

Access to Justice Act 1999

1999 CHAPTER 22

PART IV

APPEALS, COURTS, JUDGES AND COURT PROCEEDINGS

Civil division of Court of Appeal

59 Composition.

In section 54 of the [FI Senior Courts Act 1981] (composition of court of civil division of Court of Appeal), for subsections (2) to (4) (number of judges) substitute—

- "(2) Subject as follows, a court shall be duly constituted for the purpose of exercising any of its jurisdiction if it consists of one or more judges.
- (3) The Master of the Rolls may, with the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor, give (or vary or revoke) directions about the minimum number of judges of which a court must consist if it is to be duly constituted for the purpose of any description of proceedings.
- (4) The Master of the Rolls, or any Lord Justice of Appeal designated by him, may (subject to any directions under subsection (3)) determine the number of judges of which a court is to consist for the purpose of any particular proceedings.
- (4A) The Master of the Rolls may give directions as to what is to happen in any particular case where one or more members of a court which has partly heard proceedings are unable to continue."

Textual Amendments

F1 S. 59: for the words "Supreme Court Act 1981" wherever they occur there is substituted (1.10.2009) the words "Senior Courts Act 1981" by virtue of Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4), ss. 59, 148, Sch. 11 para. 1(2); S.I. 2009/1604, art. 2

Changes to legislation: There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Access to Justice Act 1999, Cross Heading: Civil division of Court of Appeal. (See end of Document for details)

60 Calling into question of incidental decisions.

For section 58 of the [F2Senior Courts Act 1981] (exercise of incidental jurisdiction in civil division of Court of Appeal) substitute—

"58 Calling into question of incidental decisions in civil division.

- (1) Rules of court may provide that decisions of the Court of Appeal which—
 - (a) are taken by a single judge or any officer or member of staff of that court in proceedings incidental to any cause or matter pending before the civil division of that court; and
 - (b) do not involve the determination of an appeal or of an application for permission to appeal,

may be called into question in such manner as may be prescribed.

(2) No appeal shall lie to the House of Lords from a decision which may be called into question pursuant to rules under subsection (1)."

Textual Amendments

F2 S. 60: for the words "Supreme Court Act 1981" wherever they occur there is substituted (1.10.2009) the words "Senior Courts Act 1981" by virtue of Constitutional Reform Act 2005 (c. 4), ss. 59, 148, Sch. 11 para. 1(2); S.I. 2009/1604, art. 2

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Access to Justice Act 1999, Cross Heading: Civil division of Court of Appeal.