EQUALITY ACT 2006

EXPLANATORY NOTES

COMMENTARY ON SECTIONS

Part 2: Discrimination on Grounds of Religion or Belief

Section 66: Claim of unlawful action

- 231. Section 66 relates to the mechanism for bringing a claim against someone in respect of an act made unlawful by this Part.
- 232. The claim is to be brought in a county court (in Scotland, a sheriff court) by way of proceedings in tort (or in Scotland for reparation) for breach of statutory duty.
- 233. In England and Wales, where a claim is brought against a local education authority or the responsible body of an educational establishment (as listed in the Table in section 49) by virtue of section 49 or 51 the claimant must give written notice to the Secretary of State.
- 234. In Scotland where a claim is brought against an education authority or the responsible body of an educational establishment (as listed in the Table in section 49) by virtue of section 49 or 51 the claimant must give written notice to the Scottish Ministers.
- 235. If the claimant provides the court with evidence from which the court could conclude, in the absence of a reasonable alternative explanation, that an unlawful act has been committed, the court is to assume that the act was unlawful unless the respondent can prove otherwise.