii)**; S.I. 2003/525, **art. 2**

F80 S. 6(7): definitions of "reporting period" and "substance misuse" inserted (1.10.2002 for E. and 1.4.2003 for W.) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), **ss. 97(11), 108(2)(4)**; S.I. 2002/2306, **art. 2(f)(viii)**; S.I. 2003/525, **art. 2**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C6 S. 6: functions of local authority not to be the sole responsibility of the executive of the authority (E.) (16.11.2000) by virtue of S.I. 2000/2853, reg. 4(1), **Sch. 3**

Commencement Information

I3 S. 6 wholly in force; S. 6 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; s. 6 in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

[^{F81}6A Powers of the Secretary of State and National Assembly for Wales

- (1) The Secretary of State may, by order, require—
 - (a) the responsible authorities for local government areas to formulate any section 6 strategy of theirs for the reduction of crime and disorder so as to include, in particular, provision for the reduction of—
 - (i) crime of a description specified in the order; or
 - (ii) disorder of a description so specified.
 - (b) the responsible authorities for local government areas in England to prepare any section 6 strategy of theirs for combatting the misuse of drugs so as to include in it a strategy for combatting, in the area in question, such other forms of substance misuse as may be specified or described in the order.
- (2) After formulating any section 6 strategy (whether in a case in which there has been an order under subsection or in any other case), the responsible authorities for a local government area shall send both—
 - (a) a copy of the strategy, and

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- (b) a copy of the document which they propose to publish under section 6(5), to the Secretary of State.
- (3) It shall be the duty of the responsible authorities, when preparing any document to be published under section 6(5), to have regard to any guidance issued by the Secretary of State as to the form and content of the documents to be so published.
- (4) If the responsible authorities for a local government area propose to make any changes to a section 6 strategy of theirs, they shall send copies of the proposed changes to the Secretary of State.
- (5) In subsections (2) to (4)—
- (a) references to the Secretary of State, in relation to responsible authorities for local government areas in Wales shall have effect as references to the Secretary of State and the National Assembly for Wales; and
 - (b) accordingly, guidance issued for the purposes of subsection (3) in relation to local government areas in Wales must be issued by the Secretary of State and that Assembly acting jointly.
- (6) In this section—
- “responsible authorities” and “local government area” have same meanings as in sections 5 and 6;
 - “section 6 strategy” means a strategy required to be formulated under section 6(1); and
 - “substance misuse” has the same meaning as in section 6.]

Textual Amendments

F81 S. 6A inserted (1.10.2002 for E. and 1.4.2003 for W.) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), [ss. 98](#), [108\(2\)\(4\)](#); [S.I. 2002/2306](#), [art. 3\(b\)](#); [S.I. 2003/525](#), [art. 2](#)

7 Supplemental.

- (1) The responsible authorities for a local government area shall, whenever so required by the Secretary of State, submit to the Secretary of State a report on such matters connected with the exercise of their functions under section 6 above as may be specified in the requirement.
- (2) A requirement under subsection (1) above may specify the form in which a report is to be given.
- (3) The Secretary of State may arrange, or require the responsible authorities to arrange, for a report under subsection (1) above to be published in such manner as appears to him to be appropriate.

Commencement Information

I4 S. 7 wholly in force; S. 7 not in force at Royal Assent see [s. 121](#). In force at 30.9.1998 by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#))

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Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Youth crime and disorder

8 Parenting orders.

- (1) This section applies where, in any court proceedings—
 - (a) a child safety order is made in respect of a child [^{F82}or the court determines on an application under section 12(6) below that a child has failed to comply with any requirement included in such an order];
 - [^{F83}(aa) a parental compensation order is made in relation to a child's behaviour;]
 - (b) an anti-social behaviour order or [^{F84}sexual offences prevention order] is made in respect of a child or young person;
 - (c) a child or young person is convicted of an offence; or
 - (d) a person is convicted of an offence under section 443 (failure to comply with school attendance order) or section 444 (failure to secure regular attendance at school of registered pupil) of the ^{M1}Education Act 1996.
- (2) Subject to subsection (3) and section 9(1) below ^{F85}. . . , if in the proceedings the court is satisfied that the relevant condition is fulfilled, it may make a parenting order in respect of a person who is a parent or guardian of the child or young person or, as the case may be, the person convicted of the offence under section 443 or 444 (“the parent”).
- (3) A court shall not make a parenting order unless it has been notified by the Secretary of State that arrangements for implementing such orders are available in the area in which it appears to the court that the parent resides or will reside and the notice has not been withdrawn.
- [^{F86}(4) A parenting order is an order which requires the parent—
 - (a) to comply, for a period not exceeding twelve months, with such requirements as are specified in the order, and
 - (b) subject to subsection (5) below, to attend, for a concurrent period not exceeding three months, such counselling or guidance programme as may be specified in directions given by the responsible officer.
- (5) A parenting order may, but need not, include such a requirement as is mentioned in subsection (4)(b) above in any case where a parenting order under this section or any other enactment has been made in respect of the parent on a previous occasion.]
- (6) The relevant condition is that the parenting order would be desirable in the interests of preventing—
 - (a) in a case falling within paragraph (a) [^{F87}, (aa)] or (b) of subsection (1) above, any repetition of the kind of behaviour which led to the child safety order, [^{F88}parental compensation order,] anti-social behaviour order or [^{F84}sexual offences prevention order] being made;
 - (b) in a case falling within paragraph (c) of that subsection, the commission of any further offence by the child or young person;
 - (c) in a case falling within paragraph (d) of that subsection, the commission of any further offence under section 443 or 444 of the ^{M2}Education Act 1996.
- (7) The requirements that may be specified under subsection (4)(a) above are those which the court considers desirable in the interests of preventing any such repetition or, as the case may be, the commission of any such further offence.

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- [^{F89}(7A) A counselling or guidance programme which a parent is required to attend by virtue of subsection (4)(b) above may be or include a residential course but only if the court is satisfied—
- (a) that the attendance of the parent at a residential course is likely to be more effective than his attendance at a non-residential course in preventing any such repetition or, as the case may be, the commission of any such further offence, and
 - (b) that any interference with family life which is likely to result from the attendance of the parent at a residential course is proportionate in all the circumstances.]
- (8) In this section and section 9 below “responsible officer”, in relation to a parenting order, means one of the following who is specified in the order, namely—
- (a) [^{F90}an officer of a local probation board] ;
 - (b) a social worker of a local authority ^{F91}. . . ; and
 - [^{F92}(bb) a person nominated by [^{F93}a person appointed as director of children’s services under section 18 of the Children Act 2004 or by] a person appointed as chief education officer under section 532 of the ^{M3}Education Act 1996]
 - (c) a member of a youth offending team.
- [^{F94}(9) In this section “sexual offences prevention order” means an order under section 104 of the Sexual Offences Act 2003 (sexual offences prevention orders).]

Textual Amendments

- F82** Words in s. 8(1)(a) inserted (1.3.2005) by Children Act 2004 (c. 31), **ss. 60(2)**, 67(7)(h); S.I. 2005/394, **art. 2(1)(j)**
- F83** S. 8(1)(aa) inserted (20.7.2006 in relation to specified areas) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), ss. 144, 178(8), **Sch. 10 para. 3(2)**; S.I. 2006/1871, **art. 2**, Sch. (as amended by S.I. 2006/2182, art. 3)
- F84** Words in s. 8(1)(b)(6)(a) substituted (8.11.2006) by Violent Crime Reduction Act 2006 (c. 38), **ss. 60(2)(a)**, 66(2)(d) (with s. 60(4))
- F85** Words in s. 8(2) omitted (27.2.2004) by virtue of Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 324, 336(3), Sch. 34 para. 1; S.I. 2004/81, **art. 5(2)(d)** (and those same words repealed (15.12.2004) by Pt. 12 of Sch. 37 to that Act; S.I. 2004/3033, art. 3(2)(e)(ii)(cc))
- F86** S. 8(4)(5) substituted (27.2.2004) by Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 (c. 38), **ss. 18(2)**, 93(1); S.I. 2003/3300, **art. 3(a)(i)**
- F87** Words in s. 8(6)(a) inserted (20.7.2006 in relation to specified areas) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), ss. 144, 178(8), **Sch. 10 para. 3(3)(a)**; S.I. 2006/1871, **art. 2**, Sch. (as amended by S.I. 2006/2182, art. 3)
- F88** Words in s. 8(6)(a) inserted (20.7.2006 in relation to specified areas) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), ss. 144, 178(8), **Sch. 10 para. 3(3)(b)**; S.I. 2006/1871, **art. 2**, Sch. (as amended by S.I. 2006/2182, art. 3)
- F89** S. 8(7A) inserted (27.2.2004) by Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 (c. 38), **ss. 18(3)**, 93(1); S.I. 2003/3300, **art. 3(a)(i)**
- F90** Words in s. 8(8)(a) substituted (1.4.2001) by 2000 c. 43, s. 74, **Sch. 7 Pt. I para. 4(1)(a)(2)**; S.I. 2001/919, **art. 2(f)(i)**
- F91** Words in s. 8(8)(b) repealed (1.4.2005 for E. and 1.4.2006 for W.) by Children Act 2004 (c. 31), ss. 64, 67(8), **Sch. 5 Pt. 4**, Note; S.I. 2005/394, **art. 2(2)(g)**; S.I. 2006/885, **art. 2(2)(h)**
- F92** S. 8(8)(bb) inserted (1.4.2001) by 2000 c. 43, s. 73; S.I. 2001/919, **art. 2(d)**

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F93 Words in s. 8(8)(bb) inserted (with effect for specified purposes as mentioned in s. 18(9)(a) of the amending Act, otherwise 1.1.2008) by Children Act 2004 (c. 31), ss. 18(9)(10), 67(2), **Sch. 2 para. 5(2)**; S.I. 2007/1792, **art. 2**

F94 S. 8(9) inserted (8.11.2006) by Violent Crime Reduction Act 2006 (c. 38), **ss. 60(2)(b)**, 66(2)(d) (with s. 60(4))

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C7 S. 8 restricted (26.6.2000) by 1999 c. 23, **ss. 4(5)(6)**, (with Sch. 7 paras. 3(3), 5(2)); S.I. 2000/1587, **art. 2**; which s. 4 of that 1999 Act was repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165(4), 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. 1** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

Commencement Information

I5 S. 8 wholly in force; S. 8 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in **arts. 5-8**)

Marginal Citations

M1 1996 c.56.

M2 1996 c.56.

M3 1996 c. 56.

9 Parenting orders: supplemental.

(1) Where a person under the age of 16 is convicted of an offence, the court by or before which he is so convicted—

- (a) if it is satisfied that the relevant condition is fulfilled, shall make a parenting order; and
- (b) if it is not so satisfied, shall state in open court that it is not and why it is not.

[^{F95}(1A) The requirements of subsection (1) do not apply where the court makes a referral order in respect of the offence.]

[^{F96}(1B) If an anti-social behaviour order is made in respect of a person under the age of 16 the court which makes the order—

- (a) must make a parenting order if it is satisfied that the relevant condition is fulfilled;
- (b) if it is not so satisfied, must state in open court that it is not and why it is not.]

(2) Before making a parenting order—

- (a) in a case falling within paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 8 above;
- (b) in a case falling within paragraph (b) or (c) of that subsection, where the person concerned is under the age of 16; or
- (c) in a case falling within paragraph (d) of that subsection, where the person to whom the offence related is under that age,

a court shall obtain and consider information about the person's family circumstances and the likely effect of the order on those circumstances.

[^{F97}(2A) In a case where a court proposes to make both a referral order in respect of a child or young person convicted of an offence and a parenting order, before making the parenting order the court shall obtain and consider a report by an appropriate officer—

- (a) indicating the requirements proposed by that officer to be included in the parenting order;

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- (b) indicating the reasons why he considers those requirements would be desirable in the interests of preventing the commission of any further offence by the child or young person; and
 - (c) if the child or young person is aged under 16, containing the information required by subsection (2) above.
- (2B) In subsection (2A) above “an appropriate officer” means—
- (a) an officer of a local probation board;
 - (b) a social worker of a local authority^{F98} . . . ; or
 - (c) a member of a youth offending team.]
- (3) Before making a parenting order, a court shall explain to the parent in ordinary language—
- (a) the effect of the order and of the requirements proposed to be included in it;
 - (b) the consequences which may follow (under subsection (7) below) if he fails to comply with any of those requirements; and
 - (c) that the court has power (under subsection (5) below) to review the order on the application either of the parent or of the responsible officer.
- (4) Requirements specified in, and directions given under, a parenting order shall, as far as practicable, be such as to avoid—
- (a) any conflict with the parent’s religious beliefs; and
 - (b) any interference with the times, if any, at which he normally works or attends an educational establishment.
- (5) If while a parenting order is in force it appears to the court which made it, on the application of the responsible officer or the parent, that it is appropriate to make an order under this subsection, the court may make an order discharging the parenting order or varying it—
- (a) by cancelling any provision included in it; or
 - (b) by inserting in it (either in addition to or in substitution for any of its provisions) any provision that could have been included in the order if the court had then had power to make it and were exercising the power.
- (6) Where an application under subsection (5) above for the discharge of a parenting order is dismissed, no further application for its discharge shall be made under that subsection by any person except with the consent of the court which made the order.
- (7) If while a parenting order is in force the parent without reasonable excuse fails to comply with any requirement included in the order, or specified in directions given by the responsible officer, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.
- [^{F99}(7A) In this section “referral order” means an order under section 16(2) or (3) of the Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000 (referral of offender to youth offender panel).]

Textual Amendments

F95 S. 9(1A) substituted (27.2.2004) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), ss. 324, 336(3), [Sch. 34 para. 2\(2\)](#); S.I. 2004/81, [art. 5\(2\)\(d\)](#)

F96 S. 9(1B) inserted (27.2.2004) by [Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 \(c. 38\)](#), ss. [85\(8\)](#), 93(1) (with s. 84); S.I. 2003/3300, [art. 3\(c\)](#)

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- F97** S. 9(2A)(2B) inserted (27.2.2004) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 324, 336(3), **Sch. 34 para. 2(3)**; S.I. 2004/81, **art. 5(2)(d)**
- F98** Words in s. 9(2B)(b) repealed (1.4.2005 for E. and 1.4.2006 for W.) by Children Act 2004 (c. 31), ss. 64, 67(8), **Sch. 5 Pt. 4**, Note; S.I. 2005/394, **art. 2(2)(g)**; S.I. 2006/885, **art. 2(2)(h)**
- F99** S. 9(7A) inserted (27.2.2004) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 324, 336(3), **Sch. 34 para. 2(4)**; S.I. 2004/81, **art. 5(2)(d)**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C8** S. 9(3)-(7) applied (27.2.2004 for E. and 11.5.2006 for W.) by Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 (c. 38), **ss. 21(3)**, 93(1); S.I. 2003/3300, **art. 4(c)**; S.I. 2006/1278, **art. 2**
- C9** S. 9(3)-(7) applied (27.2.2004) by Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 (c. 38), **ss. 27(3)**, 93(1); S.I. 2003/3300, **art. 3(a)(iii)**

Commencement Information

- I6** S. 9 wholly in force; S. 9 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in **arts. 5-8**)

10 Appeals against parenting orders.

- (1) An appeal shall lie—
- to the High Court against the making of a parenting order by virtue of paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 8 above; and
 - to the Crown Court against the making of a parenting order by virtue of paragraph (b) of that subsection.
- (2) On an appeal under subsection (1) above the High Court or the Crown Court—
- may make such orders as may be necessary to give effect to its determination of the appeal; and
 - may also make such incidental or consequential orders as appear to it to be just.
- (3) Any order of the High Court or the Crown Court made on an appeal under subsection (1) above (other than one directing that an application be re-heard by a magistrates' court) shall, for the purposes of subsections (5) to (7) of section 9 above, be treated as if it were an order of the court from which the appeal was brought and not an order of the High Court or the Crown Court.
- (4) A person in respect of whom a parenting order is made by virtue of section 8(1)(c) above shall have the same right of appeal against the making of the order as if—
- the offence that led to the making of the order were an offence committed by him; and
 - the order were a sentence passed on him for the offence.
- (5) A person in respect of whom a parenting order is made by virtue of section 8(1)(d) above shall have the same right of appeal against the making of the order as if the order were a sentence passed on him for the offence that led to the making of the order.
- (6) The Lord Chancellor may [^{F100} with the concurrence of the Lord Chief Justice,] by order make provision as to the circumstances in which appeals under subsection (1) (a) above may be made against decisions taken by courts on questions arising in connection with the transfer, or proposed transfer, of proceedings by virtue of any order under paragraph 2 of Schedule 11 (jurisdiction) to the ^{M4}Children Act 1989 (“the 1989 Act”).

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(7) Except to the extent provided for in any order made under subsection (6) above, no appeal may be made against any decision of a kind mentioned in that subsection.

[^{F101}(8) The Lord Chief Justice may nominate a judicial office holder (as defined in section 109(4) of the Constitutional Reform Act 2005) to exercise his functions under this section.]

Textual Amendments

F100 Words in s. 10(6) inserted (3.4.2006) by [Constitutional Reform Act 2005 \(c. 4\)](#), ss. 148(1), 15, [Sch. 4 para. 277\(2\)](#); S.I. 2006/1014 {art. 2(a)}, Sch. 1 para. 11(v)

F101 S. 10(8) inserted (3.4.2006) by [Constitutional Reform Act 2005 \(c. 4\)](#), ss. 148(1), 15, [Sch. 4 para. 277\(3\)](#); S.I. 2006/1014, [art. 2\(a\)](#), Sch. 1 para. 11(v)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C10 S. 10(2)(3) applied (27.2.2004 for E. and 11.5.2006 for W.) by [Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 \(c. 38\)](#), ss. 22(2), 93(1); S.I. 2003/3300, [art. 4\(d\)](#); S.I. 2006/1278 {art. 2}

C11 S. 10(2)(3) applied (27.2.2004) by [Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 \(c. 38\)](#), ss. 28(2), 93(1); S.I. 2003/3300, [art. 3\(a\)\(iii\)](#)

Commencement Information

I7 S. 10 wholly in force at 1.6.2000; S. 10 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; S. 10(1)-(5) in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, [art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#)); s. 10(6)(7) in force at 1.6.2000 by S.I. 2000/924, [art. 5](#)

Marginal Citations

M4 1989 c.41.

11 Child safety orders.

(1) Subject to subsection (2) below, if a magistrates' court, on the application of a local authority, is satisfied that one or more of the conditions specified in subsection (3) below are fulfilled with respect to a child under the age of 10, it may make an order (a "child safety order") which—

- (a) places the child, for a period (not exceeding the permitted maximum) specified in the order, under the supervision of the responsible officer; and
- (b) requires the child to comply with such requirements as are so specified.

(2) A court shall not make a child safety order unless it has been notified by the Secretary of State that arrangements for implementing such orders are available in the area in which it appears that the child resides or will reside and the notice has not been withdrawn.

(3) The conditions are—

- (a) that the child has committed an act which, if he had been aged 10 or over, would have constituted an offence;
- (b) that a child safety order is necessary for the purpose of preventing the commission by the child of such an act as is mentioned in paragraph (a) above;
- (c) that the child has contravened a ban imposed by a curfew notice; and

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- (d) that the child has acted in a manner that caused or was likely to cause harassment, alarm or distress to one or more persons not of the same household as himself.
- (4) The maximum period permitted for the purposes of subsection (1)(a) above is ^{F102}[twelve months].
- (5) The requirements that may be specified under subsection (1)(b) above are those which the court considers desirable in the interests of—
- (a) securing that the child receives appropriate care, protection and support and is subject to proper control; or
- (b) preventing any repetition of the kind of behaviour which led to the child safety order being made.
- (6) Proceedings under this section or section 12 below shall be family proceedings for the purposes of the 1989 Act or section 65 of the ^{M5}Magistrates’ Courts Act 1980 (“the 1980 Act”); and the standard of proof applicable to such proceedings shall be that applicable to civil proceedings.
- (7) In this section “local authority” has the same meaning as in the 1989 Act.
- (8) In this section and section 12 below, “responsible officer”, in relation to a child safety order, means one of the following who is specified in the order, namely—
- (a) a social worker of a local authority ^{F103}. . . ; and
- (b) a member of a youth offending team.

Textual Amendments

F102 Words in s. 11(4) substituted (1.3.2005) by [Children Act 2004 \(c. 31\), ss. 60\(3\), 67\(7\)\(h\)](#); S.I. 2005/394, [art. 2\(1\)\(j\)](#)

F103 Words in s. 11(8)(a) repealed (1.4.2005 for E. and 1.4.2006 for W.) by [Children Act 2004 \(c. 31\), ss. 64, 67\(8\), Sch. 5 Pt. 4](#), Note; S.I. 2005/394, [art. 2\(2\)\(g\)](#); S.I. 2006/885, [art. 2\(2\)\(h\)](#)

Commencement Information

I8 S. 11 wholly in force; S. 11 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, [art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#))

Marginal Citations

M5 1980 c.43.

12 Child safety orders: supplemental.

- (1) Before making a child safety order, a magistrates’ court shall obtain and consider information about the child’s family circumstances and the likely effect of the order on those circumstances.
- (2) Before making a child safety order, a magistrates’ court shall explain to the parent or guardian of the child in ordinary language—
- (a) the effect of the order and of the requirements proposed to be included in it;
- (b) the consequences which may follow (under subsection (6) below) if the child fails to comply with any of those requirements; and

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- (c) that the court has power (under subsection (4) below) to review the order on the application either of the parent or guardian or of the responsible officer.
- (3) Requirements included in a child safety order shall, as far as practicable, be such as to avoid—
- (a) any conflict with the parent’s religious beliefs; and
 - (b) any interference with the times, if any, at which the child normally attends school.
- (4) If while a child safety order is in force in respect of a child it appears to the court which made it, on the application of the responsible officer or a parent or guardian of the child, that it is appropriate to make an order under this subsection, the court may make an order discharging the child safety order or varying it—
- (a) by cancelling any provision included in it; or
 - (b) by inserting in it (either in addition to or in substitution for any of its provisions) any provision that could have been included in the order if the court had then had power to make it and were exercising the power.
- (5) Where an application under subsection (4) above for the discharge of a child safety order is dismissed, no further application for its discharge shall be made under that subsection by any person except with the consent of the court which made the order.
- (6) Where a child safety order is in force and it is proved to the satisfaction of the court which made it or another magistrates’ court [^{F104}acting in the same local justice area], on the application of the responsible officer, that the child has failed to comply with any requirement included in the order, the court—
- (a) ^{F105}
 - (b) may make an order varying the order—
 - (i) by cancelling any provision included in it; or
 - (ii) by inserting in it (either in addition to or in substitution for any of its provisions) any provision that could have been included in the order if the court had then had power to make it and were exercising the power.
- (7) ^{F105}

Textual Amendments

F104 Words in s. 12(6) substituted (1.4.2005) by [The Courts Act 2003 \(Consequential Provisions\) Order 2005 \(S.I. 2005/886\)](#), art. 2, [Sch. para. 57](#)

F105 S. 12(6)(a)(7) repealed (1.3.2005) by [Children Act 2004 \(c. 31\)](#), ss. 60(4), 67(7)(h), [Sch. 5 Pt. 6](#), Note; S.I. 2005/394, [art. 2\(1\)\(j\)](#)

Commencement Information

I9 S. 12 wholly in force; S. 12 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, [art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

13 Appeals against child safety orders.

- (1) An appeal shall lie to the High Court against the making by a magistrates’ court of a child safety order; and on such an appeal the High Court—

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- (a) may make such orders as may be necessary to give effect to its determination of the appeal; and
 - (b) may also make such incidental or consequential orders as appear to it to be just.
- (2) Any order of the High Court made on an appeal under this section (other than one directing that an application be re-heard by a magistrates' court) shall, for the purposes of subsections (4) to (6) of section 12 above, be treated as if it were an order of the magistrates' court from which the appeal was brought and not an order of the High Court.
- (3) Subsections (6) and (7) of section 10 above shall apply for the purposes of subsection (1) above as they apply for the purposes of subsection (1)(a) of that section.

Commencement Information

I10 S. 13 wholly in force at 1.6.2000; S. 13 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; S. 13(1)(2) in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); s. 13(3) in force at 1.6.2000 by S.I. 2000/924, art. 5

[^{F106}13A Parental compensation orders

- (1) A magistrates' court may make an order under this section (a “parental compensation order”) if on the application of a local authority it is satisfied, on the civil standard of proof—
 - (a) that the condition mentioned in subsection (2) below is fulfilled with respect to a child under the age of 10; and
 - (b) that it would be desirable to make the order in the interests of preventing a repetition of the behaviour in question.
- (2) The condition is that the child has taken, or caused loss of or damage to, property in the course of—
 - (a) committing an act which, if he had been aged 10 or over, would have constituted an offence; or
 - (b) acting in a manner that caused or was likely to cause harassment, alarm or distress to one or more persons not of the same household as himself.
- (3) A parental compensation order is an order which requires any person specified in the order who is a parent or guardian of the child (other than a local authority) to pay compensation of an amount specified in the order to any person or persons specified in the order who is, or are, affected by the taking of the property or its loss or damage.
- (4) The amount of compensation specified may not exceed £5,000 in all.
- (5) The Secretary of State may by order amend subsection (4) above so as to substitute a different amount.
- (6) For the purposes of collection and enforcement, a parental compensation order is to be treated as if it were a sum adjudged to be paid on the conviction by the magistrates' court which made the order of the person or persons specified in the order as liable to pay the compensation.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (7) In this section and sections 13B and 13C below, “local authority” has the same meaning as in the 1989 Act.

Textual Amendments

F106 Ss. 13A-13E inserted (20.7.2006 in relation to specified areas) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\)](#), ss. 144, 178(8), [Sch. 10 para. 2](#); S.I. 2006/1871, [art. 2](#), [Sch.](#) (as amended by S.I. 2006/2182, [art. 3](#))

13B Parental compensation orders: the compensation

- (1) When specifying the amount of compensation for the purposes of section 13A(3) above, the magistrates' court shall take into account—
- (a) the value of the property taken or damaged, or whose loss was caused, by the child;
 - (b) any further loss which flowed from the taking of or damage to the property, or from its loss;
 - (c) whether the child, or any parent or guardian of his, has already paid any compensation for the property (and if so, how much);
 - (d) whether the child, or any parent or guardian of his, has already made any reparation (and if so, what it consisted of);
 - (e) the means of those to be specified in the order as liable to pay the compensation, so far as the court can ascertain them;
 - (f) whether there was any lack of care on the part of the person affected by the taking of the property or its loss or damage which made it easier for the child to take or damage the property or to cause its loss.
- (2) If property taken is recovered before compensation is ordered to be paid in respect of it—
- (a) the court shall not order any such compensation to be payable in respect of it if it is not damaged;
 - (b) if it is damaged, the damage shall be treated for the purposes of making a parental compensation order as having been caused by the child, regardless of how it was caused and who caused it.
- (3) The court shall specify in the order how and by when the compensation is to be paid (for example, it may specify that the compensation is to be paid by instalments, and specify the date by which each instalment must be paid).
- (4) For the purpose of ascertaining the means of the parent or guardian, the court may, before specifying the amount of compensation, order him to provide the court, within such period as it may specify in the order, such a statement of his financial circumstances as the court may require.
- (5) A person who without reasonable excuse fails to comply with an order under subsection (4) above is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale.
- (6) If, in providing a statement of his financial circumstances pursuant to an order under subsection (4) above, a person—
- (a) makes a statement which he knows to be false in a material particular;

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- (b) recklessly provides a statement which is false in a material particular; or
 - (c) knowingly fails to disclose any material fact,
- he is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 4 on the standard scale.
- (7) Proceedings in respect of an offence under subsection (6) above may, despite anything in section 127(1) of the 1980 Act (limitation of time), be commenced at any time within two years from the date of the commission of the offence or within six months of its first discovery by the local authority, whichever period expires earlier.

Textual Amendments

F106 Ss. 13A-13E inserted (20.7.2006 in relation to specified areas) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\)](#), ss. 144, 178(8), [Sch. 10 para. 2](#); S.I. 2006/1871, [art. 2](#), [Sch.](#) (as amended by S.I. 2006/2182, [art. 3](#))

13C Parental compensation orders: supplemental

- (1) Before deciding whether or not to make a parental compensation order in favour of any person, the magistrates' court shall take into account the views of that person about whether a parental compensation order should be made in his favour.
- (2) Before making a parental compensation order, the magistrates' court shall obtain and consider information about the child's family circumstances and the likely effect of the order on those circumstances.
- (3) Before making a parental compensation order, a magistrates' court shall explain to the parent or guardian of the child in ordinary language—
 - (a) the effect of the order and of the requirements proposed to be included in it;
 - (b) the consequences which may follow (under subsection (4)(b) below) as a result of failure to comply with any of those requirements;
 - (c) that the court has power (under subsection (4)(a) below) to review the order on the application either of the parent or guardian or of the local authority.
- (4) A magistrates' court which has made a parental compensation order may make an order under subsection (5) below if while the order is in force—
 - (a) it appears to the court, on the application of the local authority, or the parent or guardian subject to the order, that it is appropriate to make an order under subsection (5); or
 - (b) it is proved to the satisfaction of the court, on the application of the local authority, that the parent or guardian subject to it has failed to comply with any requirement included in the order.
- (5) An order under this subsection is an order discharging the parental compensation order or varying it—
 - (a) by cancelling any provision included in it; or
 - (b) by inserting in it (either in addition to or in substitution for any of its provisions) any provision that could have been included in the order if the court had then had power to make it and were exercising the power.
- (6) Where an application under subsection (4) above for the discharge of a parental compensation order is dismissed, no further application for its discharge shall be made

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under that subsection by any person except with the consent of the court which made the order.

- (7) References in this section to the magistrates' court which made a parental compensation order include any magistrates' court acting in the same local justice area as that court.

Textual Amendments

F106 Ss. 13A-13E inserted (20.7.2006 in relation to specified areas) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\)](#), ss. 144, 178(8), **Sch. 10 para. 2**; S.I. 2006/1871, **art. 2**, Sch. (as amended by S.I. 2006/2182, art. 3)

13D Parental compensation orders: appeal

- (1) If a magistrates' court makes a parental compensation order, the parent or guardian may appeal against the making of the order, or against the amount of compensation specified in the order.
- (2) The appeal lies to the Crown Court.
- (3) On the appeal the Crown Court—
 - (a) may make such orders as may be necessary to give effect to its determination of the appeal;
 - (b) may also make such incidental or consequential orders as appear to it to be just.
- (4) Any order of the Crown Court made on an appeal under this section (other than one directing that an application be re-heard by a magistrates' court) shall, for the purposes of section 13C above, be treated as if it were an order of the magistrates' court from which the appeal was brought and not an order of the Crown Court.
- (5) A person in whose favour a parental compensation order is made shall not be entitled to receive any compensation under it until (disregarding any power of a court to grant leave to appeal out of time) there is no further possibility of an appeal on which the order could be varied or set aside.

Textual Amendments

F106 Ss. 13A-13E inserted (20.7.2006 in relation to specified areas) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\)](#), ss. 144, 178(8), **Sch. 10 para. 2**; S.I. 2006/1871, **art. 2**, Sch. (as amended by S.I. 2006/2182, art. 3)

13E Effect of parental compensation order on subsequent award of damages in civil proceedings

- (1) This section has effect where—
 - (a) a parental compensation order has been made in favour of any person in respect of any taking or loss of property or damage to it; and
 - (b) a claim by him in civil proceedings for damages in respect of the taking, loss or damage is then to be determined.

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- (2) The damages in the civil proceedings shall be assessed without regard to the parental compensation order, but the claimant may recover only an amount equal to the aggregate of the following—
 - (a) any amount by which they exceed the compensation; and
 - (b) a sum equal to any portion of the compensation which he fails to recover.
- (3) The claimant may not enforce the judgment, so far as it relates to such a sum as is mentioned in subsection (2)(b) above, without the permission of the court.]

Textual Amendments

F106 Ss. 13A-13E inserted (20.7.2006 in relation to specified areas) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\)](#), ss. 144, 178(8), [Sch. 10 para. 2](#); S.I. 2006/1871, [art. 2](#), Sch. (as amended by S.I. 2006/2182, [art. 3](#))

14 Local child curfew schemes.

- (1) A local authority [^{F107}or a chief officer of police] may make a scheme (a “local child curfew scheme”) for enabling the authority [^{F108}or (as the case may be) the officer]—
 - (a) subject to and in accordance with the provisions of the scheme; and
 - (b) if, after such consultation as is required by the scheme, the authority [^{F108}or (as the case may be) the officer] considers it necessary to do so for the purpose of maintaining order,
to give a notice imposing, for a specified period (not exceeding 90 days), a ban to which subsection (2) below applies.
- (2) This subsection applies to a ban on children of specified ages (^{F109}under 16] being in a public place within a specified area—
 - (a) during specified hours (between 9 pm and 6 am); and
 - (b) otherwise than under the effective control of a parent or a responsible person aged 18 or over.
- (3) Before making a local child curfew scheme, a local authority shall consult—
 - (a) every chief officer of police any part of whose police area lies within its area; and
 - (b) such other persons or bodies as it considers appropriate.
- [^{F110}(3A) Before making a local child curfew scheme, a chief officer of police shall consult—
 - (a) every local authority any part of whose area lies within the area to be specified; and
 - (b) such other persons or bodies as he considers appropriate.]
 - [^{F111}(4) A local child curfew scheme shall, if made by a local authority, be made under the common seal of the authority.
 - (4A) A local child curfew scheme shall not have effect until it is confirmed by the Secretary of State.]
 - (5) The Secretary of State—
 - (a) may confirm, or refuse to confirm, a local child curfew scheme submitted under this section for confirmation; and

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- (b) may fix the date on which such a scheme is to come into operation; and if no date is so fixed, the scheme shall come into operation at the end of the period of one month beginning with the date of its confirmation.
- (6) A notice given under a local child curfew scheme (a “curfew notice”) may specify different hours in relation to children of different ages.
- (7) A curfew notice shall be given—
- (a) by posting the notice in some conspicuous place or places within the specified area; and
 - (b) in such other manner, if any, as appears to the local authority [^{F112}or (as the case may be) the chief officer of police] to be desirable for giving publicity to the notice.
- (8) In this section—
- “local authority” means—
- (a) in relation to England, the council of a district or London borough, the Common Council of the City of London, the Council of the Isle of Wight and the Council of the Isles of Scilly;
 - (b) in relation to Wales, the council of a county or county borough;
- “public place” has the same meaning as in Part II of the ^{M6}Public Order Act 1986.

Textual Amendments

F107 Words in s. 14(1) inserted (1.8.2001) by 2001 c. 16, s. 49(2)(a); S.I. 2001/2223, art. 3

F108 Words in s. 14(1) inserted (1.8.2001) by 2001 c. 16, s. 49(2)(b); S.I. 2001/2223, art. 3

F109 Words in s. 14(2) substituted (1.8.2001) by 2001 c. 16, s. 48; S.I. 2001/2223, art. 3

F110 S. 14(3A) inserted (1.8.2001) by 2001 c. 16, s. 49(3); S.I. 2001/2223, art. 3

F111 S. 14(4)(4A) substituted (1.8.2001) for s. 14(4) by 2001 c. 16, s. 49(4); S.I. 2001/2223, art. 3

F112 Words in s. 14(7)(b) inserted (1.8.2001) by 2001 c. 16, s. 49(5); S.I. 2001/2223, art. 3

Commencement Information

I11 S. 14 wholly in force; S. 14 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M6 1986 c.64.

15 Contravention of curfew notices.

- (1) Subsections (2) and (3) below apply where a constable has reasonable cause to believe that a child is in contravention of a ban imposed by a curfew notice.
- (2) The constable shall, as soon as practicable, inform the local authority for the area that the child has contravened the ban.
- (3) The constable may remove the child to the child’s place of residence unless he has reasonable cause to believe that the child would, if removed to that place, be likely to suffer significant harm.
- (4) In subsection (1) of section 47 of the 1989 Act (local authority’s duty to investigate)—

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- (a) in paragraph (a), after sub-paragraph (ii) there shall be inserted the following sub-paragraph—
- “(iii) has contravened a ban imposed by a curfew notice within the meaning of Chapter I of Part I of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998; or”; and
- (b) at the end there shall be inserted the following paragraph— “ In the case of a child falling within paragraph (a)(iii) above, the enquiries shall be commenced as soon as practicable and, in any event, within 48 hours of the authority receiving the information. ”

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C12 S. 15(1)-(3) applied (with modifications) (20.1.2004) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), Sch. 4 para. 4B (as inserted by Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 (c. 38), ss. 33(3), 93(1); S.I. 2003/3300, art. 2(b))

Commencement Information

I12 S. 15 wholly in force; S. 15 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

VALID FROM 12/01/2010

16 Removal of truants [^{F113} and excluded pupils] to designated premises etc.

- (1) This section applies where a local authority—
- (a) designates premises in a police area (“designated premises”) as premises to which children and young persons of compulsory school age may be removed under this section; and
- (b) notifies the chief officer of police for that area of the designation.
- (2) A police officer of or above the rank of superintendent may direct that the powers conferred on a constable by [^{F114}subsections (3) and (3ZA)] below—
- (a) shall be exercisable as respects any area falling within the police area and specified in the direction; and
- (b) shall be so exercisable during a period so specified;
- and references in [^{F115}each of those subsections] to a specified area and a specified period shall be construed accordingly.
- (3) If a constable has reasonable cause to believe that a child or young person found by him in a public place in a specified area during a specified period—
- (a) is of compulsory school age; and
- (b) is absent from a school without lawful authority,
- the constable may remove the child or young person to designated premises, or to the school from which he is so absent.

[^{F116}(3ZA) If a constable has reasonable cause to believe that a child or young person found by him in a public place in a specified area during a specified period and during school hours—

- (a) is of compulsory school age,

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- (b) has been excluded on disciplinary grounds from a relevant school for a fixed period or permanently,
 - (c) remains excluded from that school,
 - (d) has not subsequently been admitted as a pupil to any other school, and
 - (e) has no reasonable justification for being in the public place,
- the constable may remove the child or young person to designated premises.]

[^{F117}(3A) Subsection (2) shall have effect in relation to The British Transport Police Force; and for that purpose the reference to any area falling within the police area shall be treated as a reference to any area in a place specified in section 31(1)(a) to (f) of the Railways and Transport Safety Act 2003.]

[^{F118}(3B) In subsection (3ZA), “school hours” means any time during a school session of the school referred to in paragraph (b) of that subsection or during a break between sessions of that school on the same day.]

(4) A child’s or young person’s absence from a school shall be taken to be without lawful authority [^{F119}unless the child or young person is prevented from attending by sickness or other unavoidable cause or the absence falls within subsection (3) (leave or day set apart for religious observance) of section 444 of the Education Act 1996].

(5) In this section—

[^{F120}“British Transport Police” means the force of constables appointed under section 53 of the British Transport Commission Act 1949 (c. xxix);]

“local authority” means—

- (a) in relation to England, a county council, a district council whose district does not form part of an area that has a county council, a London borough council or the Common Council of the City of London;
- (b) in relation to Wales, a county council or a county borough council;

[^{F121} . . .
 “public place” has the same meaning as in [^{F122}Part 2 of the Public Order Act 1986];

[^{F123}“relevant school” has the meaning given by section 111 of the Education and Inspections Act 2006;]

“school” has the same meaning as in the ^{M7}Education Act 1996.

Textual Amendments

F113 Words in s. 16 heading inserted (1.9.2007 for E. and 31.10.2010 for W.) by Education and Inspections Act 2006 (c. 40), **ss. 108(6)**, 188(3); S.I. 2007/1801, **art. 3(e)**; S.I. 2010/2543, **art. 2(j)**

F114 Words in s. 16(2) inserted (1.9.2007 for E. and 31.10.2010 for W.) by Education and Inspections Act 2006 (c. 40), **ss. 108(2)(a)**, 188(3); S.I. 2007/1801, **art. 3(e)**; S.I. 2010/2543, **art. 2(j)**

F115 Words in s. 16(2) substituted (1.9.2007 for E. and 31.10.2010 for W.) by Education and Inspections Act 2006 (c. 40), **ss. 108(2)(b)**, 188(3); S.I. 2007/1801, **art. 3(e)**; S.I. 2010/2543, **art. 2(j)**

F116 S. 16(3ZA) inserted (1.9.2007 for E. and 31.10.2010 for W.) by Education and Inspections Act 2006 (c. 40), **ss. 108(3)**, 188(3); S.I. 2007/1801, **art. 3(e)**; S.I. 2010/2543, **art. 2(j)**

F117 S. 16(3A) substituted (1.7.2004) by The British Transport Police (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/1573), **art. 12(5)(c)**

F118 S. 16(3B) inserted (1.9.2007 for E. and 31.10.2010 for W.) by Education and Inspections Act 2006 (c. 40), **ss. 108(4)**, 188(3); S.I. 2007/1801, **art. 3(e)**; S.I. 2010/2543, **art. 2(j)**

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- F119** Words in s. 16(4) substituted (8.11.2006) by Education and Inspections Act 2006 (c. 40), ss. 109(10), 188(1)
- F120** S. 16(5): definition of "British Transport Police" inserted (1.10.2002) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), s. 75(2)(a); S.I. 2002/2306, art. 2(d)(vii); and that definition ceased to have effect (1.7.2004) by virtue of Railways and Transport Safety Act 2003 (c. 20), ss. 73, 120(1), Sch. 5 para. 4(1)(b)(2)(j); S.I. 2004/1572, art. 3(jjj)
- F121** S. 16(5): definition of "policed premises" repealed (1.7.2004) by The British Transport Police (Transitional and Consequential Provisions) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/1573), art. 12(5)(d)
- F122** S. 16(5): words in definition of "public place" substituted (12.1.2010) by Policing and Crime Act 2009 (c. 26), ss. 112(1), 116(6)(a), Sch. 7 para. 134(3)
- F123** S. 16(5): definition of "relevant school" inserted (1.9.2007 for E. and 31.10.2010 for W.) by Education and Inspections Act 2006 (c. 40), ss. 108(5), 188(3); S.I. 2007/1801, art. 3(e); S.I. 2010/2543, art. 2(j)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C13** S. 16 amended (1.7.2004) by Railways and Transport Safety Act 2003 (c. 20), ss. 73(1), 120(1), Sch. 5 para. 4(1)(a)(2)(j); S.I. 2004/1572, art. 3(jjj)

Marginal Citations

- M7** 1996 c.56.

Miscellaneous and supplemental

17 Duty to consider crime and disorder implications.

- (1) Without prejudice to any other obligation imposed on it, it shall be the duty of each authority to which this section applies to exercise its various functions with due regard to the likely effect of the exercise of those functions on, and the need to do all that it reasonably can to prevent, crime and disorder in its area.
- (2) This section applies to a local authority, a joint authority, [^{F124}the London Fire and Emergency Planning Authority,]^{F125}[^{F126}a fire and rescue authority constituted by a scheme under section 2 of the Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004 or a scheme to which section 4 of that Act applies],] a police authority, a National Park authority and the Broads Authority.
- (3) In this section—
“local authority” means a local authority within the meaning given by section 270(1) of the ^{M8}Local Government Act 1972 or the Common Council of the City of London;
“joint authority” has the same meaning as in the ^{M9}Local Government Act 1985;
“National Park authority” means an authority established under section 63 of the ^{M10}Environment Act 1995.

Textual Amendments

- F124** Words in s. 17(2) inserted (3.7.2000) by 1999 c. 29, s. 328(8), Sch. 29 Pt. I para. 63 (with Sch. 12 para. 9(1)); S.I. 2000/1094, art. 4
- F125** Words in s. 17(2) inserted (1.4.2003) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), ss. 97(12), 108(2)(4); S.I. 2003/525, art. 2; S.I. 2003/808, art. 2(j)

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F126 Words in s. 17(2) substituted (7.9.2004 for E.S. for specified purposes, 1.10.2004 for E.S. otherwise, and 10.11.2004 for W.) by **Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004 (c. 21)**, ss. 53(1), 61, **Sch. 1 para. 89(3)**; S.I. 2004/2304, **art. 2(1)** (with art. 3); S.I. 2004/2917, **art. 2**

Commencement Information

I13 S. 17 wholly in force; S. 17 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in **arts. 5-8**)

Marginal Citations

M8 1972 c.70.

M9 1985 c.51.

M10 1995 c.25.

VALID FROM 01/08/2007

[^{F127} 17A Sharing of information

- (1) A relevant authority is under a duty to disclose to all other relevant authorities any information held by the authority which is of a prescribed description, at such intervals and in such form as may be prescribed.
- (2) In subsection (1) “prescribed” means prescribed in regulations made by the Secretary of State.
- (3) The Secretary of State may only prescribe descriptions of information which appears to him to be of potential relevance in relation to the reduction of crime and disorder in any area of England and Wales (including anti-social or other behaviour adversely affecting the local environment in that area).
- (4) Nothing in this section requires a relevant authority to disclose any personal data (within the meaning of the Data Protection Act 1998).
- (5) In this section “relevant authority” means an authority in England and Wales which is for the time being a relevant authority for the purposes of section 115.]

Textual Amendments

F127 S. 17A inserted (1.8.2007 for E. and 19.11.2007 for W.) by **Police and Justice Act 2006 (c. 48)**, ss. 22, 53(1)(a), **Sch. 9 para. 5**; S.I. 2007/1614, **art 3(b)**; S.I. 2007/3073, **art. 2(a)**

18 Interpretation etc. of Chapter I.

(1) In this Chapter—

- “anti-social behaviour order” has the meaning given by section 1(4) above;
- “chief officer of police” has the meaning given by section 101(1) of the ^{M11}Police Act 1996;
- “child safety order” has the meaning given by section 11(1) above;
- “curfew notice” has the meaning given by section 14(6) above;
- [^{F128}“individual support order” has the meaning given by section 1AA(2) above;]

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“local child curfew scheme” has the meaning given by section 14(1) above;
[^{F129}“parental compensation order” has the meaning given by section 13A(1) above;]

“parenting order” has the meaning given by section 8(4) above;

“police area” has the meaning given by section 1(2) of the ^{M12}Police Act 1996;

“police authority” has the meaning given by section 101(1) of that Act;

“responsible officer”—

(za) [^{F130}in relation to an individual support order, has the meaning given by section 1AA(10) above;

(a) in relation to a parenting order, has the meaning given by section 8(8) above;

(b) in relation to a child safety order, has the meaning given by section 11(8) above;

[^{F131}“serious harm” shall be construed in accordance with section 224 of the Criminal Justice Act 2003;

^{F132}

(2) ^{F133}

(3) Where directions under a parenting order are to be given by [^{F134}an officer of a local probation board], [^{F134}the officer of a local probation board] shall be an officer appointed for or assigned to the [^{F135}local justice area] within which it appears to the court that the child or, as the case may be, the parent resides or will reside.

(4) Where the supervision under a child safety order is to be provided, or directions under [^{F136}an individual support order or] a parenting order are to be given, by—

(a) a social worker of a local authority ^{F137} . . . ; or

(b) a member of a youth offending team,

the social worker or member shall be a social worker of, or a member of a youth offending team established by, the local authority within whose area it appears to the court that [^{F138}the child, defendant or parent, as the case may be,] resides or will reside.

(5) For the purposes of this Chapter the Inner Temple and the Middle Temple form part of the City of London.]]

Textual Amendments

F128 S. 18(1): definition of "individual support order" inserted (1.5.2004) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), [ss. 323\(3\)\(a\)](#), 336(3); S.I. 2004/829 {art. 3(2)(b)}

F129 S. 18(1): definition of "parental compensation order" inserted (20.7.2006 in relation to specified areas) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\)](#), [ss. 144](#), 178(8), [Sch. 10 para. 4](#); S.I. 2006/1871, [art. 2](#), [Sch.](#) (as amended by S.I. 2006/2182, [art. 3](#))

F130 S. 18(1): in definition of "responsible officer", para. (za) inserted (1.5.2004) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), [ss. 323\(3\)\(b\)](#), 336(3); S.I. 2004/829 {art. 3(2)(b)}

F131 S. 18(1): definition of "serious harm" inserted (4.4.2005) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), [ss. 304](#), 336(3), [Sch. 32 para. 88\(a\)](#); S.I. 2005/950, [art. 2](#), [Sch. 1 para. 42\(33\)](#) (with [Sch. 2](#))

F132 S. 18(1): definition of "sex offender order" repealed (8.11.2006) by [Violent Crime Reduction Act 2006 \(c. 38\)](#), [ss. 60\(3\)](#), 65, 66(2)(d), [Sch. 5](#)

F133 S. 18(2) repealed (4.4.2005) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), [ss. 304](#), 332, 336(3), [Sch. 32 para. 88\(b\)](#), [Sch. 37 Pt. 7](#); S.I. 2005/950, [art. 2](#), [Sch. 1 paras. 42\(33\)](#), 44(4)(p) (with [Sch. 2](#))

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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- F134** Words in s. 18(3) substituted (1.4.2001) by 2000 c. 43, s. 74, **Sch. 7 Pt. I para. 4**; S.I. 2001/919, **art. 2(f)(i)**
- F135** Words in s. 18(3) substituted (1.4.2005) by The Courts Act 2003 (Consequential Provisions) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/886), **art. 2, Sch. para. 58**
- F136** Words in s. 18(4) inserted (1.5.2004) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), **ss. 323(4)(a)**, 336(3); S.I. 2004/829 {art. 3(2)(b)}
- F137** Words in s. 18(4)(a) repealed (1.4.2005 for E. and 1.4.2006 for W.) by Children Act 2004 (c. 31), **ss. 64, 67(8), Sch. 5 Pt. 4**, Note; S.I. 2005/394, **art. 2(2)(g)**; S.I. 2006/885, **art. 2(2)(h)**
- F138** Words in s. 18(4) substituted (1.5.2004) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), **s. 323(4)(b)**, 336(3); S.I. 2004/829 {art. 3(2)(b)}

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C14** S. 18(3)(4) applied (27.2.2004) by Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000 (c. 6), **Sch. 1 para. 9D(7)** (as inserted by Crime and Disorder Act 2003 (c. 44), **ss. 324, 336(3), Sch. 34 para. 6**; S.I. 2004/81, **art. 5(2)(d)**)

Commencement Information

- I14** S. 18 wholly in force; s. 18 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

- M11** 1996 c.16.
- M12** 1996 c.16.

CHAPTER II

SCOTLAND

19 Anti-social behaviour orders.

F139

Textual Amendments

- F139** S. 19 repealed (28.10.2004) by Antisocial Behaviour etc. (Scotland) Act 2004 (asp 8), **ss. 144(2), 145(2), sch. 5**; S.S.I. 2004/420, **art. 3**, sch. 1 (with art. 4)

20 Sex offender orders.

F140

Textual Amendments

- F140** S. 20 repealed (1.5.2004) by Sexual Offences Act 2003 (c. 42), **ss. 139, 140, 141(1), Sch. 6 para. 38(4), Sch. 7**; S.I. 2004/874, **art. 2**

21 Procedural provisions with respect to orders.

F141

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Textual Amendments

F141 S. 21 repealed (28.10.2004) by [Antisocial Behaviour etc. \(Scotland\) Act 2004 \(asp 8\)](#), ss. 144(2), 145(2), [sch. 5](#); S.S.I. 2004/420, [art. 3](#), sch. 1 (with art. 4)

[^{F142}**21A Sex offender orders made in England and Wales or Northern Ireland**

^{F143}

Textual Amendments

F142 S. 21A inserted (1.10.2002) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), [s. 71](#); S.I. 2002/420, [art. 2](#)
F143 S. 21A repealed (1.5.2004) by [Sexual Offences Act 2003 \(c. 42\)](#), ss. 139, 140, 141(1), Sch. 6 para. 38(6), [Sch. 7](#); S.I. 2004/874, [art. 2](#)

22 Offences in connection with breach of orders.

^{F144}

Textual Amendments

F144 S. 22 repealed (28.10.2004) by [Antisocial Behaviour etc. \(Scotland\) Act 2004 \(asp 8\)](#), ss. 144(2), 145(2), [sch. 5](#); S.S.I. 2004/420, [art. 3](#), sch. 1 (with art. 4)

[^{F145}**22A Anti-social behaviour strategies**

^{F146}

Textual Amendments

F145 S. 22A inserted (prosp.) by [Criminal Justice \(Scotland\) Act 2003 \(asp 7\)](#), [ss. 83](#), 89
F146 S. 22A repealed (28.10.2004) (never in force) by [Antisocial Behaviour etc. \(Scotland\) Act 2004 \(asp 8\)](#), ss. 144(2), 145(2), [Sch. 5](#); S.S.I. 2004/420, [art. 3](#), sch. 1 (with art. 4)

23 Anti-social behaviour as ground of eviction.

- (1) ^{F147}
- (2) ^{F147}
- (3) ^{F147}

(4) For Ground 15 in Schedule 5 to the ^{M13}Housing (Scotland) Act 1988 (eviction on ground of use of premises for immoral or illegal purposes etc.) there shall be substituted the following—

Ground 15

The tenant, a person residing or lodging in the house with the tenant or a person visiting the house has—

- (a) been convicted of—

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- (i) using or allowing the house to be used for immoral or illegal purposes;
or
- (ii) an offence punishable by imprisonment committed in, or in the locality of, the house; or
- (b) acted in an anti-social manner in relation to a person residing, visiting or otherwise engaging in lawful activity in the locality; or
- (c) pursued a course of anti-social conduct in relation to such a person as is mentioned in head (b) above.

In this Ground “anti-social”, in relation to an action or course of conduct, means causing or likely to cause alarm, distress, nuisance or annoyance, “conduct” includes speech and a course of conduct must involve conduct on at least two occasions and “tenant” includes any one of joint tenants.”

- (5) No person shall be liable to eviction under paragraph 2 or 7 of Schedule 3 to the ^{M14}Housing (Scotland) Act 1987 or Ground 15 in Schedule 5 to the ^{M15}Housing (Scotland) Act 1988 as substituted respectively by subsection (2), (3) and (4) above in respect of any act or conduct before the commencement of this section unless he would have been liable to be evicted under those paragraphs or, as the case may be, that Ground as they had effect before that substitution.

Textual Amendments

F147 S. 23(1)-(3) repealed (30.9.2002) by [The Housing \(Scotland\) Act 2001 \(asp 10\)](#), s. 112, Sch. 10 para. 27; S.S.I. 2002/321, [art. 2](#), Sch. (with arts. 3-5)

Marginal Citations

M13 1988 c.43.
M14 1987 c.26.
M15 1988 c.43.

24 Noise-making equipment: police power of seizure.

- (1) The ^{M16}Civic Government (Scotland) Act 1982 shall be amended in accordance with this section.
- (2) In section 54 (offence of playing instruments, etc.), after subsection (2) there shall be inserted the following subsections—
- “(2A) Where a constable reasonably suspects that an offence under subsection (1) above has been committed in relation to a musical instrument or in relation to such a device as is mentioned in paragraph (c) of that subsection, he may enter any premises on which he reasonably suspects that instrument or device to be and seize any such instrument or device he finds there.
 - (2B) A constable may use reasonable force in the exercise of the power conferred by subsection (2A) above.
 - (2C) Schedule 2A to this Act (which makes provision in relation to the retention and disposal of property seized under subsection (2A) above) shall have effect.”
- (3) In section 60 (powers of search and seizure)—
- (a) in subsection (5)—

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- (i) after the words “Nothing in” there shall be inserted the words “section 54(2A) of this Act or ”; and
 - (ii) for the words from “which” to the end there shall be substituted the words “ which is otherwise exercisable by a constable ”; and
- (b) in subsection (6)—
- (i) in paragraph (a), for the words from “in pursuance” to the word “vessel” there shall be substituted the words—
 - “to enter and search—
 - (i) any premises in pursuance of section 54(2A) of this Act or of subsection (1) above; or
 - (ii) any vehicle or vessel in pursuance of the said subsection (1),”; and
 - (ii) in paragraph (c), after “under” there shall be inserted the words “section 54(2A) of this Act or ”.
- (4) After Schedule 2 there shall be inserted the Schedule set out in Schedule 1 to this Act.

Marginal Citations

M16 1982 c.45.

CHAPTER III

GREAT BRITAIN

25 Powers to require removal of masks etc.

[^{F148}(1) After subsection (4) of section 60 (powers to stop and search in anticipation of violence) of the ^{M17}Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994 (“the 1994 Act”) there shall be inserted the following subsection—

“(4A) This section also confers on any constable in uniform power—

- (a) to require any person to remove any item which the constable reasonably believes that person is wearing wholly or mainly for the purpose of concealing his identity;
 - (b) to seize any item which the constable reasonably believes any person intends to wear wholly or mainly for that purpose.”]
- (2) In subsection (5) of that section, for the words “those powers” there shall be substituted the words “ the powers conferred by subsection (4) above ”.
- (3) In subsection (8) of that section, for the words “to stop or (as the case may be) to stop the vehicle” there shall be substituted the following paragraphs—
- “(a) to stop, or to stop a vehicle; or
 - (b) to remove an item worn by him.”.

Textual Amendments

F148 S. 25(1) repealed (E.W.) (14.12.2001) by 2001 c. 24, ss. 125, 127(2)(i), Sch. 8 Pt. 6

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.
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Commencement Information

I15 S. 25 wholly in force at 1.3.1999; S. 25 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; S. 25 expressed to be in force at 1.12.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(1) (which entry relating to the commencement of s. 25 omitted (30.8.1998) by virtue of S.I. 1998/2906, art. 2); S. 25 in force at 1.3.1999 by S.I. 1998/3263, art. 4

Marginal Citations

M17 1994 c.33.

26 Retention and disposal of things seized.

After section 60 of the 1994 Act there shall be inserted the following section—

“60A Retention and disposal of things seized under section 60.

- (1) Any things seized by a constable under section 60 may be retained in accordance with regulations made by the Secretary of State under this section.
- (2) The Secretary of State may make regulations regulating the retention and safe keeping, and the disposal and destruction in prescribed circumstances, of such things.
- (3) Regulations under this section may make different provisions for different classes of things or for different circumstances.
- (4) The power to make regulations under this section shall be exercisable by statutory instrument which shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.”

Commencement Information

I16 S. 26 wholly in force at 1.3.1999; S. 26 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; S. 26 in force at 1.12.1998 for the purpose of making regulations under s. 60A of the Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(1) (as amended by 1998/2906, art. 2(3)); S. 26 in force at 1.3.1999 by S.I. 1998/3263, art. 4

27 Power of arrest for failure to comply with requirement.

(1) ^{F149}

(2) After section 60A of the 1994 Act there shall be inserted the following section—

“60B Arrest without warrant for offences under section 60: Scotland.

In Scotland, where a constable reasonably believes that a person has committed or is committing an offence under section 60(8) he may arrest that person without warrant.”

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Textual Amendments

F149 S. 27(1) repealed (1.1.2006) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\)](#), ss. 174(2), 178(8), [Sch. 17 Pt. 2](#); [S.I. 2005/3495](#) art. 2(1)(u)(xlii)

Commencement Information

I17 S. 27 wholly in force at 1.3.1999; S. 27 not in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 121](#); S. 27 expressed to be in force at 1.12.1998 by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 4\(1\)](#) (which entry relating to the commencement of s. 27 omitted (30.8.1998) by virtue of 1998/2906, art. 2(2)); S. 27 in force at 1.3.1999 by [S.I. 1998/3263](#), [art. 4](#)

PART II

CRIMINAL LAW

[^{F150}Racially or religiously aggravated] offences: England and Wales

Textual Amendments

F150 Words in the cross-heading substituted (14.12.2001) by [2001 c. 24](#), [ss. 39\(2\)](#), [127\(2\)](#) (with [s. 42](#))

28 Meaning of “[^{F151}racially or religiously aggravated]”.

- (1) An offence is [^{F151}racially or religiously aggravated] for the purposes of sections 29 to 32 below if—
 - (a) at the time of committing the offence, or immediately before or after doing so, the offender demonstrates towards the victim of the offence hostility based on the victim’s membership (or presumed membership) of a [^{F152}racial or religious group]; or
 - (b) the offence is motivated (wholly or partly) by hostility towards members of a [^{F152}racial or religious group] based on their membership of that group.
- (2) In subsection (1)(a) above—
 - “membership”, in relation to a [^{F152}racial or religious group], includes association with members of that group;
 - “presumed” means presumed by the offender.
- (3) It is immaterial for the purposes of paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection (1) above whether or not the offender’s hostility is also based, to any extent, [^{F153}on any other factor not mentioned in that paragraph.]
- (4) In this section “racial group” means a group of persons defined by reference to race, colour, nationality (including citizenship) or ethnic or national origins.
- [^{F154}(5) In this section “religious group” means a group of persons defined by reference to religious belief or lack of religious belief.]

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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Textual Amendments

- F151** Words in s. 28(1) and the sidenote substituted (14.12.2001) by 2001 c. 24, ss. 39(3)(a), 127(2) (with s. 42)
- F152** Words in s. 28(1)(2) substituted (14.12.2001) by 2001 c. 24, ss. 39(3)(b), 127(2) (with s. 42)
- F153** Words in s. 28(3) substituted (14.12.2001) for s. 28(3)(a)(b) by 2001 c. 24, ss. 39(3)(c), 127(2) (with s. 42)
- F154** S. 28(5) inserted (14.12.2001) by 2001 c. 24, ss. 39(4), 127(2) (with s. 42)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C15** S. 28 applied (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 153(3), 168(1)
- C16** S. 28 applied (18.12.2003) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 269(5), 336(2), Sch. 21 para. 2
- C17** S. 28 applied (4.4.2005) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 145(3), 336(3); S.I. 2005/950, art. 2(1), Sch. 1 para. 7 (with Sch. 2)
- C18** S. 28 applied (28.3.2009 for specified purposes, otherwise 31.10.2009) by Armed Forces Act 2006 (c. 52), ss. 240(4), 383(2) (with ss. 271(1), 385); S.I. 2009/812, art. 3(a)(b); S.I. 2009/1167, art. 4
- C19** S. 28(2) applied (31.3.2004) by Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 (c. 38), ss. 47(2), 93(1); S.I. 2004/690, art. 3(g); S.I. 2004/999, art. 2(g)

Commencement Information

- I18** S. 28 wholly in force; S. 28 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

29 [F155 Racially or religiously aggravated] assaults.

- (1) A person is guilty of an offence under this section if he commits—
- an offence under section 20 of the Offences Against the Person Act 1861 (malicious wounding or grievous bodily harm);
 - an offence under section 47 of that Act (actual bodily harm); or
 - common assault,
- which is [F156 racially or religiously aggravated] for the purposes of this section.
- (2) A person guilty of an offence falling within subsection (1)(a) or (b) above shall be liable—
- on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum, or to both;
 - on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding seven years or to a fine, or to both.
- (3) A person guilty of an offence falling within subsection (1)(c) above shall be liable—
- on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum, or to both;
 - on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to a fine, or to both.

Textual Amendments

- F155** Words in the sidenote to s. 28 substituted (14.12.2001) by 2001 c. 24, ss. 39(5)(a)(6)(a) (with s. 42)
- F156** Words in s. 29(1) substituted (14.12.2001) by 2001 c. 24, ss. 39(5)(b)(6)(a) (with s. 42)

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Commencement Information

I19 S. 29 wholly in force; S. 29 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M18 1861 c.100.

30 [^{F157}**Racially or religiously aggravated**] **criminal damage.**

- (1) A person is guilty of an offence under this section if he commits an offence under section 1(1) of the ^{M19}Criminal Damage Act 1971 (destroying or damaging property belonging to another) which is [^{F158}racially or religiously aggravated] for the purposes of this section.
- (2) A person guilty of an offence under this section shall be liable—
 - (a) on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum, or to both;
 - (b) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding fourteen years or to a fine, or to both.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, section 28(1)(a) above shall have effect as if the person to whom the property belongs or is treated as belonging for the purposes of that Act were the victim of the offence.

Textual Amendments

F157 Words in the sidenote to s. 30 substituted (14.12.2001) by 2001 c. 24, ss. 39(5)(a)(6)(b) (with s. 42)

F158 Words in s. 30(1) substituted (14.12.2001) by 2001 c. 24, ss. 39(5)(b)(6)(b) (with s. 42)

Commencement Information

I20 S. 30 wholly in force; S. 30 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M19 1971 c.48.

31 [^{F159}**Racially or religiously aggravated**] **public order offences.**

- (1) A person is guilty of an offence under this section if he commits—
 - (a) an offence under section 4 of the ^{M20}Public Order Act 1986 (fear or provocation of violence);
 - (b) an offence under section 4A of that Act (intentional harassment, alarm or distress); or
 - (c) an offence under section 5 of that Act (harassment, alarm or distress), which is [^{F160}racially or religiously aggravated] for the purposes of this section.
- (2) ^{F161}
- (3) ^{F161}

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- (4) A person guilty of an offence falling within subsection (1)(a) or (b) above shall be liable—
- (a) on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum, or to both;
 - (b) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to a fine, or to both.
- (5) A person guilty of an offence falling within subsection (1)(c) above shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 4 on the standard scale.
- (6) If, on the trial on indictment of a person charged with an offence falling within subsection (1)(a) or (b) above, the jury find him not guilty of the offence charged, they may find him guilty of the basic offence mentioned in that provision.
- (7) For the purposes of subsection (1)(c) above, section 28(1)(a) above shall have effect as if the person likely to be caused harassment, alarm or distress were the victim of the offence.

Textual Amendments

F159 Words in the sidenote to s. 31 substituted (14.12.2001) by 2001 c. 24, ss. 39(5)(a)(6)(c) (with s. 42)

F160 Words in s. 31(1) substituted (14.12.2001) by 2001 c. 24, ss. 39(5)(b)(6)(c) (with s. 42)

F161 S. 31(2)(3) repealed (1.1.2006) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), ss. 111, 174(2), 178(8), Sch. 7 para. 34, Sch. 17 Pt. 2; S.I. 2005/3495 art. 2(1)(m)(u)(xlii)

Commencement Information

I21 S. 31 wholly in force; S. 31 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M20 1986 c.64.

32 [F162 Racially or religiously aggravated] harassment etc.

- (1) A person is guilty of an offence under this section if he commits—
- (a) an offence under section 2 of the ^{M21}Protection from Harassment Act 1997 (offence of harassment); or
 - (b) an offence under section 4 of that Act (putting people in fear of violence), which is [F163 racially or religiously aggravated] for the purposes of this section.
- (2) ^{F164}
- (3) A person guilty of an offence falling within subsection (1)(a) above shall be liable—
- (a) on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum, or to both;
 - (b) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to a fine, or to both.
- (4) A person guilty of an offence falling within subsection (1)(b) above shall be liable—
- (a) on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum, or to both;

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- (b) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding seven years or to a fine, or to both.
- (5) If, on the trial on indictment of a person charged with an offence falling within subsection (1)(a) above, the jury find him not guilty of the offence charged, they may find him guilty of the basic offence mentioned in that provision.
- (6) If, on the trial on indictment of a person charged with an offence falling within subsection (1)(b) above, the jury find him not guilty of the offence charged, they may find him guilty of an offence falling within subsection (1)(a) above.
- (7) Section 5 of the ^{M22}Protection from Harassment Act 1997 (restraining orders) shall have effect in relation to a person convicted of an offence under this section as if the reference in subsection (1) of that section to an offence under section 2 or 4 included a reference to an offence under this section.

Textual Amendments

- F162** Words in the sidenote to s. 32 substituted (14.12.2001) by 2001 c. 24, ss. 39(5)(a)(6)(d), 127(2) (with s. 42)
- F163** Words in s. 32(1) substituted (14.12.2001) by 2001 c. 24, ss. 39(5)(b)(6)(d), 127(2) (with s. 42)
- F164** S. 32(2) repealed (1.10.2002) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), s. 107(2), Sch. 8; S.I. 2002/2306, art. 2(g)(iii)(f)

Commencement Information

- I22** S. 32 wholly in force; S. 32 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

- M21** 1997 c.40.
- M22** 1997 c.40.

Racially-aggravated offences: Scotland

33 Racially-aggravated offences.

After section 50 of the ^{M23}Criminal Law (Consolidation) (Scotland) Act 1995 there shall be inserted the following section—

“ Racially-aggravated harassment

50A Racially-aggravated harassment.

- (1) A person is guilty of an offence under this section if he—
 - (a) pursues a racially-aggravated course of conduct which amounts to harassment of a person and—
 - (i) is intended to amount to harassment of that person; or
 - (ii) occurs in circumstances where it would appear to a reasonable person that it would amount to harassment of that person; or
 - (b) acts in a manner which is racially aggravated and which causes, or is intended to cause, a person alarm or distress.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (2) For the purposes of this section a course of conduct or an action is racially aggravated if—
- (a) immediately before, during or immediately after carrying out the course of conduct or action the offender evinces towards the person affected malice and ill-will based on that person’s membership (or presumed membership) of a racial group; or
 - (b) the course of conduct or action is motivated (wholly or partly) by malice and ill-will towards members of a racial group based on their membership of that group.
- (3) In subsection (2)(a) above—
- “membership”, in relation to a racial group, includes association with members of that group;
- “presumed” means presumed by the offender.
- (4) It is immaterial for the purposes of paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection (2) above whether or not the offender’s malice and ill-will is also based, to any extent, on—
- (a) the fact or presumption that any person or group of persons belongs to any religious group; or
 - (b) any other factor not mentioned in that paragraph.
- (5) A person who is guilty of an offence under this section shall—
- (a) on summary conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum, or imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months, or both such fine and such imprisonment; and
 - (b) on conviction on indictment, be liable to a fine or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding seven years, or both such fine and such imprisonment.
- (6) In this section—
- “conduct” includes speech;
- “harassment” of a person includes causing the person alarm or distress;
- “racial group” means a group of persons defined by reference to race, colour, nationality (including citizenship) or ethnic or national origins,
- and a course of conduct must involve conduct on at least two occasions.”

Commencement Information

I23 S. 33 wholly in force; S. 33 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M23 1995 c.39.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.
Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Miscellaneous

34 Abolition of rebuttable presumption that a child is doli incapax.

The rebuttable presumption of criminal law that a child aged 10 or over is incapable of committing an offence is hereby abolished.

Commencement Information

I24 S. 34 wholly in force; S. 34 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

35 Effect of child's silence at trial.

In section 35 of the 1994 Act (effect of accused's silence at trial), the following provisions shall cease to have effect, namely—

- (a) in subsection (1), the words “who has attained the age of fourteen years”; and
- (b) subsection (6).

Commencement Information

I25 S. 35 wholly in force; S. 35 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

36 Abolition of death penalty for treason and piracy.

(1) In section I of the ^{M24}Treason Act (Ireland) 1537 (practising any harm etc. to, or slandering, the King, Queen or heirs apparent punishable as high treason), for the words “have and suffer such pains of death and” there shall be substituted the words “be liable to imprisonment for life and to such”.

(2) In the following enactments, namely—

- (a) section II of the ^{M25}Crown of Ireland Act 1542 (occasioning disturbance etc. to the crown of Ireland punishable as high treason);
- (b) section XII of the ^{M26}Act of Supremacy (Ireland) 1560 (penalties for maintaining or defending foreign authority);
- (c) section 3 of the ^{M27}Treason Act 1702 (endeavouring to hinder the succession to the Crown etc. punishable as high treason);
- (d) section I of the ^{M28}Treason Act (Ireland) 1703 (which makes corresponding provision),

for the words “suffer pains of death” there shall be substituted the words “be liable to imprisonment for life”.

(3) The following enactments shall cease to have effect, namely—

- (a) the ^{M29}Treason Act 1790;
- (b) the ^{M30}Treason Act 1795.

(4) In section 1 of the ^{M31}Treason Act 1814 (form of sentence in case of high treason), for the words “such person shall be hanged by the neck until such person be dead”, there shall be substituted the words “such person shall be liable to imprisonment for life”.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (5) In section 2 of the ^{M32}Piracy Act 1837 (punishment of piracy when murder is attempted), for the words “and being convicted thereof shall suffer death” there shall be substituted the words “ and being convicted thereof shall be liable to imprisonment for life ”.
- (6) The following enactments shall cease to have effect, namely—
- (a) the Sentence of ^{M33}Death (Expectant Mothers) Act 1931; and
 - (b) sections 32 and 33 of the ^{M34}Criminal Justice Act Northern Ireland) 1945 (which make corresponding provision).

Commencement Information

I26 S. 36 wholly in force; s. 36 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; s. 36 in force at 30.9.1998 by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#))

Marginal Citations

M24 1537 c.7.
M25 1542 c.1.
M26 1560 c.1.
M27 1702 c.21.
M28 1703 c. 5.
M29 1790 c.48.
M30 1795 c.7.
M31 1814 c.146.
M32 1837 c.88.
M33 1931 c.24.
M34 1945 c.15 (N.I.).

PART III

CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM

Youth justice

37 Aim of the youth justice system.

- (1) It shall be the principal aim of the youth justice system to prevent offending by children and young persons.
- (2) In addition to any other duty to which they are subject, it shall be the duty of all persons and bodies carrying out functions in relation to the youth justice system to have regard to that aim.

Commencement Information

I27 S. 37 wholly in force; S. 37 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#))

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38 Local provision of youth justice services.

- (1) It shall be the duty of each local authority, acting in co-operation with the persons and bodies mentioned in subsection (2) below, to secure that, to such extent as is appropriate for their area, all youth justice services are available there.
- (2) It shall be the duty of—
 - (a) every chief officer of police or police authority any part of whose police area lies within the local authority’s area; and
 - (b) every [^{F165}local probation board][^{F166}, [^{F167}Strategic Health Authority,][^{F168}Local Health Board] or Primary Care Trust] any part of whose area lies within that area,to co-operate in the discharge by the local authority of their duty under subsection (1) above.
- (3) The local authority and every person or body mentioned in subsection (2) above shall have power to make payments towards expenditure incurred in the provision of youth justice services—
 - (a) by making the payments directly; or
 - (b) by contributing to a fund, established and maintained by the local authority, out of which the payments may be made.
- (4) In this section and sections 39 to 41 below “youth justice services” means any of the following, namely—
 - (a) the provision of persons to act as appropriate adults to safeguard the interests of children and young persons detained or questioned by police officers;
 - (b) the assessment of children and young persons, and the provision for them of rehabilitation programmes, for the purposes of section 66(2) below;
 - (c) the provision of support for children and young persons remanded or committed on bail while awaiting trial or sentence;
 - (d) the placement in local authority accommodation of children and young persons remanded or committed to such accommodation under section 23 of the ^{M35}Children and Young Persons Act 1969 (“the 1969 Act”);
 - (e) the provision of reports or other information required by courts in criminal proceedings against children and young persons;
 - ^{F169}(ee) the performance by youth offending teams and members of youth offending teams of functions under sections 25 to 27 of the Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003;]
 - (f) the provision of persons to act as responsible officers in relation to [^{F170}individual support orders,] parenting orders, child safety orders, reparation orders and action plan orders;
 - (g) the supervision of young persons sentenced to a [^{F171}community order under section 177 of the Criminal Justice Act 2003];
 - (h) the supervision of children and young persons sentenced to a detention and training order or a supervision order;
 - (i) the post-release supervision of children and young persons under ^{F172} . . . section 31 of the ^{M36}Crime (Sentences) Act 1997 (“the 1997 Act”) [^{F173}or by virtue of conditions imposed under section 250 of the Criminal Justice Act 2003];
 - (j) the performance of functions under subsection (1) of [^{F174}section 102 of the Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000 (period of detention and

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training under detention and training orders)] by such persons as may be authorised by the Secretary of State under that subsection.

[^{F175}(k) the implementation of referral orders within the meaning of [^{F176}the Powers of Criminal Courts (sentencing) Act 2000].]

- (5) The Secretary of State may by order amend subsection (4) above so as to extend, restrict or otherwise alter the definition of “youth justice services” for the time being specified in that subsection.

Textual Amendments

- F165** Words in s. 38(2)(b) substituted (1.4.2001) by 2000 c. 43, s. 74, **Sch. 7 para. 151**; S.I. 2001/919, **art. 2(f)(ii)**
- F166** Words in s. 38(2)(b) substituted (8.2.2000) by The Health Act 1999 (Supplementary, Consequential etc. Provisions) Order 2000 (S.I. 2000/90), arts. 1, 3(1), **Sch. 1 para. 35(3)**
- F167** Words in s. 38(2)(b) inserted (1.10.2002) by The National Health Service Reform and Health Care Professions Act 2002 (Supplementary, Consequential etc. Provisions) Regulations 2002 (S.I. 2002/2469), reg. 4, **Sch. 1 Pt. 1 para. 25(2)**
- F168** Words in s. 38(2)(b) substituted (1.4.2007) by The References to Health Authorities Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/961), art. 3, **Sch. para. 29(2)(b)**
- F169** S. 38(4)(ee) inserted (27.2.2004) by Anti-social Behaviour Act 2003 (c. 38), **ss. 29(2)**, 93(1); S.I. 2003/3300, **art. 3(a)(iii)**
- F170** Words in s. 38(4)(f) inserted (1.5.2004) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), **ss. 323(5)**, 336(3); S.I. 2004/829 {art. 3(2)(b)}
- F171** Words in s. 38(4)(g) substituted (4.4.2005) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), **ss. 304**, 336(3), **Sch. 32 para. 89(2)**; S.I. 2005/950, **art. 2**, Sch. 1 para. 42(33) (with Sch. 2)
- F172** Words in s. 38(4)(i) repealed (4.4.2005) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), **ss. 332**, 336(3), **Sch. 37 Pt. 7**; S.I. 2005/950, **art. 2**, Sch. 1 para. 44(4)(p) (with Sch. 2)
- F173** Words in s. 38(4)(i) inserted (4.4.2005) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), **ss. 304**, 336(3), **Sch. 32 para. 89(3)**; S.I. 2005/950, **art. 2**, Sch. 1 para. 42(33) (with Sch. 2)
- F174** Words in s. 38(4)(j) substituted (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, **ss. 165**, 168(1), **Sch. 9 para. 197(a)**
- F175** S. 38(4)(k) inserted (26.6.2000) by 1999 c. 23, s. 67(1), Sch. 4 paras. 25, **28** (with Sch. 7 paras. 3(3), 5(2)); S.I. 2000/1587, **art. 2**
- F176** Words in s. 38(4)(k) substituted (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, **ss. 165**, 168(1), **Sch. 9 para. 197(b)**

Commencement Information

- I28** S. 38 wholly in force; S. 38 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. S. 38(4) in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); S. 38(1)-(3)(5) in force at 30.8.1998 in the areas specified in Sch. 1 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 3(1)**, **Sch. 1** (subject to savings in art. 9); s. 38 in force at 1.4.2000 by S.I. 2000/924, **art. 2**

Marginal Citations

- M35** 1969 c.54.
M36 1997 c.43.

39 Youth offending teams.

- (1) Subject to subsection (2) below, it shall be the duty of each local authority, acting in co-operation with the persons and bodies mentioned in subsection (3) below, to establish for their area one or more youth offending teams.

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- (2) Two (or more) local authorities acting together may establish one or more youth offending teams for both (or all) their areas; and where they do so—
- (a) any reference in the following provisions of this section (except subsection (4)(b)) to, or to the area of, the local authority or a particular local authority shall be construed accordingly, and
 - (b) the reference in subsection (4)(b) to the local authority shall be construed as a reference to one of the authorities.
- (3) It shall be the duty of—
- (a) every chief officer of police any part of whose police area lies within the local authority's area; and
 - (b) every [^{F177}local probation board][^{F178}, [^{F179}Strategic Health Authority, [^{F180}Local Health Board] or Primary Care Trust] any part of whose area lies within that area,
- to co-operate in the discharge by the local authority of their duty under subsection (1) above.
- (4) The local authority and every person or body mentioned in subsection (3) above shall have power to make payments towards expenditure incurred by, or for purposes connected with, youth offending teams—
- (a) by making the payments directly; or
 - (b) by contributing to a fund, established and maintained by the local authority, out of which the payments may be made.
- (5) A youth offending team shall include at least one of each of the following, namely—
- (a) [^{F181}an officer of a local probation board];
 - [^{F182}(aa) where the local authority is in England, a person with experience of social work in relation to children nominated by the director of children's services appointed by the local authority under section 18 of the Children Act 2004;]
 - (b) [^{F183}where the local authority is in Wales, a social worker of the] local authority [^{F184} . . . ;
 - (c) a police officer;
 - (d) a person nominated by [^{F185}a Primary Care Trust or] a [^{F180}Local Health Board] any part of whose area lies within the local authority's area;
 - [^{F186}(da) where the local authority is in England, a person with experience in education nominated by the director of children's services appointed by the local authority under section 18 of the Children Act 2004;]
 - (e) [^{F187}where the local authority is in Wales,] a person nominated by the chief education officer appointed by the local authority under section 532 of the ^{M37}Education Act 1996.
- (6) A youth offending team may also include such other persons as the local authority thinks appropriate after consulting the persons and bodies mentioned in subsection (3) above.
- (7) It shall be the duty of the youth offending team or teams established by a particular local authority—
- (a) to co-ordinate the provision of youth justice services for all those in the authority's area who need them; and
 - (b) to carry out such functions as are assigned to the team or teams in the youth justice plan formulated by the authority under section 40(1) below.

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Textual Amendments

- F177** Words in s. 39(3)(b) substituted (1.4.2001) by 2000 c. 43, s. 74, **Sch. 7 Pt. II para. 151**; S.I. 2001/919, **art. 2(f)(ii)**
- F178** Words in s. 39(3)(b) substituted (8.2.2000) by The Health Act 1999 (Supplementary, Consequential etc. Provisions) Order 2000 (S.I. 2000/90), arts. 1, 3(1), **Sch. 1 para. 35(4)**
- F179** Words in s. 39(3)(b) inserted (1.10.2002) by The National Health Service Reform and Health Care Professions Act 2002 (Supplementary, Consequential etc. Provisions) Regulations 2002 (S.I. 2002/2469), reg. 4, **Sch. 1 Pt. 1 para. 25(3)(a)**
- F180** Words in s. 39(3)(b)(5)(d) substituted (1.4.2007) by The References to Health Authorities Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/961), art. 3, **Sch. para. 29(2)(c)**
- F181** Words in s. 39(5)(a) substituted (1.4.2001) by 2000 c. 43, s. 74, **Sch. 7 Pt. I para. 4(1)(a)**, (2); S.I. 2001/919, **art. 2(f)(i)**
- F182** S. 39(5)(aa) inserted (with effect for specified purposes as mentioned in s. 18(9)(a) of the amending Act, otherwise 1.1.2008) by Children Act 2004 (c. 31), ss. 18(9)(10), 67(2), **Sch. 2 para. 5(3)(a)**; S.I. 2007/1792, **art. 2**
- F183** Words in s. 39(5)(b) substituted (with effect for specified purposes as mentioned in s. 18(9)(a) of the amending Act, otherwise 1.1.2008) by Children Act 2004 (c. 31), ss. 18(9)(10), 67(2), **Sch. 2 para. 5(3)(b)**; S.I. 2007/1792, **art. 2**
- F184** Words in s. 39(5)(b) repealed (1.4.2005 for E. and 1.4.2006 for W.) by Children Act 2004 (c. 31), ss. 64, 67(8), **Sch. 5 Pt. 4**; S.I. 2005/394, **art. 2(2)(g)**; S.I. 2006/885, **art. 2(2)(h)**
- F185** Words in s. 39(5)(d) inserted (1.10.2002) by The National Health Service Reform and Health Care Professions Act 2002 (Supplementary, Consequential etc. Provisions) Regulations 2002 (S.I. 2002/2469), reg. 4, **Sch. 1 Pt 1 para. 25(3)(b)**
- F186** S. 39(5)(da) inserted (with effect for specified purposes as mentioned in s. 18(9)(a) of the amending Act, otherwise 1.1.2008) by Children Act 2004 (c. 31), ss. 18(9)(10), 67(2), **Sch. 2 para. 5(3)(c)**; S.I. 2007/1792, **art. 2**
- F187** Words in s. 39(5)(e) inserted (with effect for specified purposes as mentioned in s. 18(9)(a) of the amending Act, otherwise 1.1.2008) by Children Act 2004 (c. 31), ss. 18(9)(10), 67(2), **Sch. 2 para. 5(3)(d)**; S.I. 2007/1792, **art. 2**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C20** Ss. 39-42 applied (with modifications) (1.2.2005) by The Local Authorities' Plans and Strategies (Disapplication) (England) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/157), **art. 5(2)**, Sch. 1 (with art. 5(3))
- C21** Ss. 39-42 applied (1.2.2005) by The Local Authorities' Plans and Strategies (Disapplication) (England) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/157), **art. 5(3)(b)**

Commencement Information

- I29** S. 39 wholly in force at 1.4.2000; S. 39 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; S. 39 in force at 30.9.1998 in the areas specified in Sch. 1 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 3(1)**, **Sch. 1** (subject to savings in **art. 9**); s. 39 in force at 1.4.2000 insofar as not already in force by S.I. 2000/924, **art. 2**

Marginal Citations

- M37** 1996 c.56.

VALID FROM 01/09/2010

[^{F188}39A Detention of child or young person: local authorities to be notified

(1) Subsection (2) applies where a youth offending team becomes aware that—

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- (a) a child or young person has become subject to a detention order and is detained in relevant youth accommodation, or
 - (b) a child or young person who is subject to a detention order has been transferred from one place of accommodation to another which is relevant youth accommodation.
- (2) The youth offending team must as soon as practicable notify—
 - (a) the home local authority, and
 - (b) the host local authority,of the place where the child or young person is detained.
- (3) Subsection (4) applies where a youth offending team becomes aware that a person has been released having immediately before release been—
 - (a) subject to a detention order, and
 - (b) detained in relevant youth accommodation.
- (4) The youth offending team must as soon as practicable notify the following authorities of the release—
 - (a) the home local authority;
 - (b) the host local authority;
 - (c) any other local authority in whose area the youth offending team expects the person to live on release.
- (5) Nothing in this section requires a youth offending team to notify a local authority of any matter of which the authority is already aware.
- (6) In this section—

“home local authority”, in relation to a child or young person, means the local authority which is the home authority in relation to that person within the meaning of Chapter 5A of Part 10 of the Education Act 1996 (persons detained in youth accommodation);

“host local authority”, in relation to a child or young person who is detained in relevant youth accommodation, means the local authority for the area in which that person is detained;

“local authority” has the meaning given by section 579(1) of the Education Act 1996;

“young person” includes a person who is aged 18;

and references in this section to a person subject to a detention order and to relevant youth accommodation have the same meanings as they have in the Education Act 1996 (see section 562(1A) of that Act).]

Textual Amendments

F188 S. 39A inserted (1.9.2010 for E. and 1.4.2011 for W.) by [Apprenticeships, Skills, Children and Learning Act 2009 \(c. 22\)](#), **ss. 51** (as amended by [S.I. 2010/1158, Sch. 2 para. 16\(2\)\(3\)\(5\)](#)), [269\(3\)\(f\)](#) (4); [S.I. 2010/303, art. 6\(1\)](#), [Sch. 5](#); [S.I. 2011/829, art. 2\(c\)](#)

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40 Youth justice plans.

- (1) It shall be the duty of each local authority, after consultation with the relevant persons and bodies, to formulate and implement for each year a plan (a “youth justice plan”) setting out—
 - (a) how youth justice services in their area are to be provided and funded; and
 - (b) how the youth offending team or teams established by them (whether alone or jointly with one or more other local authorities) are to be composed and funded, how they are to operate, and what functions they are to carry out.
- (2) In subsection (1) above “the relevant persons and bodies” means the persons and bodies mentioned in section 38(2) above and, where the local authority is a county council, any district councils whose districts form part of its area.
- (3) The functions assigned to a youth offending team under subsection (1)(b) above may include, in particular, functions under paragraph 7(b) of Schedule 2 to the 1989 Act (local authority’s duty to take reasonable steps designed to encourage children and young persons not to commit offences).
- (4) A local authority shall submit their youth justice plan to the Board established under section 41 below, and shall publish it in such manner and by such date as the Secretary of State may direct.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C22** S. 40: functions of the local authority not to be the sole responsibility of the executive of the authority (E.) (16.11.2000) by virtue of S.I. 2000/2853, reg. 4(1), **Sch. 3**
- C23** Ss. 39-42 applied (with modifications) (1.2.2005) by [The Local Authorities' Plans and Strategies \(Disapplication\) \(England\) Order 2005 \(S.I. 2005/157\)](#), **art. 5(2)**, Sch. 1 (with art. 5(3))
- C24** S. 40(1) disappplied (1.2.2005) by [The Local Authorities' Plans and Strategies \(Disapplication\) \(England\) Order 2005 \(S.I. 2005/157\)](#), **art. 5(1)**

Commencement Information

- I30** S. 40 wholly in force at 1.1.2000; S. 40 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; S. 40 in force at 30.9.1998 in the areas specified in Sch. 1 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 3(1), **Sch. 1** (subject to savings in art. 9); s. 40 in force at 1.1.2000 insofar as not already in force by S.I. 1999/3426, **art. 2**

41 The Youth Justice Board.

- (1) There shall be a body corporate to be known as the Youth Justice Board for England and Wales (“the Board”).
- (2) The Board shall not be regarded as the servant or agent of the Crown or as enjoying any status, immunity or privilege of the Crown; and the Board’s property shall not be regarded as property of, or held on behalf of, the Crown.
- (3) The Board shall consist of 10, 11 or 12 members appointed by the Secretary of State.
- (4) The members of the Board shall include persons who appear to the Secretary of State to have extensive recent experience of the youth justice system.
- (5) The Board shall have the following functions, namely—
 - (a) to monitor the operation of the youth justice system and the provision of youth justice services;

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- (b) to advise the Secretary of State on the following matters, namely—
 - (i) the operation of that system and the provision of such services;
 - (ii) how the principal aim of that system might most effectively be pursued;
 - (iii) the content of any national standards he may see fit to set with respect to the provision of such services, or the accommodation in which children and young persons are kept in custody; and
 - (iv) the steps that might be taken to prevent offending by children and young persons;
- (c) to monitor the extent to which that aim is being achieved and any such standards met;
- (d) for the purposes of paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) above, to obtain information from relevant authorities;
- (e) to publish information so obtained;
- (f) to identify, to make known and to promote good practice in the following matters, namely—
 - (i) the operation of the youth justice system and the provision of youth justice services;
 - (ii) the prevention of offending by children and young persons; and
 - (iii) working with children and young persons who are or are at risk of becoming offenders;
- (g) to make grants, with the approval of the Secretary of State, to local authorities or other bodies for them to develop such practice, or to commission research in connection with such practice;^{F189} . . .
- (h) themselves to commission research in connection with such practice.
- ^{F190}(i) to enter into agreements for the provision of—
 - (i) secure accommodation within the meaning of section 75(7) below for the purpose of detaining persons in respect of whom a detention and training order is made under section 73 below or an order is made under section 77(3)(a) or 78(2) below;
 - (ii) accommodation which is or may be used for the purpose of detaining persons sentenced under section 53(1) or (3) of the 1933 Act;
 - (iii) accommodation which is or may be used for the purpose of detaining persons dealt with under subsection (4)(c) of section 23 of the 1969 Act, as that section has effect in relation to persons described in section 98(1) below;
 - (iv) accommodation which is or may be used for the purpose of detaining persons who are under the age of 18 when remanded in custody under section 128 of the 1980 Act;
 - (v) accommodation which is or may be used for the purpose of detaining persons sentenced when under the age of 18 and before 1st April 2000 to detention in a young offender institution under section 1A of the 1982 Act; and
 - (vi) accommodation which is or may be used for the purpose of detaining persons subject to secure training orders made before 1st April 2000 under section 1 of the 1994 Act;

but no agreement shall be made under this paragraph in relation to accommodation for persons who have attained the age of 18 unless it appears

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- to the Board that it is expedient to enter into such an agreement for the operation of the youth justice system;
- (j) to facilitate arrangements between the Secretary of State and any person providing—
- (i) secure accommodation within the meaning of section 75(7) below to be used for detaining a person in accordance with a determination under section 75(1), 77(3)(a) or 78(2) below, or
 - (ii) accommodation to be used for detaining a person in accordance with a direction by the Secretary of State under section 53(1)(a) or (3)(a) of the 1933 Act;
- (k) to offer assistance to local authorities in discharging their duty under section 61 of the 1991 Act, whether by acting as the agent of a local authority or facilitating arrangements under section 61(2), or otherwise; and
- (l) annually—
- (i) to assess future demand for secure accommodation for remanded and sentenced children and young persons,
 - (ii) to prepare a plan setting out how they intend to exercise, in the following three years, the functions described in paragraphs (i) and (k) above, and any function for the time being exercisable by the Board concurrently with the Secretary of State by virtue of subsection (6)(b) below which relates to securing the provision of such accommodation, and
 - (iii) to submit the plan to the Secretary of State for approval.]
- (6) The Secretary of State may by order—
- (a) amend subsection (5) above so as to add to, subtract from or alter any of the functions of the Board for the time being specified in that subsection; or
 - (b) provide that any function of his which is exercisable in relation to the youth justice system shall be exercisable concurrently with the Board.
- (7) In carrying out their functions, the Board shall comply with any directions given by the Secretary of State and act in accordance with any guidance given by him.
- (8) A relevant authority—
- (a) shall furnish to the Board any information required for the purposes of subsection (5)(a), (b) or (c) above; and
 - (b) whenever so required by the Board, shall submit to the Board a report on such matters connected with the discharge of their duties under the foregoing provisions of this Part as may be specified in the requirement.
- A requirement under paragraph (b) above may specify the form in which a report is to be given.
- (9) The Board may arrange, or require the relevant authority to arrange, for a report under subsection (8)(b) above to be published in such manner as appears to the Board to be appropriate.
- (10) In this section “relevant authority” means a local authority, a chief officer of police, a police authority, a ^{F191}local probation board]^{F192}, ^{F193}a Strategic Health Authority,] a ^{F194}Local Health Board] and a Primary Care Trust].
- (11) Schedule 2 to this Act (which makes further provision with respect to the Board) shall have effect.

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Textual Amendments

- F189** Word in s. 41(5)(g) omitted (20.4.2000) by virtue of S.I. 2000/1160, **art. 3(a)**
- F190** S. 41(5)(i)-(k) inserted (20.4.2000) by S.I. 2000/1160, **art. 3(b)**
- F191** Words in s. 41(10) substituted (1.4.2001) by 2000 c. 43, s. 74, Sch. 7 Pt. II para. 151; S.I. 2001/919, **art. 2(f)(ii)**
- F192** Words in s. 41(10) substituted (8.2.2000) by The Health Act 1999 (Supplementary, Consequential etc. Provisions) Order 2000 (S.I. 2000/90), arts. 1, 3(1), **Sch. 1 para. 35(5)**
- F193** Words in s. 41(10) inserted (1.10.2002) by The National Health Service Reform and Health Care Professions Act 2002 (Supplementary, Consequential etc. Provisions) Regulations 2002 (S.I. 2002/2469), reg. 4, **Sch. 1 Pt. 1 para. 25(4)**
- F194** Words in s. 41(10) substituted (1.4.2007) by The References to Health Authorities Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/961), **art. 3, Sch. para. 29(2)(d)**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C25** Ss. 39-42 applied (with modifications) (1.2.2005) by The Local Authorities' Plans and Strategies (Disapplication) (England) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/157), **art. 5(2)**, Sch. 1 (with art. 5(3))
- C26** Ss. 39-42 applied (1.2.2005) by The Local Authorities' Plans and Strategies (Disapplication) (England) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/157), **art. 5(3)(b)**

Commencement Information

- I31** S. 41 wholly in force; s. 41 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121. in force at 1.8.1998 for the purposes of making appointments under this section and under paragraph 1 of Sch. 2 by S.I. 1998/1883, **art. 2(a)**. s. 41 in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

42 Supplementary provisions.

- (1) In the foregoing provisions of this Part and this section—
“chief officer of police” has the meaning given by section 101(1) of the ^{M38}Police Act 1996;
“local authority” means—
(a) in relation to England, a county council, a district council whose district does not form part of an area that has a county council, a London borough council or the Common Council of the City of London;
(b) in relation to Wales, a county council or a county borough council;
“police authority” has the meaning given by section 101(1) of the ^{M39}Police Act 1996;
“youth justice system” means the system of criminal justice in so far as it relates to children and young persons.
- (2) For the purposes of those provisions, the Isles of Scilly form part of the county of Cornwall and the Inner Temple and the Middle Temple form part of the City of London.
- (3) In carrying out any of their duties under those provisions, a local authority, a police authority, a [^{F195}local probation board][^{F196}, [^{F197}a Strategic Health Authority,] a [^{F198}Local Health Board] or a Primary Care Trust] shall act in accordance with any guidance given by the Secretary of State.

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Textual Amendments

- F195** Words in s. 42(3) substituted (1.4.2001) by 2000 c. 43, s. 74, **Sch. 7 Pt. II para. 151**; S.I. 2001/919, **art. 2(f)(ii)**
- F196** Words in s. 42(3) substituted (8.2.2000) by The Health Act 1999 (Supplementary, Consequential etc. Provisions) Order 2000 (S.I. 2000/90), arts. 1, 3(1), **Sch. 1 para. 35(6)**
- F197** Words in s. 42(3) inserted (1.10.2002) by The National Health Service Reform and Health Care Professions Act 2002 (Supplementary, Consequential etc. Provisions) Regulations 2002 (S.I. 2002/2469), reg. 4, **Sch. 1 Pt. 1 para. 25(5)**
- F198** Words in s. 42(3) substituted (1.4.2007) by The References to Health Authorities Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/961), art. 3, **Sch. para. 29(2)(e)**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C27** Ss. 39-42 applied (with modifications) (1.2.2005) by The Local Authorities' Plans and Strategies (Disapplication) (England) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/157), **art. 5(2)**, Sch. 1 (with art. 5(3))
- C28** Ss. 39-42 applied (1.2.2005) by The Local Authorities' Plans and Strategies (Disapplication) (England) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/157), **art. 5(3)(b)**

Commencement Information

- I32** S. 42 wholly in force; S. 42 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

- M38** 1996 c.16.
M39 1996 c.16.

Time limits etc.

43 Time limits.

- (1) In subsection (2) of section 22 (time limits in relation to criminal proceedings) of the ^{M40}Prosecution of Offences Act 1985 (“the 1985 Act”), for paragraphs (a) and (b) there shall be substituted the following paragraphs—

- “(a) be made so as to apply only in relation to proceedings instituted in specified areas, or proceedings of, or against persons of, specified classes or descriptions;
- (b) make different provision with respect to proceedings instituted in different areas, or different provision with respect to proceedings of, or against persons of, different classes or descriptions;”.

- (2) For subsection (3) of that section there shall be substituted the following subsection—

“(3) The appropriate court may, at any time before the expiry of a time limit imposed by the regulations, extend, or further extend, that limit; but the court shall not do so unless it is satisfied—

- (a) that the need for the extension is due to—
- (i) the illness or absence of the accused, a necessary witness, a judge or a magistrate;
- (ii) a postponement which is occasioned by the ordering by the court of separate trials in the case of two or more accused or two or more offences; or

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- (iii) some other good and sufficient cause; and
- (b) that the prosecution has acted with all due diligence and expedition.”
- (3) In subsection (4) of that section, for the words from “the accused” to the end there shall be substituted the words “ the appropriate court shall stay the proceedings ”.
- (4) In subsection (6) of that section—
- (a) for the word “Where” there shall be substituted the words “ Subsection (6A) below applies where ”; and
- (b) for the words from “the overall time limit” to the end there shall be substituted the words “ and is accordingly unlawfully at large for any period. ”
- (5) After that subsection there shall be inserted the following subsection—
- “(6A) The following, namely—
- (a) the period for which the person is unlawfully at large; and
- (b) such additional period (if any) as the appropriate court may direct, having regard to the disruption of the prosecution occasioned by—
- (i) the person’s escape or failure to surrender; and
- (ii) the length of the period mentioned in paragraph (a) above, shall be disregarded, so far as the offence in question is concerned, for the purposes of the overall time limit which applies in his case in relation to the stage which the proceedings have reached at the time of the escape or, as the case may be, at the appointed time.”
- (6) In subsection (7) of that section, after the words “time limit,” there shall be inserted the words “ or to give a direction under subsection (6A) above, ”.
- (7) In subsection (8) of that section, after the words “time limit” there shall be inserted the words “ , or to give a direction under subsection (6A) above, ”.
- (8) After subsection (11) of that section there shall be inserted the following subsection—
- “(11ZA) For the purposes of this section, proceedings for an offence shall be taken to begin when the accused is charged with the offence or, as the case may be, an information is laid charging him with the offence.”

Commencement Information

I33 S. 43 wholly in force at 1.6.1999; S. 43 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; S. 43(1) in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); s. 43 in force at 1.6.1999 insofar as not already in force by S.I. 1999/1279, art. 2(a)

Marginal Citations

M40 1985 c.23.

44 Additional time limits for persons under 18.

After section 22 of the 1985 Act there shall be inserted the following section—

“22A Additional time limits for persons under 18.

- (1) The Secretary of State may by regulations make provision—

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- (a) with respect to a person under the age of 18 at the time of his arrest in connection with an offence, as to the maximum period to be allowed for the completion of the stage beginning with his arrest and ending with the date fixed for his first appearance in court in connection with the offence (“the initial stage”);
 - (b) with respect to a person convicted of an offence who was under that age at the time of his arrest for the offence or (where he was not arrested for it) the laying of the information charging him with it, as to the period within which the stage between his conviction and his being sentenced for the offence should be completed.
- (2) Subsection (2) of section 22 above applies for the purposes of regulations under subsection (1) above as if—
- (a) the reference in paragraph (d) to custody or overall time limits were a reference to time limits imposed by the regulations; and
 - (b) the reference in paragraph (e) to proceedings instituted before the commencement of any provisions of the regulations were a reference to a stage begun before that commencement.
- (3) A magistrates’ court may, at any time before the expiry of the time limit imposed by the regulations under subsection (1)(a) above (“the initial stage time limit”), extend, or further extend, that limit; but the court shall not do so unless it is satisfied—
- (a) that the need for the extension is due to some good and sufficient cause; and
 - (b) that the investigation has been conducted, and (where applicable) the prosecution has acted, with all due diligence and expedition.
- (4) Where the initial stage time limit (whether as originally imposed or as extended or further extended under subsection (3) above) expires before the person arrested is charged with the offence, he shall not be charged with it unless further evidence relating to it is obtained, and—
- (a) if he is then under arrest, he shall be released;
 - (b) if he is then on bail under Part IV of the ^{M41}Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984, his bail (and any duty or conditions to which it is subject) shall be discharged.
- (5) Where the initial stage time limit (whether as originally imposed or as extended or further extended under subsection (3) above) expires after the person arrested is charged with the offence but before the date fixed for his first appearance in court in connection with it, the court shall stay the proceedings.
- (6) Where—
- (a) a person escapes from arrest; or
 - (b) a person who has been released on bail under Part IV of the ^{M42}Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 fails to surrender himself at the appointed time,
- and is accordingly unlawfully at large for any period, that period shall be disregarded, so far as the offence in question is concerned, for the purposes of the initial stage time limit.
- (7) Subsections (7) to (9) of section 22 above apply for the purposes of this section, at any time after the person arrested has been charged with the offence in

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question, as if any reference (however expressed) to a custody or overall time limit were a reference to the initial stage time limit.

- (8) Where a person is convicted of an offence in any proceedings, the exercise of the power conferred by subsection (3) above shall not be called into question in any appeal against that conviction.
- (9) Any reference in this section (however expressed) to a person being charged with an offence includes a reference to the laying of an information charging him with it.”

Marginal Citations

M41 1984 c.60.

M42 1984 c.60.

45 Re-institution of stayed proceedings.

After section 22A of the 1985 Act there shall be inserted the following section—

“22B Re-institution of proceedings stayed under section 22(4) or 22A(5).

- (1) This section applies where proceedings for an offence (“the original proceedings”) are stayed by a court under section 22(4) or 22A(5) of this Act.
- (2) If—
 - (a) in the case of proceedings conducted by the Director, the Director or a Chief Crown Prosecutor so directs;
 - (b) in the case of proceedings conducted by the Director of the Serious Fraud Office, the Commissioners of Inland Revenue or the Commissioners of Customs and Excise, that Director or those Commissioners so direct; or
 - (c) in the case of proceedings not conducted as mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) above, a person designated for the purpose by the Secretary of State so directs,fresh proceedings for the offence may be instituted within a period of three months (or such longer period as the court may allow) after the date on which the original proceedings were stayed by the court.
- (3) Fresh proceedings shall be instituted as follows—
 - (a) where the original proceedings were stayed by the Crown Court, by preferring a bill of indictment;
 - (b) where the original proceedings were stayed by a magistrates’ court, by laying an information.
- (4) Fresh proceedings may be instituted in accordance with subsections (2) and (3)(b) above notwithstanding anything in section 127(1) of the^{M43}Magistrates’ Courts Act 1980 (limitation of time).
- (5) Where fresh proceedings are instituted, anything done in relation to the original proceedings shall be treated as done in relation to the fresh proceedings if the court so directs or it was done—

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- (a) by the prosecutor in compliance or purported compliance with section 3, 4, 7 or 9 of the ^{M44}Criminal Procedure and Investigations Act 1996; or
 - (b) by the accused in compliance or purported compliance with section 5 or 6 of that Act.
- (6) Where a person is convicted of an offence in fresh proceedings under this section, the institution of those proceedings shall not be called into question in any appeal against that conviction.”

Marginal Citations

M43 1980 c.43.

M44 1996 c.25.

46 Date of first court appearance in bail cases.

- (1) In subsection (3) of section 47 of the 1984 Act (bail after arrest), for the words “subsection (4)” there shall be substituted the words “ subsections (3A) and (4) ”.
- (2) After that subsection there shall be inserted the following subsection—
- “(3A) Where a custody officer grants bail to a person subject to a duty to appear before a magistrates’ court, he shall appoint for the appearance—
- (a) a date which is not later than the first sitting of the court after the person is charged with the offence; or
 - (b) where he is informed by the clerk to the justices for the relevant petty sessions area that the appearance cannot be accommodated until a later date, that later date.”

Commencement Information

I34 S. 46 wholly in force at 1.11.1999; S. 46 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; S. 46 in force at 30.9.1998 in the areas specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 3(2), Sch. 2; S. 46 in force at 1.11.1999 insofar as not already in force by S.I. 1999/2976, art. 2

Functions of courts etc.

47 Powers of youth courts.

- (1) Where a person who appears or is brought before a youth court charged with an offence subsequently attains the age of 18, the youth court may, at any time—
- (a) before the start of the trial; ^{F199} . . .
 - ^{F199}(b)
- remit the person for trial ^{F200} . . . to a magistrates’ court (other than a youth court) ^{F201}
- In this subsection “the start of the trial” shall be construed in accordance with section 22(11B) of the 1985 Act.
- (2) Where a person is remitted under subsection (1) above—
- (a) he shall have no right of appeal against the order of remission;

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- (b) the remitting court shall adjourn proceedings in relation to the offence; and
 - (c) subsections (3) and (4) below shall apply.
- (3) The following, namely—
- (a) section 128 of the 1980 Act; and
 - (b) all other enactments (whenever passed) relating to remand or the granting of bail in criminal proceedings,
- shall have effect in relation to the remitting court’s power or duty to remand the person on the adjournment as if any reference to the court to or before which the person remanded is to be brought or appear after remand were a reference to the court to which he is being remitted (“the other court”).
- (4) The other court may deal with the case in any way in which it would have power to deal with it if all proceedings relating to the offence which took place before the remitting court had taken place before the other court.
- (5) After subsection (3) of section 10 of the 1980 Act (adjournment of trial) there shall be inserted the following subsection—
- “(3A) A youth court shall not be required to adjourn any proceedings for an offence at any stage by reason only of the fact—
- (a) that the court commits the accused for trial for another offence; or
 - (b) that the accused is charged with another offence.”
- (6) After subsection (1) of section 24 of the 1980 Act (summary trial of information against child or young person for indictable offence) there shall be inserted the following subsection—
- “(1A) Where a magistrates’ court—
- (a) commits a person under the age of 18 for trial for an offence of homicide; or
 - (b) in a case falling within subsection (1)(a) above, commits such a person for trial for an offence,
- the court may also commit him for trial for any other indictable offence with which he is charged at the same time if the charges for both offences could be joined in the same indictment.”
- (7) In subsection (2) of section 47 (procedure in youth courts) of the ^{M45}Children and Young Persons Act 1933 (“the 1933 Act”), the words from the beginning to “court; and” shall cease to have effect.

Textual Amendments

- F199** Word and para. (b) in s. 47(1) repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with **Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2**)
- F200** Words in s. 47(1) repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with **Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2**)
- F201** Words in s. 47(1) omitted (1.4.2005) by virtue of **The Courts Act 2003 (Consequential Provisions) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/886)**, art. 2, **Sch. para. 59**
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Commencement Information

- I35** S. 47 wholly in force; S. 47 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by **S.I. 1998/2327**, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in **arts. 5-8**)

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Marginal Citations

M45 1933 c.12.

48 Youth courts: power of stipendiary magistrates to sit alone.

- (1) In paragraph 15 of Schedule 2 to the 1933 Act (constitution of youth courts)—
- (a) in paragraph (a), after the word “shall”, in the first place where it occurs, there shall be inserted the words “ either consist of a metropolitan stipendiary magistrate sitting alone or ” and the word “shall”, in the other place where it occurs, shall cease to have effect;
 - (b) in paragraph (b), after the words “the chairman” there shall be inserted the words “ (where applicable) ”; and
 - (c) in paragraph (c), after the words “the other members” there shall be inserted the words “ (where applicable) ”.
- (2) In paragraph 17 of that Schedule, the words “or, if a metropolitan stipendiary magistrate, may sit alone” shall cease to have effect.

Commencement Information

I36 S. 48 wholly in force; S. 48 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#))

49 Powers of magistrates’ courts exercisable by single justice etc.

- (1) The following powers of a magistrates’ court for any area may be exercised by a single justice of the peace for that area, namely—
- (a) to extend bail or to impose or vary conditions of bail;
 - (b) to mark an information as withdrawn;
 - (c) to dismiss an information, or to discharge an accused in respect of an information, where no evidence is offered by the prosecution;
 - (d) to make an order for the payment of defence costs out of central funds;
 - (e) to request a pre-sentence report following a plea of guilty and, for that purpose, to give an indication of the seriousness of the offence;
 - (f) to request a medical report and, for that purpose, to remand the accused in custody or on bail;
 - (g) to remit an offender to another court for sentence;
 - (h) where a person has been granted police bail to appear at a magistrates’ court, to appoint an earlier time for his appearance;
 - (i) to extend, with the consent of the accused, a custody time limit or an overall time limit;
 - ^{F202}(j)
 - (k) where an accused has been convicted of an offence, to order him to produce his driving licence;
 - (l) to give a direction prohibiting the publication of matters disclosed or exempted from disclosure in court;
 - (m) to give, vary or revoke directions for the conduct of a trial, including directions as to the following matters, namely—

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- (i) the timetable for the proceedings;
 - (ii) the attendance of the parties;
 - (iii) the service of documents (including summaries of any legal arguments relied on by the parties);
 - (iv) the manner in which evidence is to be given; and
 - (n) to give, vary or revoke orders for separate or joint trials in the case of two or more accused or two or more informations.
- [^{F203}(2) Criminal Procedure Rules may, subject to subsection (3) below, provide that any of the things which, by virtue of subsection (1) above, are authorised to be done by a single justice of the peace for any area may, subject to any specified restrictions or conditions, be done by a justices' clerk for that area.]
- (3) [^{F204}Criminal Procedure Rules] which make such provision as is mentioned in subsection (2) above shall not authorise a justices' clerk—
- (a) without the consent of the prosecutor and the accused, to extend bail on conditions other than those (if any) previously imposed, or to impose or vary conditions of bail;
 - (b) to give an indication of the seriousness of an offence for the purposes of a pre-sentence report;
 - (c) to remand the accused in custody for the purposes of a medical report or, without the consent of the prosecutor and the accused, to remand the accused on bail for those purposes on conditions other than those (if any) previously imposed;
 - (d) to give a direction prohibiting the publication of matters disclosed or exempted from disclosure in court; or
 - (e) without the consent of the parties, to give, vary or revoke orders for separate or joint trials in the case of two or more accused or two or more informations.
- (4) Before making any [^{F205}Criminal Procedure Rules] which make such provision as is mentioned in subsection (2) above in relation to any area, the [^{F206}Criminal Procedure Rule Committee] shall consult justices of the peace and justices' clerks for that area.
- (5) In this section and section 50 below “justices' clerk” has the same meaning as in section 144 of the 1980 Act.

Textual Amendments

- F202** S. 49(1)(j) repealed (2.4.2001) by 1999 c. 22, s. 106, **Sch. 15 Pt. I** (with Sch. 14 paras. 7(2), 36(9)); S.I. 2001/916, **art. 3(b)** (with Sch. 2 para. 2)
- F203** S. 49(2) substituted (1.9.2004) by The Courts Act 2003 (Consequential Amendments) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/2035), **art. 3, Sch. para. 36(2)** (with art. 2(2))
- F204** Words in s. 49(3) substituted (1.9.2004) by The Courts Act 2003 (Consequential Amendments) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/2035), **art. 3, Sch. para. 36(3)** (with art. 2(2))
- F205** Words in s. 49(4) substituted (1.9.2004) by The Courts Act 2003 (Consequential Amendments) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/2035), **art. 3, Sch. para. 36(4)(a)** (with art. 2(2))
- F206** Words in s. 49(4) substituted (1.9.2004) by The Courts Act 2003 (Consequential Amendments) Order 2004 (S.I. 2004/2035), **art. 3, Sch. para. 36(4)(b)** (with art. 2(2))

Commencement Information

- I37** S. 49 wholly in force at 1.11.1999; S. 49 not in force at Royal Assent see s, 121. In force at 31.7.1998 for the purpose of making rules which make such provision as is mentioned in ss.(2) of this section

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by S.I. 1998/1883, **art. 2(b)**; S. 49 in force at 30.9.1998 in the areas specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 3(2)**, **Sch. 2**; S. 49 in force at 1.11.1999 insofar as not already in force by S.I. 1999/2976, **art. 2**

50 Early administrative hearings.

- (1) Where a person (“the accused”) has been charged with an offence at a police station, the magistrates’ court before whom he appears or is brought for the first time in relation to the charge may, unless the accused falls to be dealt with under section 51 below, consist of a single justice.
- [^{F207}(2) At a hearing conducted by a single justice under this section the accused shall be asked whether he wishes to be granted a right to representation funded by the Legal Services Commission as part of the Criminal Defence Service.
- (2A) Where the accused wishes to be granted such a right, the Legal Services Commission shall decide whether or not to grant him that right.]
- (3) At such a hearing the single justice—
- may exercise, subject to subsection (2) above, such of his powers as a single justice as he thinks fit; and
 - on adjourning the hearing, may remand the accused in custody or on bail.
- (4) This section applies in relation to a justices’ clerk as it applies in relation to a single justice; but nothing in subsection (3)(b) above authorises such a clerk to remand the accused in custody or, without the consent of the prosecutor and the accused, to remand the accused on bail on conditions other than those (if any) previously imposed.
- [^{F208}(4A) A hearing conducted by a single justice under this section may be—
- adjourned to enable the decision mentioned in subsection (2A) above to be taken, and
 - subsequently resumed by a single justice.]

^{F209}(5)

Textual Amendments

- F207** S. 50(2)(2A) substituted for s. 50(2) (2.10.2006) by The Criminal Defence Service (Representation Orders and Consequential Amendment) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/2493), {reg. 8(2)}
- F208** S. 50(4A) inserted (2.10.2006) by The Criminal Defence Service (Representation Orders and Consequential Amendment) Regulations 2006 (S.I. 2006/2493), {reg. 8(3)}
- F209** S. 50(5) repealed (2.4.2001) by 1999 c. 22, s. 106, **Sch. 15 Pt. I** (with **Sch. 14 paras. 7(2), 36(9)**); S.I. 2001/916, **art. 3(b)** (with **Sch. 2 para. 2**)

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C29** S. 50 extended (1.11.1999) by S.I. 1999/2784, **rule 3(2)**

Commencement Information

- I38** S. 50 wholly in force; S. 50 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in **arts. 5-8**)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.
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51 No committal proceedings for indictable-only offences.

- (1) Where an adult appears or is brought before a magistrates' court ("the court") charged with an offence triable only on indictment ("the indictable-only offence"), the court shall send him forthwith to the Crown Court for trial—
 - (a) for that offence, and
 - (b) for any either-way or summary offence with which he is charged which fulfils the requisite conditions (as set out in subsection (11) below).
- (2) Where an adult who has been sent for trial under subsection (1) above subsequently appears or is brought before a magistrates' court charged with an either-way or summary offence which fulfils the requisite conditions, the court may send him forthwith to the Crown Court for trial for the either-way or summary offence.
- (3) Where—
 - (a) the court sends an adult for trial under subsection (1) above;
 - (b) another adult appears or is brought before the court on the same or a subsequent occasion charged jointly with him with an either-way offence; and
 - (c) that offence appears to the court to be related to the indictable-only offence,the court shall where it is the same occasion, and may where it is a subsequent occasion, send the other adult forthwith to the Crown Court for trial for the either-way offence.
- (4) Where a court sends an adult for trial under subsection (3) above, it shall at the same time send him to the Crown Court for trial for any either-way or summary offence with which he is charged which fulfils the requisite conditions.
- (5) Where—
 - (a) the court sends an adult for trial under subsection (1) or (3) above; and
 - (b) a child or young person appears or is brought before the court on the same or a subsequent occasion charged jointly with the adult with an indictable offence for which the adult is sent for trial,the court shall, if it considers it necessary in the interests of justice to do so, send the child or young person forthwith to the Crown Court for trial for the indictable offence.
- (6) Where a court sends a child or young person for trial under subsection (5) above, it may at the same time send him to the Crown Court for trial for any either-way or summary offence with which he is charged which fulfils the requisite conditions.
- (7) The court shall specify in a notice the offence or offences for which a person is sent for trial under this section and the place at which he is to be tried; and a copy of the notice shall be served on the accused and given to the Crown Court sitting at that place.
- (8) In a case where there is more than one indictable-only offence and the court includes an either-way or a summary offence in the notice under subsection (7) above, the court shall specify in that notice the indictable-only offence to which the either-way offence or, as the case may be, the summary offence appears to the court to be related.
- (9) The trial of the information charging any summary offence for which a person is sent for trial under this section shall be treated as if the court had adjourned it under section 10 of the 1980 Act and had not fixed the time and place for its resumption.
- (10) In selecting the place of trial for the purpose of subsection (7) above, the court shall have regard to—

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- (a) the convenience of the defence, the prosecution and the witnesses;
 - (b) the desirability of expediting the trial; and
 - (c) any direction given by or on behalf of the Lord Chief Justice with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor under section 75(1) of the ^{M46}Supreme Court Act 1981.
- (11) An offence fulfils the requisite conditions if—
- (a) it appears to the court to be related to the indictable-only offence; and
 - (b) in the case of a summary offence, it is punishable with imprisonment or involves obligatory or discretionary disqualification from driving.
- (12) For the purposes of this section—
- (a) “adult” means a person aged 18 or over, and references to an adult include references to a corporation;
 - (b) “either-way offence” means an offence which, if committed by an adult, is triable either on indictment or summarily;
 - (c) an either-way offence is related to an indictable-only offence if the charge for the either-way offence could be joined in the same indictment as the charge for the indictable-only offence;
 - (d) a summary offence is related to an indictable-only offence if it arises out of circumstances which are the same as or connected with those giving rise to the indictable-only offence.

Commencement Information

I39 S. 51 wholly in force; S. 51 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; S. 51 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by [S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4\(2\)](#); s. 51 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by [S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2](#) (with transitional provisions in [art. 3](#))

Marginal Citations

M46 1981 c.54.

^{F210}51A Sending cases to the Crown Court: children and young persons

- (1) This section is subject to sections 24A and 24B of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (which provide for certain offences involving children or young persons to be tried summarily).
- (2) Where a child or young person appears or is brought before a magistrates' court (“the court”) charged with an offence and any of the conditions mentioned in subsection (3) below is satisfied, the court shall send him forthwith to the Crown Court for trial for the offence.
- (3) Those conditions are—
 - (a) that the offence falls within subsection (12) below;
 - (b) that the offence is such as is mentioned in subsection (1) of section 91 of the Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000 (other than one mentioned in paragraph (d) below in relation to which it appears to the court as mentioned there) and the court considers that if he is found guilty of the offence it ought to be possible to sentence him in pursuance of subsection (3) of that section;

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- (c) that notice is given to the court under section 51B or 51C below in respect of the offence;
 - (d) that the offence is a specified offence (within the meaning of section 224 of the Criminal Justice Act 2003) and it appears to the court that if he is found guilty of the offence the criteria for the imposition of a sentence under section 226(3) or 228(2) of that Act would be met.
- (4) Where the court sends a child or young person for trial under subsection (2) above, it may at the same time send him to the Crown Court for trial for any indictable or summary offence with which he is charged and which—
 - (a) (if it is an indictable offence) appears to the court to be related to the offence mentioned in subsection (2) above; or
 - (b) (if it is a summary offence) appears to the court to be related to the offence mentioned in subsection (2) above or to the indictable offence, and which fulfils the requisite condition (as defined in subsection (9) below).
- (5) Where a child or young person who has been sent for trial under subsection (2) above subsequently appears or is brought before a magistrates' court charged with an indictable or summary offence which—
 - (a) appears to the court to be related to the offence mentioned in subsection (2) above; and
 - (b) (in the case of a summary offence) fulfils the requisite condition,the court may send him forthwith to the Crown Court for trial for the indictable or summary offence.
- (6) Where—
 - (a) the court sends a child or young person (“C”) for trial under subsection (2) or (4) above; and
 - (b) an adult appears or is brought before the court on the same or a subsequent occasion charged jointly with C with an either-way offence for which C is sent for trial under subsection (2) or (4) above, or an either-way offence which appears to the court to be related to that offence,the court shall where it is the same occasion, and may where it is a subsequent occasion, send the adult forthwith to the Crown Court for trial for the either-way offence.
- (7) Where the court sends an adult for trial under subsection (6) above, it shall at the same time send him to the Crown Court for trial for any either-way or summary offence with which he is charged and which—
 - (a) (if it is an either-way offence) appears to the court to be related to the offence for which he was sent for trial; and
 - (b) (if it is a summary offence) appears to the court to be related to the offence for which he was sent for trial or to the either-way offence, and which fulfils the requisite condition.
- (8) The trial of the information charging any summary offence for which a person is sent for trial under this section shall be treated as if the court had adjourned it under section 10 of the 1980 Act and had not fixed the time and place for its resumption.
- (9) A summary offence fulfils the requisite condition if it is punishable with imprisonment or involves obligatory or discretionary disqualification from driving.
- (10) In the case of a child or young person charged with an offence—

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- (a) if the offence satisfies any of the conditions in subsection (3) above, the offence shall be dealt with under subsection (2) above and not under any other provision of this section or section 51 above;
 - (b) subject to paragraph (a) above, if the offence is one in respect of which the requirements of subsection (7) of section 51 above for sending the child or young person to the Crown Court are satisfied, the offence shall be dealt with under that subsection and not under any other provision of this section or section 51 above.
- (11) The functions of a magistrates' court under this section, and its related functions under section 51D below, may be discharged by a single justice.
- (12) An offence falls within this subsection if—
- (a) it is an offence of homicide; or
 - (b) each of the requirements of section 51A(1) of the Firearms Act 1968 would be satisfied with respect to—
 - (i) the offence; and
 - (ii) the person charged with it,
 if he were convicted of the offence.]

Textual Amendments

F210 Ss. 51-51E substituted for s. 51 (4.4.2005 for specified purposes, 18.6.2012 for specified purposes, 5.11.2012 for specified purposes, 28.5.2013 for specified purposes) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), s. 336(3)(4), Sch. 3 para. 18; [S.I. 2005/950](#), art. 2(1), Sch. 1 para. 29(a) (with Sch. 2) (as explained (29.7.2005) by [S.I. 2005/2122](#), art. 2; and as amended: (14.7.2008) by [2008 c. 4](#), Sch. 26 para. 78, Sch. 28 Pt. 2; [S.I. 2008/1586](#), Sch. 1 paras. 48(s), 50(2)(d); (30.11.2009) by [S.I. 2009/3111](#), art. 2; (3.12.2012) by [S.I. 2012/2905](#), art. 4; (3.12.2012) by [2012 c. 10](#), Sch. 14 para. 17; [S.I. 2012/2906](#), art. 2(1); [S.I. 2012/1320](#), art. 4(1)(c)(2)(3) (with art. 5) (see [S.I. 2012/2574](#), art. 4(2) and [S.I. 2013/1103](#), art. 4); [S.I. 2012/2574](#), art. 2(2)(3)(c), Sch. (with arts. 3, 4) (as amended (4.11.2012) by [S.I. 2012/2761](#), art. 2) (with [S.I. 2013/1103](#), art. 4); [S.I. 2013/1103](#), art. 2(1)(c)(2)(3) (with arts. 3, 4)

VALID FROM 27/03/2014

[^{F210}51B Notices in serious or complex fraud cases

- (1) A notice may be given by a designated authority under this section in respect of an indictable offence if the authority is of the opinion that the evidence of the offence charged—
- (a) is sufficient for the person charged to be put on trial for the offence; and
 - (b) reveals a case of fraud of such seriousness or complexity that it is appropriate that the management of the case should without delay be taken over by the Crown Court.
- (2) That opinion must be certified by the designated authority in the notice.
- (3) The notice must also specify the proposed place of trial, and in selecting that place the designated authority must have regard to the same matters as are specified in paragraphs (a) to (c) of section 51D(4) below.

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- (4) A notice under this section must be given to the magistrates' court at which the person charged appears or before which he is brought.
- (5) Such a notice must be given to the magistrates' court before any summary trial begins.
- (6) The effect of such a notice is that the functions of the magistrates' court cease in relation to the case, except—
 - (a) for the purposes of section 51D below;
 - (b) as provided by [^{F211}regulations under section 19 of the Legal Aid, Sentencing and Punishment of Offenders Act 2012]; and
 - (c) as provided by section 52 below.
- (7) The functions of a designated authority under this section may be exercised by an officer of the authority acting on behalf of the authority.
- (8) A decision to give a notice under this section shall not be subject to appeal or liable to be questioned in any court (whether a magistrates' court or not).
- (9) In this section “designated authority” means—
 - (a) the Director of Public Prosecutions;
 - (b) the Director of the Serious Fraud Office;
 - ^{F212}(c)
 - (e) the Secretary of State.

Textual Amendments

- F210** Ss. 51-51E substituted for s. 51 (4.4.2005 for specified purposes, 18.6.2012 for specified purposes, 5.11.2012 for specified purposes, 28.5.2013 for specified purposes) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), s. 336(3)(4), Sch. 3 para. 18; [S.I. 2005/950](#), art. 2(1), Sch. 1 para. 29(a) (with Sch. 2) (as explained (29.7.2005) by [S.I. 2005/2122](#), art. 2; and as amended: (14.7.2008) by [2008 c. 4](#), Sch. 26 para. 78, Sch. 28 Pt. 2; [S.I. 2008/1586](#), Sch. 1 paras. 48(s), 50(2)(d); (30.11.2009) by [S.I. 2009/3111](#), art. 2; (3.12.2012) by [S.I. 2012/2905](#), art. 4; (3.12.2012) by [2012 c. 10](#), Sch. 14 para. 17; [S.I. 2012/2906](#), art. 2(1)); [S.I. 2012/1320](#), art. 4(1)(c)(2)(3) (with art. 5) (see [S.I. 2012/2574](#), art. 4(2) and [S.I. 2013/1103](#), art. 4); [S.I. 2012/2574](#), art. 2(2)(3)(c), Sch. (with arts. 3, 4) (as amended (4.11.2012) by [S.I. 2012/2761](#), art. 2) (with [S.I. 2013/1103](#), art. 4); [S.I. 2013/1103](#), art. 2(1)(c)(2)(3) (with arts. 3, 4)
- F211** Words in s. 51B(6)(b) substituted (1.4.2013) by [Legal Aid, Sentencing and Punishment of Offenders Act 2012 \(c. 10\)](#), s. 151(1), [Sch. 5 para. 48](#); [S.I. 2013/453](#), art. 3(h) (with savings and transitional provisions in [S.I. 2013/534](#), art. 6)
- F212** S. 51B(9)(c) omitted (27.3.2014) by virtue of [The Public Bodies \(Merger of the Director of Public Prosecutions and the Director of Revenue and Customs Prosecutions\) Order 2014 \(S.I. 2014/834\)](#), art. 1(1), [Sch. 2 para. 15](#)

VALID FROM 17/03/2016

51C Notices in certain cases involving children

- (1) A notice may be given by the Director of Public Prosecutions under this section in respect of an offence falling within subsection (3) below if he is of the opinion—
 - (a) that the evidence of the offence would be sufficient for the person charged to be put on trial for the offence;

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- (b) that a child would be called as a witness at the trial; and
 - (c) that, for the purpose of avoiding any prejudice to the welfare of the child, the case should be taken over and proceeded with without delay by the Crown Court.
- (2) That opinion must be certified by the Director of Public Prosecutions in the notice.
- (3) This subsection applies to an offence—
- (a) which involves an assault on, or injury or a threat of injury to, a person;
 - (b) under section 1 of the Children and Young Persons Act 1933 (cruelty to persons under 16);
 - (c) under the Sexual Offences Act 1956, the Protection of Children Act 1978 or the Sexual Offences Act 2003;
 - (d) of kidnapping or false imprisonment, or an offence under section 1 or 2 of the Child Abduction Act 1984;
 - [^{F213}(da) under section 1 or 2 of the Modern Slavery Act 2015;]
 - (e) which consists of attempting or conspiring to commit, or of aiding, abetting, counselling, procuring or inciting the commission of, an offence falling within paragraph (a), (b), (c)[^{F214}, (d) or (da)] above.
- (4) Subsections (4), (5) and (6) of section 51B above apply for the purposes of this section as they apply for the purposes of that.
- (5) The functions of the Director of Public Prosecutions under this section may be exercised by an officer acting on behalf of the Director.
- (6) A decision to give a notice under this section shall not be subject to appeal or liable to be questioned in any court (whether a magistrates' court or not).
- (7) In this section “child” means—
- (a) a person who is under the age of 17; or
 - (b) any person of whom a video recording (as defined in section 63(1) of the Youth Justice and Criminal Evidence Act 1999) was made when he was under the age of 17 with a view to its admission as his evidence in chief in the trial referred to in subsection (1) above.

Textual Amendments

- F210** Ss. 51-51E substituted for s. 51 (4.4.2005 for specified purposes, 18.6.2012 for specified purposes, 5.11.2012 for specified purposes, 28.5.2013 for specified purposes) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), s. 336(3)(4), Sch. 3 para. 18; [S.I. 2005/950](#), art. 2(1), Sch. 1 para. 29(a) (with Sch. 2) (as explained (29.7.2005) by [S.I. 2005/2122](#), art. 2; and as amended: (14.7.2008) by [2008 c. 4](#), Sch. 26 para. 78, Sch. 28 Pt. 2; [S.I. 2008/1586](#), Sch. 1 paras. 48(s), 50(2)(d); (30.11.2009) by [S.I. 2009/3111](#), art. 2; (3.12.2012) by [S.I. 2012/2905](#), art. 4; (3.12.2012) by [2012 c. 10](#), Sch. 14 para. 17; [S.I. 2012/2906](#), art. 2(1)); [S.I. 2012/1320](#), art. 4(1)(c)(2)(3) (with art. 5) (see [S.I. 2012/2574](#), art. 4(2) and [S.I. 2013/1103](#), art. 4); [S.I. 2012/2574](#), art. 2(2)(3)(c), Sch. (with arts. 3, 4) (as amended (4.11.2012) by [S.I. 2012/2761](#), art. 2) (with [S.I. 2013/1103](#), art. 4); [S.I. 2013/1103](#), art. 2(1)(c)(2)(3) (with arts. 3, 4)
- F213** S. 51C(3)(da) inserted (17.3.2016) by [The Modern Slavery Act 2015 \(Consequential Amendments\) Regulations 2016 \(S.I. 2016/244\)](#), regs. 1(1), **9(a)**
- F214** Words in s. 51C(3)(e) substituted (17.3.2016) by [The Modern Slavery Act 2015 \(Consequential Amendments\) Regulations 2016 \(S.I. 2016/244\)](#), regs. 1(1), **9(b)**

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Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C30 S. 51C(3)(e) amended (1.10.2008) by [Serious Crime Act 2007 \(c. 27\)](#), [ss. 63\(1\)](#), [94\(1\)](#), [Sch. 6 para. 36](#); [S.I. 2008/2504](#), [art. 2\(a\)](#)

51D Notice of offence and place of trial

- (1) The court shall specify in a notice—
 - (a) the offence or offences for which a person is sent for trial under section 51 or 51A above; and
 - (b) the place at which he is to be tried (which, if a notice has been given under section 51B above, must be the place specified in that notice).
- (2) A copy of the notice shall be served on the accused and given to the Crown Court sitting at that place.
- (3) In a case where a person is sent for trial under section 51 or 51A above for more than one offence, the court shall specify in that notice, for each offence—
 - (a) the subsection under which the person is so sent; and
 - (b) if applicable, the offence to which that offence appears to the court to be related.
- (4) Where the court selects the place of trial for the purposes of subsection (1) above, it shall have regard to—
 - (a) the convenience of the defence, the prosecution and the witnesses;
 - (b) the desirability of expediting the trial; and
 - (c) any direction given by or on behalf of the Lord Chief Justice with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor under section 75(1) of the Supreme Court Act 1981.

Textual Amendments

F210 Ss. 51-51E substituted for s. 51 (4.4.2005 for specified purposes, 18.6.2012 for specified purposes, 5.11.2012 for specified purposes, 28.5.2013 for specified purposes) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), s. 336(3)(4), Sch. 3 para. 18; [S.I. 2005/950](#), art. 2(1), Sch. 1 para. 29(a) (with Sch. 2) (as explained (29.7.2005) by [S.I. 2005/2122](#), art. 2; and as amended: (14.7.2008) by [2008 c. 4](#), Sch. 26 para. 78, Sch. 28 Pt. 2; [S.I. 2008/1586](#), Sch. 1 paras. 48(s), 50(2)(d); (30.11.2009) by [S.I. 2009/3111](#), art. 2; (3.12.2012) by [S.I. 2012/2905](#), art. 4; (3.12.2012) by [2012 c. 10](#), Sch. 14 para. 17; [S.I. 2012/2906](#), art. 2(1); [S.I. 2012/1320](#), art. 4(1)(c)(2)(3) (with art. 5) (see [S.I. 2012/2574](#), art. 4(2) and [S.I. 2013/1103](#), art. 4); [S.I. 2012/2574](#), art. 2(2)(3)(c), Sch. (with arts. 3, 4) (as amended (4.11.2012) by [S.I. 2012/2761](#), art. 2) (with [S.I. 2013/1103](#), art. 4); [S.I. 2013/1103](#), art. 2(1)(c)(2)(3) (with arts. 3, 4)

51E Interpretation of sections 50A to 51D

For the purposes of sections 50A to 51D above—

- (a) “adult” means a person aged 18 or over, and references to an adult include a corporation;
- (b) “either-way offence” means an offence triable either way;
- (c) an either-way offence is related to an indictable offence if the charge for the either-way offence could be joined in the same indictment as the charge for the indictable offence;

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- (d) a summary offence is related to an indictable offence if it arises out of circumstances which are the same as or connected with those giving rise to the indictable offence.]

Textual Amendments

F210 Ss. 51-51E substituted for s. 51 (4.4.2005 for specified purposes, 18.6.2012 for specified purposes, 5.11.2012 for specified purposes, 28.5.2013 for specified purposes) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), s. 336(3)(4), Sch. 3 para. 18; [S.I. 2005/950](#), art. 2(1), Sch. 1 para. 29(a) (with Sch. 2) (as explained (29.7.2005) by [S.I. 2005/2122](#), art. 2; and as amended: (14.7.2008) by [2008 c. 4](#), Sch. 26 para. 78, Sch. 28 Pt. 2; [S.I. 2008/1586](#), Sch. 1 paras. 48(s), 50(2)(d); (30.11.2009) by [S.I. 2009/3111](#), art. 2; (3.12.2012) by [S.I. 2012/2905](#), art. 4; (3.12.2012) by [2012 c. 10](#), Sch. 14 para. 17; [S.I. 2012/2906](#), art. 2(1); [S.I. 2012/1320](#), art. 4(1)(c)(2)(3) (with art. 5) (see [S.I. 2012/2574](#), art. 4(2) and [S.I. 2013/1103](#), art. 4); [S.I. 2012/2574](#), art. 2(2)(3)(c), Sch. (with arts. 3, 4) (as amended (4.11.2012) by [S.I. 2012/2761](#), art. 2) (with [S.I. 2013/1103](#), art. 4); [S.I. 2013/1103](#), art. 2(1)(c)(2)(3) (with arts. 3, 4)

52 Provisions supplementing section 51 ^[F215] and 51A].

- (1) Subject to section 4 of the ^{M47}Bail Act 1976, section 41 of the 1980 Act, regulations under section 22 of the 1985 Act and section 25 of the 1994 Act, the court may send a person for trial under section 51 ^[F216] or 51A] above—
- in custody, that is to say, by committing him to custody there to be safely kept until delivered in due course of law; or
 - on bail in accordance with the ^{M48}Bail Act 1976, that is to say, by directing him to appear before the Crown Court for trial.
- (2) Where—
- the person's release on bail under subsection (1)(b) above is conditional on his providing one or more sureties; and
 - in accordance with subsection (3) of section 8 of the ^{M49}Bail Act 1976, the court fixes the amount in which a surety is to be bound with a view to his entering into his recognisance subsequently in accordance with subsections (4) and (5) or (6) of that section,
- the court shall in the meantime make an order such as is mentioned in subsection (1) (a) above.
- (3) The court shall treat as an indictable offence for the purposes of section 51 ^[F217] or 51A] above an offence which is mentioned in the first column of Schedule 2 to the 1980 Act (offences for which the value involved is relevant to the mode of trial) unless it is clear to the court, having regard to any representations made by the prosecutor or the accused, that the value involved does not exceed the relevant sum.
- (4) In subsection (3) above “the value involved” and “the relevant sum” have the same meanings as in section 22 of the 1980 Act (certain offences triable either way to be tried summarily if value involved is small).
- (5) A magistrates' court may adjourn any proceedings under section 51 ^[F218] or 51A] above, and if it does so shall remand the accused.
- (6) Schedule 3 to this Act (which makes further provision in relation to persons sent to the Crown Court for trial under section 51 ^[F219] or 51A] above) shall have effect.

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Textual Amendments

- F215** Words in s. 52 heading inserted (9.5.2005 for specified purposes, 18.6.2012 for specified purposes, 5.11.2012 for specified purposes, 28.5.2013 for specified purposes) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), s. 336(3)(4), [Sch. 3 para. 69\(e\)](#); S.I. 2005/1267, art. 2(1)(2)(b), Sch. Pt. 2; S.I. 2012/1320, art. 4(1)(c)(2)(3) (with art. 5) (see S.I. 2012/2574, art. 4(2) and S.I. 2013/1103, art. 4); S.I. 2012/2574, art. 2(2)(3)(c), Sch. (with arts. 3, 4) (as amended (4.11.2012) by S.I. 2012/2761, art. 2) (with S.I. 2013/1103, art. 4); S.I. 2013/1103, art. 2(1)(c)(2)(3) (with arts. 3, 4)
- F216** Words in s. 52(1) inserted (9.5.2005 for specified purposes, 18.6.2012 for specified purposes, 28.5.2013 for specified purposes) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), s. 336(3)(4), [Sch. 3 para. 69\(a\)](#); S.I. 2005/1267, art. 2(1)(2)(b), Sch. Pt. 2; S.I. 2012/1320, art. 4(1)(c)(2)(3) (with art. 5) (see S.I. 2012/2574, art. 4(2) and S.I. 2013/1103, art. 4); S.I. 2013/1103, art. 2(1)(c)(2)(3) (with arts. 3, 4)
- F217** Words in s. 52(3) inserted (9.5.2005 for specified purposes, 18.6.2012 for specified purposes, 28.5.2013 for specified purposes) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), s. 336(3)(4), [Sch. 3 para. 69\(b\)](#); S.I. 2005/1267, art. 2(1)(2)(b), Sch. Pt. 2; S.I. 2012/1320, art. 4(1)(c)(2)(3) (with art. 5) (see S.I. 2012/2574, art. 4(2) and S.I. 2013/1103, art. 4); S.I. 2013/1103, art. 2(1)(c)(2)(3) (with arts. 3, 4)
- F218** Words in s. 52(5) inserted (9.5.2005 for specified purposes, 18.6.2012 for specified purposes, 28.5.2013 for specified purposes) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), s. 336(3)(4), [Sch. 3 para. 69\(c\)](#); S.I. 2005/1267, art. 2(1)(2)(b), Sch. Pt. 2; S.I. 2012/1320, art. 4(1)(c)(2)(3) (with art. 5) (see S.I. 2012/2574, art. 4(2) and S.I. 2013/1103, art. 4); S.I. 2013/1103, art. 2(1)(c)(2)(3) (with arts. 3, 4)
- F219** Words in s. 52(6) inserted (9.5.2005 for specified purposes, 18.6.2012 for specified purposes, 28.5.2013 for specified purposes) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), s. 336(3)(4), [Sch. 3 para. 69\(d\)](#); S.I. 2005/1267, art. 2(1)(2)(b), Sch. Pt. 2; S.I. 2012/1320, art. 4(1)(c)(2)(3) (with art. 5) (see S.I. 2012/2574, art. 4(2) and S.I. 2013/1103, art. 4); S.I. 2013/1103, art. 2(1)(c)(2)(3) (with arts. 3, 4)

Commencement Information

- I40** S. 52 wholly in force; S. 52 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. S. 52(6) in force at 30.9.1998 for certain purposes by S.I. 1998/2327, [art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#)); S. 52 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, [art. 4\(2\)](#); S. 52 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, [art. 2](#) (with transitional provisions in [art. 3](#))

Marginal Citations

- M47** 1976 c.63.
M48 1976 c.63.
M49 1976 c.63.

Miscellaneous

53 Crown Prosecution Service: powers of non-legal staff.

For section 7A of the 1985 Act there shall be substituted the following section—

“7A Powers of non-legal staff.

- (1) The Director may designate, for the purposes of this section, members of the staff of the Crown Prosecution Service who are not Crown Prosecutors.
- (2) Subject to such exceptions (if any) as may be specified in the designation, a person so designated shall have such of the following as may be so specified, namely—

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- (a) the powers and rights of audience of a Crown Prosecutor in relation to—
 - (i) applications for, or relating to, bail in criminal proceedings;
 - (ii) the conduct of criminal proceedings in magistrates’ courts other than trials;
 - (b) the powers of such a Prosecutor in relation to the conduct of criminal proceedings not falling within paragraph (a)(ii) above.
- (3) A person so designated shall exercise any such powers subject to instructions given to him by the Director.
- (4) Any such instructions may be given so as to apply generally.
- (5) For the purposes of this section—
- (a) “bail in criminal proceedings” has the same meaning as it would have in the ^{M50}Bail Act 1976 by virtue of the definition in section 1 of that Act if in that section “offence” did not include an offence to which subsection (6) below applies;
 - (b) “criminal proceedings” does not include proceedings for an offence to which subsection (6) below applies; and
 - (c) a trial begins with the opening of the prosecution case after the entry of a plea of not guilty and ends with the conviction or acquittal of the accused.
- (6) This subsection applies to an offence if it is triable only on indictment, or is an offence—
- (a) for which the accused has elected to be tried by a jury;
 - (b) which a magistrates’ court has decided is more suitable to be so tried; or
 - (c) in respect of which a notice of transfer has been given under section 4 of the ^{M51}Criminal Justice Act 1987 or section 53 of the ^{M52}Criminal Justice Act 1991.
- (7) Details of the following for any year, namely—
- (a) the criteria applied by the Director in determining whether to designate persons under this section;
 - (b) the training undergone by persons so designated; and
 - (c) any general instructions given by the Director under subsection (4) above,
- shall be set out in the Director’s report under section 9 of this Act for that year.”

Commencement Information

I41 S. 53 wholly in force; S. 53 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M50 1976 c.63.

M51 1987 c.38.

M52 1991 c.53.

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54 **Bail: increased powers to require security or impose conditions.**

- (1) In subsection (5) of section 3 of the ^{M53}Bail Act 1976 (general provisions as to bail), the words “If it appears that he is unlikely to remain in Great Britain until the time appointed for him to surrender to custody” shall cease to have effect.
- (2) In subsection (6) of that section, after paragraph (d) there shall be inserted the following paragraph—
 - “(e) before the time appointed for him to surrender to custody, he attends an interview with an authorised advocate or authorised litigator, as defined by section 119(1) of the ^{M54}Courts and Legal Services Act 1990;”.
- (3) In subsection (2) of section 3A of that Act (conditions of bail in the case of police bail), for the words “paragraph (d)” there shall be substituted the words “ paragraph (d) or (e) ”.

Commencement Information

I42 S. 54 wholly in force; S. 54 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in art. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M53 1976 c.63.

M54 1990 c.41.

55 **Forfeiture of recognizances.**

For subsections (1) and (2) of section 120 of the 1980 Act (forfeiture of recognizances) there shall be substituted the following subsections—

- “(1) This section applies where—
- (a) a recognizance to keep the peace or to be of good behaviour has been entered into before a magistrates’ court; or
 - (b) any recognizance is conditioned for the appearance of a person before a magistrates’ court, or for his doing any other thing connected with a proceeding before a magistrates’ court.
- (1A) If, in the case of a recognizance which is conditioned for the appearance of an accused before a magistrates’ court, the accused fails to appear in accordance with the condition, the court shall—
- (a) declare the recognizance to be forfeited;
 - (b) issue a summons directed to each person bound by the recognizance as surety, requiring him to appear before the court on a date specified in the summons to show cause why he should not be adjudged to pay the sum in which he is bound;
- and on that date the court may proceed in the absence of any surety if it is satisfied that he has been served with the summons.
- (2) If, in any other case falling within subsection (1) above, the recognizance appears to the magistrates’ court to be forfeited, the court may—
- (a) declare the recognizance to be forfeited; and

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- (b) adjudge each person bound by it, whether as principal or surety, to pay the sum in which he is bound;
 but in a case falling within subsection (1)(a) above, the court shall not declare the recognizance to be forfeited except by order made on complaint.”

Commencement Information

I43 S. 55 wholly in force; S. 55 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

56 Bail: restrictions in certain cases of homicide or rape.

In subsection (1) of section 25 of the 1994 Act (no bail for defendants charged with or convicted of homicide or rape after previous conviction of such offences), for the words “shall not be granted bail in those proceedings” there shall be substituted the words “ shall be granted bail in those proceedings only if the court or, as the case may be, the constable considering the grant of bail is satisfied that there are exceptional circumstances which justify it ”.

Commencement Information

I44 S. 56 wholly in force; S. 56 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

57 Use of live television links at preliminary hearings.

F220

Textual Amendments

F220 Pt. 3A (ss. 57A-57E) substituted for s. 57 (15.1.2007 except in relation to s. 57C, and so far as not already in force in relation to specified areas at 1.4.2007, 14.11.2008 and 3.10.2011, otherwise 8.10.2012) by Police and Justice Act 2006 (c. 48), ss. 45, 53(1); S.I. 2006/3364, art 2(g) (with art. 4); S.I. 2007/709, art. 3(n); S.I. 2008/2785, art. 2; S.I. 2011/2144, art. 2; S.I. 2012/2373, art. 2(a)

PART 3A

LIVE LINKS FOR ACCUSED'S ATTENDANCE AT
 CERTAIN PRELIMINARY AND SENTENCING HEARINGS

57A Introductory

(1) This Part—

- (a) applies to preliminary hearings and sentencing hearings in the course of proceedings for an offence; and
 (b) enables the court in the circumstances provided for in sections 57B, 57C and 57E to direct the use of a live link for securing the accused's attendance at a hearing to which this Part applies.

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(2) The accused is to be treated as present in court when, by virtue of a live link direction under this Part, he attends a hearing through a live link.

(3) In this Part—

“custody”—

(a) includes local authority accommodation to which a person is remanded or committed by virtue of section 23 of the Children and Young Persons Act 1969; but

(b) does not include police detention;

“live link” means an arrangement by which a person (when not in the place where the hearing is being held) is able to see and hear, and to be seen and heard by, the court during a hearing (and for this purpose any impairment of eyesight or hearing is to be disregarded);

“police detention” has the meaning given by section 118(2) of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984;

“preliminary hearing” means a hearing in the proceedings held before the start of the trial (within the meaning of subsection (11A) or (11B) of section 22 of the 1985 Act) including, in the case of proceedings in the Crown Court, a preparatory hearing held under—

(a) section 7 of the Criminal Justice Act 1987 (cases of serious or complex fraud); or

(b) section 29 of the Criminal Procedure and Investigations Act 1996 (other serious, complex or lengthy cases);

“sentencing hearing” means any hearing following conviction which is held for the purpose of—

(a) proceedings relating to the giving or rescinding of a direction under section 57E;

(b) proceedings (in a magistrates' court) relating to committal to the Crown Court for sentencing; or

(c) sentencing the offender or determining how the court should deal with him in respect of the offence.

57B Use of live link at preliminary hearings where accused is in custody

(1) This section applies in relation to a preliminary hearing in a magistrates' court or the Crown Court.

(2) Where it appears to the court before which the preliminary hearing is to take place that the accused is likely to be held in custody during the hearing, the court may give a live link direction under this section in relation to the attendance of the accused at the hearing.

(3) A live link direction under this section is a direction requiring the accused, if he is being held in custody during the hearing, to attend it through a live link from the place at which he is being held.

(4) If a hearing takes place in relation to the giving or rescinding of such a direction, the court may require or permit a person attending the hearing to do so through a live link.

(5) The court shall not give or rescind such a direction (whether at a hearing or otherwise) unless the parties to the proceedings have been given the opportunity to make representations.

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- (6) If in a case where it has power to do so a magistrates' court decides not to give a live link direction under this section, it must—
- (a) state in open court its reasons for not doing so; and
 - (b) cause those reasons to be entered in the register of its proceedings.

57C Use of live link at preliminary hearings where accused is at police station

- (1) This section applies in relation to a preliminary hearing in a magistrates' court.
- (2) Where subsection (3) or (4) applies to the accused, the court may give a live link direction in relation to his attendance at the preliminary hearing.
- (3) This subsection applies to the accused if—
 - (a) he is in police detention at a police station in connection with the offence; and
 - (b) it appears to the court that he is likely to remain at that station in police detention until the beginning of the preliminary hearing.
- (4) This subsection applies to the accused if he is at a police station in answer to live link bail in connection with the offence.
- (5) A live link direction under this section is a direction requiring the accused to attend the preliminary hearing through a live link from the police station.
- (6) But a direction given in relation to an accused to whom subsection (3) applies has no effect if he does not remain in police detention at the police station until the beginning of the preliminary hearing.
- (7) A live link direction under this section may not be given unless the accused has given his consent to the court.
- (8) A magistrates' court may rescind a live link direction under this section at any time before or during a hearing to which it relates.
- (9) A magistrates' court may require or permit—
 - (a) the accused to give or withhold consent under subsection (7) through a live link; and
 - (b) any party to the proceedings who wishes to make representations in relation to the giving or rescission of a live link direction under this section to do so through a live link.
- (10) Where a live link direction under this section is given in relation to an accused person who is answering to live link bail he is to be treated as having surrendered to the custody of the court (as from the time when the direction is given).
- (11) In this section, “live link bail” means bail granted under Part 4 of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 subject to the duty mentioned in section 47(3)(b) of that Act.

57D Continued use of live link for sentencing hearing following a preliminary hearing

- (1) Subsection (2) applies where—
 - (a) a live link direction under section 57B or 57C is in force;

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- (b) the accused is attending a preliminary hearing through a live link by virtue of the direction;
 - (c) the court convicts him of the offence in the course of that hearing (whether by virtue of a guilty plea or an indication of an intention to plead guilty); and
 - (d) the court proposes to continue the hearing as a sentencing hearing in relation to the offence.
- (2) The accused may continue to attend through the live link by virtue of the direction if—
- (a) the hearing is continued as a sentencing hearing in relation to the offence;
 - (b) the accused consents to his continuing to attend through the live link; and
 - (c) the court is satisfied that it is not contrary to the interests of justice for him to do so.
- (3) But the accused may not give oral evidence through the live link during a continued hearing under subsection (2) unless—
- (a) he consents to give evidence in that way; and
 - (b) the court is satisfied that it is not contrary to the interests of justice for him to give it in that way.

57E Use of live link in sentencing hearings

- (1) This section applies where the accused is convicted of the offence.
- (2) If it appears to the court by or before which the accused is convicted that it is likely that he will be held in custody during any sentencing hearing for the offence, the court may give a live link direction under this section in relation to that hearing.
- (3) A live link direction under this section is a direction requiring the accused, if he is being held in custody during the hearing, to attend it through a live link from the place at which he is being held.
- (4) Such a direction—
 - (a) may be given by the court of its own motion or on an application by a party; and
 - (b) may be given in relation to all subsequent sentencing hearings before the court or to such hearing or hearings as may be specified or described in the direction.
- (5) The court may not give such a direction unless—
 - (a) the offender has given his consent to the direction; and
 - (b) the court is satisfied that it is not contrary to the interests of justice to give the direction.
- (6) The court may rescind such a direction at any time before or during a hearing to which it relates if it appears to the court to be in the interests of justice to do so (but this does not affect the court's power to give a further live link direction in relation to the offender).

The court may exercise this power of its own motion or on an application by a party.

- (7) The offender may not give oral evidence while attending a hearing through a live link by virtue of this section unless—
 - (a) he consents to give evidence in that way; and

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- (b) the court is satisfied that it is not contrary to the interests of justice for him to give it in that way.
- (8) The court must—
- (a) state in open court its reasons for refusing an application for, or for the rescission of, a live link direction under this section; and
 - (b) if it is a magistrates' court, cause those reasons to be entered in the register of its proceedings.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C31 S. 57E applied (15.1.2007) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\), s. 75A](#) (as inserted by [Police and Justice Act 2006 \(c. 48\), ss. 52, 53\(1\), Sch. 14 para. 62](#); S.I. 2006/3364, art. 2(k) (with art. 4) (as amended by S.I. 2007/29, art. 2))

VALID FROM 14/12/2009

Use of live link in certain enforcement hearings

^{F221}
^{F222}
57F

- (1) This section applies where—
- (a) a confiscation order is made against a person; and
 - (b) the amount required to be paid under the order is not paid when it is required to be paid.
- (2) If it appears to the court before which an enforcement hearing relating to the confiscation order is to take place that it is likely that the person will be held in custody at the time of the hearing, the court may give a live link direction under this section in relation to that hearing.
- (3) A live link direction under this section is a direction requiring the person, if the person is being held in custody at the time of the hearing, to attend it through a live link from the place at which the person is being held.
- (4) Such a direction—
- (a) may be given by the court of its own motion or on an application by a party; and
 - (b) may be given in relation to all subsequent enforcement hearings before the court or to such hearing or hearings as may be specified or described in the direction.
- (5) The court may rescind a live link direction under this section at any time before or during a hearing to which it relates.
- (6) The court may not give or rescind a live link direction under this section (whether at a hearing or otherwise) unless the parties to the proceedings have been given the opportunity to make representations.
- (7) If a hearing takes place in relation to the giving or rescinding of such a direction, the court may require or permit any party to the proceedings who wishes to make representations in relation to the giving or rescission of a live link direction under this section to do so through a live link.

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- (8) The person may not give oral evidence while attending a hearing through a live link by virtue of this section unless the court is satisfied that it is not contrary to the interests of justice for the person to give it that way.
- (9) If in a case where it has power to do so a court decides not to give a live link direction under this section, it must—
 - (a) state in open court its reasons for not doing so; and
 - (b) cause those reasons to be entered in the register of its proceedings.
- (10) The following functions of a magistrates' court under this section may be discharged by a single justice—
 - (a) giving a live link direction under this section;
 - (b) rescinding a live link direction before a preliminary hearing begins; and
 - (c) requiring or permitting a person to attend by live link a hearing about a matter within paragraph (a) or (b).]]

Textual Amendments

F221 Pt. 3A (ss. 57A-57E) substituted for s. 57 (15.1.2007 for specified purposes, 1.4.2007 for specified purposes, 14.11.2008 for specified purposes, 3.10.2011 for specified purposes, 8.10.2012 in so far as not already in force) by Police and Justice Act 2006 (c. 48), ss. 45, 53(1); S.I. 2006/3364, art. 2(g) (with art. 4); S.I. 2007/709, art. 3(n) (with art. 6); S.I. 2008/2785, art. 2; S.I. 2011/2144, art. 2(1)(a); S.I. 2012/2373, art. 2(a)

F222 S. 57F inserted (14.12.2009) by Coroners and Justice Act 2009 (c. 25), ss. 109(1), 182(5) (with s. 180, Sch. 22); S.I. 2009/3253, art. 2(b)

PART IV

DEALING WITH OFFENDERS

CHAPTER I

ENGLAND AND WALES

Sexual or violent offenders

^{F223}**58**

Textual Amendments

F223 S. 58 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

59 Effect of extended sentences.

^{F224}

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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Textual Amendments

F224 S. 59 repealed (4.4.2005) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), ss. 332, 336(3), [Sch. 37 Pt. 7](#); S.I. 2005/950, [art. 2\(1\)](#), [Sch. 1 para. 44\(4\)\(p\)](#) (with [Sch. 2](#))

60 Re-release of prisoners serving extended sentences.

F225

Textual Amendments

F225 S. 60 repealed (4.4.2005) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), ss. 332, 336(3), [Sch. 37 Pt. 7](#); S.I. 2005/950, [art. 2\(1\)](#), [Sch. 1 para. 44\(4\)\(p\)](#) (with [Sch. 2](#))

Offenders dependent etc. on drugs

F226 **61**

Textual Amendments

F226 Ss. 61-64 repealed (25.8.2000) by [2000 c. 6](#), ss. 165, 168(1), [Sch. 12 Pt. I](#) (with [Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2](#))

F227 **62**

Textual Amendments

F227 Ss. 61-64 repealed (25.8.2000) by [2000 c. 6](#), ss. 165, 168(1), [Sch. 12 Pt. I](#) (with [Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2](#))

F228 **63**

Textual Amendments

F228 Ss. 61-64 repealed (25.8.2000) by [2000 c. 6](#), ss. 165, 168(1), [Sch. 12 Pt. I](#) (with [Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2](#))

F229 **64**

Textual Amendments

F229 Ss. 61-64 repealed (25.8.2000) by [2000 c. 6](#), ss. 165, 168(1), [Sch. 12 Pt. I](#) (with [Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2](#))

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Young offenders: reprimands and warnings

65 Reprimands and warnings.

- (1) Subsections (2) to (5) below apply where—
 - (a) a constable has evidence that a child or young person (“the offender”) has committed an offence;
 - (b) the constable considers that the evidence is such that, if the offender were prosecuted for the offence, there would be a realistic prospect of his being convicted;
 - (c) the offender admits to the constable that he committed the offence;
 - (d) the offender has not previously been convicted of an offence; and
 - (e) the constable is satisfied that it would not be in the public interest for the offender to be prosecuted.
- (2) Subject to subsection (4) below, the constable may reprimand the offender if the offender has not previously been reprimanded or warned.
- (3) The constable may warn the offender if—
 - (a) the offender has not previously been warned; or
 - (b) where the offender has previously been warned, the offence was committed more than two years after the date of the previous warning and the constable considers the offence to be not so serious as to require a charge to be brought; but no person may be warned under paragraph (b) above more than once.
- (4) Where the offender has not been previously reprimanded, the constable shall warn rather than reprimand the offender if he considers the offence to be so serious as to require a warning.
- (5) The constable shall—
 - [^{F230}(a) where the offender is under the age of 17, give any reprimand or warning in the presence of an appropriate adult; and]
 - (b) explain to the offender and, where he is under that age, the appropriate adult in ordinary language—
 - (i) in the case of a reprimand, the effect of subsection (5)(a) of section 66 below;
 - (ii) in the case of a warning, the effect of subsections (1), (2), (4) and (5)(b) and (c) of that section, and any guidance issued under subsection (3) of that section.
- (6) The Secretary of State shall publish, in such manner as he considers appropriate, guidance as to—
 - (a) the circumstances in which it is appropriate to give reprimands or warnings, including criteria for determining—
 - (i) for the purposes of subsection (3)(b) above, whether an offence is not so serious as to require a charge to be brought; and
 - (ii) for the purposes of subsection (4) above, whether an offence is so serious as to require a warning;
 - [^{F231}(aa) the places where reprimands and warnings may be given]
 - (b) the category of constable by whom reprimands and warnings may be given; and

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- (c) the form which reprimands and warnings are to take and the manner in which they are to be given and recorded.
- (7) In this section “appropriate adult”, in relation to a child or young person, means—
- (a) his parent or guardian or, if he is in the care of a local authority or voluntary organisation, a person representing that authority or organisation;
 - (b) a social worker of a local authority ^{F232} . . . ;
 - (c) if no person falling within paragraph (a) or (b) above is available, any responsible person aged 18 or over who is not a police officer or a person employed by the police.
- (8) No caution shall be given to a child or young person after the commencement of this section.
- (9) Any reference (however expressed) in any enactment passed before or in the same Session as this Act to a person being cautioned shall be construed, in relation to any time after that commencement, as including a reference to a child or young person being reprimanded or warned.

Textual Amendments

F230 S. 65(5)(a) substituted (1.2.2001) by 2000 c. 43, s. 56(1)(a); S.I. 2000/3302, art. 3

F231 S. 65(6)(aa) inserted (1.2.2001) by 2000 c. 43, ss. 56(1)(b); S.I. 2000/3302, art. 3

F232 Words in s. 65(7)(b) repealed (1.4.2005 for E. and 1.4.2006 for W.) by Children Act 2004 (c. 31), ss. 64, 67(8), Sch. 5 Pt. 4, Note; S.I. 2005/394, art. 2(2)(g); S.I. 2006/885, art. 2(2)(h)

Commencement Information

I45 S. 65 wholly in force at 1.6.2000; S. 65 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; S. 65 in force at 30.9.1998 for the purpose of warning a person under s. 65 in any area specified in Sch. 3 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 3(3) (as amended by 1998/2412); s. 65 in force for specified purposes at 1.4.2000 and 1.6.2000 insofar as not already in force by S.I. 2000/924, arts. 3, 4, Sch.

66 Effect of reprimands and warnings.

- (1) Where a constable warns a person under section 65 above, he shall as soon as practicable refer the person to a youth offending team.
- (2) A youth offending team—
 - (a) shall assess any person referred to them under subsection (1) above; and
 - (b) unless they consider it inappropriate to do so, shall arrange for him to participate in a rehabilitation programme.
- (3) The Secretary of State shall publish, in such manner as he considers appropriate, guidance as to—
 - (a) what should be included in a rehabilitation programme arranged for a person under subsection (2) above;
 - (b) the manner in which any failure by a person to participate in such a programme is to be recorded; and
 - (c) the persons to whom any such failure is to be notified.

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- (4) Where a person who has been warned under section 65 above is convicted of an offence committed within two years of the warning, the court by or before which he is so convicted—
- (a) shall not make an order under subsection (1)(b) (conditional discharge) of ^[F233]section 12 of the Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000] in respect of the offence unless it is of the opinion that there are exceptional circumstances relating to the offence or the offender which justify its doing so; and
 - (b) where it does so, shall state in open court that it is of that opinion and why it is.
- (5) The following, namely—
- (a) any reprimand of a person under section 65 above;
 - (b) any warning of a person under that section; and
 - (c) any report on a failure by a person to participate in a rehabilitation programme arranged for him under subsection (2) above,
- may be cited in criminal proceedings in the same circumstances as a conviction of the person may be cited.
- (6) In this section “rehabilitation programme” means a programme the purpose of which is to rehabilitate participants and to prevent them from re-offending.

Textual Amendments

F233 Words in s. 66(4) substituted (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 9 para. 198**

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C32 S. 66(4) modified (30.9.1998) by 1991 c. 53, **Sch. 2 para. 8A(10)** (as inserted (30.9.1998) by 1998 c. 37, s. 106, **Sch. 7 para. 46(11)**; S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)(w)** (with savings in arts. 5-8))

Commencement Information

I46 S. 66 wholly in force at 1.6.2000; S. 66 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; S. 66 in force at 30.9.1998 for the purpose of warning a person under s. 65 in any area specified in Sch. 3 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 3(3)** (as amended by 1998/2412); s. 66 in force at 1.4.2000 for specified purposes and 1.6.2000 insofar as not already in force by S.I. 2000/924, arts. 3, 4, **Sch.**

VALID FROM 01/02/2009

^[F234]Young offenders: youth conditional cautions

Textual Amendments

F234 Ss. 66A-66H (and cross-headings before ss. 66A, 66H) inserted (1.2.2009 for the insertion of ss. 66G, 66H, 1.4.2009 for the insertion of s. 66C, 16.11.2009 for the insertion of ss. 66A, 66B, 66D-66F for specified purposes, 8.4.2013 in so far as not already in force) by **Criminal Justice and Immigration Act 2008 (c. 4)**, s. 153(7), **Sch. 9 para. 3** (with Sch. 27 para. 18); S.I. 2009/140, art. 2(e)(ii); S.I. 2009/860, art. 2(1)(h); S.I. 2009/2780, art. 2(1)(c)(2); S.I. 2013/616, art. 2(b)

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VALID FROM 16/11/2009

66A Youth conditional cautions

- (1) An authorised person may give a youth conditional caution to a child or young person (“the offender”) if—
 - (a) the offender has not previously been convicted of an offence, and
 - (b) each of the five requirements in section 66B is satisfied.
- (2) In this Chapter, “youth conditional caution” means a caution which is given in respect of an offence committed by the offender and which has conditions attached to it with which the offender must comply.
- (3) The conditions which may be attached to such a caution are those which have one or more of the following objects—
 - (a) facilitating the rehabilitation of the offender;
 - (b) ensuring that the offender makes reparation for the offence;
 - (c) punishing the offender.
- (4) The conditions that may be attached to a youth conditional caution include—
 - (a) (subject to section 66C) a condition that the offender pay a financial penalty;
 - (b) a condition that the offender attend at a specified place at specified times.
 “Specified” means specified by a relevant prosecutor.
- (5) Conditions attached by virtue of subsection (4)(b) may not require the offender to attend for more than 20 hours in total, not including any attendance required by conditions attached for the purpose of facilitating the offender's rehabilitation.
- (6) The Secretary of State may by order amend subsection (5) by substituting a different figure.
- (7) In this section, “authorised person” means—
 - (a) a constable,
 - (b) an investigating officer, or
 - (c) a person authorised by a relevant prosecutor for the purposes of this section.

VALID FROM 16/11/2009

66B The five requirements

- (1) The first requirement is that the authorised person has evidence that the offender has committed an offence.
- (2) The second requirement is that a relevant prosecutor decides—
 - (a) that there is sufficient evidence to charge the offender with the offence, and
 - (b) that a youth conditional caution should be given to the offender in respect of the offence.

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- (3) The third requirement is that the offender admits to the authorised person that he committed the offence.
- (4) The fourth requirement is that the authorised person explains the effect of the youth conditional caution to the offender and warns him that failure to comply with any of the conditions attached to the caution may result in his being prosecuted for the offence.
- (5) If the offender is aged 16 or under, the explanation and warning mentioned in subsection (4) must be given in the presence of an appropriate adult.
- (6) The fifth requirement is that the offender signs a document which contains—
 - (a) details of the offence,
 - (b) an admission by him that he committed the offence,
 - (c) his consent to being given the youth conditional caution, and
 - (d) the conditions attached to the caution.

VALID FROM 01/04/2009

66C Financial penalties

- (1) A condition that the offender pay a financial penalty (a “financial penalty condition”) may not be attached to a youth conditional caution given in respect of an offence unless the offence is one that is prescribed, or of a description prescribed, in an order made by the Secretary of State.
- (2) An order under subsection (1) must prescribe, in respect of each offence or description of offence in the order, the maximum amount of the penalty that may be specified under subsection (5)(a).
- (3) The amount that may be prescribed in respect of any offence must not exceed £100.
- (4) The Secretary of State may by order amend subsection (3) by substituting a different figure.
- (5) Where a financial penalty condition is attached to a youth conditional caution, a relevant prosecutor must also specify—
 - (a) the amount of the penalty, and
 - (b) the person to whom the financial penalty is to be paid and how it may be paid.
- (6) To comply with the condition, the offender must pay the penalty in accordance with the provision specified under subsection (5)(b).
- (7) Where a financial penalty is (in accordance with the provision specified under subsection (5)(b)) paid to a person other than a designated officer for a local justice area, the person to whom it is paid must give the payment to such an officer.

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VALID FROM 16/11/2009

66D Variation of conditions

A relevant prosecutor may, with the consent of the offender, vary the conditions attached to a youth conditional caution by—

- (a) modifying or omitting any of the conditions;
- (b) adding a condition.

VALID FROM 16/11/2009

66E Failure to comply with conditions

- (1) If the offender fails, without reasonable excuse, to comply with any of the conditions attached to the youth conditional caution, criminal proceedings may be instituted against the person for the offence in question.
- (2) The document mentioned in section 66B(6) is to be admissible in such proceedings.
- (3) Where such proceedings are instituted, the youth conditional caution is to cease to have effect.
- (4) Section 24A(1) of the Criminal Justice Act 2003 (“the 2003 Act”) applies in relation to the conditions attached to a youth conditional caution as it applies in relation to the conditions attached to a conditional caution (within the meaning of Part 3 of that Act).
- (5) Sections 24A(2) to (9) and 24B of the 2003 Act apply in relation to a person who is arrested under section 24A(1) of that Act by virtue of subsection (4) above as they apply in relation to a person who is arrested under that section for failing to comply with any of the conditions attached to a conditional caution (within the meaning of Part 3 of that Act).

VALID FROM 16/11/2009

66F Restriction on sentencing powers where youth conditional caution given

Where a person who has been given a youth conditional caution is convicted of an offence committed within two years of the giving of the caution, the court by or before which the person is so convicted—

- (a) may not make an order under section 12(1)(b) of the Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000 (conditional discharge) in respect of the offence unless it is of the opinion that there are exceptional circumstances relating to the offence or the offender which justify its doing so; and
- (b) where it does make such an order, must state in open court that it is of that opinion and why it is.

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66G Code of practice on youth conditional cautions

- (1) The Secretary of State must prepare a code of practice in relation to youth conditional cautions.
- (2) The code may, in particular, make provision as to—
 - (a) the circumstances in which youth conditional cautions may be given,
 - (b) the procedure to be followed in connection with the giving of such cautions,
 - (c) the conditions which may be attached to such cautions and the time for which they may have effect,
 - (d) the category of constable or investigating officer by whom such cautions may be given,
 - (e) the persons who may be authorised by a relevant prosecutor for the purposes of section 66A,
 - (f) the form which such cautions are to take and the manner in which they are to be given and recorded,
 - (g) the places where such cautions may be given,
 - (h) the provision which may be made by a relevant prosecutor under section 66C(5)(b),
 - (i) the monitoring of compliance with conditions attached to such cautions,
 - (j) the exercise of the power of arrest conferred by section 24A(1) of the Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44) as it applies by virtue of section 66E(4),
 - (k) who is to decide how a person should be dealt with under section 24A(2) of that Act as it applies by virtue of section 66E(5).
- (3) After preparing a draft of the code the Secretary of State—
 - (a) must publish the draft,
 - (b) must consider any representations made to him about the draft, and
 - (c) may amend the draft accordingly,but he may not publish or amend the draft without the consent of the Attorney General.
- (4) After the Secretary of State has proceeded under subsection (3) he must lay the code before each House of Parliament.
- (5) When he has done so he may bring the code into force by order.
- (6) The Secretary of State may from time to time revise a code of practice brought into force under this section.
- (7) Subsections (3) to (6) are to apply (with appropriate modifications) to a revised code as they apply to an original code.

VALID FROM 01/02/2009

Interpretation of Chapter 1

66H Interpretation

In this Chapter—

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- (a) “appropriate adult” has the meaning given by section 65(7);
- (b) “authorised person” has the meaning given by section 66A(7);
- (c) “investigating officer” means an officer of Revenue and Customs, appointed in accordance with section 2(1) of the Commissioners for Revenue and Customs Act 2005, or a person designated as an investigating officer under section 38 of the Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30);
- (d) “the offender” has the meaning given by section 66A(1);
- (e) “relevant prosecutor” means—
 - (i) the Attorney General,
 - (ii) the Director of the Serious Fraud Office,
 - (iii) the Director of Revenue and Customs Prosecutions,
 - (iv) the Director of Public Prosecutions,
 - (v) the Secretary of State, or
 - (vi) a person who is specified in an order made by the Secretary State as being a relevant prosecutor for the purposes of this Chapter;
- (f) “youth conditional caution” has the meaning given by section 66A(2).]

Young offenders: non-custodial orders

F235 **67**

Textual Amendments
F235 S. 67 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F236 **68**

Textual Amendments
F236 S. 68 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F237 **69**

Textual Amendments
F237 S. 69 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F238 **70**

Textual Amendments
F238 S. 70 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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F239~~71~~

Textual Amendments

F239 S. 71 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F240~~72~~

Textual Amendments

F240 S. 72 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

Young offenders: detention and training orders

F241~~73~~

Textual Amendments

F241 S. 73 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F242~~74~~

Textual Amendments

F242 S. 74 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F243~~75~~

Textual Amendments

F243 S. 75 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F244~~76~~

Textual Amendments

F244 S. 76 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F245~~77~~

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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Textual Amendments

F245 S. 77 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

^{F246}**78**

Textual Amendments

F246 S. 78 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

^{F247}**79**

Textual Amendments

F247 S. 79 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

Sentencing: general

80 Sentencing guidelines.

^{F248}

Textual Amendments

F248 Ss. 80, 81 repealed (27.2.2004) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 303(c), 332, 336(3), **Sch. 37 Pt. 7**; S.I. 2004/81, **art. 5(2)(e)**

81 The Sentencing Advisory Panel.

^{F249}

Textual Amendments

F249 Ss. 80, 81 repealed (27.2.2004) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 303(c), 332, 336(3), **Sch. 37 Pt. 7**; S.I. 2004/81, **art. 5(2)(e)**

^{F250}**82**

Textual Amendments

F250 S. 82 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

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Miscellaneous and supplemental

83 Power to make confiscation orders on committal for sentence.

F251

Textual Amendments

F251 S. 83 repealed (24.3.2003) by [Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 \(c. 29\)](#), ss. 457, 458(1), [Sch. 12](#); S.I. 2003/333, [art. 2\(1\)](#), [Sch.](#)

F252 **84**

Textual Amendments

F252 S. 84 repealed (28.8.2000) by [2000 c. 25](#), s. 1, [Sch. 3](#); S.I. 2000/2125, [art. 2](#); and s. 84(2) expressed to be repealed (1.10.2002) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\)](#), ss. 107(2), 108(2), [Sch. 8](#); S.I. 2002/2306, [art. 2\(g\)\(i\)\(iii\)\(f\)](#)

F253 **85**

Textual Amendments

F253 S. 85 repealed (25.8.2000) by [2000 c. 6](#), ss. 165, 168(1), [Sch. 12 Pt. I](#) (with [Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2](#))

CHAPTER II

SCOTLAND

Sexual or violent offenders

86 Extended sentences for sex and violent offenders.

(1) After section 210 of the 1995 Act there shall be inserted the following section—

“210A Extended sentences for sex and violent offenders.

- (1) Where a person is convicted on indictment of a sexual or violent offence, the court may, if it—
- (a) intends, in relation to—
 - (i) a sexual offence, to pass a determinate sentence of imprisonment; or
 - (ii) a violent offence, to pass such a sentence for a term of four years or more; and

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- (b) considers that the period (if any) for which the offender would, apart from this section, be subject to a licence would not be adequate for the purpose of protecting the public from serious harm from the offender, pass an extended sentence on the offender.
- (2) An extended sentence is a sentence of imprisonment which is the aggregate of—
 - (a) the term of imprisonment (“the custodial term”) which the court would have passed on the offender otherwise than by virtue of this section; and
 - (b) a further period (“the extension period”) for which the offender is to be subject to a licence and which is, subject to the provisions of this section, of such length as the court considers necessary for the purpose mentioned in subsection (1)(b) above.
- (3) The extension period shall not exceed, in the case of—
 - (a) a sexual offence, ten years; and
 - (b) a violent offence, five years.
- (4) A court shall, before passing an extended sentence, consider a report by a relevant officer of a local authority about the offender and his circumstances and, if the court thinks it necessary, hear that officer.
- (5) The term of an extended sentence passed for a statutory offence shall not exceed the maximum term of imprisonment provided for in the statute in respect of that offence.
- (6) Subject to subsection (5) above, a sheriff may pass an extended sentence which is the aggregate of a custodial term not exceeding the maximum term of imprisonment which he may impose and an extension period not exceeding three years.
- (7) The Secretary of State may by order—
 - (a) amend paragraph (b) of subsection (3) above by substituting a different period, not exceeding ten years, for the period for the time being specified in that paragraph; and
 - (b) make such transitional provision as appears to him to be necessary or expedient in connection with the amendment.
- (8) The power to make an order under subsection (7) above shall be exercisable by statutory instrument; but no such order shall be made unless a draft of the order has been laid before, and approved by a resolution of, each House of Parliament.
- (9) An extended sentence shall not be imposed where the sexual or violent offence was committed before the commencement of section 86 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998.
- (10) For the purposes of this section—
 - “licence” and “relevant officer” have the same meaning as in Part I of the ^{M55}Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993;
 - “sexual offence” means—
 - (i) rape;
 - (ii) clandestine injury to women;

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- (iii) abduction of a woman or girl with intent to rape or ravish;
- (iv) assault with intent to rape or ravish;
- (v) indecent assault;
- (vi) lewd, indecent or libidinous behaviour or practices;
- (vii) shameless indecency;
- (viii) sodomy;
- (ix) an offence under section 170 of the ^{M56}Customs and Excise Management Act 1979 in relation to goods prohibited to be imported under section 42 of the ^{M57}Customs Consolidation Act 1876, but only where the prohibited goods include indecent photographs of persons;
- (x) an offence under section 52 of the ^{M58}Civic Government (Scotland) Act 1982 (taking and distribution of indecent images of children);
- (xi) an offence under section 52A of that Act (possession of indecent images of children);
- (xii) an offence under section 1 of the ^{M59}Criminal Law (Consolidation) (Scotland) Act 1995 (incest);
- (xiii) an offence under section 2 of that Act (intercourse with a stepchild);
- (xiv) an offence under section 3 of that Act (intercourse with child under 16 by person in position of trust);
- (xv) an offence under section 5 of that Act (unlawful intercourse with girl under 16);
- (xvi) an offence under section 6 of that Act (indecent behaviour towards girl between 12 and 16);
- (xvii) an offence under section 8 of that Act (abduction of girl under 18 for purposes of unlawful intercourse);
- (xviii) an offence under section 10 of that Act (person having parental responsibilities causing or encouraging sexual activity in relation to a girl under 16); and
- (xix) an offence under subsection (5) of section 13 of that Act (homosexual offences);
 - “imprisonment” includes—
 - (i) detention under section 207 of this Act; and
 - (ii) detention under section 208 of this Act; and
 - “violent offence” means any offence (other than an offence which is a sexual offence within the meaning of this section) inferring personal violence.

(11) Any reference in subsection (10) above to a sexual offence includes—

- (a) a reference to any attempt, conspiracy or incitement to commit that offence; and
- (b) except in the case of an offence in paragraphs (i) to (viii) of the definition of “sexual offence” in that subsection, a reference to aiding and abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of that offence.”

(2) In section 209 of the 1995 Act (supervised release orders), in subsection (1)—

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- (a) after the word “convicted” there shall be inserted the words “ on indictment ”;
- (b) after the words “an offence” there shall be inserted the words “ , other than a sexual offence within the meaning of section 210A of this Act, ”; and
- (c) the words “not less than twelve months but” shall cease to have effect.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C33 S. 86(2)(b)(c) restricted (19.9.1998) by S.I. 1998/2327, **art.8(2)**.

Commencement Information

I47 S. 86 wholly in force; S. 86 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M55 1993 c.9.

M56 1979 c.2.

M57 1876 c.36.

M58 1982 c.45.

M59 1995 c.39.

87 Further provision as to extended sentences.

After section 26 of the ^{M60}Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 (“the 1993 Act”) there shall be inserted the following section—

“ Extended sentences

26A Extended sentences.

- (1) This section applies to a prisoner who, on or after the date on which section 87 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 comes into force, has been made subject to an extended sentence within the meaning of section 210A of the 1995 Act (extended sentences).
- (2) Subject to the provisions of this section, this Part of this Act, except section 1A, shall apply in relation to extended sentences as if any reference to a sentence or term of imprisonment was a reference to the custodial term of an extended sentence.
- (3) Where a prisoner subject to an extended sentence is released on licence under this Part the licence shall, subject to any revocation under section 17 of this Act, remain in force until the end of the extension period.
- (4) Where, apart from this subsection, a prisoner subject to an extended sentence would be released unconditionally—
 - (a) he shall be released on licence; and
 - (b) the licence shall, subject to any revocation under section 17 of this Act, remain in force until the end of the extension period.
- (5) The extension period shall be taken to begin as follows—

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- (a) for the purposes of subsection (3) above, on the day following the date on which, had there been no extension period, the prisoner would have ceased to be on licence in respect of the custodial term;
 - (b) for the purposes of subsection (4) above, on the date on which, apart from that subsection, he would have been released unconditionally.
- (6) Subject to section 1A(c) of this Act and section 210A(3) of the 1995 Act and to any direction by the court which imposes an extended sentence, where a prisoner is subject to two or more extended sentences, the extension period which is taken to begin in accordance with subsection (5) above shall be the aggregate of the extension period of each of those sentences.
- (7) For the purposes of sections 12(3) and 17(1) of this Act, and subject to subsection (8) below, the question whether a prisoner is a long-term or short-term prisoner shall be determined by reference to the extended sentence.
- (8) Where a short-term prisoner serving an extended sentence in respect of a sexual offence is released on licence under subsection (4)(a) above, the provisions of section 17 of this Act shall apply to him as if he was a long-term prisoner.
- (9) In relation to a prisoner subject to an extended sentence, the reference in section 17(5) of this Act to his sentence shall be construed as a reference to the extended sentence.
- (10) For the purposes of this section “custodial term”, “extension period” and “imprisonment” shall have the same meaning as in section 210A of the 1995 Act.
- (11) In section 1A(c) and section 16(1)(a) of this Act, the reference to the date on which a prisoner would have served his sentence in full shall mean, in relation to a prisoner subject to an extended sentence, the date on which the extended sentence, as originally imposed by the court, would expire.”

Commencement Information

I48 S. 87 wholly in force; S. 87 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M60 1993 c.9.

88 Re-release of prisoners serving extended sentences.

After section 3 of the 1993 Act there shall be inserted the following section—

“3A Re-release of prisoners serving extended sentences.

- (1) This section applies to a prisoner serving an extended sentence within the meaning of section 210A of the 1995 Act (extended sentences) who has been recalled to prison under section 17(1) of this Act.
- (2) Subject to subsection (3) below, a prisoner to whom this section applies may require the Secretary of State to refer his case to the Parole Board—

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- (a) where his case has previously been referred to the Parole Board under this section or section 17(3) of this Act, not less than one year following the disposal of that referral;
 - (b) in any other case, at any time.
- (3) Where a prisoner to whom this section applies is subject to another sentence which is not treated as a single sentence with the extended sentence, the Secretary of State shall not be required to refer his case to the Parole Board before he has served one half of that other sentence.
- (4) Where the case of a prisoner to whom this section applies is referred to the Parole Board under this section or section 17(3) of this Act, the Board shall, if it is satisfied that it is no longer necessary for the protection of the public from serious harm that the prisoner should be confined (but not otherwise), direct that he should be released.
- (5) If the Parole Board gives a direction under subsection (4) above, the Secretary of State shall release the prisoner on licence.”

Commencement Information

I49 S. 88 wholly in force; S. 88 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Offenders dependent etc. on drugs

89 Drug treatment and testing orders.

After section 234A of the 1995 Act there shall be inserted the following section—

“234B Drug treatment and testing order.

- (1) This section applies where a person of 16 years of age or more is convicted of an offence, other than one for which the sentence is fixed by law, committed on or after the date on which section 89 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 comes into force.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of this section, the court by or before which the offender is convicted may, if it is of the opinion that it is expedient to do so instead of sentencing him, make an order (a “drug treatment and testing order”) which shall—
 - (a) have effect for a period specified in the order of not less than six months nor more than three years (“the treatment and testing period”); and
 - (b) include the requirements and provisions mentioned in section 234C of this Act.
- (3) A court shall not make a drug treatment and testing order unless it—
 - (a) has been notified by the Secretary of State that arrangements for implementing such orders are available in the area of the local authority proposed to be specified in the order under section 234C(6) of this Act and the notice has not been withdrawn;

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- (b) has obtained a report by, and if necessary heard evidence from, an officer of the local authority in whose area the offender is resident about the offender and his circumstances; and
- (c) is satisfied that—
 - (i) the offender is dependent on, or has a propensity to misuse, drugs;
 - (ii) his dependency or propensity is such as requires and is susceptible to treatment; and
 - (iii) he is a suitable person to be subject to such an order.
- (4) For the purpose of determining for the purposes of subsection (3)(c) above whether the offender has any drug in his body, the court may by order require him to provide samples of such description as it may specify.
- (5) A drug treatment and testing order or an order under subsection (4) above shall not be made unless the offender expresses his willingness to comply with its requirements.
- (6) The Secretary of State may by order—
 - (a) amend paragraph (a) of subsection (2) above by substituting a different period for the minimum or the maximum period for the time being specified in that paragraph; and
 - (b) make such transitional provisions as appear to him necessary or expedient in connection with any such amendment.
- (7) The power to make an order under subsection (6) above shall be exercisable by statutory instrument; but no such order shall be made unless a draft of the order has been laid before and approved by resolution of each House of Parliament.
- (8) A drug treatment and testing order shall be as nearly as may be in the form prescribed by Act of Adjournal.”

Commencement Information

I50 S. 89 wholly in force; S. 89 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

90 Requirements and provisions to be included in drug treatment and testing orders.

After section 234B of the 1995 Act there shall be inserted the following section—

“234C Requirements and provisions of drug treatment and testing orders.

- (1) A drug treatment and testing order shall include a requirement (“the treatment requirement”) that the offender shall submit, during the whole of the treatment and testing period, to treatment by or under the direction of a specified person having the necessary qualifications or experience (“the treatment provider”) with a view to the reduction or elimination of the offender’s dependency on or propensity to misuse drugs.
- (2) The required treatment for any particular period shall be—

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- (a) treatment as a resident in such institution or place as may be specified in the order; or
- (b) treatment as a non-resident in or at such institution or place, and at such intervals, as may be so specified;

but the nature of the treatment shall not be specified in the order except as mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) above.

- (3) A court shall not make a drug treatment and testing order unless it is satisfied that arrangements have been made for the treatment intended to be specified in the order (including arrangements for the reception of the offender where he is required to submit to treatment as a resident).
- (4) A drug treatment and testing order shall include a requirement (“the testing requirement”) that, for the purpose of ascertaining whether he has any drug in his body during the treatment and testing period, the offender shall provide during that period, at such times and in such circumstances as may (subject to the provisions of the order) be determined by the treatment provider, samples of such description as may be so determined.
- (5) The testing requirement shall specify for each month the minimum number of occasions on which samples are to be provided.
- (6) A drug treatment and testing order shall specify the local authority in whose area the offender will reside when the order is in force and require that authority to appoint or assign an officer (a “supervising officer”) for the purposes of subsections (7) and (8) below.
- (7) A drug treatment and testing order shall—
 - (a) provide that, for the treatment and testing period, the offender shall be under the supervision of a supervising officer;
 - (b) require the offender to keep in touch with the supervising officer in accordance with such instructions as he may from time to time be given by that officer, and to notify him of any change of address; and
 - (c) provide that the results of the tests carried out on the samples provided by the offender in pursuance of the testing requirement shall be communicated to the supervising officer.
- (8) Supervision by the supervising officer shall be carried out to such extent only as may be necessary for the purpose of enabling him—
 - (a) to report on the offender’s progress to the appropriate court;
 - (b) to report to that court any failure by the offender to comply with the requirements of the order; and
 - (c) to determine whether the circumstances are such that he should apply to that court for the variation or revocation of the order.”

Commencement Information

I51 S. 90 wholly in force; S. 90 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

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91 Procedural matters relating to drug treatment and testing orders.

After section 234C of the 1995 Act there shall be inserted the following section—

“234D Procedural matters relating to drug treatment and testing orders.

- (1) Before making a drug treatment and testing order, a court shall explain to the offender in ordinary language—
 - (a) the effect of the order and of the requirements proposed to be included in it;
 - (b) the consequences which may follow under section 234G of this Act if he fails to comply with any of those requirements;
 - (c) that the court has power under section 234E of this Act to vary or revoke the order on the application of either the offender or the supervising officer; and
 - (d) that the order will be periodically reviewed at intervals provided for in the order.
- (2) Upon making a drug treatment and testing order the court shall—
 - (a) give, or send by registered post or the recorded delivery service, a copy of the order to the offender;
 - (b) send a copy of the order to the treatment provider;
 - (c) send a copy of the order to the chief social work officer of the local authority specified in the order in accordance with section 234C(6) of this Act; and
 - (d) where it is not the appropriate court, send a copy of the order (together with such documents and information relating to the case as are considered useful) to the clerk of the appropriate court.
- (3) Where a copy of a drug treatment and testing order has under subsection (2)
 - (a) been sent by registered post or by the recorded delivery service, an acknowledgment or certificate of delivery of a letter containing a copy order issued by the Post Office shall be sufficient evidence of the delivery of the letter on the day specified in such acknowledgement or certificate.”

Commencement Information

I52 S. 91 wholly in force; S. 91 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

^{F254}92 Amendment and periodic review of drug treatment and testing orders.

After section 234D of the 1995 Act there shall be inserted the following sections—

“234E Amendment of drug treatment and testing order.

- (1) Where a drug treatment and testing order is in force either the offender or the supervising officer may apply to the appropriate court for variation or revocation of the order.

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- (2) Where an application is made under subsection (1) above by the supervising officer, the court shall issue a citation requiring the offender to appear before the court.
- (3) On an application made under subsection (1) above and after hearing both the offender and the supervising officer, the court may by order, if it appears to it in the interests of justice to do so—
 - (a) vary the order by—
 - (i) amending or deleting any of its requirements or provisions;
 - (ii) inserting further requirements or provisions; or
 - (iii) subject to subsection (4) below, increasing or decreasing the treatment and testing period; or
 - (b) revoke the order.
- (4) The power conferred by subsection (3)(a)(iii) above shall not be exercised so as to increase the treatment and testing period above the maximum for the time being specified in section 234B(2)(a) of this Act, or to decrease it below the minimum so specified.
- (5) Where the court, on the application of the supervising officer, proposes to vary (otherwise than by deleting a requirement or provision) a drug treatment and testing order, sections 234B(5) and 234D(1) of this Act shall apply to the variation of such an order as they apply to the making of such an order.
- (6) If an offender fails to appear before the court after having been cited in accordance with subsection (2) above, the court may issue a warrant for his arrest.

234F Periodic review of drug treatment and testing order.

- (1) A drug treatment and testing order shall—
 - (a) provide for the order to be reviewed periodically at intervals of not less than one month;
 - (b) provide for each review of the order to be made, subject to subsection (5) below, at a hearing held for the purpose by the appropriate court (a “review hearing”);
 - (c) require the offender to attend each review hearing;
 - (d) provide for the supervising officer to make to the court, before each review, a report in writing on the offender’s progress under the order; and
 - (e) provide for each such report to include the test results communicated to the supervising officer under section 234C(7)(c) of this Act and the views of the treatment provider as to the treatment and testing of the offender.
- (2) At a review hearing the court, after considering the supervising officer’s report, may amend any requirement or provision of the order.
- (3) The court—
 - (a) shall not amend the treatment or testing requirement unless the offender expresses his willingness to comply with the requirement as amended;

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- (b) shall not amend any provision of the order so as reduce the treatment and testing period below the minimum specified in section 234B(2)(a) of this Act or to increase it above the maximum so specified; and
 - (c) except with the consent of the offender, shall not amend any requirement or provision of the order while an appeal against the order is pending.
- (4) If the offender fails to express his willingness to comply with the treatment or testing requirement as proposed to be amended by the court, the court may revoke the order.
- (5) If at a review hearing the court, after considering the supervising officer's report, is of the opinion that the offender's progress under the order is satisfactory, the court may so amend the order as to provide for each subsequent review to be made without a hearing.
- (6) A review without a hearing shall take place in chambers without the parties being present.
- (7) If at a review without a hearing the court, after considering the supervising officer's report, is of the opinion that the offender's progress is no longer satisfactory, the court may issue a warrant for the arrest of the offender or may, if it thinks fit, instead of issuing a warrant in the first instance, issue a citation requiring the offender to appear before that court as such time as may be specified in the citation.
- (8) Where an offender fails to attend—
- (a) a review hearing in accordance with a requirement contained in a drug treatment and testing order; or
 - (b) a court at the time specified in a citation under subsection (7) above, the court may issue a warrant for his arrest.
- (9) Where an offender attends the court at a time specified by a citation issued under subsection (7) above—
- (a) the court may exercise the powers conferred by this section as if the court were conducting a review hearing; and
 - (b) so amend the order as to provide for each subsequent review to be made at a review hearing.”

Textual Amendments

F254 S. 92 wholly in force; S. 92 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

93 Consequences of breach of drug treatment and testing order.

After section 234F of the 1995 Act there shall be inserted the following sections—

“234G Breach of drug treatment testing order.

- (1) If at any time when a drug treatment and testing order is in force it appears to the appropriate court that the offender has failed to comply with any requirement of

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the order, the court may issue a citation requiring the offender to appear before the court at such time as may be specified in the citation or, if it appears to the court to be appropriate, it may issue a warrant for the arrest of the offender.

- (2) If it is proved to the satisfaction of the appropriate court that the offender has failed without reasonable excuse to comply with any requirement of the order, the court may by order—
 - (a) without prejudice to the continuation in force of the order, impose a fine not exceeding level 3 on the standard scale;
 - (b) vary the order; or
 - (c) revoke the order.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (2) above, the evidence of one witness shall be sufficient evidence.
- (4) A fine imposed under this section in respect of a failure to comply with the requirements of a drug treatment and testing order shall be deemed for the purposes of any enactment to be a sum adjudged to be paid by or in respect of a conviction or a penalty imposed on a person summarily convicted.

234H Disposal on revocation of drugs treatment and testing order.

- (1) Where the court revokes a drugs treatment and testing order under section 234E(3)(b), 234F(4) or 234G(2)(c) of this Act, it may dispose of the offender in any way which would have been competent at the time when the order was made.
- (2) In disposing of an offender under subsection (1) above, the court shall have regard to the time for which the order has been in operation.
- (3) Where the court revokes a drug treatment and testing order as mentioned in subsection (1) above and the offender is subject to—
 - (a) a probation order, by virtue of section 234J of this Act; or
 - (b) a restriction of liberty order, by virtue of section 245D of this Act; or
 - (c) a restriction of liberty order and a probation order, by virtue of the said section 245D,
 the court shall, before disposing of the offender under subsection (1) above—
 - (i) where he is subject to a probation order, discharge that order;
 - (ii) where he is subject to a restriction of liberty order, revoke that order; and
 - (iii) where he is subject to both such orders, discharge the probation order and revoke the restriction of liberty order.”

Commencement Information

I53 S. 93 wholly in force; S. 93 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

94 Combination of orders.

- (1) After section 234H of the 1995 Act there shall be inserted the following section—

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“234J Concurrent drug treatment and testing and probation orders.

- (1) Notwithstanding sections 228(1) and 234B(2) of this Act, where the court considers it expedient that the offender should be subject to a drug treatment and testing order and to a probation order, it may make both such orders in respect of the offender.
 - (2) In deciding whether it is expedient for it to exercise the power conferred by subsection (1) above, the court shall have regard to the circumstances, including the nature of the offence and the character of the offender and to the report submitted to it under section 234B(3)(b) of this Act.
 - (3) Where the court makes both a drug treatment and testing order and a probation order by virtue of subsection (1) above, the clerk of the court shall send a copy of each of the orders to the following—
 - (a) the treatment provider within the meaning of section 234C(1);
 - (b) the officer of the local authority who is appointed or assigned to be the supervising officer under section 234C(6) of this Act; and
 - (c) if he would not otherwise receive a copy of the order, the officer of the local authority who is to supervise the probationer.
 - (4) Where the offender by an act or omission fails to comply with a requirement of an order made by virtue of subsection (1) above—
 - (a) if the failure relates to a requirement contained in a probation order and is dealt with under section 232(2)(c) of this Act, the court may, in addition, exercise the power conferred by section 234G(2)(b) of this Act in relation to the drug treatment and testing order; and
 - (b) if the failure relates to a requirement contained in a drug treatment and testing order and is dealt with under section 234G(2)(b) of this Act, the court may, in addition, exercise the power conferred by section 232(2)(c) of this Act in relation to the probation order.
 - (5) Where an offender by an act or omission fails to comply with both a requirement contained in a drug treatment and testing order and in a probation order to which he is subject by virtue of subsection (1) above, he may, without prejudice to subsection (4) above, be dealt with as respects that act or omission either under section 232(2) of this Act or under section 234G(2) of this Act but he shall not be liable to be otherwise dealt with in respect of that act or omission.”
- (2) Schedule 6 to this Act (Part I of which makes further provision in relation to the combination of drug treatment and testing orders with other orders and Part II of which makes provision in relation to appeals) shall have effect.

Commencement Information

I54 S. 94 wholly in force; S. 94 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

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95 Interpretation provision in relation to drug treatment and testing orders.

(1) After section 234J of the 1995 Act there shall be inserted the following section—

“234K Drug treatment and testing orders: interpretation.

In sections 234B to 234J of this Act—

“the appropriate court” means—

- (a) where the drug treatment and testing order has been made by the High Court, that court;
- (b) in any other case, the court having jurisdiction in the area of the local authority for the time being specified in the order under section 234C(6) of this Act, being a sheriff or district court according to whether the order has been made by a sheriff or district court, but in a case where an order has been made by a district court and there is no district court in that area, the sheriff court; and

“local authority” means a council constituted under section 2 of the ^{M61}Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994 and any reference to the area of such an authority is a reference to the local government area within the meaning of that Act for which it is so constituted.”

(2) In section 307(1) of the 1995 Act (interpretation), after the definition of “diet” there shall be inserted the following definition—

““drug treatment and testing order” has the meaning assigned to it in section 234B(2) of this Act;”.

Commencement Information

I55 S. 95 wholly in force; S. 95 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M61 1994 c.39.

Racial aggravation

96 Offences racially aggravated.

(1) The provisions of this section shall apply where it is—

- (a) libelled in an indictment; or
- (b) specified in a complaint,

and, in either case, proved that an offence has been racially aggravated.

(2) An offence is racially aggravated for the purposes of this section if—

- (a) at the time of committing the offence, or immediately before or after doing so, the offender evinces towards the victim (if any) of the offence malice and ill-will based on the victim’s membership (or presumed membership) of a racial group; or

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- (b) the offence is motivated (wholly or partly) by malice and ill-will towards members of a racial group based on their membership of that group, and evidence from a single source shall be sufficient evidence to establish, for the purposes of this subsection, that an offence is racially aggravated.
- (3) In subsection (2)(a) above—
“membership”, in relation to a racial group, includes association with members of that group;
“presumed” means presumed by the offender.
- (4) It is immaterial for the purposes of paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection (2) above whether or not the offender’s malice and ill-will is also based, to any extent, on—
(a) the fact or presumption that any person or group of persons belongs to any religious group; or
(b) any other factor not mentioned in that paragraph.
- (5) Where this section applies, the court shall, on convicting a person, take the aggravation into account in determining the appropriate sentence.
- (6) In this section “racial group” means a group of persons defined by reference to race, colour, nationality (including citizenship) or ethnic or national origins.

Commencement Information

I56 S. 96 wholly in force; S. 96 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

PART V

MISCELLANEOUS AND SUPPLEMENTAL

Remands and committals

97 Remands and committals of children and young persons.

- (1) In subsection (4) of section 23 of the 1969 Act (remands and committals to local authority accommodation), for the words “Subject to subsection (5) below,” there shall be substituted the words “ Subject to subsections (5) and (5A) below, ”.
- (2) In subsection (5) of that section, for the words “a young person who has attained the age of fifteen” there shall be substituted the words “ a child who has attained the age of twelve, or a young person, who (in either case) is of a prescribed description ”.
- (3) After that subsection there shall be inserted the following subsection—
“(5A) A court shall not impose a security requirement in respect of a child or young person who is not legally represented in the court unless—
(a) he applied for legal aid and the application was refused on the ground that it did not appear his means were such that he required assistance;
or

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- (b) having been informed of his right to apply for legal aid and had the opportunity to do so, he refused or failed to apply.”
- (4) In subsection (12) of that section, after the definition of “imprisonable offence” there shall be inserted the following definition—
- ““prescribed description” means a description prescribed by reference to age or sex or both by an order of the Secretary of State;”.
- (5) Section 20 of the 1994 Act (which has not been brought into force and is superseded by this section) is hereby repealed.

Commencement Information

I57 S. 97 wholly in force at 1.6.1999; S. 97 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 for the purpose of making an order under section 23 of the 1969 Act by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); s. 97 in force at 1.6.1999 insofar as not already in force by S.I. 1999/1279, art. 2(d)

98 Remands and committals: alternative provision for 15 or 16 year old boys.

- (1) Section 23 of the 1969 Act shall have effect with the modifications specified in subsections (2) to (6) below in relation to any male person who—
- (a) is of the age of 15 or 16; and
 - (b) is not of a description prescribed for the purposes of subsection (5) of that section [F255]; and
 - (c) is not remanded in connection with proceedings under the Extradition Act 2003.]
- (2) In subsection (1), immediately before the words “the remand” there shall be inserted the words “ then, unless he is remanded to a remand centre or a prison in pursuance of subsection (4)(b) or (c) below, ”.
- (3) For subsections (4) to (5A) there shall be substituted the following subsections—
- “(4) Where a court, after consultation with a probation officer, a social worker of a local authority F256 . . . or a member of a youth offending team, declares a person to be one to whom subsection (5) below applies—
- (a) it shall remand him to local authority accommodation and require him to be placed and kept in secure accommodation, if—
 - (i) it also, after such consultation, declares him to be a person to whom subsection (5A) below applies; and
 - (ii) it has been notified that secure accommodation is available for him;
 - (b) it shall remand him to a remand centre, if paragraph (a) above does not apply and it has been notified that such a centre is available for the reception from the court of persons to whom subsection (5) below applies; and
 - (c) it shall remand him to a prison, if neither paragraph (a) nor paragraph (b) above applies.
- (4A) A court shall not declare a person who is not legally represented in the court to be a person to whom subsection (5) below applies unless—

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- (a) he applied for legal aid and the application was refused on the ground that it did not appear his means were such that he required assistance; or
 - (b) having been informed of his right to apply for legal aid and had the opportunity to do so, he refused or failed to apply.
- (5) This subsection applies to a person who—
- (a) is charged with or has been convicted of a violent or sexual offence, or an offence punishable in the case of an adult with imprisonment for a term of fourteen years or more; or
 - (b) has a recent history of absconding while remanded to local authority accommodation, and is charged with or has been convicted of an imprisonable offence alleged or found to have been committed while he was so remanded,
- if (in either case) the court is of opinion that only remanding him to a remand centre or prison, or to local authority accommodation with a requirement that he be placed and kept in secure accommodation, would be adequate to protect the public from serious harm from him.
- (5A) This subsection applies to a person if the court is of opinion that, by reason of his physical or emotional immaturity or a propensity of his to harm himself, it would be undesirable for him to be remanded to a remand centre or a prison.”
- (4) In subsection (6)—
- (a) for the words “imposes a security requirement in respect of a young person” there shall be substituted the words “declares a person to be one to whom subsection (5) above applies”; and
 - (b) for the words “subsection (5) above” there shall be substituted the words “that subsection”.
- (5) In subsection (7), after the words “a security requirement” there shall be inserted the words “(that is to say, a requirement imposed under subsection (4)(a) above that the person be placed and kept in secure accommodation)”.
- (6) After subsection (9) there shall be inserted the following subsection—
- “(9A) Where a person is remanded to local authority accommodation without the imposition of a security requirement, a relevant court may, on the application of the designated authority, declare him to be a person to whom subsection (5) above applies; and on its doing so, subsection (4) above shall apply.”
- (7) Section 62 of the 1991 Act (which is superseded by this section) shall cease to have effect.

Textual Amendments

F255 S. 98(1)(c) and preceding word inserted (1.1.2004) by Extradition Act 2003 (c. 41), ss. 201(10), 221; S.I. 2003/3103, art. 2 (with arts. 3-5 (as amended by S.I. 2003/3258, art. 2(2); S.I. 2003/3312, art. 2(2))

F256 Words in s. 98(3) repealed (1.4.2005 for E. and 1.4.2006 for W.) by Children Act 2004 (c. 31), ss. 64, 67(8), Sch. 5 Pt. 4, Note; S.I. 2005/394, art. 2(2)(g); S.I. 2006/885, art. 2(2)(h)

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Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C34 S. 98 amended (2.4.2001) by 1999 c. 22, s. 24, Sch. 4 paras. 4, 7 (with Sch. 14 para. 7(2)); S.I. 2001/916, **art. 3(a)(ii)** (with Sch. 2 para. 2)

Release and recall of prisoners

99 Power to release short-term prisoners on licence.

F257

Textual Amendments

F257 S. 99 repealed (4.4.2005) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 332, 336(3), **Sch. 37 Pt. 7**; S.I. 2005/950, **art. 2**, Sch. 1 para. 44(4)(p) (with Sch. 2)

100 Curfew condition to be included in licence.

F258

Textual Amendments

F258 S. 100 repealed (4.4.2005) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 332, 336(3), **Sch. 37 Pt. 7**; S.I. 2005/950, **art. 2**, Sch. 1 para. 44(4)(p) (with Sch. 2)

101 Early release: two or more sentences.

(1) **F259**

(2) After subsection (3) of section 34 of the 1997 Act (interpretation of Chapter II) there shall be inserted the following subsection—

“(4) Where a person has been sentenced to one or more life sentences and to one or more terms of imprisonment, nothing in this Chapter shall require the Secretary of State to release the person in respect of any of the life sentences unless and until the Secretary of State is required to release him in respect of each of the terms.”

Textual Amendments

F259 S. 101(1) repealed (4.4.2005) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 332, 336(3), **Sch. 37 Pt. 7**; S.I. 2005/950, **art. 2**, Sch. 1 para. 44(4)(p) (with Sch. 2)

Commencement Information

I58 S. 101 wholly in force; S. 101 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

F260 **102**

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Textual Amendments

F260 S. 102 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

103 Recall to prison of short-term prisoners.

F261

Textual Amendments

F261 S. 103 repealed (4.4.2005) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 332, 336(3), **Sch. 37 Pt. 7**; S.I. 2005/950, **art. 2**, Sch. 1 para. 44(4)(p) (with Sch. 2)

104 Release on licence following recall to prison.

F262

Textual Amendments

F262 S. 104 repealed (4.4.2005) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 332, 336(3), **Sch. 37 Pt. 7**; S.I. 2005/950, **art. 2**, Sch. 1 para. 44(4)(p) (with Sch. 2)

105 Release on licence following return to prison.

F263

Textual Amendments

F263 S. 105 repealed (4.4.2005) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 332, 336(3), **Sch. 37 Pt. 7**; S.I. 2005/950, **art. 2**, Sch. 1 para. 44(4)(p) (with Sch. 2)

Miscellaneous

106 Pre-consolidation amendments.

The enactments mentioned in Schedule 7 to this Act shall have effect subject to the amendments there specified, being amendments designed to facilitate, or otherwise desirable in connection with, the consolidation of certain enactments relating to the powers of courts to deal with offenders or defaulters.

Commencement Information

I59 S. 106 wholly in force; S. 106 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

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107 Amendments to Chapter I of Part II of 1997 Act.

- (1) Chapter I of Part II of the 1997 Act (which relates to the effect of determinate custodial sentences) shall be amended as follows.
- (2) Sections 8 and 10 to 27 are hereby repealed.
- F264(3)
- F264(4)
- F264(5)

Textual Amendments

F264 S. 107(3)-(5) repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

Commencement Information

I60 S. 107 wholly in force; s. 107 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

108 Repeal of Chapter I of Part III of Crime and Punishment (Scotland) Act 1997.

Chapter I of Part III of the ^{M62}Crime and Punishment (Scotland) Act 1997 (early release of prisoners) shall cease to have effect.

Commencement Information

I61 S. 108 wholly in force; S. 108 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M62 1997 c.48.

109 Transitional provisions in relation to certain life prisoners.

- (1) Section 16 of the ^{M63}Crime and Punishment (Scotland) Act 1997 (designated life prisoners) shall have effect and shall be deemed always to have had effect with the amendments made by subsections (2) and (3) below.
- (2) In subsection (2), at the beginning there shall be inserted the words “Except in a case to which subsection (3A) or (3B) below applies,”.
- (3) After subsection (3) there shall be inserted the following subsections—
 - “(3A) This subsection applies in a case where a person—
 - (a) was sentenced, prior to 20 October 1997, in respect of a murder committed by him before he attained the age of 18 years; and
 - (b) has been released on licence, other than under section 3 of the 1993 Act, whether before or on that date.
 - (3B) This subsection applies in a case where a person—

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- (a) was sentenced, prior to 20 October 1997, in respect of a murder committed by him before he attained the age of 18 years; and
- (b) has been released on licence, other than under section 3 of the 1993 Act, after that date without his case having been considered under subsection (2) above.

(3C) In a case to which subsection (3A) or (3B) applies, Part I of the 1993 Act shall apply as if the person were a designated life prisoner, within the meaning of section 2 of that Act, whose licence had been granted under subsection (4) of that section on his having served the designated part of his sentence.”

- (4) Where, prior to the commencement of this section, a certificate has been issued under subsection (2) of section 16 of the ^{M64}Crime and Punishment (Scotland) Act 1997 in respect of a case to which subsection (3A) of that section applies, the certificate shall be disregarded.

Marginal Citations

M63 1997 c.48.

M64 1997 c.48.

110 Calculation of period of detention at customs office etc. where person previously detained.

In section 24 of the ^{M65}Criminal Law (Consolidation) (Scotland) Act 1995 (detention and questioning by customs officers), in subsection (4)—

- (a) for the words from “he” to “be” there shall be substituted the words “ and is ”; and
- (b) after the word “detention” there shall be inserted the words “ , the period of six hours mentioned in subsection (2) above shall be reduced by the length of that earlier detention ”.

Commencement Information

I62 S. 110 wholly in force; S. 110 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M65 1995 c.39.

111 Early release in Scotland: two or more sentences.

- (1) After section 1 of the 1993 Act there shall be inserted the following section—

“1A Application to persons serving more than one sentence.

Where a prisoner has been sentenced to two or more terms of imprisonment which are wholly or partly concurrent and do not fall to be treated as a single term by virtue of section 27(5) of this Act—

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- (a) nothing in this Part of this Act shall require the Secretary of State to release him in respect of any of the terms unless and until the Secretary of State is required to release him in respect of each of the other terms;
 - (b) nothing in this Part of this Act shall require the Secretary of State or the Parole Board to consider his release in respect of any of the terms unless and until the Secretary of State or the Parole Board is required to consider his release, or the Secretary of State is required to release him, in respect of each of the other terms; and
 - (c) where he is released on licence under this Part of this Act, he shall be on a single licence which—
 - (i) shall (unless revoked) remain in force until the date on which he would (but for his release) have served in full all the sentences in respect of which he has been so released; and
 - (ii) shall be subject to such conditions as may be specified or required by this Part of this Act in respect of any of the sentences.”
- (2) After subsection (7) of section 16 of the 1993 Act (orders for return to prison on commission of further offence) there shall be inserted the following subsection—
- “(8) Where a prisoner has been sentenced to two or more terms of imprisonment which are wholly or partly concurrent and do not fall to be treated as a single term by virtue of section 27(5) of this Act, the date mentioned in subsection (1) (a) above shall be taken to be that on which he would (but for his release) have served all of the sentences in full.”
- (3) For subsection (5) of section 27 of the 1993 Act (interpretation of Part I) there shall be substituted the following subsection—
- “(5) For the purposes of any reference, however expressed, in this Part of this Act to the term of imprisonment or other detention to which a person has been sentenced or which, or any part of which, he has served, consecutive terms and terms which are wholly or partly concurrent shall be treated as a single term if—
- (a) the sentences were passed at the same time; or
 - (b) where the sentences were passed at different times, the person has not been released under this Part of this Act at any time during the period beginning with the passing of the first sentence and ending with the passing of the last.”
- (4) In sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 6B of Schedule 6 to the 1993 Act (aggregation of old and new sentences)—
- (a) for the words “a prisoner” there shall be substituted the words “ an existing prisoner ”;
 - (b) the word “and” after head (a) shall cease to have effect;
 - (c) in head (b), for the words “that date” there shall be inserted the words “ the date on which section 111 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 comes into force ”; and
 - (d) after head (b) there shall be inserted the following—
- “; and

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- (c) he has not at any time prior to the passing of the sentence or sentences mentioned in head (b) above been released from the sentence or sentences mentioned in head (a) above under the existing provisions.”

(5) After that paragraph there shall be inserted the following paragraph—

“6C

(1) This paragraph applies where—

- (a) an existing prisoner was, at the relevant date, serving a sentence or sentences of imprisonment, on conviction of an offence, passed before that date;
- (b) on or after the date on which section 111 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 comes into force he is, or has been, sentenced to a further term or terms of imprisonment on conviction of an offence, to be served wholly or partly concurrently with the sentence or sentences mentioned in head (a); and
- (c) the sentences do not fall to be treated as a single term by virtue of paragraph 6B(2)(a) above.

(2) In a case to which this paragraph applies the Secretary of State shall not release, or be required to consider the release of, the prisoner unless and until the requirements for release, or for consideration of his release, of the new and the existing provisions are satisfied in relation to each sentence to which they respectively apply.

(3) In a case to which this paragraph applies the Parole Board shall not be required to consider the release of the prisoner unless and until the requirements for release, or for consideration for release, of the new and the existing provisions are satisfied in relation to each sentence to which they respectively apply.

(4) In a case to which this paragraph applies, where the prisoner is released on licence, he shall be on a single licence which—

- (a) shall (unless revoked) remain in force until the later of—
 - (i) the date on which he would have been discharged from prison on remission of part of his sentence or sentences under the existing provisions if, after his release, he had not forfeited remission of any part of that sentence under those provisions; or
 - (ii) the date on which he would (but for his release) have served in full all the sentences in respect of which he was released on licence and which were imposed after the relevant date; and
- (b) shall be deemed to be granted under the new provisions and, subject to sub-paragraph (5) below, those provisions so far as relating to conditions of licences, and recall or return to prison, shall apply as they apply in respect of a prisoner on licence in respect of a sentence passed after the relevant date.

(5) In the application of section 16 to a person whose licence is deemed to be granted under the new provisions by virtue of sub-paragraph (4)(b) above, the reference to the original sentence (within the meaning of that section) shall be construed as a reference to the further term or terms mentioned in head (b) of sub-paragraph (1) above.”

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- (6) Subject to subsection (7) below, the amendments made by subsections (1) to (5) above apply where one or more of the sentences concerned was passed after the commencement of this section.
- (7) Where the terms of two or more sentences passed before the commencement of this section have been treated, by virtue of section 27(5) of, or paragraph 6B of Schedule 6 to, the 1993 Act, as a single term for the purposes of Part I of that Act, they shall continue to be so treated after that commencement.
- (8) In relation to a prisoner released on licence at any time under section 16(7)(b) of the 1993 Act, section 17(1)(a) of that Act shall have effect as if after the word “Act” there were inserted the words “ or a short term prisoner has been released on licence by virtue of section 16(7)(b) of this Act ”.

Commencement Information

I63 S. 111 wholly in force; s. 111(8) in force at Royal Assent see s. 121(2) S. 111 wholly in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

112 Restriction on consecutive sentences for released prisoners: Scotland.

After section 204 of the 1995 Act there shall be inserted the following section—

“204A Restriction on consecutive sentences for released prisoners.

A court sentencing a person to imprisonment or other detention shall not order or direct that the term of imprisonment or detention shall commence on the expiration of any other such sentence from which he has been released at any time under the existing or new provisions within the meaning of Schedule 6 to the ^{M66}Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993.”

Commencement Information

I64 S. 112 wholly in force; S. 112 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M66 1993 c.9.

113 Deputy authorising officer under Part III of Police Act 1997.

F265

Textual Amendments

F265 S. 113 repealed (1.4.2006) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), ss. 59, 174(2), 178(8), Sch. 4 para. 118 {Sch. 17 pt. 2}; S.I. 2006/378, art. 4(1), Sch. paras. 10, 13(gg) (with art. 4(2)-(7))

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Supplemental

114 Orders and regulations.

- (1) Any power of a Minister of the Crown ^[F266]or of the National Assembly for Wales] to make an order or regulations under this Act—
 - (a) is exercisable by statutory instrument; and
 - (b) includes power to make such transitional provision as appears to him necessary or expedient in connection with any provision made by the order or regulations.
- (2) A statutory instrument containing an order under section ^[F267]1A,^[F268] 1G^[F269]5(1A), (2) or (3), 6A(1) or 10(6) above (other than one made by the National Assembly for Wales), or containing] regulations under paragraph 1 of Schedule 3 to this Act, shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.
- (3) No order under section ^[F270]13A(5),^[F271]1F,^[F272]38(5) or 41(6)] above shall be made unless a draft of the order has been laid before and approved by a resolution of each House of Parliament.

Textual Amendments

- F266** Words in s. 114(1) inserted (1.10.2002 for E. and 1.4.2003 for W.) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), ss. 97(13)(a), 108(2)(4); S.I. 2002/2306, art. 2(f)(viii); S.I. 2003/525, art. 2
- F267** Word in s.114(2) inserted (2.12.2002) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), s. 62(2); S.I. 2002/2750, art. 2(a)(vii)
- F268** Words in s. 114(2) inserted (1.10.2006) by Drugs Act 2005 (c. 17), ss. 20(2), 24(3); S.I. 2006/2136, art. 2
- F269** Words in s. 114(2) substituted (1.10.2002 for E. and 1.4.2003 for W.) by Police Reform Act 2002 (c. 30), ss. 97(13)(b), 108(2)(4); S.I. 2002/2306, art. 2(f)(viii); S.I. 2003/525, art. 2
- F270** Words in s. 114(3) inserted (20.7.2006 in relation to specified areas) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), ss. 144, 178(8), Sch. 10 para. 5; S.I. 2006/1871, art. 2, Sch. (as amended by S.I. 2006/2182, art. 3)
- F271** Words in s. 114(3) inserted (1.7.2005) by Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 (c. 15), ss. 142(3), 178(8); S.I. 2005/1521, art. 3(1)(s)
- F272** Words in s. 114(3) substituted (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 9 para. 199

115 Disclosure of information.

- (1) Any person who, apart from this subsection, would not have power to disclose information—
 - (a) to a relevant authority; or
 - (b) to a person acting on behalf of such an authority,shall have power to do so in any case where the disclosure is necessary or expedient for the purposes of any provision of this Act.
- (2) In subsection (1) above “relevant authority” means—
 - (a) the chief officer of police for a police area in England and Wales;
 - (b) the chief constable of a police force maintained under the ^{M67}Police (Scotland) Act 1967;

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- (c) a police authority within the meaning given by section 101(1) of the ^{M68}Police Act 1996;
- (d) a local authority, that is to say—
 - (i) in relation to England, a county council, a district council, a London borough council [^{F273}, a parish council] or the Common Council of the City of London;
 - (ii) in relation to Wales, a county council [^{F274}, a county borough council or a community council] ;
 - (iii) in relation to Scotland, a council constituted under section 2 of the ^{M69}Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994;
- ^{F275}(da) a person registered under section 1 of the Housing Act 1996 as a social landlord;]
- (e) a [^{F276}local probation board] in England and Wales;
- ^{F277}(ea) a Strategic Health Authority;]
- (f) a [^{F278}Local Health Board];
- ^{F279}(g) a Primary Care Trust].

Textual Amendments

- F273** Words in s. 115(2)(d)(i) inserted (1.10.2002 for E. and 1.4.2003 for W.) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\), ss. 97\(14\)\(a\), 108\(2\)\(4\); S.I. 2002/2306, art. 2\(f\)\(viii\); S.I. 2003/525, art. 2](#)
- F274** Words in s. 115(2)(d)(ii) substituted (1.10.2002 for E. and 1.4.2003 for W.) by [Police Reform Act 2002 \(c. 30\), ss. 97\(14\)\(b\), 108\(2\)\(4\); S.I. 2002/2306, art. 2\(f\)\(viii\); S.I. 2003/525, art. 2](#)
- F275** S. 115(2)(da) inserted (E.W.) (18.1.2005) by [Housing Act 2004 \(c. 34\), ss. 219, 270\(3\)\(a\)](#)
- F276** Words in s. 115(2)(e) substituted (1.4.2001) by [2000 c. 43, s. 74, Sch. 7 Pt. II para. 151; S.I. 2001/919, art. 2\(f\)\(ii\)](#)
- F277** S. 115(2)(ea) inserted (1.10.2002) by [The National Health Service Reform and Health Care Professions Act 2002 \(Supplementary, Consequential etc. Provisions\) Regulations 2002 \(S.I. 2002/2469\), reg. 4, Sch. 1 Pt. 1 para. 25\(6\)](#)
- F278** Words in s. 115(2)(f) substituted (1.4.2007) by [The References to Health Authorities Order 2007 \(S.I. 2007/961\), art. 3, Sch. para. 29\(2\)\(f\)](#)
- F279** S. 115(2)(g) added (8.2.2000) by [The Health Act 1999 \(Supplementary, Consequential etc. Provisions\) Order 2000 \(S.I. 2000/90\), arts. 1, 3\(1\), Sch. 1 para. 35\(7\)](#)

Commencement Information

- I65** S. 115 wholly in force; S. 115 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by [S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#))

Marginal Citations

- M67** 1967 c.77.
M68 1996 c.16.
M69 1994 c.39.

116 Transitory provisions.

- (1) The Secretary of State may by order provide that, in relation to any time before the commencement of section 73 above, a court shall not make an order under—
- (a) section 1 of the 1994 Act (secure training orders); or
 - (b) subsection (3)(a) of section 4 of that Act (breaches of supervision requirements),

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unless it has been notified by the Secretary of State that accommodation at a secure training centre, or accommodation provided by a local authority for the purpose of restricting the liberty of children and young persons, is immediately available for the offender, and the notice has not been withdrawn.

(2) An order under this section may provide that sections 2 and 4 of the 1994 Act shall have effect, in relation to any such time, as if—

(a) for subsections (2) and (3) of section 2 there were substituted the following subsection—

“(2) Where accommodation for the offender at a secure training centre is not immediately available—

(a) the court shall commit the offender to accommodation provided by a local authority for the purpose of restricting the liberty of children and young persons until such time as accommodation for him at such a centre is available; and

(b) the period of detention in the centre under the order shall be reduced by the period spent by the offender in the accommodation so provided.”;

(b) in subsection (5) of that section, for the words “subsections (2)(a)(ii) and (4)(b) apply” there were substituted the words “ subsection (4)(b) applies ”;

(c) for subsection (8) of that section there were substituted the following subsection—

“(8) In this section “local authority” has the same meaning as in the ^{M70}Children Act 1989.”; and

(d) in subsection (4) of section 4, for the words “paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of subsection (2) and subsections (5), (7) and (8) of section 2” there were substituted the words “ paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) and subsections (7) and (8) of section 2 ”.

(3) In relation to any time before the commencement of section 73 above, section 4 of the 1994 Act shall have effect as if after subsection (4) there were inserted the following subsection—

“(4A) A fine imposed under subsection (3)(b) above shall be deemed, for the purposes of any enactment, to be a sum adjudged to be paid by a conviction.”

(4) In relation to any time before the commencement of section 73 above, section 1B of the 1982 Act (special provision for offenders under 18) shall have effect as if—

(a) in subsection (4), immediately before the words “a total term” there were inserted the words “ a term or (in the case of an offender to whom subsection (6) below applies) ”;

(b) in subsection (5)—

(i) immediately before the words “total term” there were inserted the words “ term or (as the case may be) ”; and

(ii) for the words “the term” there were substituted the word “ it ”; and

(c) for subsection (6) there were substituted the following subsection—

“(6) This subsection applies to an offender sentenced to two or more terms of detention in a young offender institution which are consecutive or wholly or partly concurrent if—

(a) the sentences were passed on the same occasion; or

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(b) where they were passed on different occasions, the offender has not been released under Part II of the ^{M71}Criminal Justice Act 1991 at any time during the period beginning with the first and ending with the last of those occasions;
 and in subsections (4) and (5) above “the total term”, in relation to such an offender, means the aggregate of those terms.”

(5) In this section “local authority” has the same meaning as in the 1989 Act.

Marginal Citations

M70 1989 c.41.

M71 1991 c.53.

117 General interpretation.

(1) In this Act—

“the 1933 Act” means the ^{M72}Children and Young Persons Act 1933;

“the 1969 Act” means the ^{M73}Children and Young Persons Act 1969;

“the 1973 Act” means the ^{M74}Powers of Criminal Courts Act 1973;

“the 1980 Act” means the ^{M75}Magistrates’ Courts Act 1980;

“the 1982 Act” means the ^{M76}Criminal Justice Act 1982;

“the 1984 Act” means the ^{M77}Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984;

“the 1985 Act” means the ^{M78}Prosecution of Offences Act 1985;

“the 1989 Act” means the ^{M79}Children Act 1989;

“the 1991 Act” means the ^{M80}Criminal Justice Act 1991;

“the 1994 Act” means the ^{M81}Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994;

“the 1997 Act” means the ^{M82}Crime (Sentences) Act 1997;

“caution” has the same meaning as in Part V of the ^{M83}Police Act 1997;

“child” means a person under the age of 14;

^{F280}

“custodial sentence” has the same meaning as in [^{F281}the Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000];

“guardian” has the same meaning as in the 1933 Act;

[^{F282}“local probation board” means a local probation board established under section 4 of the Criminal Justice and Court Services Act 2000;]

“prescribed” means prescribed by an order made by the Secretary of State;

“young person” means a person who has attained the age of 14 and is under the age of 18;

“youth offending team” means a team established under section 39 above.

(2) In this Act—

“the 1993 Act” means the ^{M84}Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993; and

“the 1995 Act” means the ^{M85}Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995.

(3) For the purposes of this Act, the age of a person shall be deemed to be that which it appears to the court to be after considering any available evidence.

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Textual Amendments

- F280** S. 117(1): definition of "commission area" omitted (1.4.2005) by virtue of [The Courts Act 2003 \(Consequential Provisions\) Order 2005 \(S.I. 2005/886\)](#), [art. 2](#), [Sch. para. 60](#)
- F281** S. 117(1): words in definition of "custodial sentence" substituted (25.8.2000) by [2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168\(1\)](#), [Sch. 9 para. 200](#)
- F282** S. 117(1): definition of "local probation board" inserted (1.4.2001) by [2000 c. 43, s. 74](#), [Sch. 7 Pt. II para. 152](#); [S.I. 2001/919](#), [art. 2\(f\)\(ii\)](#)

Marginal Citations

- M72** 1933 c.12.
M73 1969 c.54.
M74 1973 c.62.
M75 1980 c.43.
M76 1982 c.48.
M77 1984 c.60.
M78 1985 c.23.
M79 1989 c.41.
M80 1991 c.53.
M81 1994 c.33.
M82 1997 c.43.
M83 1997 c.50.
M84 1993 c.9.
M85 1995 c.46.

118 Provision for Northern Ireland.

An Order in Council under paragraph 1(1)(b) of Schedule 1 to the^{M86}Northern Ireland Act 1974 (legislation for Northern Ireland in the interim period) which contains a statement that it is made only for purposes corresponding to those of sections 2 to 4, 34, 47(5), 57, 61 to 64 and 85 above—

- (a) shall not be subject to paragraph 1(4) and (5) of that Schedule (affirmative resolution of both Houses of Parliament); but
- (b) shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament.

Commencement Information

- I66** S. 118 wholly in force; [S. 118](#) not in force at Royal Assent see [s. 121](#); In force at 30.9.1998 by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#))

Marginal Citations

- M86** 1974 c.28.

^{F283}119 Minor and consequential amendments.

The enactments mentioned in Schedule 8 to this Act shall have effect subject to the amendments there specified, being minor amendments and amendments consequential on the provisions of this Act.

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Textual Amendments

F283 S. 119 wholly in force; S. 119 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

120 Transitional provisions, savings and repeals.

- (1) The transitional provisions and savings contained in Schedule 9 to this Act shall have effect; but nothing in this subsection shall be taken as prejudicing the operation of sections 16 and 17 of the ^{M87} Interpretation Act 1978 (which relate to the effect of repeals).
- (2) The enactments specified in Schedule 10 to this Act, which include some that are spent, are hereby repealed to the extent specified in the third column of that Schedule.

Commencement Information

I67 S. 120 partly in force; S. 120 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; S. 120(1)(2) in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M87 1978 c.30.

121 Short title, commencement and extent.

- (1) This Act may be cited as the Crime and Disorder Act 1998.
- (2) This Act, except this section, sections 109 and 111(8) above and paragraphs 55, 99 and 117 of Schedule 8 to this Act, shall come into force on such day as the Secretary of State may by order appoint; and different days may be appointed for different purposes or different areas.
- (3) Without prejudice to the provisions of Schedule 9 to this Act, an order under subsection (2) above may make such transitional provisions and savings as appear to the Secretary of State necessary or expedient in connection with any provision brought into force by the order.
- (4) Subject to subsections (5) to (12) below, this Act extends to England and Wales only.
- (5) The following provisions extend to Scotland only, namely—
 - (a) Chapter II of Part I;
 - (b) section 33;
 - (c) Chapter II of Part IV;
 - (d) sections 108 to 112 and 117(2); and
 - (e) paragraphs 55, 70, 71, 98 to 108, 115 to 124 and 140 to 143 of Schedule 8 and section 119 above so far as relating to those paragraphs.
- (6) The following provisions also extend to Scotland, namely—
 - (a) Chapter III of Part I;
 - (b) section 36(3) to (5);
 - (c) section 65(9);

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- (d) section 115;
 - (e) paragraph 3 of Schedule 3 to this Act and section 52(6) above so far as relating to that paragraph;
 - ^{F284}(f)
 - (g) paragraphs 1, 7(1) and (3), 14(1) and (2), 35, 36, 45, 135, 136 and 138 of Schedule 8 to this Act and section 119 above so far as relating to those paragraphs; and
 - (h) this section.
- (7) Sections 36(1), (2)(a), (b) and (d) and (6)(b) and section 118 above extend to Northern Ireland only.
- (8) Section 36(3)(b), (4) and (5) above, paragraphs 7(1) and (3), 45, 135 and 138 of Schedule 8 to this Act, section 119 above so far as relating to those paragraphs and this section also extend to Northern Ireland.
- (9) Section 36(5) above, paragraphs 7(1) and (3), 45 and 134 of Schedule 8 to this Act, section 119 above so far as relating to those paragraphs and this section also extend to the Isle of Man.
- (10) Section 36(5) above, paragraphs 7(1) and (3), 45 and 135 of Schedule 8 to this Act, section 119 above so far as relating to those paragraphs and this section also extend to the Channel Islands.
- (11) The repeals in Schedule 10 to this Act, and section 120(2) above so far as relating to those repeals, have the same extent as the enactments on which the repeals operate.
- (12) ^{F285} . . . and in Schedule 1 to the 1997 Act—
- (a) paragraph 14 (restricted transfers between the United Kingdom and the Channel Islands) as applied in relation to the Isle of Man; and
 - (b) paragraph 19 (application of Schedule in relation to the Isle of Man),
- apply to the amendments of that Schedule made by paragraph 135 of Schedule 8 to this Act.

Subordinate Legislation Made

- P2** S. 121 power partly exercised (31.7.1998): 1.8.1998 and 7.8.1998 appointed days for specified provisions by [S.I. 1998/1883](#)
- S. 121 power partly exercised (19.9.1998): different dates appointed for specified provisions by [S.I. 1998/2327](#)
- S. 121 power partly exercised (21.12.1998): different dates appointed for specified provisions by [S.I. 1998/3263](#)
- S. 121 power partly exercised (4.5.1999): 1.6.1999 appointed for specified provisions by [S.I. 1999/1279](#), [art. 2](#)
- S. 121 power partly exercised (28.10.1999): 1.11.1999 appointed for specified provisions by [S.I. 1999/2976](#), [art. 2](#)
- S. 121 power partly exercised (15.12.1999): 1.4.2000 appointed for specified provisions by [S.I. 1999/3426](#), [art. 3](#) (with [art. 4](#))
- S. 121 power partly exercised (28.3.2000): different dates appointed for specified provisions by [S.I. 2000/924](#), [arts. 2-5](#)
- S. 121 power partly exercised (15.12.2000): 15.1.2001 appointed for specified provisions by [S.I. 2000/3283](#), [art. 2](#) (with [art. 3](#))

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Textual Amendments

F284 S. 121(6)(f) repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F285 Words in s. 121(12) repealed (4.4.2005) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 332, 336(3), **Sch. 37 Pt. 7**; S.I. 2005/950, **art. 2**, Sch. 1 para. 44(4)(p) (with Sch. 2)

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SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1

Section 24(4).

SCHEDULE 2A TO THE CIVIC GOVERNMENT (SCOTLAND) ACT 1982

“SCHEDULE 2A

Section 54(2C).

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL OF PROPERTY SEIZED UNDER SECTION 54(2A) OF THIS ACT

Application

- 1 This schedule applies to property seized under section 54(2A) of this Act.

Retention

- 2 (1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2) below, property to which this Schedule applies may be retained for a period of twenty-eight days beginning with the day on which it was seized.
- (2) Where proceedings for an offence are instituted within the period specified in sub-paragraph (1) above against any person, the property may be retained for a period beginning on the day on which it was seized and ending on the day when—
- (a) the prosecutor certifies that the property is not, or is no longer, required as a production in criminal proceedings or for any purpose relating to such proceedings;
 - (b) the accused in such proceedings—
 - (i) is sentenced or otherwise dealt with for the offence; or
 - (ii) is acquitted of the offence; or
 - (c) the proceedings are expressly abandoned by the prosecutor or are deserted *simpliciter*.

Arrangements for custody of property

- 3 (1) Subject to the proviso to section 17(3)(b) of the ^{M88}Police (Scotland) Act 1967 (duty to comply with instructions received from prosecutor), the chief constable shall, in accordance with the provisions of this Schedule, make such arrangements as he considers appropriate for the care, custody, return or disposal of property to which this Schedule applies.
- (2) Any reference in this Schedule to property being in the possession of, delivered by or disposed of by, the chief constable includes a reference to its being in the possession of, delivered by or disposed of by, another person under arrangements made under sub-paragraph (1) above.

Disposal

- 4 Where the period of retention permitted by paragraph 2 above expires and the chief constable has reason to believe that the person from whom the property was seized is

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not the owner or the person having right to possession of it, he shall take reasonable steps to ascertain the identity of the owner or of the person with that right and to notify him of the procedures determined under paragraph 5(1) below.

- 5 (1) Subject to sub-paragraphs (5) and (6) below, the owner or any person having right to possession of any property to which this Schedule applies and which, at the expiry of the period of retention permitted by paragraph 2 above, is in the possession of the chief constable may at any time prior to its disposal under paragraph 6 below claim that property in accordance with such procedure as the chief constable may determine.
- (2) Subject to sub-paragraphs (3), (5) and (6) below, where the chief constable considers that the person making a claim in accordance with the procedure determined under sub-paragraph (1) above is the owner of the property or has a right to possession of it, he shall deliver the property to the claimant.
- (3) Subject to sub-paragraph (4) below, the chief constable may impose such conditions connected with the delivery to the claimant of property under sub-paragraph (2) above as he thinks fit and, without prejudice to that generality, such conditions may relate to the payment of such reasonable charges (including any reasonable expenses incurred in relation to the property by or on behalf of him) as he may determine.
- (4) No condition relating to the payment of any charge shall be imposed by the chief constable on the owner or person having right of possession of the property where he is satisfied that that person did not know, and had no reason to suspect, that the property to which this Schedule applies was likely to be used in a manner which gave rise to its seizure.
- (5) This paragraph does not apply where the period of retention expires in such manner as is mentioned in paragraph 2(2)(b)(i) above and the court by which he was convicted has made a suspended forfeiture order or a restraint order in respect of the property to which this Schedule applies.
- (6) This paragraph shall cease to apply where at any time—
- (a) the property to which this Schedule applies—
 - (i) is seized under any other power available to a constable; or
 - (ii) passes into the possession of the prosecutor; or
 - (b) proceedings for an offence are instituted, where the property to which this Schedule applies is required as a production.
- 6 (1) Where this sub-paragraph applies, the chief constable may—
- (a) sell property to which this Schedule applies; or
 - (b) if in his opinion it would be impracticable to sell such property, dispose of it.
- (2) Sub-paragraph (1) above applies—
- (a) at any time after the expiry of the relevant period where, within that period—
 - (i) no claim has been made under paragraph 5 above; or
 - (ii) any such a claim which has been made has been rejected by the chief constable; and
 - (b) where a claim has been made under paragraph 5 above and not determined within the relevant period, at any time after the rejection of that claim by the chief constable.

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- (3) In sub-paragraph (2) above, the “relevant period” means a period of six months beginning with the day on which the period of retention permitted by paragraph 2 above expired.
- (4) Sections 71, 72 and 77(1) of this Act shall apply to a disposal under this paragraph as they apply to a disposal under section 68 of this Act.

Appeals

- 7 (1) A claimant under sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 5 above may appeal to the sheriff against any decision of the chief constable made under that paragraph as respects the claim.
- (2) The previous owner of any property disposed of for value under paragraph 6 above may appeal to the sheriff against any decision of the chief constable made under section 72 of this Act as applied by sub-paragraph (4) of that paragraph.
- (3) Subsections (3) to (5) of section 76 of this Act shall apply to an appeal under this paragraph as they apply to an appeal under that section.

Interpretation

- 8 In this Schedule—
 - “chief constable” means the chief constable for the police area in which the property to which this Schedule applies was seized, and includes a constable acting under the direction of the chief constable for the purposes of this Schedule;
 - “restraint order” shall be construed in accordance with section 28(1) of the ^{M89}Proceeds of Crime (Scotland) Act 1995;
 - “suspended forfeiture order” shall be construed in accordance with section 21(2) of that Act.”

Marginal Citations

M88 1967 c.77.

M89 1995 c.43.

SCHEDULE 2

Section 41(11).

THE YOUTH JUSTICE BOARD: FURTHER PROVISIONS

Commencement Information

I68 Sch. 2 wholly in force; Sch. 2 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; Sch. 2 paras 1-2 in force for certain purposes at 1.8.1998 by 1998/1883; Sch. 2 in force at 30.9.1998 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

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Membership

- 1 The Secretary of State shall appoint one of the members of the Board to be their chairman.

Commencement Information

I69 Sch. 2 para. 1 wholly in force; Sch. 2 para. 1 not in force at Royal Assent. In force at 1.8.1998 for the purpose of making appointments under para. 1 of Sch. 2 by S.I. 1998/1883, art. 2(e); wholly in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

- 2 (1) Subject to the following provisions of this paragraph, a person shall hold and vacate office as a member of the Board, or as chairman of the Board, in accordance with the terms of his appointment.
- (2) An appointment as a member of the Board may be full-time or part-time.
- (3) The appointment of a person as a member of the Board, or as chairman of the Board, shall be for a fixed period of not longer than five years.
- (4) Subject to sub-paragraph (5) below, a person whose term of appointment as a member of the Board, or as chairman of the Board, expires shall be eligible for re-appointment.
- (5) No person may hold office as a member of the Board for a continuous period which is longer than ten years.
- (6) A person may at any time resign his office as a member of the Board, or as chairman of the Board, by notice in writing addressed to the Secretary of State.
- (7) The terms of appointment of a member of the Board, or the chairman of the Board, may provide for his removal from office (without cause being assigned) on notice from the Secretary of State of such length as may be specified in those terms, subject (if those terms so provide) to compensation from the Secretary of State; and in any such case the Secretary of State may remove that member from office in accordance with those terms.
- (8) Where—
- (a) the terms of appointment of a member of the Board, or the chairman of the Board, provide for compensation on his removal from office in pursuance of sub-paragraph (7) above; and
 - (b) the member or chairman is removed from office in pursuance of that sub-paragraph,
- the Board shall pay to him compensation of such amount, and on such terms, as the Secretary of State may with the approval of the Treasury determine.
- (9) The Secretary of State may also at any time remove a person from office as a member of the Board if satisfied—
- (a) that he has without reasonable excuse failed to discharge his functions as a member for a continuous period of three months beginning not earlier than six months before that time;
 - (b) that he has been convicted of a criminal offence;
 - (c) that a bankruptcy order has been made against him, or his estate has been sequestrated, or he has made a composition or arrangement with, or granted a trust deed for, his creditors; or

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- (d) that he is unable or unfit to discharge his functions as a member.
- (10) The Secretary of State shall remove a member of the Board, or the chairman of the Board, from office in pursuance of this paragraph by declaring his office as a member of the Board to be vacant and notifying that fact in such manner as the Secretary of State thinks fit; and the office shall then become vacant.
- (11) If the chairman of the Board ceases to be a member of the Board he shall also cease to be chairman.

Commencement Information

I70 Sch. 2 para. 2 wholly in force; Sch. 2 para. 2 not in force at Royal Assent. In force at 1.8.1998 for the purpose of making appointments under para. 1 of Sch. 2 by S.I. 1998/1883, art. 2(e). Wholly in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Members and employees

- 3 (1) The Board shall—
- (a) pay to members of the Board such remuneration;
 - (b) pay to or in respect of members of the Board any such allowances, fees, expenses and gratuities; and
 - (c) pay towards the provision of pensions to or in respect of members of the Board any such sums,
- as the Board are required to pay by or in accordance with directions given by the Secretary of State.
- (2) Where a member of the Board was, immediately before becoming a member, a participant in a scheme under section 1 of the ^{M90}Superannuation Act 1972, the Minister for the Civil Service may determine that his term of office as a member shall be treated for the purposes of the scheme as if it were service in the employment or office by reference to which he was a participant in the scheme; and his rights under the scheme shall not be affected by sub-paragraph (1)(c) above.
- (3) Where—
- (a) a person ceases to hold office as a member of the Board otherwise than on the expiry of his term of appointment; and
 - (b) it appears to the Secretary of State that there are special circumstances which make it right for him to receive compensation,
- the Secretary of State may direct the Board to make to the person a payment of such amount as the Secretary of State may determine.

Commencement Information

I71 Sch. 2 para. 3 wholly in force; Sch. 2 para. 3 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M90 1972 c.11.

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- 4 (1) The Board may appoint a chief executive and such other employees as the Board think fit, subject to the consent of the Secretary of State as to their number and terms and conditions of service.
- (2) The Board shall—
- (a) pay to employees of the Board such remuneration; and
 - (b) pay to or in respect of employees of the Board any such allowances, fees, expenses and gratuities,
- as the Board may, with the consent of the Secretary of State, determine.
- (3) Employment by the Board shall be included among the kinds of employment to which a scheme under section 1 of the ^{M91}Superannuation Act 1972 may apply.

Commencement Information

I72 Sch. 2 para. 4 wholly in force; Sch. 2 para. 4 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M91 1972 c.11.

- 5 The Board shall pay to the Minister for the Civil Service, at such times as he may direct, such sums as he may determine in respect of any increase attributable to paragraph 3(2) or 4(3) above in the sums payable out of money provided by Parliament under the ^{M92}Superannuation Act 1972.

Commencement Information

I73 Sch. 2 para. 5 wholly in force; Sch. 2 para. 5 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M92 1972 c.11.

House of Commons disqualification

- 6 In Part II of Schedule 1 to the ^{M93}House of Commons Disqualification Act 1975 (bodies of which all members are disqualified), there shall be inserted at the appropriate place the following entry— “The Youth Justice Board for England and Wales”.

Commencement Information

I74 Sch. 2 para. 6 wholly in force; Sch. 2 para. 6 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M93 1975 c.24.

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Procedure

- 7 (1) The arrangements for the procedure of the Board (including the quorum for meetings) shall be such as the Board may determine.
- (2) The validity of any proceedings of the Board (or of any committee of the Board) shall not be affected by—
- (a) any vacancy among the members of the Board or in the office of chairman of the Board; or
 - (b) any defect in the appointment of any person as a member of the Board or as chairman of the Board.

Commencement Information

I75 Sch. 2 para. 7 wholly in force; Sch. 2 para. 7 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Annual reports and accounts

- 8 (1) As soon as possible after the end of each financial year of the Board, the Board shall send to the Secretary of State a report on the discharge of their functions during that year.
- (2) The Secretary of State shall lay before each House of Parliament, and cause to be published, a copy of every report sent to him under this paragraph.

Commencement Information

I76 Sch. 2 para. 8 wholly in force; Sch. 2 para. 8 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

- 9 (1) The Board shall—
- (a) keep proper accounts and proper records in relation to the accounts; and
 - (b) prepare a statement of accounts in respect of each financial year of the Board.
- (2) The statement of accounts shall contain such information and shall be in such form as the Secretary of State may, with the consent of the Treasury, direct.
- (3) The Board shall send a copy of the statement of accounts to the Secretary of State and to the Comptroller and Auditor General within such period after the end of the financial year to which the statement relates as the Secretary of State may direct.
- (4) The Comptroller and Auditor General shall—
- (a) examine, certify and report on the statement of accounts; and
 - (b) lay a copy of the statement of accounts and of his report before each House of Parliament.

Commencement Information

I77 Sch. 2 para. 9 wholly in force; Sch. 2 para. 9 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

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- 10 For the purposes of this Schedule the Board’s financial year shall be the period of twelve months ending with 31st March; but the first financial year of the Board shall be the period beginning with the date of establishment of the Board and ending with the first 31st March which falls at least six months after that date.

Commencement Information

I78 Sch. 2 para. 10 wholly in force; Sch. 2 para. 10 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Expenses

- 11 The Secretary of State shall out of money provided by Parliament pay to the Board such sums towards their expenses as he may determine.

Commencement Information

I79 Sch. 2 para. 11 wholly in force; Sch. 2 para. 11 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

SCHEDULE 3

Section 52(6).

PROCEDURE WHERE PERSONS ARE SENT FOR TRIAL UNDER SECTION 51

Regulations

- 1 The Attorney General shall by regulations provide that, where a person is sent for trial under section 51 of this Act on any charge or charges, copies of the documents containing the evidence on which the charge or charges are based shall, ^{F286} . . . —
- (a) be served on that person; and
 - (b) be given to the Crown Court sitting at the place specified in the notice under subsection (7) of that section [^{F287}before the expiry of the period prescribed by the regulations; but the judge may at his discretion extend or further extend that period.].

[^{F288}(2) The regulations may make provision as to the procedure to be followed on an application for the extension or further extension of a period under sub-paragraph (1) above.]

Textual Amendments

F286 Words in Sch. 3 para. 1 repealed (27.9.1999) by virtue of 1999 c. 22, ss. 67(1)(a), 106, 108(3)(b)(f), Sch. 15 Pt. III (with Sch. 14 paras. 7(2), 36(9)); S.I. 1999/2657, art. 2(d)(iii)

F287 Words in Sch. 3 para. 1 inserted (27.9.1999) by virtue of 1999 c. 22, ss. 67(1)(a), 108(3)(b) (with Sch. 14 para. 7(2))

F288 Sch. 3 para. 1(2) substituted (27.9.1999) by 1999 c. 22, ss. 67(1)(b), 108(3)(b) (with Sch. 14 para. 7(2))

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Commencement Information

180 Sch. 3 para. 1 wholly in force; Sch. 3 para. 1 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 for certain purposes by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8) Sch. 3 para. 1 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 3 para. 1 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

Applications for dismissal

- 2 (1) A person who is sent for trial under section 51 of this Act on any charge or charges may, at any time—
- (a) after he is served with copies of the documents containing the evidence on which the charge or charges are based; and
 - (b) before he is arraigned (and whether or not an indictment has been preferred against him),
- apply orally or in writing to the Crown Court sitting at the place specified in the notice under subsection (7) of that section for the charge, or any of the charges, in the case to be dismissed.
- (2) The judge shall dismiss a charge (and accordingly quash any count relating to it in any indictment preferred against the applicant) which is the subject of any such application if it appears to him that the evidence against the applicant would not be sufficient for [F289]him to be properly convicted].
- (3) No oral application may be made under sub-paragraph (1) above unless the applicant has given to the Crown Court sitting at the place in question written notice of his intention to make the application.
- (4) Oral evidence may be given on such an application only with the leave of the judge or by his order; and the judge shall give leave or make an order only if it appears to him, having regard to any matters stated in the application for leave, that the interests of justice require him to do so.
- (5) If the judge gives leave permitting, or makes an order requiring, a person to give oral evidence, but that person does not do so, the judge may disregard any document indicating the evidence that he might have given.
- (6) If the charge, or any of the charges, against the applicant is dismissed—
- (a) no further proceedings may be brought on the dismissed charge or charges except by means of the preferment of a voluntary bill of indictment; and
 - (b) unless the applicant is in custody otherwise than on the dismissed charge or charges, he shall be discharged.
- (7) [F290]Criminal Procedure Rules] may make provision for the purposes of this paragraph and, without prejudice to the generality of this sub-paragraph, may make provision—
- (a) as to the time or stage in the proceedings at which anything required to be done is to be done (unless the court grants leave to do it at some other time or stage);
 - (b) as to the contents and form of notices or other documents;
 - (c) as to the manner in which evidence is to be submitted; and
 - (d) as to persons to be served with notices or other material.

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Textual Amendments

- F289** Words in Sch. 3 para. 2(2) substituted (24.7.2006) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\), ss. 331, 336\(3\), Sch. 36 para. 73; S.I. 2006/1835](#) {art. 2(h)}
- F290** Words in Sch. 3 para. 2(7) substituted (1.9.2004) by [The Courts Act 2003 \(Consequential Amendments\) Order 2004 \(S.I. 2004/2035\), art. 3, Sch. para. 37\(2\)](#) (with art. 2(2))

Commencement Information

- I81** Sch. 3 para. 2 wholly in force; Sch. 3 para. 2 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 for certain purposes by [S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#)); Sch. 3 para. 2 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by [S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4\(2\)](#); Sch. 3 para. 2 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by [S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2](#) (subject to transitional provisions in [art. 3](#))

Reporting restrictions

- 3 (1) Except as provided by this paragraph, it shall not be lawful—
- (a) to publish in Great Britain a written report of an application under paragraph 2(1) above; or
 - (b) to include in a relevant programme for reception in Great Britain a report of such an application,
- if (in either case) the report contains any matter other than that permitted by this paragraph.
- (2) An order that sub-paragraph (1) above shall not apply to reports of an application under paragraph 2(1) above may be made by the judge dealing with the application.
- (3) Where in the case of two or more accused one of them objects to the making of an order under sub-paragraph (2) above, the judge shall make the order if, and only if, he is satisfied, after hearing the representations of the accused, that it is in the interests of justice to do so.
- (4) An order under sub-paragraph (2) above shall not apply to reports of proceedings under sub-paragraph (3) above, but any decision of the court to make or not to make such an order may be contained in reports published or included in a relevant programme before the time authorised by sub-paragraph (5) below.
- (5) It shall not be unlawful under this paragraph to publish or include in a relevant programme a report of an application under paragraph 2(1) above containing any matter other than that permitted by sub-paragraph (8) below where the application is successful.
- (6) Where—
- (a) two or more persons were jointly charged; and
 - (b) applications under paragraph 2(1) above are made by more than one of them,
- sub-paragraph (5) above shall have effect as if for the words “the application is” there were substituted the words “all the applications are”.
- (7) It shall not be unlawful under this paragraph to publish or include in a relevant programme a report of an unsuccessful application at the conclusion of the trial of the person charged, or of the last of the persons charged to be tried.

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- (8) The following matters may be contained in a report published or included in a relevant programme without an order under sub-paragraph (2) above before the time authorised by sub-paragraphs (5) and (6) above, that is to say—
- (a) the identity of the court and the name of the judge;
 - (b) the names, ages, home addresses and occupations of the accused and witnesses;
 - (c) the offence or offences, or a summary of them, with which the accused is or are charged;
 - (d) the names of counsel and solicitors engaged in the proceedings;
 - (e) where the proceedings are adjourned, the date and place to which they are adjourned;
 - (f) the arrangements as to bail;
 - [^{F291}(g) whether a right to representation funded by the Legal Services Commission as part of the Criminal Defence Service was granted to the accused or any of the accused.]
- (9) The addresses that may be published or included in a relevant programme under sub-paragraph (8) above are addresses—
- (a) at any relevant time; and
 - (b) at the time of their publication or inclusion in a relevant programme.
- (10) If a report is published or included in a relevant programme in contravention of this paragraph, the following persons, that is to say—
- (a) in the case of a publication of a written report as part of a newspaper or periodical, any proprietor, editor or publisher of the newspaper or periodical;
 - (b) in the case of a publication of a written report otherwise than as part of a newspaper or periodical, the person who publishes it;
 - (c) in the case of the inclusion of a report in a relevant programme, any body corporate which is engaged in providing the service in which the programme is included and any person having functions in relation to the programme corresponding to those of the editor of a newspaper;
- shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding level 5 on the standard scale.
- (11) Proceedings for an offence under this paragraph shall not, in England and Wales, be instituted otherwise than by or with the consent of the Attorney General.
- (12) Sub-paragraph (1) above shall be in addition to, and not in derogation from, the provisions of any other enactment with respect to the publication of reports of court proceedings.
- (13) In this paragraph—
- “publish”, in relation to a report, means publish the report, either by itself or as part of a newspaper or periodical, for distribution to the public;
 - “relevant programme” means a programme included in a programme service (within the meaning of the ^{M94}Broadcasting Act 1990);
 - “relevant time” means a time when events giving rise to the charges to which the proceedings relate occurred.

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Textual Amendments

F291 Sch. 3 para. 3(8)(g) substituted (2.4.2001) by 1999 c. 22, s. 24, Sch. 4 paras. 53, 55 (with Sch. 14 para. 7(2)); S.I. 2001/916, art. 3(a)(ii) (with Sch. 2 para. 2)

Commencement Information

I82 Sch. 3 para. 3 wholly in force; Sch. 3 para. 3 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 for certain purposes by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); Sch. 3 para. 3 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 3 para. 3 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

Marginal Citations

M94 1990 c.42.

Power of justice to take depositions etc.

- 4 (1) Sub-paragraph (2) below applies where a justice of the peace ^{F292} . . . is satisfied that—
- (a) any person in England and Wales (“the witness”) is likely to be able to make on behalf of the prosecutor a written statement containing material evidence, or produce on behalf of the prosecutor a document or other exhibit likely to be material evidence, for the purposes of proceedings for an offence for which a person has been sent for trial under section 51 of this Act by a magistrates’ court ^{F292} . . . ; and
 - ^{F293}(b) it is in the interests of justice to issue a summons under this paragraph to secure the attendance of the witness to have his evidence taken as a deposition or to produce the document or other exhibit.]
- (2) In such a case the justice shall issue a summons directed to the witness requiring him to attend before a justice at the time and place appointed in the summons, and to have his evidence taken as a deposition or to produce the document or other exhibit.
- (3) If a justice of the peace is satisfied by evidence on oath of the matters mentioned in sub-paragraph (1) above, and also that it is probable that a summons under sub-paragraph (2) above would not procure the result required by it, the justice may instead of issuing a summons issue a warrant to arrest the witness and to bring him before a justice at the time and place specified in the warrant.
- (4) A summons may also be issued under sub-paragraph (2) above if the justice is satisfied that the witness is outside the British Islands, but no warrant may be issued under sub-paragraph (3) above unless the justice is satisfied by evidence on oath that the witness is in England and Wales.
- (5) If—
- (a) the witness fails to attend before a justice in answer to a summons under this paragraph;
 - (b) the justice is satisfied by evidence on oath that the witness is likely to be able to make a statement or produce a document or other exhibit as mentioned in sub-paragraph (1)(a) above;
 - (c) it is proved on oath, or in such other manner as may be prescribed, that he has been duly served with the summons and that a reasonable sum has been paid or tendered to him for costs and expenses; and

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- (d) it appears to the justice that there is no just excuse for the failure, the justice may issue a warrant to arrest the witness and to bring him before a justice at the time and place specified in the warrant.
- (6) Where—
- (a) a summons is issued under sub-paragraph (2) above or a warrant is issued under sub-paragraph (3) or (5) above; and
- (b) the summons or warrant is issued with a view to securing that the witness has his evidence taken as a deposition,
- the time appointed in the summons or specified in the warrant shall be such as to enable the evidence to be taken as a deposition before the relevant date.
- (7) If any person attending or brought before a justice in pursuance of this paragraph refuses without just excuse to have his evidence taken as a deposition, or to produce the document or other exhibit, the justice may do one or both of the following—
- (a) commit him to custody until the expiration of such period not exceeding one month as may be specified in the summons or warrant or until he sooner has his evidence taken as a deposition or produces the document or other exhibit;
- (b) impose on him a fine not exceeding £2,500.
- (8) A fine imposed under sub-paragraph (7) above shall be deemed, for the purposes of any enactment, to be a sum adjudged to be paid by a conviction.
- (9) If in pursuance of this paragraph a person has his evidence taken as a deposition, the [^{F294}designated officer for] the justice concerned shall as soon as is reasonably practicable send a copy of the deposition to the prosecutor and the Crown Court.
- (10) If in pursuance of this paragraph a person produces an exhibit which is a document, the [^{F294}designated officer for] the justice concerned shall as soon as is reasonably practicable send a copy of the document to the prosecutor and the Crown Court.
- (11) If in pursuance of this paragraph a person produces an exhibit which is not a document, the [^{F294}designated officer for] the justice concerned shall as soon as is reasonably practicable inform the prosecutor and the Crown Court of that fact and of the nature of the exhibit.
- (12) In this paragraph—
- “prescribed” means prescribed by [^{F295}Criminal Procedure Rules];
- “the relevant date” has the meaning given by paragraph 1(2) above.

Textual Amendments

- F292** Words in Sch. 3 para. 4(1) omitted (1.4.2005) by virtue of [The Courts Act 2003 \(Consequential Provisions\) Order 2005 \(S.I. 2005/886\)](#), art. 2, [Sch. para. 61\(a\)](#)
- F293** Sch. 3 para. 4(1)(b) substituted (1.7.2005) by [Serious Organised Crime and Police Act 2005 \(c. 15\)](#), [ss. 169\(4\)](#), 178(8); S.I. 2005/1521, [art. 3\(1\)\(bb\)](#)
- F294** Words in Sch. 3 para. 4(9)-(11) substituted (1.4.2005) by [The Courts Act 2003 \(Consequential Provisions\) Order 2005 \(S.I. 2005/886\)](#), art. 2, [Sch. para. 61\(b\)](#)
- F295** Words in Sch. 3 para. 4(12) substituted (1.9.2004) by [The Courts Act 2003 \(Consequential Amendments\) Order 2004 \(S.I. 2004/2035\)](#), art. 3, [Sch. para. 37\(3\)](#) (with art. 2(2))

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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Commencement Information

I83 Sch. 3 para. 4 wholly in force; Sch. 3 para. 4 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 for certain purposes by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#)); Sch. 3 para. 4 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 4\(2\)](#); Sch. 3 para. 4 in force at 15.1.2000 to the extent that it is not already in force by [S.I. 2000/3283](#), [art. 2](#) (subject to transitional provisions in [art. 3](#))

Use of depositions as evidence

- 5 (1) Subject to sub-paragraph (3) below, sub-paragraph (2) below applies where in pursuance of paragraph 4 above a person has his evidence taken as a deposition.
- (2) Where this sub-paragraph applies the deposition may without further proof be read as evidence on the trial of the accused, whether for an offence for which he was sent for trial under section 51 of this Act or for any other offence arising out of the same transaction or set of circumstances.
- (3) Sub-paragraph (2) above does not apply if—
- (a) it is proved that the deposition was not signed by the justice by whom it purports to have been signed;
 - (b) the court of trial at its discretion orders that sub-paragraph (2) above shall not apply; or
 - (c) a party to the proceedings objects to sub-paragraph (2) above applying.
- (4) ^{F296}

Textual Amendments

F296 Sch. 3 para. 5(4) repealed (4.4.2005) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), ss. 130, 332, 336(3), [Sch. 37 Pt. 6](#); [S.I. 2005/950](#), [art. 2](#), [Sch. 1](#) paras. 6, 44(3) (with [Sch. 2](#))

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

- C35** Sch. 3 para. 5 excluded (4.4.2005) by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), ss. [84\(7\)](#), 336(3); [S.I. 2005/950](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#), [Sch. 1](#) para. 5 (with [Sch. 2](#))
- C36** Sch. 3 para. 5 excluded (4.4.2005) by [Criminal Appeal Act 1968 \(c. 19\)](#), [Sch. 2](#) para. 1(2) (as substituted by [Criminal Justice Act 2003 \(c. 44\)](#), ss. [131](#), 336(3); [S.I. 2005/950](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#), [Sch. 1](#) para. 6 (with [Sch. 2](#)))

Commencement Information

I84 Sch. 3 para. 5 wholly in force; Sch. 3 para. 5 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 for certain purposes by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#)); Sch. 3 para. 5 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 4\(2\)](#); Sch. 3 para. 5 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by [S.I. 2000/3283](#), [art. 2](#) (subject to transitional provisions in [art. 3](#))

Power of Crown Court to deal with summary offence

- 6 (1) This paragraph applies where a magistrates' court has sent a person for trial under section 51 of this Act for offences which include a summary offence.

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- (2) If the person is convicted on the indictment, the Crown Court shall consider whether the summary offence is related to the offence that is triable only on indictment or, as the case may be, any of the offences that are so triable.
- (3) If it considers that the summary offence is so related, the court shall state to the person the substance of the offence and ask him whether he pleads guilty or not guilty.
- (4) If the person pleads guilty, the Crown Court shall convict him, but may deal with him in respect of the summary offence only in a manner in which a magistrates' court could have dealt with him.
- (5) If he does not plead guilty, the powers of the Crown Court shall cease in respect of the summary offence except as provided by sub-paragraph (6) below.
- (6) If the prosecution inform the court that they would not desire to submit evidence on the charge relating to the summary offence, the court shall dismiss it.
- (7) The Crown Court shall inform the ^{F297}[^{F298}designated officer] for] the magistrates' court of the outcome of any proceedings under this paragraph.
- (8) If the summary offence is one to which section 40 of the ^{M95}Criminal Justice Act 1988 applies, the Crown Court may exercise in relation to the offence the power conferred by that section; but where the person is tried on indictment for such an offence, the functions of the Crown Court under this paragraph in relation to the offence shall cease.
- (9) Where the Court of Appeal allows an appeal against conviction of an indictable-only offence which is related to a summary offence of which the appellant was convicted under this paragraph—
 - (a) it shall set aside his conviction of the summary offence and give the clerk of the magistrates' court notice that it has done so; and
 - (b) it may direct that no further proceedings in relation to the offence are to be undertaken;and the proceedings before the Crown Court in relation to the offence shall thereafter be disregarded for all purposes.
- (10) A notice under sub-paragraph (9) above shall include particulars of any direction given under paragraph (b) of that sub-paragraph in relation to the offence.
- ^{F299}(11)
- (12) An offence is related to another offence for the purposes of this paragraph if it arises out of circumstances which are the same as or connected with those giving rise to the other offence.

Textual Amendments

- F297** Words in Sch. 3 para. 6(7) substituted (1.4.2001) by 1999 c. 22, s. 90(1), **Sch. 13 para. 179(1)(3)** (with **Sch. 14 para. 7(2)**); S.I. 2001/916, **art. 2(a)(ii)** (with **Sch. 2 para. 2**)
- F298** Words in Sch. 3 para. 6(7) substituted (1.4.2005) by **The Courts Act 2003 (Consequential Provisions) Order 2005 (S.I. 2005/886)**, **art. 2, Sch. para. 61(c)**
- F299** Sch. 3 para. 6(11) repealed (1.4.2001) by 1999 c. 22, s. 106, **Sch. 15 Pt. V(7)** (with **Sch. 14 paras. 7(2), 36(9)**); S.I. 2001/916, **art. 2(e)(ii)** (with **Sch. 2 para. 2**)

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Commencement Information

I85 Sch. 3 para. 6 wholly in force; Sch. 3 para. 6 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 for certain purposes by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#)); Sch. 3 para. 6 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 4\(2\)](#); Sch. 3 para. 6 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by [S.I. 2000/3283](#), [art. 2](#) (subject to transitional provisions in [art. 3](#))

Marginal Citations

M95 1988 c.33.

Procedure where no indictable-only offence remains

- 7 (1) Subject to paragraph 13 below, this paragraph applies where—
- (a) a person has been sent for trial under section 51 of this Act but has not been arraigned; and
 - (b) the person is charged on an indictment which (following amendment of the indictment, or as a result of an application under paragraph 2 above, or for any other reason) includes no offence that is triable only on indictment.
- (2) Everything that the Crown Court is required to do under the following provisions of this paragraph must be done with the accused present in court.
- (3) The court shall cause to be read to the accused each count of the indictment that charges an offence triable either way.
- (4) The court shall then explain to the accused in ordinary language that, in relation to each of those offences, he may indicate whether (if it were to proceed to trial) he would plead guilty or not guilty, and that if he indicates that he would plead guilty the court must proceed as mentioned in sub-paragraph (6) below.
- (5) The court shall then ask the accused whether (if the offence in question were to proceed to trial) he would plead guilty or not guilty.
- (6) If the accused indicates that he would plead guilty the court shall proceed as if he had been arraigned on the count in question and had pleaded guilty.
- (7) If the accused indicates that he would plead not guilty, or fails to indicate how he would plead, the court shall consider whether the offence is more suitable for summary trial or for trial on indictment.
- (8) Subject to sub-paragraph (6) above, the following shall not for any purpose be taken to constitute the taking of a plea—
- (a) asking the accused under this paragraph whether (if the offence were to proceed to trial) he would plead guilty or not guilty;
 - (b) an indication by the accused under this paragraph of how he would plead.

Commencement Information

I86 Sch. 3 para. 7 partly in force; Sch. 3 para. 7 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 for certain purposes by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#)); Sch. 3 para. 7 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2

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of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 3 para. 7 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

- 8 (1) Subject to paragraph 13 below, this paragraph applies in a case where—
- (a) a person has been sent for trial under section 51 of this Act but has not been arraigned;
 - (b) he is charged on an indictment which (following amendment of the indictment, or as a result of an application under paragraph 2 above, or for any other reason) includes no offence that is triable only on indictment;
 - (c) he is represented by a legal representative;
 - (d) the Crown Court considers that by reason of his disorderly conduct before the court it is not practicable for proceedings under paragraph 7 above to be conducted in his presence; and
 - (e) the court considers that it should proceed in his absence.
- (2) In such a case—
- (a) the court shall cause to be read to the representative each count of the indictment that charges an offence triable either way;
 - (b) the court shall ask the representative whether (if the offence in question were to proceed to trial) the accused would plead guilty or not guilty;
 - (c) if the representative indicates that the accused would plead guilty the court shall proceed as if the accused had been arraigned on the count in question and had pleaded guilty;
 - (d) if the representative indicates that the accused would plead not guilty, or fails to indicate how the accused would plead, the court shall consider whether the offence is more suitable for summary trial or for trial on indictment.
- (3) Subject to sub-paragraph (2)(c) above, the following shall not for any purpose be taken to constitute the taking of a plea—
- (a) asking the representative under this section whether (if the offence were to proceed to trial) the accused would plead guilty or not guilty;
 - (b) an indication by the representative under this paragraph of how the accused would plead.

Commencement Information

I87 Sch. 3 para. 8 partly in force; Sch. 3 para. 8 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 for certain purposes by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); Sch. 3 para. 8 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 3 para. 8 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

- 9 (1) This paragraph applies where the Crown Court is required by paragraph 7(7) or 8(2) (d) above to consider the question whether an offence is more suitable for summary trial or for trial on indictment.
- (2) Before considering the question, the court shall afford first the prosecutor and then the accused an opportunity to make representations as to which mode of trial would be more suitable.
- (3) In considering the question, the court shall have regard to—
- (a) any representations made by the prosecutor or the accused;

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- (b) the nature of the case;
- (c) whether the circumstances make the offence one of a serious character;
- (d) whether the punishment which a magistrates' court would have power to impose for it would be adequate; and
- (e) any other circumstances which appear to the court to make it more suitable for the offence to be dealt tried in one way rather than the other.

Commencement Information

I88 Sch. 3 para. 9 fully in force; Sch. 3 para. 9 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 for certain purposes by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); Sch. 3 para. 9 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 3 para. 9 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

- 10 (1) This paragraph applies (unless excluded by paragraph 15 below) where the Crown Court considers that an offence is more suitable for summary trial.
- (2) The court shall explain to the accused in ordinary language—
- (a) that it appears to the court more suitable for him to be tried summarily for the offence, and that he can either consent to be so tried or, of he wishes, be tried by a jury; and
 - (b) that if he is tried summarily and is convicted by the magistrates' court, he may be committed for sentence to the Crown Court under [F300 section 3 of the Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000] if the convicting court is of such opinion as is mentioned in subsection (2) of that section.
- (3) After explaining to the accused as provided by sub-paragraph (2) above the court shall ask him whether he wishes to be tried summarily or by a jury, and—
- (a) if he indicates that he wishes to be tried summarily, shall remit him for trial to a magistrates' court acting for the place where he was sent to the Crown Court for trial;
 - (b) if he does not give such an indication, shall retain its functions in relation to the offence and proceed accordingly.

Textual Amendments

F300 Words in Sch. 3 para. 10(2) substituted (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 9 para. 201(2)

Commencement Information

I89 Sch. 3 para. 10 wholly in force; Sch. 3 para. 10 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 for certain purposes by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1); (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); Sch. 3 para. 10 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 3 para. 10 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

- 11 If the Crown Court considers that an offence is more suitable for trial on indictment, the court—
- (a) shall tell the accused that it has decided that it is more suitable for him to be tried for the offence by a jury; and
 - (b) shall retain its functions in relation to the offence and proceed accordingly.

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Commencement Information

190 Sch. 3 para. 11 wholly in force; Sch. 3 para. 11 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 for certain purposes by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); Sch. 3 para. 11 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 3 para. 11 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

- 12 (1) Where the prosecution is being carried on by the Attorney General, the Solicitor General or the Director of Public Prosecutions and he applies for an offence which may be tried on indictment to be so tried—
- (a) sub-paragraphs (4) to (8) of paragraph 7, sub-paragraphs (2)(b) to (d) and (3) of paragraph 8 and paragraphs 9 to 11 above shall not apply; and
 - (b) the Crown Court shall retain its functions in relation to the offence and proceed accordingly.
- (2) The power of the Director of Public Prosecutions under this paragraph to apply for an offence to be tried on indictment shall not be exercised except with the consent of the Attorney General.

Commencement Information

191 Sch. 3 para. 12 partly in force; Sch. 3 para. 12 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 for certain purposes by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); Sch. 3 para. 12 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 3 para. 12 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

- 13 (1) This paragraph applies, in place of paragraphs 7 to 12 above, in the case of a child or young person who—
- (a) has been sent for trial under section 51 of this Act but has not been arraigned; and
 - (b) is charged on an indictment which (following amendment of the indictment, or as a result of an application under paragraph 2 above, or for any other reason) includes no offence that is triable only on indictment.
- (2) The Crown Court shall remit the child or young person for trial to a magistrates' court acting for the place where he was sent to the Crown Court for trial unless—
- (a) he is charged with such an offence as is mentioned in [F301 subsection (1) or (2) of section 91 of the Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000] (punishment of certain grave crimes) and the Crown Court considers that if he is found guilty of the offence it ought to be possible to sentence him in pursuance of subsection (3) of that section; or
 - (b) he is charged jointly with an adult with an offence triable either way and the Crown Court considers it necessary in the interests of justice that they both be tried for the offence in the Crown Court.
- (3) In sub-paragraph (2) above “adult” has the same meaning as in section 51 of this Act.

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Textual Amendments

F301 Words in [Sch. 3 para. 13\(2\)](#) substituted (25.8.2000) by [2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168\(1\)](#), [Sch. 9 para. 201\(3\)](#)

Commencement Information

I92 [Sch. 3 para. 13](#) wholly in force; [Sch. 3 para. 13](#) not in force at Royal Assent see [s. 121](#). In force at 30.9.1998 for certain purposes by [S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#)); [Sch. 3 para. 13](#) in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under [s. 51](#) from any area specified in [Sch. 2](#) of the said S.I. by [S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4\(2\)](#); [Sch. 3 para. 13](#) in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by [S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2](#) (subject to transitional provisions in [art. 3](#))

Procedure for determining whether offences of criminal damage etc. are summary offences

- 14 (1) This paragraph applies where the Crown Court has to determine, for the purposes of this Schedule, whether an offence which is listed in the first column of Schedule 2 to the 1980 Act (offences for which the value involved is relevant to the mode of trial) is a summary offence.
- (2) The court shall have regard to any representations made by the prosecutor or the accused.
- (3) If it appears clear to the court that the value involved does not exceed the relevant sum, it shall treat the offence as a summary offence.
- (4) If it appears clear to the court that the value involved exceeds the relevant sum, it shall treat the offence as an indictable offence.
- (5) If it appears to the court for any reason not clear whether the value involved does or does not exceed the relevant sum, the court shall ask the accused whether he wishes the offence to be treated as a summary offence.
- (6) Where sub-paragraph (5) above applies—
- (a) if the accused indicates that he wishes the offence to be treated as a summary offence, the court shall so treat it;
 - (b) if the accused does not give such an indication, the court shall treat the offence as an indictable offence.
- (7) In this paragraph “the value involved” and “the relevant sum” have the same meanings as in section 22 of the 1980 Act (certain offences triable either way to be tried summarily if value involved is small).

Commencement Information

I93 [Sch. 3 para. 14](#) partly in force; [Sch. 3 para. 14](#) not in force at Royal Assent see [s. 121](#). In force at 30.9.1998 for certain purposes by [S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2\(1\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#)); [Sch. 3 para. 14](#) in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under [s. 51](#) from any area specified in [Sch. 2](#) of the said S.I. by [S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4\(2\)](#); [Sch. 3 para. 14](#) in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by [S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2](#) (subject to transitional provisions in [art. 3](#))

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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Power of Crown Court, with consent of legally-represented accused, to proceed in his absence

- 15 (1) The Crown Court may proceed in the absence of the accused in accordance with such of the provisions of paragraphs 9 to 14 above as are applicable in the circumstances if—
 - (a) the accused is represented by a legal representative who signifies to the court the accused’s consent to the proceedings in question being conducted in his absence; and
 - (b) the court is satisfied that there is good reason for proceeding in the absence of the accused.
- (2) Sub-paragraph (1) above is subject to the following provisions of this paragraph which apply where the court exercises the power conferred by that sub-paragraph.
- (3) If, where the court has considered as required by paragraph 7(7) or 8(2)(d) above, it appears to the court that an offence is more suitable for summary trial, paragraph 10 above shall not apply and—
 - (a) if the legal representative indicates that the accused wishes to be tried summarily, the court shall remit the accused for trial to a magistrates’ court acting for the place where he was sent to the Crown Court for trial;
 - (b) if the legal representative does not give such an indication, the court shall retain its functions and proceed accordingly.
- (4) If, where the court has considered as required by paragraph 7(7) or 8(2)(d) above, it appears to the court that an offence is more suitable for trial on indictment, paragraph 11 above shall apply with the omission of paragraph (a).
- (5) Where paragraph 14 above applies and it appears to the court for any reason not clear whether the value involved does or does not exceed the relevant sum, sub-paragraphs (5) and (6) of that paragraph shall not apply and—
 - (a) the court shall ask the legal representative whether the accused wishes the offence to be treated as a summary offence;
 - (b) if the legal representative indicates that the accused wishes the offence to be treated as a summary offence, the court shall so treat it;
 - (c) if the legal representative does not give such an indication, the court shall treat the offence as an indictable offence.

Commencement Information

194 Sch. 3 para. 15 partly in force; Sch. 3 para. 15 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121. In force at 30.9.1998 for certain purposes by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in **arts. 5-8**); Sch. 3 para. 15 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 4(2)**; Sch. 3 para. 15 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, **art. 2** (subject to transitional provisions in **art. 3**)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F302 Sch. 4 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F305 SCHEDULE 5

Textual Amendments

F305 Sch. 5 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

SCHEDULE 6

Section 94(2).

DRUG TREATMENT AND TESTING ORDERS: AMENDMENT OF THE 1995 ACT

Commencement Information

I95 Sch. 6 wholly in force; Sch. 6 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, **art. 2(1)** (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

PART I

AMENDMENTS RELATING TO COMBINATION OF ORDERS

- 1 In section 228(1) (probation orders), for the words “section 245D” there shall be substituted the words “sections 234J and 245D”.
- 2 (1) Section 232 (failure to comply with requirements of probation orders) shall be amended as follows.
 - (2) In subsection (3A)—
 - (a) for the words “a restriction of liberty order” there shall be substituted—
 - “(a) a restriction of liberty order; or
 - (b) a restriction of liberty order and a drug treatment and testing order.”; and
 - (b) at the end there shall be added the words “ or, as the case may be, the restriction of liberty order and the drug treatment and testing order. ”
 - (3) After that subsection there shall be inserted the following subsection—

“(3B) Where the court intends to sentence an offender under subsection (2)(b) above and the offender is by virtue of section 234J of this Act subject to

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a drug treatment and testing order, it shall, before sentencing the offender under that paragraph, revoke the drug treatment and testing order.”

3 For section 245D there shall be substituted the following section—

“245D Combination of restriction of liberty order with other orders.

- (1) Subsection (3) applies where the court—
 - (a) intends to make a restriction of liberty order under section 245A(1) of this Act; and
 - (b) considers it expedient that the offender should also be subject to a probation order made under section 228(1) of this Act or to a drug treatment and testing order made under section 234B(2) of this Act or to both such orders.
- (2) In deciding whether it is expedient to make a probation order or a drug treatment and testing order by virtue of paragraph (b) of subsection (1) above, the court shall—
 - (a) have regard to the circumstances, including the nature of the offence and the character of the offender; and
 - (b) obtain a report as to the circumstances and character of the offender.
- (3) Where this subsection applies, the court, notwithstanding sections 228(1), 234B(2) and 245A(1) of this Act, may make a restriction of liberty order and either or both of a probation order and a drug treatment and testing order.
- (4) Where the court makes a restriction of liberty order and a probation order by virtue of subsection (3) above, the clerk of the court shall send a copy of each order to—
 - (a) any person responsible for monitoring the offender’s compliance with the restriction of liberty order; and
 - (b) the officer of the local authority who is to supervise the probationer.
- (5) Where the court makes a restriction of liberty order and a drug treatment and testing order by virtue of subsection (3) above, the clerk of the court shall send a copy of each order to—
 - (a) any person responsible for monitoring the offender’s compliance with the restriction of liberty order;
 - (b) the treatment provider, within the meaning of section 234C(1) of this Act; and
 - (c) the officer of the local authority who is appointed or assigned to be the supervising officer under section 234C(6) of this Act.
- (6) Where the court makes a restriction of liberty order, a probation order and a drug treatment and testing order the clerk of the court shall send copies of each of the orders to the persons mentioned—
 - (a) in subsection (4) above;
 - (b) in paragraph (b) of subsection (5) above; and
 - (c) in paragraph (c) of that subsection, if that person would not otherwise receive such copies.
- (7) Where the offender by an act or omission fails to comply with a requirement of an order made by virtue of subsection (3) above—

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- (a) if the failure relates to a requirement contained in a probation order and is dealt with under section 232(2)(c) of this Act, the court may, in addition, exercise the powers conferred by section 234G(2)(b) of this Act in relation to a drug treatment and testing order to which the offender is subject by virtue of subsection (3) above and by section 245F(2) of this Act in relation to the restriction of liberty order;
 - (b) if the failure relates to a requirement contained in a drug treatment and testing order and is dealt with under section 234G(2)(b) of this Act, the court may, in addition, exercise the powers conferred by section 232(2)(c) of this Act in relation to a probation order to which the offender is subject by virtue of subsection (3) above and by section 245F(2)(b) of this Act in relation to the restriction of liberty order; and
 - (c) if the failure relates to a requirement contained in a restriction of liberty order and is dealt with under section 245F(2)(b) of this Act, the court may, in addition, exercise the powers conferred by section 232(2)(c) of this Act in relation to a probation order and by section 234G(2)(b) of this Act in relation to a drug treatment and testing order to which, in either case, the offender is subject by virtue of subsection (3) above.
- (8) In any case to which this subsection applies, the offender may, without prejudice to subsection (7) above, be dealt with as respects that case under section 232(2) or, as the case may be, section 234G or section 245F(2) of this Act but he shall not be liable to be otherwise dealt with as respects that case.
- (9) Subsection (8) applies in a case where—
- (a) the offender by an act or omission fails to comply with both a requirement contained in a restriction of liberty order and in a probation order to which he is subject by virtue of subsection (3) above;
 - (b) the offender by an act or omission fails to comply with both a requirement contained in a restriction of liberty order and in a drug treatment and testing order to which he is subject by virtue of subsection (3) above;
 - (c) the offender by an act or omission fails to comply with a requirement contained in each of a restriction of liberty order, a probation order and a drug treatment and testing order to which he is subject by virtue of subsection (3) above.”
- 4 (1) Section 245G (disposal on revocation of restriction of liberty order) shall be amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (2), for the words from “by” to the end there shall be substituted the words “by virtue of section 245D(3) of this Act, subject to a probation order or a drug treatment and testing order or to both such orders, it shall, before disposing the offender under subsection (1) above—
- (a) where he is subject to a probation order, discharge that order;
 - (b) where he is subject to a drug treatment and testing order, revoke that order; and
 - (c) where he is subject to both such orders, discharge the probation order and revoke the drug treatment and testing order.”

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(3) After subsection (2) there shall be added—

“(3) Where the court orders a probation order discharged or a drug treatment and testing order revoked the clerk of the court shall forthwith give copies of that order to the persons mentioned in subsection (4) or, as the case may be, (5) of section 245D of this Act.

(4) Where the court orders a probation order discharged and a drug treatment and testing order revoked, the clerk of the court shall forthwith give copies of that order to the persons mentioned in section 245D(6) of this Act.”

PART II

AMENDMENTS RELATING TO APPEALS

5 In section 106 (solemn appeals), in paragraph (d), after the words “probation order” there shall be inserted the words “ , drug treatment and testing order ”.

6 (1) Section 108 (right of appeal of prosecutor) shall be amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (1), after paragraph (d) there shall be inserted the following paragraph—

“(dd) a drug treatment and testing order;”.

(3) In subsection (2)(b)(iii), for the word “or”, where it first occurs, there shall be substituted the word “to”.

7 (1) Section 175 (appeals in summary cases) shall be amended as follows.

(2) In subsection (2)(c), after the words “probation order” there shall be inserted the words “ , drug treatment and testing order ”.

(3) In subsection (4), after paragraph (d) there shall be inserted the following paragraph—

“(dd) a drug treatment and testing order;”.

(4) In subsection (4A)(b)(iii), for the word “or”, where it first occurs, there shall be substituted the word “to”.

SCHEDULE 7

Section 106.

PRE-CONSOLIDATION AMENDMENTS: POWERS OF CRIMINAL COURTS

Commencement Information

196 Sch. 7 wholly in force; Sch. 7 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Children and Young Persons Act 1933 (c.12)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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Textual Amendments

F315 Sch. 7 para. 1 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

Criminal Justice Act 1967 (c.80)

F316₂

Textual Amendments

F316 Sch. 7 para. 2 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

Children and Young Persons Act 1969 (c.54)

F317₃

Textual Amendments

F317 Sch. 7 para. 3 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F318₄

Textual Amendments

F318 Sch. 7 para. 4 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F319₅

Textual Amendments

F319 Sch. 7 para. 5 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F320₆

Textual Amendments

F320 Sch. 7 para. 6 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F321₇

Textual Amendments

F321 Sch. 7 para. 7 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

8 In section 34(1)(c) of the 1969 Act (power of Secretary of State to amend references to young person), the words “7(7), 7(8),” shall cease to have effect.

9 Section 69(5) of the 1969 Act (power to include in commencement order certain consequential provisions) shall cease to have effect.

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10 In section 70 of the 1969 Act (interpretation), for subsections (1A) and (1B) there shall be substituted the following subsections—

“(1A) In the case of a child or young person—

- (a) whose father and mother were not married to each other at the time of his birth, and
- (b) with respect to whom a residence order is in force in favour of the father,

any reference in this Act to the parent of the child or young person includes (unless the contrary intention appears) a reference to the father.

(1B) In subsection (1A) of this section, the reference to a child or young person whose father and mother were not married to each other at the time of his birth shall be construed in accordance with section 1 of the ^{M96}Family Law Reform Act 1987 and “residence order” has the meaning given by section 8(1) of the ^{M97}Children Act 1989.”

Marginal Citations

M96 1987 c.42.

M97 1989 c.41.

11 In Schedule 6 to the 1969 Act (repeals), the entries relating to sections 55, 56(1) and 59(1) of the 1933 Act (which entries have never come into force or are spent) are hereby repealed.

Criminal Justice Act 1972 (c.71)

12 Section 49 of the Criminal Justice Act 1972 (community service order in lieu of warrant of commitment for failure to pay fine etc.) shall cease to have effect.

Powers of Criminal Courts Act 1973 (c.62)

F322 13

Textual Amendments

F322 Sch. 7 para. 13 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F323 14

Textual Amendments

F323 Sch. 7 para. 14 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F324 15

Textual Amendments

F324 Sch. 7 para. 15 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

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F325 16

Textual Amendments
F325 Sch. 7 para. 16 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

17 Section 11 of the 1973 Act (which is superseded by the paragraph 8A inserted by this Schedule in Schedule 2 to the 1991 Act) shall cease to have effect.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)
C37 Sch. 7 para. 17 excluded (19.9.1998) by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 6(2)

F326 18

Textual Amendments
F326 Sch. 7 para. 18 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F327 19

Textual Amendments
F327 Sch. 7 para. 19 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F328 20

Textual Amendments
F328 Sch. 7 para. 20 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F329 21

Textual Amendments
F329 Sch. 7 para. 21 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F330 22

Textual Amendments
F330 Sch. 7 para. 22 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F331 23

Textual Amendments
F331 Sch. 7 para. 23 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

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F332²⁴

Textual Amendments

F332 Sch. 7 para. 24 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F333²⁵

Textual Amendments

F333 Sch. 7 para. 25 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F334²⁶

Textual Amendments

F334 Sch. 7 para. 26 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F335²⁷

Textual Amendments

F335 Sch. 7 para. 27 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 (c.43)

F336²⁸

Textual Amendments

F336 Sch. 7 para. 28 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F337²⁹

Textual Amendments

F337 Sch. 7 para. 29 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F338³⁰

Textual Amendments

F338 Sch. 7 para. 30 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F339³¹

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Textual Amendments

F339 Sch. 7 para. 31 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

32 In section 85(1)(a) of the 1980 Act (power to remit fine), for the words “section 74” there shall be substituted the words “ section 77 ”.

Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c.48)

^{F340}33

Textual Amendments

F340 Sch. 7 para. 33 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

^{F341}34

Textual Amendments

F341 Sch. 7 para. 34 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

^{F342}35

Textual Amendments

F342 Sch. 7 para. 35 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

^{F343}36

Textual Amendments

F343 Sch. 7 para. 36 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

^{F344}37

Textual Amendments

F344 Sch. 7 para. 37 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

^{F345}38

Textual Amendments

F345 Sch. 7 para. 38 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

Criminal Justice Act 1988 (c.33)

39 Paragraph 40 of Schedule 15 to the Criminal Justice Act 1988 (minor and consequential amendments) shall cease to have effect.

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Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Criminal Justice Act 1991 (c.53)

F346 40

Textual Amendments

F346 Sch. 7 para. 40 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F347 41

Textual Amendments

F347 Sch. 7 para. 41 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F348 42

Textual Amendments

F348 Sch. 7 para. 42 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F349 43

Textual Amendments

F349 Sch. 7 para. 43 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F350 44

Textual Amendments

F350 Sch. 7 para. 44 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F351 45

Textual Amendments

F351 Sch. 7 para. 45 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F352 46

Textual Amendments

F352 Sch 7 para. 46 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

Crime (Sentences) Act 1997 (c.43)

F353 47

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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Textual Amendments

F353 Sch 7 para. 47 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F354 48

Textual Amendments

F354 Sch 7 para. 48 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F355 49

Textual Amendments

F355 Sch 7 para. 49 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

50 (1) In subsection (2)(a) of section 35 of the 1997 Act (community sentences for fine defaulters), for the words “and (11)” there shall be substituted the words “, (10) and (11)”.

F356(2)

F356(3)

F356(4)

F356(5)

(6) In subsection (10) of that section, for the words “subsection (2)(b)” there shall be substituted the words “ subsection (2)(a) or (b)”.

Textual Amendments

F356 Sch. 7 para. 50(2)-(5) repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F357 51

Textual Amendments

F357 Sch. 7 para. 51 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F358 52

Textual Amendments

F358 Sch. 7 para. 52 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

53 In section 54 of the 1997 Act (general interpretation), after subsection (3) there shall be added the following subsection—

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“(4) For the purposes of any provision of this Act which requires the determination of the age of a person by the court, his age shall be deemed to be that which it appears to the court to be after considering any available evidence.”

54 In section 55(2) of the 1997 Act (interpretation of minor and consequential amendments), for the words “in any case where” (in both places where they occur) there shall be substituted the word “ and ”.

SCHEDULE 8

Section 119.

MINOR AND CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

Children and Young Persons Act 1933 (c.12)

1 In subsection (4A) of section 49 of the 1933 Act (restrictions on reports of proceedings), for paragraph (e) there shall be substituted the following paragraph—
“(e) where a detention and training order is made, the enforcement of any requirements imposed under section 76(6)(b) of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998.”

F359²

Textual Amendments

F359 Sch. 8 para. 2 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F360³

Textual Amendments

F360 Sch. 8 para. 3 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F361⁴

Textual Amendments

F361 Sch. 8 para. 4 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

Administration of Justice (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1933 (c.36)

5 (1) In subsection (2) of section 2 of the Administration of Justice (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1933 (procedure for indictment of offenders)—
(a) after paragraph (ab) there shall be inserted the following paragraph—
“(ac) the person charged has been sent for trial for the offence under section 51 (no committal proceedings for indictable-only offences) of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 (“the 1998 Act”); or”; and

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (b) after paragraph (b) there shall be inserted the words “or
- (c) the bill is preferred under section 22B(3)(a) of the ^{M98}Prosecution of Offences Act 1985.”

(2) After paragraph (iA) of the proviso to that subsection there shall be inserted the following paragraph—

“(iB) in a case to which paragraph (ac) above applies, the bill of indictment may include, either in substitution for or in addition to any count charging an offence specified in the notice under section 51(7) of the 1998 Act, any counts founded on material which, in pursuance of regulations made under paragraph 1 of Schedule 3 to that Act, was served on the person charged, being counts which may be lawfully joined in the same indictment;”.

Commencement Information

I97 Sch. 8 para. 5 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 5 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 5(1)(a) (2) in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 8 para. 5(1)(b) in force at 1.6.1999 by S.I. 1999/1279, art. 2(f); Sch. 8 para. 5(1)(a)(2) in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

Marginal Citations

M98 1985 c.23.

Prison Act 1952 (c.52)

- 6 In subsection (1) of section 43 of the Prison Act 1952 (which enables certain institutions for young offenders to be provided and applies provisions of the Act to them), for paragraph (d) there shall be substituted the following paragraph—
- “(d) secure training centres, that is to say places in which offenders in respect of whom detention and training orders have been made under section 73 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 may be detained and given training and education and prepared for their release.”
- 7 (1) In subsection (1) of section 49 of that Act (persons unlawfully at large), for the words from “imprisonment” to “secure training centre” there shall be substituted the words “imprisonment or custody for life or ordered to be detained in secure accommodation or in a young offenders institution”.
- (2) In subsection (2) of that section—
- (a) for the words from “imprisonment” to “secure training centre” there shall be substituted the words “imprisonment, or ordered to be detained in secure accommodation or in a young offenders institution”; and
 - (b) for the words from “in a prison” to “secure training centre” there shall be substituted the words “in a prison or remand centre, in secure accommodation or in a young offenders institution”.
- (3) After subsection (4) of that section there shall be inserted the following subsection—
- “(5) In this section “secure accommodation” means—

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (a) a young offender institution;
- (b) a secure training centre; or
- (c) any other accommodation that is secure accommodation within the meaning given by section 75(7) of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 (detention and training orders).”

Extent Information

E1 Sch.8 para.7(2) extends to England and Wales only, see s. 121(6)(g).

Criminal Procedure (Attendance of Witnesses) Act 1965 (c.69)

- 8 In subsection (4) of section 2 of the Criminal Procedure (Attendance of Witnesses) Act 1965 (issue of witness summons on application to Crown Court), after the words “committed for trial” there shall be inserted the words “ , or sent for trial under section 51 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998, ”.

Commencement Information

I98 Sch. 8 para. 8 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 8 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 8 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 8 para. 8 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

Criminal Justice Act 1967 (c.80)

F362⁹

Textual Amendments

F362 Sch. 8 para. 9 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F363¹⁰

Textual Amendments

F363 Sch. 8 para. 10 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

- 11 At the end of subsection (2) of section 104 of that Act (general provisions as to interpretation) there shall be inserted the words “if—
- (a) the sentences were passed on the same occasion; or
 - (b) where they were passed on different occasions, the person has not been released under Part II of the ^{M99}Criminal Justice Act 1991 at any time during the period beginning with the first and ending with the last of those occasions.”

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Commencement Information

I99 Sch. 8 para. 11 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 11 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M99 1991 c.53.

Criminal Appeal Act 1968 (c.19)

- 12 In subsection (2) of section 9 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1968 (appeal against sentence following conviction on indictment), after the words “for either way offence)” there shall be inserted the words “ or paragraph 6 of Schedule 3 to the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 (power of Crown Court to deal with summary offence where person sent for trial for indictable-only offence) ”.

Commencement Information

I100 Sch. 8 para. 12 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 12 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 12 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 8 para. 12 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

- 13 (1) In subsection (2) of section 10 of that Act (appeal against sentence in other cases dealt with at Crown Court), the words “(other than a supervision order within the meaning of that Part)” shall cease to have effect.
- (2) In subsection (3) of that section, after paragraph (c) there shall be inserted the following paragraph—
- “(cc) where the court makes such an order with regard to him as is mentioned in section 40(3A) of the Criminal Justice Act 1991.”

Commencement Information

I101 Sch. 8 para. 13 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 13 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2)(subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Firearms Act 1968 (c.27)

- 14 (1) In subsection (2) of section 21 of the Firearms Act 1968 (possession of firearms by persons previously convicted of crime), after the words “a secure training order” there shall be inserted the words “ or a detention and training order ”.
- (2) In subsection (2A) of that section, after paragraph (b) there shall be inserted the following paragraph—
- “(c) in the case of a person who has been subject to a detention and training order—
- (i) the date on which he is released from detention under the order;

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(ii) the date on which he is released from detention ordered under section 77 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998; or
(iii) the date of the half-way point of the term of the order, whichever is the later.”

15 In subsection (1) of section 52 of that Act (forfeiture and disposal of firearms), for the words “secure training order” there shall be substituted the words “detention and training order”.

Children and Young Persons Act 1969 (c.54)

F364 16

Textual Amendments

F364 Sch. 8 para. 16 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F365 17

Textual Amendments

F365 Sch. 8 para. 17 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F366 18

Textual Amendments

F366 Sch. 8 para. 18 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F367 19

Textual Amendments

F367 Sch. 8 para. 19 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F368 20

Textual Amendments

F368 Sch. 8 para. 20 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F369 21

Textual Amendments

F369 Sch. 8 para. 21 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

22 In subsection (14) of section 23 of the 1969 Act (remands and committals to local authority accommodation), paragraph (a) shall cease to have effect.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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23 In subsection (1) of section 70 of the 1969 Act (interpretation), after the definition of “young person” there shall be inserted the following definition—

““youth offending team” means a team established under section 39 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998.”

Commencement Information

I102 Sch. 8 para. 23 partly in force; Sch. 3 para. 23 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 23 in force at 30.9.1998 in the areas specified in Sch. 1 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 3(1), Sch. 1 (subject to savings in art. 9); Sch. 8 para. 23 in force at 1.4.2000 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/924, art. 2

Superannuation Act 1972 (c.11)

24 In Schedule 1 to the Superannuation Act 1972 (kinds of employment to which a scheme under section 1 of that Act may apply), at the end of the list of “Other Bodies” there shall be inserted the following entry— “ Youth Justice Board for England and Wales. ”

Commencement Information

I103 Sch. 8 para. 24 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 24 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Powers of Criminal Courts Act 1973 (c.62)

F370 25

Textual Amendments

F370 Sch. 8 para. 25 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F371 26

Textual Amendments

F371 Sch. 8 para. 26 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F372 27

Textual Amendments

F372 Sch. 8 para. 27 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F373 28

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F373 Sch. 8 para. 28 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

^{F374}29

Textual Amendments

F374 Sch. 8 para. 29 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

^{F375}30

Textual Amendments

F375 Sch. 8 para. 30 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

^{F376}31

Textual Amendments

F376 Sch. 8 para. 31 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

^{F377}32

Textual Amendments

F377 Sch. 8 para. 32 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

^{F378}33

Textual Amendments

F378 Sch. 8 para. 33 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

^{F379}34

Textual Amendments

F379 Sch. 8 para. 34 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (c.53)

35 After subsection (6) of section 5 of the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 (rehabilitation periods for particular sentences) there shall be inserted the following subsection—

“(6A) Where in respect of a conviction a detention and training order was made under section 73 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998, the rehabilitation period applicable to the sentence shall be—

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- (a) in the case of a person aged fifteen years or over at the date of his conviction, five years if the order was, and three and a half years if the order was not, for a term exceeding six months;
- (b) in the case of a person aged under fifteen years at the date of his conviction, a period beginning with that date and ending one year after the date on which the order ceases to have effect.”

36 **F380**

Textual Amendments

F380 Sch. 8 para. 36 repealed (1.5.2004) by [Sexual Offences Act 2003 \(c. 42\)](#), ss. 140, 141(1), [Sch. 7](#); [S.I. 2004/874](#), [art. 2](#)

Bail Act 1976 (c.63)

37 After subsection (8A) of section 3 of the Bail Act 1976 (general provisions) there shall be inserted the following subsection—

“(8B) Subsection (8) above applies where a court has sent a person on bail to the Crown Court for trial under section 51 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 as it applies where a court has committed a person on bail to the Crown Court for trial.”

Commencement Information

I104 Sch. 8 para. 37 wholly in force; [Sch. 8 para. 37](#) not in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 121](#); [Sch. 8 para. 37](#) in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 4\(2\)](#); [Sch. 8 para. 37](#) in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by [S.I. 2000/3283](#), [art. 2](#) (subject to transitional provisions in [art. 3](#))

38 In paragraph 8(1) of Schedule 1 to that Act (persons entitled to bail: supplementary provisions), after the words “subsection (6)(d)” there shall be inserted the words “or (e)”.

Commencement Information

I105 [Sch. 8 para. 38](#) wholly in force; [Sch. 8 para. 38](#) not in force at Royal Assent see [s. 121](#); In force at 30.9.1998 by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 2\(1\)\(2\)](#) (subject to savings in [arts. 5-8](#))

Magistrates’ Courts Act 1980 (c.43)

39 In subsection (3) of section 11 of the 1980 Act (certain sentences and orders not to be made in absence of accused), for the words “secure training order” there shall be substituted the words “detention and training order”.

40 (1) In subsection (1)(a) of section 24 of the 1980 Act (summary trial of information against child or young person for indictable offence), for the words “that subsection” there shall be substituted the words “subsection (3) of that section”.

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Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

- (2) In subsection (2) of that section, for the words from “that other offence” to the end there shall be substituted the words “ the charges for both offences could be joined in the same indictment ”.

Commencement Information

I106 Sch. 8 para. 40 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 40 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 40(1) in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); Sch. 8 para. 40(2) in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 8 para. 40(2) in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

- 41 Section 37 of the 1980 Act (committal to Crown Court with a view to greater term of detention in a young offender institution) shall cease to have effect.
- 42 In subsection (1) of section 65 of the 1980 Act (meaning of “family proceedings”), after paragraph (p) there shall be inserted the following paragraph—
“(q) sections 11 and 12 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998;”.

Commencement Information

I107 Sch. 8 para. 42 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 42 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

- 43 In subsection (2) of section 108 of the 1980 Act (right of appeal to the Crown Court), the words “a probation order or” shall cease to have effect.

Commencement Information

I108 Sch. 8 para. 43 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 43 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

^{F381}44

Textual Amendments

F381 Sch. 8 para. 44 repealed (19.2.2001) by 1999 c. 22, s. 106, Sch. 15 Pt. V(8) (with Sch. 14 paras. 7, 36(9)); S.I. 2001/168, art. 2(b)(c)

- 45 In section 126 of the 1980 Act (execution of certain warrants outside England and Wales)—
(a) the word “and” at the end of paragraph (c) shall cease to have effect;
(b) after that paragraph there shall be inserted the following paragraph—
“(cc) warrants of arrest issued under section 97A above;” and
(c) after paragraph (d) there shall be inserted the words “; and
(e) warrants of arrest issued under paragraph 4 of Schedule 3 to the Crime and Disorder Act 1998.”

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Commencement Information

I109 Sch. 8 para. 45 wholly in force; [Sch. 8 para. 45](#) not in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 121](#); [Sch. 8 para. 45](#) in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 4\(2\)](#); [Sch. 8 para. 45](#) in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by [S.I. 2000/3283](#), [art. 2](#) (subject to transitional provisions in [art. 3](#))

F382 46

Textual Amendments

F382 [Sch. 8 para. 46](#) repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), [Sch. 12 Pt. I](#) (with [Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2](#))

Supreme Court Act 1981 (c.54)

F383 47

Textual Amendments

F383 [Sch. 8 para. 47](#) repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), [Sch. 12 Pt. I](#) (with [Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2](#))

48 In subsection (1)(a) of section 81 of the Supreme Court Act 1981 (bail), after the words “Criminal Justice Act 1987” there shall be inserted the words “ or who has been sent in custody to the Crown Court for trial under section 51 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 ”.

Commencement Information

I110 Sch. 8 para. 48 wholly in force; [Sch. 8 para. 48](#) not in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 121](#); [Sch. 8 para. 48](#) in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), [art. 4\(2\)](#); [Sch. 8 para. 48](#) in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by [S.I. 2000/3283](#), [art. 2](#) (subject to transitional provisions in [art. 3](#))

Criminal Justice Act 1982 (c.48)

F384 49

Textual Amendments

F384 [Sch. 8 para. 49](#) repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), [Sch. 12 Pt. I](#) (with [Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2](#))

F385 50

Textual Amendments

F385 [Sch. 8 para. 50](#) repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), [Sch. 12 Pt. I](#) (with [Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2](#))

F386 51

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Textual Amendments

F386 Sch. 8 para. 51 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F387 52

Textual Amendments

F387 Sch. 8 para. 52 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F388 53

Textual Amendments

F388 Sch. 8 para. 53 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

Mental Health Act 1983 (c.20)

- 54 In subsection (8) of section 37 of the Mental Health Act 1983 (powers of courts to order hospital admission or guardianship), for the words from “pass sentence of imprisonment” to “in respect of the offender” there shall be inserted the following paragraphs—
- “(a) pass a sentence of imprisonment, impose a fine or make a community order (within the meaning of Part I of the Criminal Justice Act 1991) in respect of the offence; or
 - (b) make an order under section 58 of that Act (binding over of parent or guardian) in respect of the offender.”.

Commencement Information

I111 Sch. 8 para. 54 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 54 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Mental Health (Scotland) Act 1984 (c.36)

55 **F389**

Textual Amendments

F389 Sch. 8 para. 55 repealed (5.10.2005) by Mental Health (Care and Treatment) (Scotland) Act 2003 (asp 13), ss. 331(2), 333(3), Sch. 5 Pt. 1; S.S.I. 2005/161, art. 3 (as substituted by S.S.I. 2005/375, art. 2)

Repatriation of Prisoners Act 1984 (c.47)

- 56 In subsection (4)(b) of section 2 (transfer of prisoners out of United Kingdom) of the Repatriation of Prisoners Act 1984, for sub-paragraph (i) there shall be substituted the following sub-paragraph—

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“(i) released on licence under section 33(1)(b), (2) or (3), 33A(2), 34A(3) or 35(1) of the ^{M100}Criminal Justice Act 1991 or section 28(5) or 29(1) of the ^{M101}Crime (Sentences) Act 1997;”.

Commencement Information

I112 Sch. 8 para. 56 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 56 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M100 1991 c.53.

M101 1997 c.43.

57 ^{F390}

Textual Amendments

F390 Sch. 8 para. 57 repealed (18.12.2003) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 332, 336(2), Sch. 37 Pt. 8

- 58 (1) Paragraph 2 of the Schedule to that Act as it has effect, and is deemed always to have had effect, by virtue of paragraph 2 of Schedule 2 to the 1997 Act shall be amended as follows.
- (2) In sub-paragraph (4), for the definition of “the enactments relating to release on licence” there shall be substituted the following definition—

““the enactments relating to release on licence” means sections 33(1)(b), (2) and (3), 33A(2), 34A(3), 35(1) and 37(1) and (2) of the ^{M102}Criminal Justice Act 1991 and section 28(5) and (7) of the ^{M103}Crime (Sentences) Act 1997;”.

Commencement Information

I113 Sch. 8 para. 58 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 58 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M102 1991 c.53.

M103 1997 c.43.

- 59 (1) Paragraph 2 of the Schedule to that Act (operation of certain enactments in relation to the prisoner) as it has effect by virtue of paragraph 3 of Schedule 2 to the 1997 Act—
- (a) shall have effect in relation to all prisoners repatriated to England and Wales after the commencement of Schedule 2; and
 - (b) as it so has effect, shall be amended as follows.
- (2) In sub-paragraph (2), for the words “34(3) and (5) and 35(1) of the ^{M104}Criminal Justice Act 1991” there shall be substituted the words “35(1) of the Criminal Justice Act 1991 and section 28(5) and (7) of the ^{M105}Crime (Sentences) Act 1997”.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(3) In sub-paragraph (4), for the definition of “the enactments relating to release on licence” there shall be substituted the following definition—

““the enactments relating to release on licence” means sections 33(1)(b), (2) and (3), 33A(2), 34A(3), 35(1) and 37(1) and (2) of the ^{M106}Criminal Justice Act 1991 and section 28(5) and (7) of the ^{M107}Crime (Sentences) Act 1997;”.

Commencement Information

I114 Sch. 8 para. 59 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 59 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M104 1991 c.53.
M105 1997 c.43.
M106 1991 c.53.
M107 1997 c.43.

60 ^{F391}

Textual Amendments

F391 Sch. 8 para. 60 repealed (18.12.2003) by Criminal Justice Act 2003 (c. 44), ss. 332, 336(2), Sch. 37 Pt. 8

Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (c.60)

61 ^{F392}

Textual Amendments

F392 Sch. 8 para. 61 repealed (1.4.2003) by 2001 c. 16, ss. 137, 138(2), Sch. 7 Pt. 2(1); S.I. 2003/708, art. 2(m)

62 After section 47 of the 1984 Act there shall be inserted the following section—

“47A Early administrative hearings conducted by justices’ clerks.

Where a person has been charged with an offence at a police station, any requirement imposed under this Part for the person to appear or be brought before a magistrates’ court shall be taken to be satisfied if the person appears or is brought before the clerk to the justices for a petty sessions area in order for the clerk to conduct a hearing under section 50 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 (early administrative hearings).”

Commencement Information

I115 Sch. 8 para. 62 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 62 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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Prosecution of Offences Act 1985 (c.23)

63 In subsection (2) of section 23 of the 1985 Act (discontinuance of proceedings), after paragraph (b) there shall be inserted the following paragraph—

“(c) in the case of any offence, any stage of the proceedings after the accused has been sent for trial under section 51 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 (no committal proceedings for indictable-only and related offences).”

Commencement Information

I116 Sch. 8 para. 63 wholly in force; [Sch. 8 para. 63](#) not in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 121](#); [Sch. 8 para. 63](#) in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by [S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4\(2\)](#); [Sch. 8 para. 63](#) in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by [S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2](#) (subject to transitional provisions in [art. 3](#))

64 After that section there shall be inserted the following section—

“23A Discontinuance of proceedings after accused has been sent for trial.

- (1) This section applies where—
 - (a) the Director of Public Prosecutions, or a public authority (within the meaning of section 17 of this Act), has the conduct of proceedings for an offence; and
 - (b) the accused has been sent for trial under section 51 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 for the offence.
- (2) Where, at any time before the indictment is preferred, the Director or authority gives notice under this section to the Crown Court sitting at the place specified in the notice under section 51(7) of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 that he or it does not want the proceedings to continue, they shall be discontinued with effect from the giving of that notice.
- (3) The Director or authority shall, in any notice given under subsection (2) above, give reasons for not wanting the proceedings to continue.
- (4) On giving any notice under subsection (2) above the Director or authority shall inform the accused of the notice; but the Director or authority shall not be obliged to give the accused any indication of his reasons for not wanting the proceedings to continue.
- (5) The discontinuance of any proceedings by virtue of this section shall not prevent the institution of fresh proceedings in respect of the same offence.”

Commencement Information

I117 Sch. 8 para. 64 wholly in force; [Sch. 8 para. 64](#) not in force at Royal Assent, see [s. 121](#); [Sch. 8 para. 64](#) in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by [S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4\(2\)](#); [Sch. 8 para. 64](#) in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by [S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2](#) (subject to transitional provisions in [art. 3](#))

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Criminal Justice Act 1987 (c.38)

65 After subsection (3) of section 4 of the Criminal Justice Act 1987 (notices of transfer in serious fraud cases) there shall be inserted the following subsection—

“(4) This section and sections 5 and 6 below shall not apply in any case in which section 51 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 (no committal proceedings for indictable-only offences) applies.”

Commencement Information

I118 Sch. 8 para. 65 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 65 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 65 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 8 para. 65 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

Criminal Justice Act 1988 (c.33)

66 In subsection (1) of section 40 of the Criminal Justice Act 1988 (power to join in indictment count for common assault etc.), at the end there shall be inserted the words “or are disclosed by material which, in pursuance of regulations made under paragraph 1 of Schedule 3 to the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 (procedure where person sent for trial under section 51), has been served on the person charged”.

Commencement Information

I119 Sch. 8 para. 66 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 66 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 66 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 8 para. 66 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

Legal Aid Act 1988 (c.34)

F393 67

Textual Amendments

F393 Sch. 8 para. 67 repealed (2.4.2001) by 1999 c. 22, s. 106, Sch. 15 Pt. I (with Sch. 14 paras. 7(2), 36(9)); S.I. 2001/916, art. 3(b) (with Sch. 2 para. 2)

Children Act 1989 (c.41)

68 In subsection (4) of section 8 of the 1989 Act (which defines “family proceedings”), after paragraph (h) there shall be inserted the following paragraph—

“(i) sections 11 and 12 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998.”

Commencement Information

I120 Sch. 8 para. 68 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 68 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

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- 69 In subsection (3) of section 47 of the 1989 Act (local authority’s duty to investigate), after the words “this Act” there shall be inserted the words “ or section 11 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 (child safety orders) ”.

Commencement Information

I121 Sch. 8 para. 69 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 69 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Prisons (Scotland) Act 1989 (c.45)

- 70 (1) Section 16 of the Prisons (Scotland) Act 1989 (discharge of prisoners) which, notwithstanding its repeal by the ^{M108}Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993, is an “existing provision” for the purposes of Schedule 6 to that Act of 1993, shall for those purposes be amended as follows.
- (2) In subsection (1), for the words “or Sunday” there shall be substituted the words “ Sunday or public holiday ”.
- (3) At the end there shall be inserted the following subsection—
- “(3) For the purposes of this section “public holiday” means any day on which, in the opinion of the Secretary of State, public offices or other facilities likely to be of use to the prisoner in the area in which he is likely to be following his discharge from prison will be closed.”

Commencement Information

I122 Sch. 8 para. 70 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 70 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M108 1993 c.9.

- 71 In section 39 of that Act (rules for the management of prisons)—
- (a) in subsection (7)—
- (i) at the beginning there shall be inserted the words “ Subject to subsection (7A) below, ”;
- (ii) for the words “a short-term or long-term prisoner within the meaning of” there shall be substituted the words “ any person who is, or is treated as, a long-term or short-term prisoner for the purposes of any provision of ”; and
- (iii) the words from “and the foregoing” to the end shall cease to have effect; and
- (b) after that subsection there shall be inserted the following subsections—
- “(7A) Additional days shall not be awarded under rules made under subsection (7) above in respect of a sentence where the prisoner has at any time been released on licence, in relation to that sentence, under Part I of the ^{M109}Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993; and any reference to a sentence in such rules shall be construed in accordance with section 27(5) of that Act.

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(7B) In the application of subsection (7) above to a prisoner subject to an extended sentence within the meaning of section 210A of the 1995 Act, the reference to his sentence shall be construed as a reference to the custodial term of that extended sentence.”

Commencement Information

I123 Sch. 8 para. 71 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 71 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M109 1993 c.9.

Criminal Justice Act 1991 (c. 53)

F39472

Textual Amendments

F394 Sch. 8 para. 72 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F39573

Textual Amendments

F395 Sch. 8 para. 73 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F39674

Textual Amendments

F396 Sch. 8 para. 74 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F39775

Textual Amendments

F397 Sch. 8 para. 75 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F39876

Textual Amendments

F398 Sch. 8 para. 76 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F39977

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Textual Amendments

F399 Sch. 8 para. 77 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

F400⁷⁸

Textual Amendments

F400 Sch. 8 para. 78 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

- 79 (1) In subsection (1)(b) of section 32 of the 1991 Act (Parole Board), for the words “the functions conferred by Part II of the ^{M110}Crime (Sentences) Act 1997 (“Part II”)” there shall be substituted the words “the functions conferred by this Part in respect of long-term and short-term prisoners and by Chapter II of Part II of the Crime (Sentences) Act 1997 (“Chapter II”) in respect of life prisoners within the meaning of that Chapter”.
- (2) In subsections (3), (4) and (6) of that section, for the words “Part II” there shall be substituted the words “this Part or Chapter II”.

Commencement Information

I124 Sch. 8 para. 79 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 79 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M110 1997 c.43.

- 80 (1) In subsection (3) of section 33 of the 1991 Act (duty to release short-term and long-term prisoners)—
- (a) in paragraph (a), for the words “subsection (1)(b) or (2) above or section 35 or 36(1) below” there shall be substituted the words “this Part”; and
 - (b) in paragraph (b), for the words “38(2) or 39(1)” there shall be substituted the words “39(1) or (2)”.
- (2) After that subsection there shall be inserted the following subsection—
- “(3A) In the case of a prisoner to whom section 44A below applies, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to release him on licence at the end of the extension period (within the meaning of section 58 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998).”
- (3) Subsection (4) of that section shall cease to have effect.

Commencement Information

I125 Sch. 8 para. 80 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 80 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

- 81 After that section there shall be inserted the following section—

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“33A Duty to release prisoners: special cases.

- (1) As soon as a prisoner—
- (a) whose sentence is for a term of less than twelve months; and
 - (b) who has been released on licence under section 34A(3) or 36(1) below and recalled to prison under section 38A(1) or 39(1) or (2) below,
- would (but for his release) have served one-half of his sentence, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to release him unconditionally.
- (2) As soon as a prisoner—
- (a) whose sentence is for a term of twelve months or more; and
 - (b) who has been released on licence under section 34A(3) below and recalled to prison under section 38A(1) below,
- would (but for his release) have served one-half of his sentence, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to release him on licence.
- (3) In the case of a prisoner who—
- (a) has been released on licence under this Part and recalled to prison under section 39(1) or (2) below; and
 - (b) has been subsequently released on licence under section 33(3) or (3A) above and recalled to prison under section 39(1) or (2) below,
- section 33(3) above shall have effect as if for the words “three-quarters” there were substituted the words “the whole” and the words “on licence” were omitted.”

Commencement Information

I126 Sch. 8 para. 81 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 81 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

- 82 In subsection (1) of section 36 of the 1991 Act (power to release prisoners on compassionate grounds), for word “prisoner” there shall be substituted the words “short-term or long-term prisoner”.

Commencement Information

I127 Sch. 8 para. 82 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 82 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

- 83 (1) In subsection (1) of section 37 of the 1991 Act (duration and conditions of licences)
-
- (a) for the words “subsection (2)” there shall be substituted the words “subsections (1A), (1B) and (2)”; and
 - (b) the words “any suspension under section 38(2) below or, as the case may be,” shall cease to have effect.
- (2) After subsection (1A) of that section there shall be inserted the following subsection—

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- “(1B) Where a prisoner whose sentence is for a term of twelve months or more is released on licence under section 33A(2) or 34A(3) above, subsection (1) above shall have effect as if for the reference to three-quarters of his sentence there were substituted a reference to the difference between—
 - (a) that proportion of his sentence; and
 - (b) the duration of the curfew condition to which he is or was subject.”
- (3) In subsection (2) of that section, for the words “section 36(1) above” there shall be substituted the words “ section 34A(3) or 36(1) above ”.
- (4) In subsection (4) of that section—
 - (a) after the words “a licence” there shall be inserted the words “ under this Part ”; and
 - (b) the words “(which shall include on his release conditions as to his supervision by a probation officer)” shall cease to have effect.
- (5) After that subsection there shall be inserted the following subsection—
 - “(4A) The conditions so specified may in the case of a person released on licence under section 34A above whose sentence is for a term of less than twelve months, and shall in any other case, include on the person’s release conditions as to his supervision by—
 - (a) a probation officer appointed for or assigned to the petty sessions area within which the person resides for the time being; or
 - (b) where the person is under the age of 18 years, a member of a youth offending team established by the local authority within whose area the person resides for the time being.”
- (6) For subsection (5) of that section there shall be substituted the following subsection—
 - “(5) The Secretary of State shall not include on release, or subsequently insert, a condition in the licence of a long-term prisoner, or vary or cancel any such condition, except after consultation with the Board.”

Commencement Information
I128 Sch. 8 para. 83 wholly in force at 1.1.1999; Sch. 8 para. 83 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 83(1)(a)(4)-(6) in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); Sch. 8 para. 83 in force at 1.1.1999 by S.I. 1998/3263, art. 2

- 84 After subsection (5) of section 39 of the 1991 Act (recall of prisoners while on licence) there shall be inserted the following subsection—
 - “(5A) In the case of a prisoner to whom section 44A below applies, subsections (4) (b) and (5) of that section apply in place of subsection (5) above.”

Commencement Information
I129 Sch. 8 para. 84 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 84 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

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Textual Amendments

F401 Sch. 8 para. 85 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

PROSPECTIVE

F402 86

Textual Amendments

F402 Sch. 8 para. 86 omitted (3.12.2012) by virtue of Legal Aid, Sentencing and Punishment of Offenders Act 2012 (c. 10), ss. 118(5)(a), 151(1) (with Sch. 15); S.I. 2012/2906, art. 2(d)

87 (1) In subsection (3) of section 43 of the 1991 Act (young offenders), for the words “subsections (1)” there shall be substituted the words “ subsection (1) ”.

(2) In subsection (5) of that section, for the words “section 37(4)” there shall be substituted the words “ section 37(4A) ”.

Commencement Information

I130 Sch. 8 para. 87 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 87 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

88 (1) In subsection (1) of section 45 of the 1991 Act (fine defaulters and contemnors), for the words “except sections 35 and 40” there shall be substituted the words “ except sections 33A, 34A, 35 and 40 ”.

(2) In subsection (3) of that section—

- (a) for the words “subsections (1) to (4)” there shall be substituted the words “ subsections (1) to (3) ”; and
- (b) for the words “section 38(2) or 39(1)” there shall be substituted the words “ section 39(1) or (2) ”.

(3) In subsection (4) of that section—

- (a) the words “any suspension under section 38(2) below; or” shall cease to have effect; and
- (b) for the words “section 39(1)” there shall be substituted the words “ section 39(1) or (2) ”.

Commencement Information

I131 Sch. 8 para. 88 wholly in force at 1.1.1999; Sch. 8 para. 88 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 88(1)(2)(3)(b) in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); Sch. 8 para. 88(3)(a) in force at 1.1.1999 by S.I. 1998/3263, art. 2

89 In subsection (2) of section 46 of the 1991 Act (persons liable to removal from the United Kingdom), for the words from “section 37(4)” to the end there shall be substituted the words “ section 37 above shall have effect as if subsection (4A) were omitted ”.

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Commencement Information

I132 Sch. 8 para. 89 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 89 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

PROSPECTIVE

F40390

Textual Amendments

F403 Sch. 8 para. 90 omitted (3.12.2012) by virtue of Legal Aid, Sentencing and Punishment of Offenders Act 2012 (c. 10), ss. 118(5)(b), 151(1) (with Sch. 15); S.I. 2012/2906, art. 2(d)

91 In section 50 of the 1991 Act (transfer by order of certain functions to Board), for subsection (3) (including that subsection as applied by any order under subsection (1) of that section) there shall be substituted the following subsection—

“(3) In section 37 above, in subsection (5) for the words “after consultation with the Board” there shall be substituted the words “ in accordance with recommendations of the Board ”, and subsection (6) shall be omitted.”

Commencement Information

I133 Sch. 8 para. 91 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 91 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

F40492

Textual Amendments

F404 Sch. 8 para. 92 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

93 After subsection (7) of section 53 of the 1991 Act (notices of transfer in certain cases involving children) there shall be inserted the following subsection—

“(8) This section shall not apply in any case in which section 51 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 (no committal proceedings for indictable-only offences) applies.”

Commencement Information

I134 Sch. 8 para. 93 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 93 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 93 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 8 para. 93 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

94 (1) In subsection (1) of section 65 of the 1991 Act (supervision of young offenders after release), for the words from “a probation officer” to the end there shall be substituted the following paragraphs—

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- “(a) a probation officer;
- (b) a social worker of a local authority social services department; or
- (c) in the case of a person under the age of 18 years on his release, a member of a youth offending team.”

(2) After that subsection there shall be inserted the following subsections—

“(1A) Where the supervision is to be provided by a probation officer, the probation officer shall be an officer appointed for or assigned to the petty sessions area within which the offender resides for the time being.

(1B) Where the supervision is to be provided by—

- (a) a social worker of a local authority social services department; or
- (b) a member of a youth offending team,

the social worker or member shall be a social worker of, or a member of a youth offending team established by, the local authority within whose area the offender resides for the time being.”

Commencement Information

I135 Sch. 8 para. 94 wholly in force; Sch. 3 para. 94 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 94 in force at 30.9.1998 in the areas specified in Sch. 1 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 3(1), Sch. 1 (subject to savings in art. 9); Sch. 8 para. 94 in force at 1.4.2000 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/924, art. 2

95 In subsection (1) of section 99 of the 1991 Act (general interpretation), after the definition of “young person” there shall be inserted the following definition—

““youth offending team” means a team established under section 39 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998.”

Commencement Information

I136 Sch. 8 para. 95 wholly in force; Sch. 3 para. 95 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 95 in force at 30.9.1998 in the areas specified in Sch. 1 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 3(1), Sch. 1 (subject to savings in art. 9); Sch. 8 para. 95 in force at 1.4.2000 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/924, art. 2

F40596

Textual Amendments

F405 Sch. 8 para. 96 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

97 In paragraph 1(2) of Schedule 5 to the 1991 Act (Parole Board: supplementary provisions), for the words “its functions under Part II of this Act” there shall be substituted the following paragraphs—

- “(a) its functions under this Part in respect of long-term and short-term prisoners; and

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- (b) its functions under Chapter II of Part II of the ^{M111}Crime (Sentences) Act 1997 in respect of life prisoners within the meaning of that Chapter”.

Commencement Information

I137 Sch. 8 para. 97 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 97 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M111 1997 c.43.

Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 (c.9)

- 98 (1) In subsection (1) of section 1 of the 1993 Act (release of short-term, long-term and life prisoners), at the beginning there shall be inserted the words “ Subject to section 26A(4) of this Act, ”.
- (2) In subsection (2) of that section, at the end there shall be added the words “ unless he has before that time been so released, in relation to that sentence, under any provision of this Act ”.
- (3) After subsection (3) of that section there shall be inserted the following subsection—
- “(3A) Subsections (1) to (3) above are subject to section 1A of this Act.”

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C38 Sch. 8 para. 98(2) restricted (19.9.1998) by S.I. 1998/2327, art.7(1).

Commencement Information

I138 Sch. 8 para. 98 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 98 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

- 99 (1) After subsection (1) of section 4 of the 1993 Act (persons detained under the Mental Health (Scotland) Act 1984) there shall be inserted the following subsection—
- “(1A) This Part of this Act shall apply to a person conveyed to and detained in a hospital pursuant to a hospital direction under section 59A of the 1995 Act as if, while so detained, he was serving the sentence of imprisonment imposed on him at the time at which that direction was made.”
- (2) The amendment made by sub-paragraph (1) above shall be deemed to have had effect from 1 January 1998.
- 100 In section 5 of the 1993 Act (fine defaulters and persons in contempt of court)—
- (a) in subsection (1), for the words “and (3)” there shall be substituted the words “ to (4) ”; and
- (b) after subsection (3) there shall be inserted the following subsection—
- “(4) Where a person has had imposed on him two or more terms of imprisonment or detention mentioned in subsection (1)(a) or (b)

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above, sections 1A and 27(5) of this Act shall apply to those terms as if they were terms of imprisonment.”

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C39 Sch. 8 para. 100 explained (19.9.1998) by S.I. 1998/2327, art.7(2).

Commencement Information

I139 Sch. 8 para. 100 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 100 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

- 101 In section 7 of the 1993 Act (children detained in solemn proceedings)—
- (a) in subsection (1)(b), at the end there shall be added the words “ unless he has before that time been so released, in relation to that sentence, under any provision of this Act ”;
 - (b) after that subsection there shall be inserted the following subsections—
 - “(2A) This subsection applies where a child detained under section 208 of the 1995 Act is sentenced, while so detained, to a determinate term of detention in a young offenders institution or imprisonment and, by virtue of section 27(5) of this Act, such terms of detention or imprisonment are treated as single term.
 - (2B) In a case where subsection (2A) applies and the single term mentioned in that subsection is less than four years, the provisions of this section shall apply.
 - (2C) In a case where subsection (2A) applies and the single term mentioned in that subsection is of four or more years—
 - (a) section 6 of this Act shall apply to him as if the single term were an equivalent sentence of detention in a young offenders institution, if that term is served in such an institution; and
 - (b) the provisions of this Act shall apply to him as if the single term were an equivalent sentence of imprisonment, if that term is served in a remand centre or a prison.”;
 - (c) after subsection (4) there shall be inserted the following subsection—
 - “(4A) Where an order under subsection (3) above is made, the making of the order shall, if there is in force a licence relating to the person in respect of whom the order is made, have the effect of revoking that licence.”;
 - (d) in subsection (5), after the word “construed” there shall be inserted the words “ and sections 1A and 27 shall apply ”.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C40 Sch. 8 para. 101(a) restricted (19.9.1998) by S.I. 1998/2327, art.7(3).

Commencement Information

I140 Sch. 8 para. 101 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 101 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

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102 In section 11 of the 1993 Act (duration of licences), subsections (3)(b) and (4) shall cease to have effect.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C41 Sch. 8 para. 102 restricted (19.9.1998) by S.I. 1998/2327, art.7(4).

Commencement Information

I141 Sch. 8 para. 102 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 102 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

103 In section 14 of the 1993 Act (supervised release of short-term prisoners), subsections (2) and (3) shall cease to have effect.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C42 Sch. 8 para. 103 restricted (19.9.1998) by S.I. 1998/2327, art.8(1).

Commencement Information

I142 Sch. 8 para. 103 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 103 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

104 (1) In subsection (1) of section 16 of the 1993 Act (orders for return to prison after commission of further offence), after the word “released” there shall be inserted the words “ at any time ”.

(2) In paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of that section, after the word “shall” there shall be inserted the words “ , if the licence is in force when the order is made, ”.

(3) Paragraph (b) of that subsection shall cease to have effect.

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C43 Sch. 8 para. 104(3) restricted (19.9.1998) by S.I. 1998/2327, art.7(4).

Commencement Information

I143 Sch. 8 para. 104 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 104 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

105 In section 17 of the 1993 Act (revocation of licence), after subsection (4) there shall be inserted the following subsection—

“(4A) Where the case of a prisoner to whom section 3A of this Act applies is referred to the Parole Board under subsection (3) above, subsection (4) of that section shall apply to that prisoner in place of subsection (4) above.”

Commencement Information

I144 Sch. 8 para. 105 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 105 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

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106 In section 20 of the 1993 Act (Parole Board for Scotland), at the end of subsection (4) there shall be inserted the words— “ and rules under this section may make different provision for different classes of prisoner. ”

Commencement Information

I145 Sch. 8 para. 106 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 106 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

107 After subsection (7) of section 27 of the 1993 Act (interpretation) there shall be inserted the following subsection—

“(8) For the purposes of this section “public holiday” means any day on which, in the opinion of the Secretary of State, public offices or other facilities likely to be of use to the prisoner in the area in which he is likely to be following his discharge from prison will be closed.”

Commencement Information

I146 Sch. 8 para. 107 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 107 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

108 In Schedule 6 to the 1993 Act (transitional provisions), after paragraph 6C there shall be inserted the following paragraph—

“6D Where a prisoner released on licence is treated by virtue of the provisions of this or any other enactment as a prisoner whose licence was granted under section 2(4) of this Act, the validity of his licence shall not be affected by the absence in the licence of such a condition as is specified in section 12(2) of this Act.”

Commencement Information

I147 Sch. 8 para. 108 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 108 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Probation Service Act 1993 (c.47)

^{F406}109

Textual Amendments

F406 Sch. 8 para. 109 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

^{F407}110

Textual Amendments

F407 Sch. 8 para. 110 repealed (1.4.2001) by 2000 c. 43, ss. 74, 75, Sch. 7 Pt. II para. 153, Sch. 8; S.I. 2001/919, art. 2(f)(ii)(g)

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Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994 (c.33)

111 In subsection (3) of section 12 of the 1994 Act (escort arrangements and officers), after the words “secure training orders” there shall be inserted the words “ or detention and training orders ”.

F408 112

Textual Amendments
F408 Sch. 8 para. 112 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), **Sch. 12 Pt. I** (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

113 (1) In sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 3 of Schedule 2 to the 1994 Act (certification of custody officers: England and Wales)—

- (a) in paragraph (b), for the words “person in charge” there shall be substituted the word “ monitor ”; and
- (b) in paragraph (c), for the words “person in charge” there shall be substituted the word “ governor ”.

(2) In sub-paragraph (2) of that paragraph, for the words “or person in charge” there shall be substituted the words “ , monitor or governor ”.

Commencement Information
I148 Sch. 8 para. 113 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 113 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Drug Trafficking Act 1994 (c.37)

114 F409

Textual Amendments
F409 Sch. 8 para. 114 repealed (24.3.2003) by Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29), ss. 457, 458(1), **Sch. 12**; S.I. 2003/120 {art. 2(1)}, Sch.

Proceeds of Crime (Scotland) Act 1995 (c.43)

115 F410

Textual Amendments
F410 Sch. 8 para. 115 ceased to have effect (24.2.2003) and repealed (24.3.2003) by virtue of Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29), ss. 456, 457, 458(1), Sch. 11 para. 35, **Sch. 12**; S.I. 2003/120, art. 2(1), Sch.; S.I. 2003/333, art. 2(1), Sch.

116 F411

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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Textual Amendments

F411 Sch. 8 para. 116 ceased to have effect (24.2.2003) and repealed (24.3.2003) by virtue of Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29), ss. 456, 457, 458(1), Sch. 11 para. 35, Sch. 12; S.I. 2003/120, art. 2(1), Sch.; S.I. 2003/333, art. 2(1), Sch.

Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995 (c.46)

117 (1) For section 18(3) of the 1995 Act (prints and samples) there shall be substituted the following subsection—

“(3) Subject to subsection (4) below, all record of any relevant physical data taken from or provided by a person under subsection (2) above, all samples taken under subsection (6) below and all information derived from such samples shall be destroyed as soon as possible following a decision not to institute criminal proceedings against the person or on the conclusion of such proceedings otherwise than with a conviction or an order under section 246(3) of this Act.”

(2) The amendment made by sub-paragraph (1) above shall be deemed to have had effect from 1 August 1997.

118 In subsection (3) of section 49 of the 1995 Act (references to children’s hearings), in paragraph (b), after the words “the sheriff” there shall be inserted the words “or district”.

Commencement Information

I149 Sch. 8 para. 118 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 118 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

119 In section 106(1)(bb) of the 1995 Act (appeals against automatic sentences), which is prospectively inserted by section 18(1) of the ^{M112}Crime and Punishment (Scotland) Act 1997, for the words “205B(3) or 209(1A)” there shall be substituted the words “ or 205B(3) ”.

Commencement Information

I150 Sch. 8 para. 119 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 119 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M112 1997 c.48.

120 In section 108A of the 1995 Act (prosecutor’s right of appeal against refusal to impose automatic sentence), which is prospectively inserted by section 18(2) of the ^{M113}Crime and Punishment (Scotland) Act 1997, for the words “205B(3) or 209(1A)” there shall be substituted the words “ or 205B(3) ”.

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Commencement Information

I151 Sch. 8 para. 120 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 120 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M113 1997 c.48.

- 121 In section 118(4A) of the 1995 Act (disposal of appeals), which is prospectively inserted by section 18(5) of the^{M114}Crime and Punishment (Scotland) Act 1997, in paragraph (c), sub-paragraph (iii) shall cease to have effect.

Commencement Information

I152 Sch. 8 para. 121 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 121 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M114 1997 c.48.

- 122 In section 167 of the 1995 Act (findings and sentences in summary proceedings), in subsection (7), at the beginning there shall be inserted the words “ Subject to section 204A of this Act, ”.

Commencement Information

I153 Sch. 8 para. 122 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 122 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

- 123 In subsection (5C) of section 175 of the 1995 Act (right of appeal in summary proceedings), the words “paragraph (a) of” shall be omitted.

Commencement Information

I154 Sch. 8 para. 123 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 123 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

- 124 In subsection (1) of section 307 of the 1995 Act (interpretation), in the definition of “officer of law”—
- (a) after paragraph (b) there shall be inserted the following paragraph—
 - “(ba) any person commissioned by the Commissioners of Customs and Excise;”;
 - (b) in paragraph (e), for the words “class or persons” there shall be substituted the words “ class of persons ”.

Commencement Information

I155 Sch. 8 para. 124 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 124 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

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Criminal Procedure and Investigations Act 1996 (c.25)

125 In subsection (2) of section 1 of the Criminal Procedure and Investigations Act 1996 (application of Part I of that Act)—

(a) after paragraph (c) there shall be inserted the following paragraph—

“(cc) a person is charged with an offence for which he is sent for trial under section 51 (no committal proceedings for indictable-only offences) of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998;” and

(b) at the end there shall be inserted the words “or

(f) a bill of indictment charging a person with an indictable offence is preferred under section 22B(3)(a) of the ^{M115}Prosecution of Offences Act 1985.”

Commencement Information

I156 Sch. 8 para. 125 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 125 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 125(a) in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 8 para. 125(b) in force at 1.6.1999 by S.I. 1999/1279, art. 2(f); Sch. 8 para. 125(a) in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

Marginal Citations

M115 1985 c.23.

126 In section 5 of that Act (compulsory disclosure by accused), after subsection (3) there shall be inserted the following subsection—

“(3A) Where this Part applies by virtue of section 1(2)(cc), this section does not apply unless—

(a) copies of the documents containing the evidence have been served on the accused under regulations made under paragraph 1 of Schedule 3 to the Crime and Disorder Act 1998; and

(b) a copy of the notice under subsection (7) of section 51 of that Act has been served on him under that subsection.”

Commencement Information

I157 Sch. 8 para. 126 partly in force; Sch. 8 para. 126 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 126 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 8 para. 126 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

127 In subsection (1) of section 13 of that Act (time limits: transitional)—

^{F412}(a)

(b) after the words “section 1(2)(e)” there shall be inserted the words “ or (f) ”.

Textual Amendments

F412 Sch. 8 para. 127(a) repealed (27.9.1999) by 1999 c. 22, ss. 106, 108(3)(f), Sch. 15 Pt. III (with Sch. 14 paras. 7(2), 36(9)); S.I. 1999/2657, art. 2(d)(iii)

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Commencement Information

I158 Sch. 8 para. 127 partly in force; Sch. 8 para. 127 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 127(a) in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 8 para. 127(b) in force at 1.6.1999 by S.I. 1999/1279, art. 2(f)

128 In subsection (1)(a) of section 28 of that Act (introduction to Part III), after the words “committed for trial” there shall be inserted the words “, or sent for trial under section 51 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998, ”.

Commencement Information

I159 Sch. 8 para. 128 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 128 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 128 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 8 para. 128 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

129 In subsection (1) of section 39 of that Act (meaning of pre-trial hearing), after the words “committed for trial for the offence concerned” there shall be inserted the words “, after the accused has been sent for trial for the offence under section 51 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998, ”.

Commencement Information

I160 Sch. 8 para. 129 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 129 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 129 in force at 4.1.1999 for the purpose of sending any person for trial under s. 51 from any area specified in Sch. 2 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Sch. 8 para. 129 in force to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

Crime (Sentences) Act 1997 (c.43)

130 (1) In subsection (3) of section 28 of the 1997 Act (duty to release certain life prisoners), after paragraph (b) there shall be inserted the words “and
 (c) the provisions of this section as compared with those of sections 33(2) and 35(1) of the ^{M116}Criminal Justice Act 1991 (“the 1991 Act”)”.

(2) In subsection (7) of that section, in paragraph (c), for the words from “the time when” to the end there shall be substituted the words “ he has served one-half of that sentence ”.

Commencement Information

I161 Sch. 8 para. 130 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 130 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M116 1991 c. 53.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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131 (1) In subsection (2) of section 31 of the 1997 Act (duration and conditions of licences), the words “(which shall include on his release conditions as to his supervision by a probation officer)” shall cease to have effect.

(2) After that subsection there shall be inserted the following subsection—

“(2A) The conditions so specified shall include on the prisoner’s release conditions as to his supervision by—

- (a) a probation officer appointed for or assigned to the petty sessions area within which the prisoner resides for the time being;
- (b) where the prisoner is under the age of 22, a social worker of the social services department of the local authority within whose area the prisoner resides for the time being; or
- (c) where the prisoner is under the age of 18, a member of a youth offending team established by that local authority under section 39 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998.”

(3) In subsection (6) of that section, for the words “section 24(2) above” there shall be substituted the words “ section 46(3) of the 1991 Act ”, and for the words “the words in parentheses” there shall be substituted the words “ subsection (2A) above ”.

Commencement Information

I162 Sch. 8 para. 131 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 131 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 131(3) in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); Sch. 8 para. 131(1)(2) in force at 30.9.1998 in the areas specified in Sch. 1 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 3(1), Sch. 1 (subject to savings in art. 9); Sch. 8 para. 131(1)(2) in force 1.4.2000 to the extent that they are not already in force by S.I. 2000/924, art. 2

132 (1) In subsection (1) of section 35 of the 1997 Act (fine defaulters: general), for the words “the 1980 Act” there shall be substituted the ^{M117}words “ the Magistrates’ Courts Act 1980 (“the 1980 Act”) ”.

^{F413}(2)

^{F413}(3)

Textual Amendments

F413 Sch. 8 para. 132(2)(3) repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

Commencement Information

I163 Sch. 8 para. 132 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 132 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M117 1980 c.43.

133 In section 54 of the 1997 Act (general interpretation), subsection (2) shall cease to have effect.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

Commencement Information

I164 Sch. 8 para. 133 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 133 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

134 Subsection (5)(b) of section 57 of the 1997 Act (short title, commencement and extent) shall have effect as if the reference to the Channel Islands included a reference to the Isle of Man.

Extent Information

E2 Sch. 8 para. 134 extends to Isle of Man, see s. 121(9)

Commencement Information

I165 Sch. 8 para. 134 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 134 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

135 (1) Schedule 1 to the 1997 Act (transfer of prisoners within the British Islands) shall be amended as follows.

(2) In sub-paragraph (3) of paragraph 6—

- (a) after paragraph (a) there shall be inserted the following paragraph—
- “(aa) in relation to a person who is supervised in pursuance of a detention and training order, being ordered to be detained for any failure to comply with requirements under section 76(6)(b) of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998;”;
- (b) in paragraph (b), for the words “recalled to prison under the licence” there shall be substituted the words “recalled or returned to prison”.

(3) In paragraph 8—

- (a) in sub-paragraph (2), for the words from “sections 10” to “27 of this Act” there shall be substituted the words “sections 33 to 39, 41 to 46 and 65 of the 1991 Act, paragraphs 8, 10 to 13 and 19 of Schedule 12 to that Act and sections 75 to 77 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998”;
- (b) in sub-paragraph (4), for the words from “sections 16” to “27 of this Act” there shall be substituted the words “sections 37 to 39, 43 to 46 and 65 of the 1991 Act, paragraphs 8, 10 to 13 and 19 of Schedule 12 to that Act and sections 76 and 77 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998”;
- (c) in sub-paragraph (5), after the words “Any provision of” there shall be inserted the words “Part II of the 1991 Act or”;
- (d) after sub-paragraph (5) there shall be inserted the following sub-paragraphs—

“(6) Section 41 of the 1991 Act, as applied by sub-paragraph (2) or (4) above, shall have effect as if section 67 of the ^{M118}Criminal Justice Act 1967 (computation of sentences of imprisonment passed in England and Wales) or, as the case may require, section 9 of this Act extended to Scotland.

“(7) Section 65(7)(b) of the 1991 Act, as applied by sub-paragraph (2) or (4) above, shall have effect as if the reference to a young offender institution were a reference to a young offenders institution.”

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

Changes to legislation: Crime and Disorder Act 1998 is up to date with all changes known to be in force on or before 23 April 2024. There are changes that may be brought into force at a future date. Changes that have been made appear in the content and are referenced with annotations. (See end of Document for details)

(4) In paragraph 9—

- (a) in sub-paragraph (1), paragraph (a) and, in paragraph (b), the words “to that and” shall cease to have effect;
- (b) in sub-paragraph (2), for the words from “sections 10” to “27 of this Act” there shall be substituted the words “ sections 33 to 46 and 65 of the 1991 Act, paragraphs 8, 10 to 13 and 19 of Schedule 12 to that Act and sections 75 to 77 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 ”;
- (c) in sub-paragraph (4), for the words from “section 16” to “27 of this Act” there shall be substituted the words “ sections 37 to 40A, 43 to 46 and 65 of the 1991 Act, paragraphs 8, 10 to 13 and 19 of Schedule 12 to that Act and sections 76 and 77 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 ”;
- (d) sub-paragraph (5) shall cease to have effect;
- (e) in sub-paragraph (6), after the words “Any provision of” there shall be inserted the words “ Part II of the 1991 Act or ”; and
- (f) after sub-paragraph (6) there shall be inserted the following sub-paragraphs—

“(7) Section 41 of the 1991 Act, as applied by sub-paragraph (2) or (4) above, shall have effect as if section 67 of the ^{M119}Criminal Justice Act 1967 or, as the case may require, section 9 of this Act extended to Northern Ireland.

(8) Section 65(7)(b) of the 1991 Act, as applied by sub-paragraph (1), (2) or (4) above, shall have effect as if the reference to a young offender institution were a reference to a young offenders centre.”

(5) In paragraph 10—

- (a) in sub-paragraph (2)(a)—
 - (i) for the words from “sections” to “ “1997 Act”)” there shall be substituted the words “ sections 1, 1A, 3, 3A, 5, 6(1)(a), 7, 9, 11 to 13, 15 to 21, 26A and 27 of, and Schedules 2 and 6 to, the ^{M120}Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 (“the 1993 Act”) ”; and
 - (ii) after the word “3,” there shall be inserted words “ 6(1)(b)(i) and (iii) ”;
- (b) in sub-paragraph (2)(b), for the words “sub-paragraphs (3) and (4)” there shall be substituted the words “ sub-paragraph (3) ”;
- (c) sub-paragraph (4) shall cease to have effect;
- (d) in sub-paragraph (5)(a), for the words from “sections 15” to “37 of the 1997 Act” there shall be substituted the words “ sections 1A, 2(4), 3A, 11 to 13, 15 to 21, 26A and 27 of, and Schedules 2 and 6 to, the 1993 Act ”;
- (e) for sub-paragraph (6)(b) there shall be substituted the following sub-paragraph—
 - “(b) in the said sub-paragraph (2) the reference to section 6(1)(b)(i) of the 1993 Act is a reference to that provision so far as it relates to a person sentenced under section 205(3) of the ^{M121}Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995.”; and
- (f) for sub-paragraph (7) there shall be substituted the following sub-paragraph—

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“(7) Any provision of Part I of the 1993 Act which is applied by sub-paragraph (2) or (5) above shall have effect (as so applied) as if any reference to a chief social work officer were a reference to a chief social worker of a local authority social services department.”

(6) In paragraph 11—

(a) in sub-paragraph (2)(a)—

(i) for the words from “sections” to “ “1997 Act”)” there shall be substituted the words “ sections 1, 1A, 3, 3A, 5, 6(1)(a), 7, 9, 11 to 13, 15 to 21, 26A and 27 of, and Schedules 2 and 6 to, the 1993 Act ”; and

(ii) after the word “3,” there shall be inserted the words “ 6(1)(b)(i) and (iii), ”;

(b) in sub-paragraph (4)(a), for the words from “sections 15” to “37 of the 1997 Act” there shall be substituted the words “ sections 1A, 3A, 11 to 13, 15 to 21, 26A and 27 of, and Schedules 2 and 6 to, the 1993 Act ”;

(c) in sub-paragraph (5), for the words “Sub-paragraph (5)” there shall be substituted the words “ Sub-paragraph (6) ”; and

(d) in sub-paragraph (6), the words “or Part III of the 1997 Act” shall cease to have effect and, in the Table, for the entry relating to the expression “young offenders institution” there shall be substituted the following entry—

“Probation officer appointed for or assigned to such petty sessions area	Probation Officer appointed by the Probation Board for Northern Ireland”.
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(7) In sub-paragraph (5) of paragraph 12, in the Table, the entry relating to the expression “Prison rules” shall cease to have effect.

(8) In sub-paragraph (5) of paragraph 13, in the Table, the entry relating to the expression “Prison rules” shall cease to have effect.

(9) In sub-paragraph (1)(a) of paragraph 17 (prisoners unlawfully at large), after the words “section 49(1)” there shall be inserted the words “ and (5) ”.

(10) In sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 20, in the definition of “supervision”, after the word “purpose” there shall be inserted the words “ or a detention and training order ”.

Commencement Information

I166 Sch. 8 para. 135 wholly in force at 1.4.2000; Sch. 8 para. 135 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; Sch. 8 para. 135(1)(2)(b)(3)-(8) in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); Sch. 8 para. 135(2)(a)(9)(10) in force at 1.4.2000 by S.I. 1999/3426, art. 3(b)

Marginal Citations

M118 1967 c.80.

M119 1967 c.80.

M120 1993 c.9.

M121 1995 c.46.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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Commencement Information

I167 Sch. 8 para. 136 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 136 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

- 137 In Schedule 4 to the 1997 Act (minor and consequential amendments), the following provisions are hereby repealed, namely—
- (a) in paragraph 6, sub-paragraph (1)(b);
 - (b) paragraphs 9 and 11; and
 - (c) in paragraph 12, sub-paragraph (4).

Commencement Information

I168 Sch. 8 para. 137 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 137 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

- 138 (1) In Schedule 5 to the 1997 Act (transitional provisions and savings), paragraphs 1 to 4 and 6 are hereby repealed and the following provisions shall cease to have effect, namely—
- (a) paragraph 5(2);
 - (b) paragraphs 8, 9(1) and 10(1);
 - (c) in paragraph 11, sub-paragraph (1), in sub-paragraph (2)(c), the words “or Part III of the 1997 Act” and, in sub-paragraph (3), the words from the beginning to “1995; and”; and
 - (d) in paragraph 12, sub-paragraph (1) and, in sub-paragraph (2)(c), the words “or Part III of the 1997 Act”.
- (2) In paragraph 11(2) of that Schedule—
- (a) in paragraph (a)—
 - (i) for the words from “sections 15” to “1997 Act” there shall be substituted the words “ sections 1, 1A, 3, 3A, 5, 6(1)(a), 7, 9, 11 to 13, 15 to 21, 26A and 27 of, and Schedules 2 and 6 to, the ^{M122}Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993 (“the 1993 Act”)”; and
 - (ii) for the words “the 1989 Act” there shall be substituted the ^{M123}words “ the Prisons (Scotland) Act 1989 (“the 1989 Act”)”; and
 - (b) in paragraph (b), for the words from “sections 15” to “1997 Act” there shall be substituted the words “ sections 1A, 2(4), 3A, 11 to 13, 15 to 21, 26A and 27 of, and Schedules 2 and 6 to, the 1993 Act ”.
- (3) In paragraph 12(2) of that Schedule—
- (a) in paragraph (a)—
 - (i) for the words from “sections 15” to “1997 Act” there shall be substituted the words “ sections 1, 1A, 3, 3A, 5, 6(1)(a), 7, 9, 11 to 13, 15 to 21, 26A and 27 of, and Schedules 2 and 6 to, the ^{M124}Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act (“the 1993 Act”)”; and
 - (ii) for the words “the 1989 Act” there shall be substituted the ^{M125}words “ the Prisons (Scotland) Act 1989 (“the 1989 Act”)”; and

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- (b) in paragraph (b), for the words from “sections 15” to “1997 Act” there shall be substituted the words “sections 1A, 2(4), 3A, 11 to 13, 15 to 21, 26A and 27 of, and Schedules 2 and 6 to, the 1993 Act”.

Commencement Information

I169 Sch. 8 para. 138 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 138 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M122 1993 c.9.
M123 1989 c.45.
M124 1993 c.9.
M125 1989 c.45.

- 139 In Schedule 6 to the 1997 Act (repeals), the entries relating to sections 33 to 51 and 65 of the 1991 Act are hereby repealed.

Commencement Information

I170 Sch. 8 para. 139 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 139 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Crime and Punishment (Scotland) Act 1997 (c.48)

- 140 Section 4 of the Crime and Punishment (Scotland) Act 1997 (supervised release orders) is hereby repealed.

Commencement Information

I171 Sch. 8 para. 140 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 140 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

- 141 (1) In Schedule 1 to that Act (minor and consequential amendments), the following provisions are hereby repealed, namely—
- (a) paragraphs 1, 9(7), 10(2)(a), 13(3) and 21(3); and
 - (b) in paragraph 14, sub-paragraphs (2)(a), (3)(e), (4) to (7), (9), (10)(a), (11)(b), (12), (13) to (15) and (17).
- (2) In paragraph 14 of that Schedule, for sub-paragraph (16) there shall be substituted the following sub-paragraph—
- “(16) In section 27(1) (interpretation), in the definition of “supervised release order” the words “(as inserted by section 14 of this Act)” shall cease to have effect.”

Commencement Information

I172 Sch. 8 para. 141 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 141 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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142 Schedule 2 to that Act (transitional provisions) is hereby repealed.

Commencement Information

I173 Sch. 8 para. 142 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 142 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

- 143 (1) Schedule 3 to that Act (repeals) shall be amended in accordance with this paragraph.
- (2) In the entry relating to the Prisons (Scotland) Act 1989, in the third column, the words “In section 39, subsection (7)” are hereby repealed.
- (3) In the entry relating to the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993—
- (a) the words relating to sections 1, 3(2), 5, 6(1), 7, 9, 12(3), 16, 17(1), 20, 24, and Schedule 1;
 - (b) in the words relating to section 14, the words “and in subsection (4), the words “short-term””;
 - (c) in the words relating to 27(1)—
 - (i) the words “the definitions of “short term prisoner” and “long-term prisoner” and”;
 - (ii) in the words relating to the definition of “supervised release order” the words “and the words from “but” to the end”; and
 - (d) the words relating to section 27(2), (3), (5) and (6),
- are hereby repealed.
- (4) In the entry relating to the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995, in the third column, the words relating to section 44 are hereby repealed.

Commencement Information

I174 Sch. 8 para. 143 wholly in force; Sch. 8 para. 143 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(2) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Sex Offenders Act 1997 (c.51)

144 **F414**

Textual Amendments

F414 Sch. 8 para. 144 repealed (1.5.2004) by Sexual Offences Act 2003 (c. 42), ss. 139, 140, 141(1), Sch. 6 para. 38(8), Sch. 7; S.I. 2004/874, art. 2

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.
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SCHEDULE 9

Section 120(1).

TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS AND SAVINGS

Commencement Information

I175 Sch. 9 partly in force; Sch. 9 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; Sch. 9 para. 9 in force at 7.8.1998 by S.I.1998/1883, art. 3; certain paras. in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8) and for the purpose of warning a person under s. 65 in any area specified in Sch. 3 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 3(3) (as amended by 1998/2412); Sch. 9 para. 7 in force at 1.7.1999 by S.I. 1998/3263, art. 6.

Presumption of incapacity

1 Nothing in section 34 of this Act shall apply in relation to anything done before the commencement of that section.

Commencement Information

I176 Sch. 9 para. 1 wholly in force; Sch. 9 para. 1 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Effect of child’s silence at trial

2 Nothing in section 35 of this Act shall apply where the offence was committed before the commencement of that section.

Commencement Information

I177 Sch. 9 para. 2 wholly in force; Sch. 9 para. 2 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Sexual or violent offenders: extended sentences

F415₃

Textual Amendments

F415 Sch. 9 para. 3 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

Drug treatment and testing orders

F416₄

Textual Amendments

F416 Sch. 9 para. 4 repealed (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 12 Pt. I (with Sch. 11 paras. 1, 2)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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Young offenders: cautions

- 5 (1) Any caution given to a child or young person before the commencement of section 65 of this Act shall be treated for the purposes of subsections (2) and (4) of that section as a reprimand.
- (2) Any second or subsequent caution so given shall be treated for the purposes of paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3) of that section as a warning.

Commencement Information

I178 Sch. 9 para. 5 wholly in force; Sch. 9 para. 5 not in force at Royal Assent, see s. 121; Sch. 9 para. 5 in force at 30.9.1998 for the purpose of warning a person under s. 65 in any area specified in Sch. 3 of the said S.I. by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 3(3) (as amended by 1998/2412); Sch. 9 para. 5 in force at 1.4.2000 for specified purposes and 1.6.2000 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/924, arts. 3, 4, Sch.

Abolition of secure training orders

- 6 In relation to any time before the commencement of subsection (7) of section 73 of this Act, section 9A of the 1997 Act shall have effect as if after subsection (1) there were inserted the following subsection—
- “(1A) Section 9 above applies to periods of detention which offenders are liable to serve under secure training orders as it applies to sentences of imprisonment.”

Commencement Information

I179 Sch. 9 para. 6 wholly in force; Sch. 9 para. 6 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Sentencing guidelines

- 7 (1) Section 80 of this Act does not apply by virtue of subsection (1)(a) of that section in any case where the Court is seised of the appeal before the commencement of that section.
- (2) In this paragraph “the Court” and “seised” have the same meanings as in that section.

Confiscation orders on committal for sentence

- 8 **F417**

Textual Amendments

F417 Sch. 9 para. 8 repealed (24.3.2003) by Proceeds of Crime Act 2002 (c. 29), ss. 457, 458(1), Sch. 12; S.I. 2003/333 {art. 2(1)}, Sch.

Football spectators: failure to comply with reporting duty

- 9 Section 84 of this Act does not apply where the offence was committed before the commencement of that section.

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Power to release short-term prisoners on licence

- 10 (1) Section 99 of this Act does not apply in relation to a prisoner who, immediately before the commencement of that section, has served one or more days more than the requisite period for the term of his sentence.
- (2) In this paragraph “the requisite period” has the same meaning as in section 34A of the 1991 Act (which is inserted by section 99 of this Act).

Early release: two or more sentences

- 11 (1) Where the terms of two or more sentences passed before the commencement of section 101 of this Act have been treated, by virtue of section 51(2) of the 1991 Act, as a single term for the purposes of Part II of that Act, they shall continue to be so treated after that commencement.
- (2) Subject to sub-paragraph (1) above, section 101 of this Act applies where one or more of the sentences concerned were passed after that commencement.

Commencement Information

1180 Sch. 9 para. 11 wholly in force; Sch. 9 para. 11 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Recall to prison of short-term prisoners

- 12 (1) Sub-paragraphs (2) to (7) below have effect in relation to any prisoner whose sentence, or any part of whose sentence, was imposed for an offence committed before the commencement of section 103 of this Act.
- (2) The following provisions of this Act do not apply, namely—
- (a) section 103;
 - (b) paragraphs 83(1)(b) and 88(3)(a) of Schedule 8 to this Act and section 119 so far as relating to those paragraphs; and
 - (c) section 120(2) and Schedule 10 so far as relating to the repeal of section 38 of the 1991 Act and the repeals in sections 37(1) and 45(4) of that Act.
- (3) Section 33 of the 1991 Act has effect as if, in subsection (3)(b) (as amended by paragraph 80(1) of Schedule 8 to this Act), for the words “section 39(1) or (2)” there were substituted the words “ section 38(2) or 39(1) or (2) ”.
- (4) Section 33A of the 1991 Act (as inserted by paragraph 81 of Schedule 8 to this Act) has effect as if—
- (a) in subsection (1), for the words “section 38A(1) or 39(1) or (2)” there were substituted the words “ section 38(2) or 38A(1) ”; and
 - (b) in subsection (3), for the words “section 39(1) or (2)”, in both places where they occur, there were substituted the words “ section 38(2) ”.
- (5) Section 34A of the 1991 Act (as inserted by section 99 of this Act) has effect as if, in subsection (2)(g), for the words “section 39(1) or (2)” there were substituted the words “ section 38(2) ”.
- (6) Section 40A of the 1991 Act (as inserted by section 105 of this Act) has effect as if, in subsection (1), for the word “39” there were substituted the word “ 38 ”.

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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- (7) Section 44 of the 1991 Act (as substituted by section 59 of this Act) has effect as if—
- (a) in subsections (3) and (4), after the words “subject to” there were inserted the words “ any suspension under section 38(2) above or, as the case may be, ”; and
 - (b) in subsection (7), for the words “sections 37(5) and 39(1) and (2)” there were substituted the words “ section 37(5), 38(2) and 39(1) and (2) ”.
- (8) Section 45 of the 1991 Act has effect as if, in subsection (3) (as amended by paragraph 88(2) of Schedule 8 to this Act), for the words “section 39(1) or (2)” there were substituted the words “ section 38(2) or 39(1) or (2) ”.
- (9) For the purposes of this paragraph and paragraph 13 below, consecutive sentences, or sentences that are wholly or partly concurrent, shall be treated as parts of a single sentence.

Commencement Information

I181 Sch. 9 para. 12 wholly in force at 1.1.1999; Sch. 9 para. 12 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; Sch. 9 para. 12(1)(3)-(9) in force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); Sch. 8 para. 83 in force at 1.1.1999 (to the extent that entry in not already in force) by S.I. 1998/3263, art. 2

Release on licence following recall to prison

- 13 Section 104 of this Act does not apply in relation to a prisoner whose sentence, or any part of whose sentence, was imposed for an offence committed before the commencement of that section.

Commencement Information

I182 Sch. 9 para. 13 wholly in force; Sch. 9 para. 13 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Release on licence following return to prison

- 14 (1) Section 105 of this Act does not apply where the new offence was committed before the commencement of that section.
- (2) In this paragraph “the new offence” has the same meaning as in [^{F418}section 116 of the Powers of Criminal Courts (Sentencing) Act 2000].

Textual Amendments

F418 Words in Sch. 9 para. 14(2) substituted (25.8.2000) by 2000 c. 6, ss. 165, 168(1), Sch. 9 para. 203

Commencement Information

I183 Sch. 9 para. 14 wholly in force; Sch. 9 para. 14 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Status: Point in time view as at 01/04/2007. This version of this Act contains provisions that are not valid for this point in time.

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Remand time: two or more sentences

- 15 (1) Where the terms of two or more sentences passed before the commencement of paragraph 11 of Schedule 8 to this Act have been treated, by virtue of section 104(2) of the ^{M126}Criminal Justice Act 1967, as a single term for the purposes of section 67 of that Act, they shall continue to be so treated after that commencement.
- (2) Subject to sub-paragraph (1) above, paragraph 11 of Schedule 8 to this Act applies where one or more of the sentences concerned were passed after that commencement.

Commencement Information

I184 Sch. 9 para. 15 wholly in force; Sch. 9 para. 15 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; In force at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8)

Marginal Citations

M126 1967 c.80.

SCHEDULE 10

Section 120(2).

REPEALS

Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C44 Sch. 10 excluded (19.9.1998) by S.I. 1998/2327, arts.7(4),8(1).

Commencement Information

I185 Sch. 10 partly in force; Sch. 10 not in force at Royal Assent see s. 121; Sch. 10 in force for certain purposes at 30.9.1998 by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 2(1)(3) (subject to savings in arts. 5-8); Certain repeals in Sch. 10 in force at 30.9.1998 in certain areas by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 3(1), Sch. 1 (subject to savings in art. 9); Certain repeals in Sch. 10 in force at 4.1.1999 for certain purposes by S.I. 1998/2327, art. 4(2); Certain repeals in Sch. 10 in force at 1.1.1999 by S.I. 1998/3263, art. 2; Sch. 10 in force for certain purposes at 1.6.1999 by S.I. 1999/1279, art. 2(g); Sch. 10 in force for certain purposes at 1.4.2000 by S.I. 1999/3426, art. 3(c) (with art. 4); entries in Sch. 10 relating to the words “by a probation officer” in s. 2(1) of 1973 c. 62 and to s. 31(2) of 1997 c. 43 in force at 1.4.2000 to the extent that they are not already in force by S.I. 2000/924, art. 2; entry in Sch. 10 relating to ss. 125 and 126 of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 in force at 15.1.2001 to the extent that it is not already in force by S.I. 2000/3283, art. 2 (subject to transitional provisions in art. 3)

Chapter	Short title	Extent of repeal
30 Geo 3 c.48.	Treason Act 1790.	The whole Act.
36 Geo 3 c.7.	Treason Act 1795.	The whole Act.
36 Geo 3 c.31.	Treason by Women Act (Ireland) 1796.	The whole Act.
57 Geo 3 c.6.	Treason Act 1817.	The whole Act.
11 & 12 Vict c.12.	Treason Felony Act 1848.	Section 2.

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21 & 22 Geo 5 c.24.	Sentence of Death (Expectant Mothers) Act 1931.	The whole Act.
23 Geo 5 c.12.	Children and Young Persons Act 1933.	In section 47(2), the words from the beginning to “court; and”. In Schedule 2, in paragraph 15(a), the word “shall”, in the second place where it occurs, and, in paragraph 17, the words “or, if a metropolitan stipendiary magistrate, may sit alone”.
1945 c.15 (N.I.).	Criminal Justice Act (Northern Ireland) 1945.	Sections 32 and 33.
1967 c.80.	Criminal Justice Act 1967.	In section 56, subsections (3), (6) and (13). Section 67(5)(c).
1968 c.19.	Criminal Appeal Act 1968.	In section 10(2), the words “(other than a supervision order within the meaning of that Part)”.
1969 c.54.	Children and Young Persons Act 1969.	Section 12D. Section 13(2). In section 16, subsection (10) and, in subsection (11), the words “seventeen or”. Section 23(14)(a). In section 34, in subsection (1), paragraph (a) and, in paragraph (c), the words “ 7(7), 7(8),” . Section 69(5). In Schedule 6, the entries relating to sections 55, 56(1) and 59(1) of the Children and Young Persons Act 1933.
1972 c.71.	Criminal Justice Act 1972.	Section 49.
1973 c.62.	Powers of Criminal Courts Act 1973.	In section 1, in subsections (8)(b) and (8A) the words “37 or”. Section 1B(10).

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		In section 1C(1), paragraph (b) and the word “and” immediately preceding it.
		In section 2(1), the words “by a probation officer” and the words from “For the purposes” to “available evidence”.
		Section 11.
		Section 14(8).
		In section 31, in subsection (3A), the words “Subject to subsections (3B) and (3C) below,”, subsections (3B) and (3C), in subsection (4), the words “4 or” and, in subsection (6), the words “about committal by a magistrates’ court to the Crown Court”.
		Section 32(5).
		Section 42(2).
		In Schedule 1A, paragraph 6(7).
		In Schedule 5, paragraph 35.
1976 c.63.	Bail Act 1976.	In section 3(5), the words “If it appears that he is unlikely to remain in Great Britain until the time appointed for him to surrender to custody”.
1980 c.43.	Magistrates’ Courts Act 1980.	Section 37.
		In sections 38(2) and 38A(2), the words “, in accordance with section 56 of the Criminal Justice Act 1967,”.
		In section 108(2), the words “a probation order or”.
		In section 125(4)(c), the word “and” at the end of subparagraph (ii).
		In section 126, the word “and” at the end of paragraph (c).

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1982 c.48.	Criminal Justice Act 1982.	In Schedule 7, paragraph 120(b). Section 1A(4A). Section 1B. In section 1C(2), the words “but if he is under 18 at the time of the direction, only for a temporary purpose”. In section 3(1)(a), the words “under section 1A above”. Section 18(7). In section 19, in subsection (3)(a), the words “revoke it and” and, in subsection (5), the words “revoke the attendance centre order and”. Section 66(3). In Schedule 14, paragraph 28.
1987 c.42.	Family Law Reform Act 1987.	Section 8(1).
1988 c.33.	Criminal Justice Act 1988.	In Schedule 2, paragraph 26. Section 69(2).
1989 c.45.	Prisons (Scotland) Act 1989.	In Schedule 15, paragraph 40. In section 39(7), the words from “and the foregoing” to the end.
1991 c.53.	Criminal Justice Act 1991.	In section 6(4), the word “and” immediately following paragraph (e). In section 31(1), in the definition of “custodial sentence”, in paragraph (b), the words “or a secure training order under section 1 of the Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994”. Section 33(4). In section 37, in subsection (1), the words “any suspension under section 38(2) below or, as the case may be,” and, in subsection (4), the words

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		“(which shall include on his release conditions as to his supervision by a probation officer)”.
		Section 38.
		In section 45(4), the words “any suspension under section 38(2) below; or”.
		In section 61(1), paragraph (b) and the word “or” immediately preceding that paragraph.
		Section 62.
		In Schedule 2, in paragraphs 3(1)(d) and 4(1)(d), the words “revoke the order and” and, in paragraph 17(1), the words from “and the court” to the end.
		In Schedule 11, paragraphs 10, 11 and 14.
		In Schedule 12, paragraph 17(3).
1993 c.9.	Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993.	Section 11(3)(b) and (4).
		Section 14(2) and (3).
		Section 16(7)(b).
		In paragraph 6B(1) of Schedule 6, the word “and” after head (a).
1993 c.47.	Probation Service Act 1993.	Section 17(5A).
1994 c.33.	Criminal Justice and Public Order Act 1994.	Sections 1 to 4.
		Section 20.
		In section 35, in subsection (1), the words “who has attained the age of fourteen years” and subsection (6).
		Section 130(4).
		In Schedule 10, paragraph 42.
1994 c.37.	Drug Trafficking Act 1994.	Section 2(7)(a).

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1995 c.46.	Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995.	<p>Section 118(4A)(c)(iii).</p> <p>In section 175(5C), the words “paragraph (a) of”.</p> <p>In section 209(1), the words “not less than twelve months but”.</p>
1997 c.43.	Crime (Sentences) Act 1997.	<p>Section 1.</p> <p>Section 8.</p> <p>Sections 10 to 27.</p> <p>In section 31(2), the words “(which shall include on his release conditions as to his supervision by a probation officer)”.</p> <p>In section 35, in subsection (5), paragraph (c) and the word “and” at the end of paragraph (d), and in subsection (8), in paragraph (a), the words “to revoke the order and deal with an offender for the offence in respect of which the order was made” and the word “and” at the end of that paragraph.</p> <p>Section 43(4).</p> <p>Section 54(2).</p> <p>In Schedule 1, in paragraph 9(1), paragraph (a) and, in paragraph (b), the words “to that and”, paragraph 9(5), paragraph 10(4), in paragraph 11(6), the words “or Part III of the 1997 Act”, in paragraph 12(5), in the Table, the entry relating to the expression “prison rules” and, in paragraph 13(5), in the Table, the entry relating to the expression “prison rules”.</p> <p>In Schedule 2, paragraphs 4 and 8.</p>

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1997 c.48.	Crime and Punishment (Scotland) Act 1997.	<p>In Schedule 4, paragraph 6(1) (b), paragraphs 9 and 11 and paragraph 12(4).</p> <p>In Schedule 5, paragraphs 1 to 4, paragraph 5(2), paragraph 6, paragraph 8, paragraph 9(1), paragraph 10(1), in paragraph 11, sub-paragraph (1), in sub-paragraph (2)(c), the words “or Part III of the 1997 Act” and, in sub-paragraph (3), the words from the beginning to “1995; and”, and in paragraph 12, sub-paragraph (1) and, in sub-paragraph (2)(c), the words “or Part III of the 1997 Act”.</p> <p>In Schedule 6, the entries relating to sections 33 to 51 and 65 of the Criminal Justice Act 1991.</p> <p>Section 4.</p> <p>Chapter I of Part III.</p> <p>In Schedule 1, paragraph 1, paragraph 9(7), paragraph 10(2)(a), paragraph 13(3), in paragraph 14, sub-paragraphs (2)(a), (3)(e), (4) to (7), (9), (10)(a), (11)(b), (12), (13) to (15) and (17), and paragraph 21(3).</p> <p>Schedule 2.</p> <p>In Schedule 3, in the entry relating to the Prisons (Scotland) Act 1989, the words “In section 39, subsection (7)”, in the entry relating to the Prisoners and Criminal Proceedings (Scotland) Act 1993, the words relating to sections 1, 3(2), 5, 6(1), 7, 9, 12(3), 16, 17(1), 20, 24, 27(2), (3), (5) and (6) and Schedule 1, in the words relating to section 14, the words “and, in subsection (4), the words</p>
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1997 c.50.	Police Act 1997.	<p>“short-term””, in the words relating to section 27(1), the words “the definitions of “short term prisoner” and “long-term prisoner” and “and the words from “but” to the end” and, in the entry relating to the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995, the words relating to section 44.</p> <p>In section 94(4), the word “and” immediately preceding paragraph (c).</p>
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Modifications etc. (not altering text)

C45 Sch. 10: repeal of s. 11 of the 1973 Act excluded (19.9.1998) by [S.I. 1998/2327](#), **art. 6(2)**

Status:

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