



Wireless Telegraphy Act 2006

2006 CHAPTER 36

PART 5

PROHIBITION OF BROADCASTING FROM SEA OR AIR

Interpretation

95 Part 5: interpretation

(1) In this Part—

“British-registered” means registered in the United Kingdom, the Isle of Man or any of the Channel Islands;

“broadcast” means a broadcast by wireless telegraphy of sounds or visual images intended for general reception (whether or not the sounds or images are actually received by anyone), but does not include a broadcast consisting in a message or signal sent in connection with navigation or for the purpose of securing safety;

“designated area” has the meaning given by section 1(7) of the Continental Shelf Act 1964 (c. 29);

“external waters” means the whole of the sea adjacent to the United Kingdom that is within the seaward limits of UK territorial sea;

“the high seas” means seas that are not within the seaward limits of UK territorial sea or of the territorial waters adjacent to a country or territory outside the United Kingdom.

(2) For the purposes of this Part references to a “British person” are references to—

- (a) a British citizen, a British overseas territories citizen, a British National (Overseas) or a British Overseas citizen;
- (b) a person who under the British Nationality Act 1981 (c. 61) is a British subject;
or
- (c) a British protected person within the meaning given by section 50(1) of that Act.

Changes to legislation:

There are currently no known outstanding effects for the Wireless Telegraphy Act 2006, Cross
Heading: Interpretation.