



Town and Country Planning Act 1962

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PART VI

COMPENSATION FOR PLANNING DECISIONS RESTRICTING NEW DEVELOPMENT

Unexpended balance of established development value

88 Scope of Part VI

- (1) The provisions of this Part of this Act shall have effect for enabling compensation to be claimed in respect of planning decisions whereby permission for the carrying out of new development of land to which this section applies is refused or is granted subject to conditions.
- (2) This section applies to any land in respect of which planning permission is refused or is granted subject to conditions, by a planning decision if, at the time of the planning decision, that land, or part of that land, has an unexpended balance of established development value.
- (3) In accordance with the proviso to subsection (2) of section twenty of this Act, that subsection does not apply for the purposes of this Part of this Act.
- (4) In this Part of this Act “interest” (where the reference is to an interest in land) means the fee simple or a tenancy of the land, and does not include any other interest therein; and any reference to the local planning authority, in relation to a planning decision made on behalf of that authority by another authority, by virtue of the delegation of any functions of the local planning authority to that other authority, shall be construed as a reference to that other authority.

89 Derivation of unexpended balance from claims under Part VI of Act of 1947

- (1) In determining, for the purposes of this Part of this Act, whether land has an unexpended balance of established development value, regard shall be had to claims made, in pursuance of Part VI of the Act of 1947, for payments under the scheme

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provided for by section fifty-eight of that Act (that is to say, the scheme which, but for the provisions of section two of the Town and Country Planning Act, 1953, would have fallen to be made under the said section fifty-eight, providing for payments in respect of interests in land depreciated in value by virtue of the provisions of the Act of 1947).

- (2) Where such a claim was made in respect of an interest in land, that claim shall for the purposes of this Part of this Act be taken to have been established in respect of that land under Part VI of the Act of 1947 if an amount was determined under the said Part VI as being the development value of the interest to which the claim related, and payment in respect of that interest would not have been excluded—
- (a) by section sixty-three of the Act of 1947 (which excluded claims where the development value was small in proportion to the area, or to the restricted value, of the land), or
 - (b) by any of sections eighty-two to eighty-five of that Act (which related to certain land belonging to local authorities, development corporations and statutory undertakers, and to land held on charitable trusts), or
 - (c) by section eighty-four of that Act as applied by regulations under section ninety of that Act (which related to the National Coal Board).
- (3) In this Part of this Act “established claim ” means a claim which by virtue of the last preceding subsection is to be taken to have been established as therein mentioned, and references to the establishment of a claim shall be construed accordingly; and “the claim area ”, in relation to an established claim, means the land in respect of which the claim is by virtue of that subsection to be taken to have been established.
- (4) References in this Part of this Act to the benefit of an established claim—
- (a) in relation to any time before the passing of the Town and Country Planning Act, 1953, whether before or after the making of the claim, or before or after the establishment thereof, shall be construed as references to the prospective right, under and subject to the provisions of the scheme referred to in subsection (1) of this section, to receive a payment in respect of the interest in land to which the claim related, and
 - (b) in relation to any time after the passing of the said Act of 1953, shall be construed as references to such prospective right to the satisfaction of the claim as subsisted by virtue of section two of that Act immediately before the first day of January, nineteen hundred and fifty-five (being the date of the commencement of the Act of 1954);
- and references to part of the benefit of an established claim shall be construed accordingly.
- (5) References in this Part of this Act to the amount of an established claim are references to the amount determined under Part VI of the Act of 1947 as being the development value of the interest in land to which the claim related.
- (6) In this section any reference to Part VI of the Act of 1947 includes a reference to the provisions of the said Part VI as modified by the First Schedule to the Act of 1954.

90 Original unexpended balance of established development value

- (1) In this Part of this Act “original unexpended balance of established development value ”, in relation to any land, means the unexpended balance of established development value which that land had immediately after the time when, in accordance with section

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ninety-two of this Act, the adjustment of claim holdings is deemed to have been completed.

(2) For the purposes of this Part of this Act land shall be taken to have had such a balance if, immediately after the time referred to in the preceding subsection.—

- (a) there were subsisting one or more claim holdings whose area consisted of that land, or included that land together with other land, and
- (b) there was not subsisting any claim holding whose area consisted of part only of that land, whether with or without other land.

(3) Where the last preceding subsection applies, there shall be attributed to the land referred to in that subsection—

- (a) the value of any claim holding having an area consisting of that land, and
- (b) such fraction of the value of any claim holding whose area included that land as attached to that land,

and the original unexpended balance of established development value of that land shall be taken to have been an amount equal to eight-sevenths of the amount or aggregate amount so attributed.

91 Claim holdings, their areas and values

(1) Subject to the provisions of this and the next following section, in this Part of this Act—

- (a) “claim holding ” means the benefit of an established claim, references to the area of a claim holding are references to the land which, in relation to the established claim constituting that holding, is the claim area, and references to the value of a claim holding are references to the amount of the established claim constituting that holding; and
- (b) references to the fraction of the value of a claim holding which attached to a part of the area of the holding are references to so much of the amount of the established claim of which that holding represents the benefit or part of the benefit (in this section referred to as “the relevant established claim ”) as was properly attributable to that part of the area of the holding.

(2) In the case of a claim holding where—

- (a) the area of the holding is the same as the claim area of the relevant established claim, but
- (b) the value of the claim holding is, by virtue of the adjustment of claim holdings, less than the amount of the relevant established claim,

the amount of any such fraction as is referred to in paragraph (b) of the preceding subsection shall be treated as reduced proportionately.

(3) In the case of a claim holding where—

- (a) the area of the holding consists of part only of the claim area of the relevant established claim, and
- (b) the value of the holding is, by virtue of the adjustment of claim holdings, less or greater than so much of the amount of the relevant established claim as was properly attributable to the area of the holding,

the amount of any such fraction as is referred to in paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of this section shall be treated as reduced, or (as the case may be) increased, proportionately.

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- (4) For the purposes of this section, the part of the amount of the relevant established claim which was properly attributable to any land forming part of the claim area shall be taken to have been so much of the amount of that claim as might reasonably be expected to have been attributed to that land, if the authority determining that amount had been required to apportion it, in accordance with the same principles as applied to its determination, between that land and the residue of the claim area.

92 Adjustment of claim holdings

- (1) The provisions of the Fifth Schedule to this Act shall have effect for the purposes of this Part of this Act; and any reference in this Part of this Act to the adjustment of claim holdings is a reference to the operation of those provisions.
- (2) For the purposes of this Part of this Act the adjustment of claim holdings shall be deemed to have been completed on the first day of January, nineteen hundred and fifty-five.

93 General provision for continuance of original unexpended balance

Where in accordance with section ninety of this Act land had an original unexpended balance of established development value, then, subject to the following provisions of this Part of this Act, that land shall be taken—

- (a) to have continued to have that balance until the commencement of this Act, and
- (b) to continue to have that balance at all times thereafter.

94 Reduction or extinguishment of balance in consequence of compensation

- (1) Where at any time compensation becomes payable under this Part of this Act, or became payable under Part II of the Act of 1954, in respect of depreciation of the value of an interest in land by a planning decision, then, for the purpose of determining whether that land or any part thereof has or had an unexpended balance of established development value at any subsequent time, the amount of the compensation shall be deducted from the original unexpended balance of established development value of that land, and the original unexpended balance of that land or that part thereof shall be treated as having been reduced or extinguished accordingly immediately before that subsequent time.
- (2) The preceding subsection shall have effect subject to the provisions of this Part of this Act relating to the recovery of compensation on subsequent development.

95 Reduction or extinguishment of balance on initiation of new development

- (1) Where in accordance with section ninety of this Act land had an original unexpended balance of established development value, and at any time on or after the appointed day (whether before or after the commencement of this Act) any new development of that land is or was initiated, then (subject to the following provisions of this section) for the purpose of determining whether that land or any part thereof has or had an unexpended balance of established development value at any subsequent time.—
- (a) if the development relates or related only to that land, the value of that development (ascertained, with reference to that subsequent time, in accordance with the provisions of the Sixth Schedule to this Act), or

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- (b) if the development relates or related to that land together with other land, so much of the value of that development (so ascertained) as is or was attributable to that land,
- shall be deducted from the original unexpended balance of established development value of that land, and the original unexpended balance of that land or that part thereof shall be treated as having been reduced or extinguished accordingly immediately before that subsequent time.
- (2) The preceding subsection shall not apply to any land if, in respect of any interest therein, a payment has become or becomes payable under section fifty-nine of the Act of 1947 (which provided for payments in respect of certain war-damaged land).
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (1) of this section no account shall be taken of any development initiated before the first day of January, nineteen hundred and fifty-five, if—
- (a) a development charge under Part VII of the Act of 1947 was determined to be payable in respect thereof, or would have fallen to be so determined but for any exemption conferred by regulations under that Part of that Act, or by any provisions of Part VIII of that Act, or
- (b) in a certificate issued under section fifty-eight of the Act of 1954 (which related to monopoly value of licensed premises) it was certified that a development charge could have been determined to be payable in respect of that development if the circumstances referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of that section had not existed.

96 Reduction or extinguishment of balance on acquisition of land under compulsory powers

- (1) Where in the case of—
- (a) a compulsory acquisition to which this section applies, or
- (b) a sale of an interest in land by agreement in circumstances corresponding to such an acquisition,
- any of the land in which the interest acquired or sold subsists or subsisted has or had an unexpended balance of established development value immediately before the relevant date (in this section referred to as “the relevant balance”) the following provisions of this section shall have effect for the purpose of determining whether that land or any part thereof has or had an unexpended balance of established development value at any subsequent time.
- (2) This section applies—
- (a) to every compulsory acquisition of an interest in land in pursuance of a notice to treat served on or after the thirtieth day of October, nineteen hundred and fifty-eight, whether before or after the commencement of this Act. and
- (b) to every compulsory acquisition of an interest in land, in pursuance of a notice to treat served on or after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and fifty-five, but before the said thirtieth day of October, by an authority possessing compulsory purchase powers, being at that time a government department or local or public authority within the meaning of the Acquisition of Land (Assessment of Compensation) Act, 1919, or a person or body of persons to whom that Act applied as it applied to such a department or authority.

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- (3) Unless, immediately after the acquisition or sale, there is or was outstanding some interest (other than an excepted interest) in the land to which some person other than the acquiring authority is or was entitled, the original unexpended balance of established development of that land shall be treated as having been extinguished immediately before the subsequent time referred to in subsection (1) of this section.
- (4) If, immediately after the acquisition or sale, there is or was such an outstanding interest (other than an excepted interest) as is mentioned in the last preceding subsection, there shall be deducted from the said original balance an amount equal to any part of the relevant balance which is or was not attributable to any such outstanding interest, and the original unexpended balance of established development value of the land or the part thereof in question shall be treated as having been reduced or extinguished accordingly immediately before that subsequent time.
- (5) For the purposes of this section any question as to the portion of the relevant balance which is or was attributable to an interest in land—
- (a) in relation to a compulsory acquisition to which this section applies, shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Seventh Schedule to this Act, and
 - (b) in relation to a sale of an interest in land by agreement in circumstances corresponding to such an acquisition, shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of that Schedule as those provisions would apply if the sale had been a compulsory acquisition in pursuance of a notice to treat served on the relevant date.
- (6) Any reference in this or the next following section to a sale of an interest in land by agreement in circumstances corresponding to a compulsory acquisition to which this section applies is a reference to a sale thereof—
- (a) to an authority possessing compulsory purchase powers, in pursuance of a contract made on or after the thirtieth day of October, nineteen hundred and fifty-eight, whether before or after the commencement of this Act, or
 - (b) to such an authority possessing compulsory purchase powers as is mentioned in paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of this section, in pursuance of a contract made on or after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and fifty-five, but before the said thirtieth day of October.
- (7) In this section “the relevant date” means the date of service of the notice to treat or the date of the contract in pursuance of which the interest was sold, as the case may be, and “excepted interest” means the interest of any such person as is mentioned in section one hundred and twenty-one of the Lands Clauses Consolidation Act, 1845 (which relates to persons having no greater interest than as tenant for a year or from year to year).

97 Reduction or extinguishment of balance in consequence of severance or injurious affection

- (1) Where in connection with—
- (a) a compulsory acquisition to which the last preceding section applies, or
 - (b) a sale of an interest in land by agreement in circumstances corresponding to such an acquisition,
- compensation is or was payable, or an amount is or was included in the purchase price, in respect of an interest in land other than the relevant land (in this section referred to

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as “the interest affected”), for damage sustained by reason that the relevant land is or was severed from other land held therewith, or that any other land (whether held with the relevant land or not) is or was injuriously affected, then (subject to the following provisions of this section) for the purpose of determining whether that other land or any part thereof has or had an unexpended balance of established development value at any subsequent time, there shall be deducted from the original unexpended balance of established development value of that other land an amount calculated in accordance with the following provisions of this section, and the original unexpended balance of that land, or of the part thereof in question, as the case may be, shall be treated as having been reduced or extinguished accordingly immediately before that subsequent time.

- (2) In the case of an acquisition or sale in pursuance of a notice to treat served, or contract made, on or after the thirtieth day of October, nineteen hundred and fifty-eight, the amount to be deducted, as mentioned in the preceding subsection, shall be the amount (if any) by which the compensation payable, or amount included in the purchase price, as therein mentioned exceeds or exceeded the compensation which would have been so payable, or the amount which would have been so included, if the extent of the damage sustained in respect of the other land in question had fallen to be ascertained on the assumption that planning permission would not be granted for any new development of that land, but would be granted for any development thereof other than new development.
- (3) The following provisions of this section shall have effect with respect to any such acquisition or sale as is mentioned in subsection (1) of this section, being an acquisition or sale in pursuance of a notice to treat served, or contract made, before the thirtieth day of October, nineteen hundred and fifty-eight; and any such acquisition or sale is hereinafter referred to as an acquisition or sale to which this subsection applies.
- (4) No such deduction as is mentioned in subsection (1) of this section shall be made in the case of an acquisition or sale to which the last preceding subsection applies unless—
 - (a) where it was a compulsory acquisition, an amount was paid by way of compensation as mentioned in the said subsection (1);
 - (b) the amount which was so paid, or, in the case of a sale by agreement, was included in the purchase price as mentioned in the said subsection (1) (hereafter in this section referred to as “the sum paid for severance or injurious affection”) exceeded the loss of immediate value of the interest affected; and
 - (c) where it was a sale by agreement, the other land in question was held with the relevant land.
- (5) Subject to the last preceding subsection, the amount to be deducted as mentioned in subsection (1) of this section, in the case of an acquisition or sale to which subsection (3) of this section applies, shall be the amount by which the sum paid for severance or injurious affection exceeded the loss of immediate value of the interest affected.
- (6) The following provisions of this subsection shall have effect, in the case of an acquisition or sale to which subsection (3) of this section applies, where so much (if any) of the sum paid for severance or injurious affection as was attributable to the loss of immediate value of the interest affected was less than the depreciation in restricted value of that interest, that is to say.—
 - (a) the amount of the difference shall be ascertained, and
 - (b) for the purpose of determining whether, at any time after the acquisition or sale, the land in which the interest affected subsisted or any part thereof had

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or has an unexpended balance of established development value (whether or not that land or any part thereof would apart from this subsection have had an original unexpended balance of established development value) a claim holding with an area consisting of that land and a value equal to seven-eighths of the amount of the difference shall be deemed to have subsisted immediately after the time when the adjustment of claim holdings was completed.

(7) In this section—

“the loss of immediate value ” means the amount (if any) by which the difference in the value of the interest affected, immediately before and immediately after the acquisition or sale, exceeded the loss of development value;

“the loss of development value ” means the amount (if any) by which the value of the interest affected immediately before the acquisition or sale, if calculated on the assumption that, until such time as the land in which that interest subsisted might reasonably be expected to become ripe for new development, no use whatever could be made of that land, would have exceeded the value of that interest immediately after the acquisition or sale if calculated on the like assumption;

“the depreciation in restricted value ” means the amount (if any) by which the value of the interest affected, immediately after the acquisition or sale, would have been less than the value of that interest immediately before the acquisition or sale, if both values were calculated on the assumption that planning permission would not be granted for any new development of that land, but would be granted for any development thereof other than new development;

“the relevant land ”, in relation to an acquisition or sale, means the land in which the interest acquired or sold subsisted.

98 Supplementary provisions as to deductions from original balance

- (1) Where, immediately after the time when the adjustment of claim holdings was completed, any land taken as a whole had an original unexpended balance of established development value, and at any time thereafter (whether before or after the commencement of this Act) an act or event occurs or has occurred in relation to part of that land such that, in accordance with any of the preceding provisions of this Part of this Act, an amount is required to be deducted from the original unexpended balance of that part of that land for the purpose of determining whether it has or had an unexpended balance of established development value at any subsequent time, then (without prejudice to the operation of any of the preceding provisions of this Part of this Act with respect to any part of the land taken separately) the land taken as a whole shall be treated as not having (or as not having had) any such balance at that subsequent time.
- (2) Where in accordance with any of the preceding provisions of this Part of this Act an amount is required to be deducted from the original unexpended balance of established development value of any land, there shall be attributed to the various parts of that land so much of that amount as might reasonably be expected to have been attributed thereto if the authority determining the amount had been required to apportion it between those parts in accordance with the same principles as applied to its determination.
- (3) Where two or more acts or events occur or have occurred in relation to the same land (whether before or after the commencement of this Act) such that, in accordance

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with any of the preceding provisions of this Part of this Act, an amount is required to be deducted from the original unexpended balance of established development value of that land or any part thereof, those provisions shall apply cumulatively, and the requisite deduction from the original unexpended balance of established development value of that land shall be made by reference to each of those acts or events.

99 Provision of information relating to unexpended balance

- (1) Subject to the provisions of this section, the Minister shall, on application being made to him by any person, and may if he thinks fit without any such application, issue a certificate in the prescribed form with respect to any land stating whether any of that land had an original unexpended balance of established development value, and, if so.—
 - (a) giving a general statement of what was taken by the Central Land Board, for the purposes of Part VI of the Act of 1947, to be the state of that land on the appointed day, and
 - (b) specifying (subject to any outstanding claims under Part I or Part V of the Act of 1954) the amount of that original balance.
- (2) Any such certificate issued with respect to any land may, if the Minister thinks fit, contain additional information with respect to acts or events in consequence of which, in accordance with any of the preceding provisions of this Part of this Act, an amount is required to be deducted from the original unexpended balance of established development value of any of that land.
- (3) Where, at any time on or after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and fifty-five (whether before or after the commencement of this Act), a notice to treat has been served with a view to the compulsory acquisition of an interest in land by an authority possessing compulsory purchase powers, that authority may apply to the Minister for, and shall be entitled to the issue of, a certificate showing the unexpended balance of established development value (if any) of any of that land immediately before the service of that notice.
- (4) Where the issue of a certificate under this section with respect to any land involves a new apportionment, or, in the case of a certificate under the last preceding subsection, involves the calculation of a deduction from the original unexpended balance of established development value by virtue of section ninety-five of this Act, then—
 - (a) except in the case of a certificate under the last preceding subsection, or of a certificate which the Minister proposes to issue without any application being made for it, the certificate shall not be issued otherwise than on the application of a person who is for the time being entitled to an interest in that land ;
 - (b) before issuing the certificate, the Minister shall give notice in writing to any person entitled to an interest in land appearing to him to be an interest which will be substantially affected by the apportionment or calculation, giving particulars of the proposed apportionment or calculation, and stating that objections or other representations with respect thereto may be made to the Minister within the period of thirty days from the date of the notice; and
 - (c) the certificate shall not be issued before the end of that period, and if Within that period an objection to the proposed apportionment or calculation has been made by any person to whom notice has been given under the last preceding paragraph, or by any other person who establishes that he is entitled to an interest in land which is substantially affected by the apportionment or

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calculation, and that objection has not been withdrawn, the next following subsection shall have effect.

- (5) Where by virtue of paragraph (c) of the last preceding subsection this subsection is to have effect, then—
- (a) if within a further period of thirty days the person by whom any such objection was made requires the dispute to be referred to the Lands Tribunal, the dispute shall be so referred, and the certificate shall not be issued until either the Tribunal has decided the matter or the reference to the Tribunal has been withdrawn ;
 - (b) the certificate may be issued before the end of the said further period if every such objection has been withdrawn;
 - (c) the certificate shall be issued at the end of that further period, notwithstanding that every such objection has not been withdrawn, if no requirement has within that period been made under paragraph (a) of this subsection.
- (6) Where, on a reference to the Lands Tribunal under this section, it is shown that a new apportionment relates partly to the same matters as a previous apportionment, and is consistent with that previous apportionment in so far as it relates to those matters, the Tribunal shall not vary the new apportionment in such a way as to be inconsistent with the previous apportionment in so far as it relates to those matters.
- (7) A certificate under subsection (3) of this section shall be conclusive evidence of the unexpended balance shown therein ; and a certificate under subsection (1) of this section shall be sufficient proof of any facts stated therein unless the contrary is shown.
- (8) An application for a certificate under this section shall be made in such form and manner as may be prescribed, and shall be accompanied by sufficient particulars, including a map if necessary, to enable the land to be identified, and, where a new apportionment will be involved, particulars of the nature of the applicant's interest, and such information as to the nature of any other interest in the land, and as to the name and address of the person entitled to that other interest, as may be known to the applicant.
- (9) On any application under subsection (1) of this section the applicant shall pay in the prescribed manner a fee of five shillings, and, if the application involves a new apportionment, the certificate shall not be issued until the applicant has paid in the prescribed manner a further fee of fifteen shillings.
- (10) In this section “new apportionment” means an apportionment which relates wholly or partly to any matter to which no previous apportionment related.

Right to compensation

100 General provision as to right to compensation

Subject to the provisions of this Part of this Act, a person shall be entitled to compensation under this Part of this Act in respect of a planning decision whereby planning permission for the carrying out of new development of land is refused, or is granted subject to conditions, if—

- (a) at the time of the decision he is entitled to an interest in any land to which the decision relates which has an unexpended balance of established development value, and

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- (b) the value of that interest, or, in the case of an interest extending to other land, the value of that interest in so far as it subsists in such land as is referred to in the preceding paragraph, is depreciated by the decision.

101 Planning decisions not ranking for compensation

- (1) Compensation under this Part of this Act shall not be payable—
 - (a) in respect of the refusal of planning permission for any development which consists of or includes the making of any material change in the use of any buildings or other land, or
 - (b) in respect of any decision made on an application in pursuance of regulations under section thirty-four of this Act for consent to the display of advertisements.
- (2) Compensation under this Part of this Act shall not be payable in respect of the imposition, on the granting of planning permission to develop land, of any condition relating to—
 - (a) the number or disposition of buildings on any land;
 - (b) the dimensions, design, structure or external appearance of any building, or the materials to be used in its construction;
 - (c) the manner in which any land is to be laid out for the purposes of the development, including the provision of facilities for the parking, loading, unloading or fuelling of vehicles on the land;
 - (d) the use of any buildings or other land; or
 - (e) the location or design of any means of access to a high way, or the materials to be used in the construction of any such means of access,

or in respect of any condition subject to which permission is granted for the winning and working of minerals.

In this subsection “means of access to a highway” does not include a service road.

- (3) Compensation under this Part of this Act shall not be payable in respect of the refusal of permission to develop land, if the reason or one of the reasons stated for the refusal is that development of the kind proposed would be premature by reference to either or both of the following matters, that is to say—
 - (a) the order of priority (if any) indicated in the development plan for the area in which the land is situated for development in that area;
 - (b) any existing deficiency in the provision of water supplies or sewerage services, and the period within which any such deficiency may reasonably be expected to be made good:

Provided that this subsection shall not apply if the planning decision refusing the permission is made on an application made more than seven years after the date of a previous planning decision whereby permission to develop the same land was refused for the same reason, or for reasons which included the same reason.

- (4) Compensation under this Part of this Act shall not be payable in respect of the refusal of permission to develop land, if the reason or one of the reasons stated for the refusal is that the land is unsuitable for the proposed development on account of its liability to flooding or to subsidence.
- (5) In subsection (3) of this section, the reference to the development plan for the area in which the land is situated is a reference to the development plan for that area as

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approved by the Minister, or, if the plan so approved has been amended by the Minister, to that plan as so amended.

- (6) For the purposes of this section, a planning decision whereby permission to develop land is granted subject to a condition prohibiting development on a specified part of that land shall be treated as a decision refusing the permission with respect to that part of the land.

102 No compensation if certain other development permitted

- (1) Compensation under this Part of this Act shall not be payable in respect of a planning decision whereby permission is refused for the development of land if, notwithstanding that refusal, there is available with respect to that land planning permission for development to which this section applies:

Provided that, where such permission is available with respect to part only of the land, this section shall have effect only in so far as the interest subsists in that part.

- (2) Where a claim for compensation under this Part of this Act is made in respect of an interest in any land, planning permission for development to which this section applies shall be taken for the purposes of this section to be available with respect to that land or a part thereof if, immediately before the Minister gives notice of his findings in respect of that claim, there is in force with respect to that land, or that part thereof, a grant of, or an undertaking by the Minister to grant, planning permission for some such development, subject to no conditions other than such as are mentioned in subsection (2) of the last preceding section.
- (3) This section applies to any development of a residential, commercial or industrial character, being development which consists wholly or mainly of the construction of houses, flats, shop or office premises, or industrial buildings (including warehouses), or any combination thereof.

103 Further exclusions from compensation

- (1) Where an interest in any land has (whether before or after the commencement of this Act) been compulsorily acquired by, or sold to, an authority possessing compulsory purchase powers (not being statutory undertakers or the National Coal Board), that authority, and any person deriving title from that authority under a disposition made by that authority on or at any time after the appointed day, shall not be entitled to compensation under this Part of this Act in respect of a planning decision made after the service of the notice to treat, or after the making of the contract of sale, as the case may be, by reason that the value of that interest, or of any interest created (whether immediately or derivatively) out of that interest, is depreciated by the decision.
- (2) The preceding subsection shall apply to land which has at any time on or after the appointed day (whether before or after the commencement of this Act) been appropriated by a local authority for a purpose for which the authority could have been authorised to acquire the land compulsorily, as it applies to land in which an interest has been acquired as mentioned in that subsection, with the substitution, for the reference to the service of the notice to treat, of a reference to the appropriation.
- (3) Where at the relevant date any land was or is operational land of statutory undertakers, or land of the National Coal Board of a class specified in regulations made under section ninety of the Act of 1947 or under section two hundred and four of this Act,

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the statutory undertakers or the National Coal Board, as the case may be, and any person deriving title from those undertakers or that Board, shall not be entitled to compensation under this Part of this Act, in respect of a planning decision made after the relevant date, by reason that the value of any interest in that land is depreciated by that decision.

In this subsection “the relevant date”, in relation to land which was such operational land or land of the National Coal Board as is mentioned in this subsection on the first day of January, nineteen hundred and fifty-five, means that day, and, in relation to land which (whether before or after the commencement of this Act) became or becomes such operational land or land of the National Coal Board on a date subsequent to the said first day of January, means that subsequent date.

- (4) A person shall not be entitled to compensation under this Part of this Act in respect of depreciation of the value of an interest in land by a planning decision if he is entitled to compensation by virtue of section one hundred and nineteen of this Act in respect of depreciation of the value of that interest by that decision.

104 Grant of planning permission treated as subject to notional condition

- (1) The provisions of this section shall have effect where—
- (a) on an application for planning permission for the carrying out of new development of land, a planning decision is made whereby the permission is granted, whether unconditionally or subject to conditions, and
 - (b) the Minister certifies that he is satisfied that particular buildings or works to which the application related were only included therein because the applicant had reason to believe that permission for the other development to which the application related (in this section referred to as “the principal development”) would not have been granted except subject to a condition requiring the erection or construction of those buildings or works.
- (2) Where the preceding subsection applies, then for the purposes of this Part of this Act—
- (a) the application shall be deemed to have included, in place of those buildings or works, such other development of the land on which the buildings or works were to be erected or constructed as might reasonably have been expected to have been included having regard to the principal development; and
 - (b) the permission shall be deemed to have been granted for the principal development subject to a condition requiring the erection or construction of those buildings or works.

105 Notice under s.40 treated as planning decision

Where a notice under subsection (1) of section forty of this Act is served in respect of the whole or part of any land, the provisions of this Part of this Act shall have effect as if the application, in consequence of which the notice is served, had been an effective application for planning permission, and as if the notice had been a planning decision of the local planning authority refusing that permission in respect of that land or that part thereof, as the case may be.

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Measure of compensation

106 General provisions as to amount of compensation

- (1) Where a person is entitled to compensation under this Part of this Act in respect of depreciation by a planning decision of the value of an interest in land, the amount of the compensation, subject to the following provisions of this section, shall be whichever is the lesser of the following amounts, that is to say.—
 - (a) the amount by which the value of that interest (if it is an interest subsisting only in land to which this section applies), or (if it is an interest extending to other land) the amount by which the value of the interest in so far as it subsists in land to which this section applies, is depreciated by the decision ; and
 - (b) the amount of the unexpended balance of established development value, immediately before the decision, of so much of the land in which the interest subsists as is land to which this section applies.
- (2) Land to which this section applies, in relation to a planning decision, is land which—
 - (a) constitutes or forms part of the decision area, and
 - (b) at the time of the decision has an unexpended balance of established development value.
- (3) If, in the case of any land to which this section applies, compensation is payable under this Part of this Act in respect of two or more interests in that land by reason of the same planning decision, and the aggregate amount of compensation payable apart from this subsection in respect of those interests would exceed the amount mentioned in paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of this section, the amount mentioned in that paragraph shall be allocated between those interests in proportion to the depreciation of the value of each of them respectively, and the amount of the compensation payable in respect of any of those interests shall be the sum so allocated to that interest.
- (4) Where the land constituting the decision area, taken as a whole, does not satisfy both of the following conditions, that is to say.—
 - (a) that at the time of the decision it has an unexpended balance of established development value, and
 - (b) that every interest subsisting therein, the value of which is depreciated by the decision, subsists in the whole of that land,

the provisions of the next following subsection shall have effect for the purpose of assessing the compensation payable under this Part of this Act in respect of any interest subsisting in that land or any part thereof.
- (5) Where this subsection applies in relation to an interest in land—
 - (a) the depreciation of the value of the interest by the planning decision shall first be ascertained with reference to the whole of the land which constitutes or forms part of the decision area and is land in which that interest subsists;
 - (b) the land referred to in the preceding paragraph shall then be treated as divided into as many parts as may be requisite to ensure that each such part consists of land which either satisfies both of the conditions mentioned in the last preceding subsection or is not land which, at the time of the decision, has an unexpended balance of established development value ; and
 - (c) the depreciation of the value of the interest, ascertained in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subsection, shall then be apportioned between those parts,

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according to the nature of those parts and the effect of the planning decision in relation to each of them,

and the amount of the compensation shall be the aggregate of the amounts which would be payable by virtue of the preceding provisions of this section if the planning decision had been made separately with respect to each of those parts.

- (6) In this section “the decision area ” in relation to a planning decision means the aggregate of the land to which the decision relates.

107 Assessment of depreciation

- (1) For the purposes of this Part of this Act, the value of an interest in land, or of an interest in so far as it subsists in particular land, shall be taken to be depreciated by a planning decision (in this section referred to as “the relevant decision ”) if, and to the extent to which, that value, calculated in accordance with the following provisions of this section, falls short of what that value, so calculated, would have been if the relevant decision had been a decision to the contrary effect.
- (2) Subject to the following provisions of this section, any such value shall for the purposes of this section be calculated—
- (a) as at the time of the relevant decision, but
 - (b) as affected by that decision, by any grant of planning permission made after that decision and in force immediately before the Minister gives notice of his findings on the claim for compensation in respect of that decision, and by any undertaking to grant planning permission so in force, and
 - (c) on the assumption that, after the relevant decision, and apart from any such permission or undertaking as is mentioned in the last preceding paragraph, planning permission would not be granted for any new development of the land in question, but would be granted for any development thereof other than new development.
- (3) If in consequence of another planning decision or of an order, being a decision or order made—
- (a) before the relevant decision, and
 - (b) either in respect of the whole or part of the land to which the relevant decision relates, or in respect of land which includes the whole or part of that land,
- compensation to which this subsection applies has become or becomes payable in respect of that other planning decision or that order, the calculation to be made under this section shall be made as if that other planning decision had been a decision to the contrary effect, or that order had not been made, as the case may be.
- (4) The last preceding subsection applies—
- (a) to any compensation payable under this Part of this Act, or under Part II or Part V of the Act of 1954, and
 - (b) to so much of any compensation payable under section one hundred and eighteen of this Act, or under the provisions of that section as applied by section one hundred and nineteen thereof, and so much of any compensation to which Part IV of the Act of 1954 applied, as is or was payable in respect of loss or damage consisting of depreciation of the value of an interest in land.
- (5) In this section “a decision to the contrary effect”—

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- (a) in relation to a decision refusing permission, means a decision granting the permission subject to such conditions (if any) of a description falling within subsection (2) of section one hundred and one of this Act as the authority making the decision might reasonably have been expected to impose if the permission had not been refused; and
- (b) in relation to a decision granting the permission subject to conditions, means a decision granting the permission applied for subject only to such of those conditions (if any) as fell within subsection (2) of that section.

Claims for, and payment of, compensation

108 General provisions as to claims for compensation

- (1) Compensation under this Part of this Act shall not be payable unless a claim for it is duly made in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- (2) A claim for compensation under this Part of this Act shall not have effect unless it is made before the end of the period of six months beginning with the date of the planning decision to which it relates:

Provided that the Minister may in any particular case (either before, on or after the date on which the time for claiming would otherwise have expired) allow an extended, or further extended, period for making such a claim.

- (3) Regulations made under this section may—
 - (a) require claims for compensation under this Part of this Act to be made in a form prescribed by the regulations;
 - (b) require a claimant to provide such evidence in support of the claim, and such information as to the interest of the claimant in the land to which the claim relates, and as to the interests of other persons therein which are known to the claimant, as may be so prescribed.
- (4) Any claim for such compensation in respect of a planning decision shall be sent to the local planning authority; and it shall be the duty of that authority, as soon as may be after receipt of a claim, to transmit the claim to the Minister, and to furnish the Minister with—
 - (a) any evidence or other information provided by the claimant in accordance with regulations made under this section, and
 - (b) such other information (if any) as may be required by or under regulations made under this section, being information appearing to the Minister to be relevant to the exercise of his powers under the provisions of Part III of this Act relating to the review of planning decisions where compensation is claimed.
- (5) Where a claim is transmitted to the Minister under the last preceding subsection—
 - (a) if it appears to the Minister that the development to which the planning decision related was not new development, or that at the time of the planning decision no part of the land to which the claim relates had an unexpended balance of established development value, or that compensation is excluded by section one hundred and one or section one hundred and two of this Act, the Minister shall notify the claimant accordingly, stating on which of those grounds it appears to him that compensation is not payable, and inviting the claimant to withdraw the claim;

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- (b) unless the claim is withdrawn, the Minister shall give notice of the claim to every other person (if any) appearing to him to have an interest in the land to which the planning decision related.

109 Effect on claims of direction under s.25

- (1) Where, in accordance with subsection (3) of section twenty-six of this Act, the Minister gives notice of a direction under section twenty-five of this Act to a person who has made a claim for compensation in respect of the planning decision to which that direction relates, that person, if he does not withdraw the claim, may, at any time within thirty days after the service on him of the Minister's notice, give notice to the Minister modifying the claim.
- (2) Subject to any modification by virtue of a notice given by a claimant under the preceding subsection, where the Minister gives a direction under section twenty-five of this Act in respect of a decision of a local planning authority, any claim made in respect of that decision shall have effect as if it had been made in respect of the decision which, by virtue of the direction, is substituted for the decision of the authority, or, as the case may be, as if it had been made in respect of the decision of the authority as modified by the direction.

110 Determination of claims

- (1) Provision shall be made by regulations under this section—
 - (a) for requiring claims for compensation under this Part of this Act to be determined by the Minister in such manner as may be prescribed by the regulations;
 - (b) for regulating the practice and procedure to be followed in connection with the determination of such claims ;
 - (c) for requiring the Minister, on determining any such claim, to give notice of his findings to the claimant, and to every other person (if any) who has made a claim for compensation under this Part of this Act in respect of the same planning decision, and, if his findings include an apportionment, to give particulars of the apportionment to any other person entitled to an interest in land appearing to the Minister to be an interest substantially affected by the apportionment.
- (2) Subject to the next following subsection, provision shall be made by regulations under this section—
 - (a) for enabling the claimant or any other person to whom notice of the Minister's findings has been given in accordance with the preceding subsection, if he wishes to dispute the findings, and any other person to whom particulars of an apportionment included in those findings have been so given, or who establishes that he is entitled to an interest in land which is substantially affected by such an apportionment, if he wishes to dispute the apportionment, to require the findings, or, as the case may be, the apportionment, to be referred to the Lands Tribunal;
 - (b) for enabling the claimant and every other person to whom notice of any findings or apportionment has been given as mentioned in the preceding paragraph to be heard by the Tribunal on any reference under this section of those findings or of that apportionment, as the case may be; and

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- (c) for requiring the Tribunal, on any such reference, either to confirm or to vary the Minister's findings or the apportionment, as the case may be, and to notify the parties of the decision of the Tribunal.
- (3) Where on a reference to the Lands Tribunal under this section it is shown that an apportionment relates wholly or partly to the same matters as a previous apportionment, and is consistent with that previous apportionment in so far as it relates to those matters, the Tribunal shall not vary the apportionment in such a way as to be inconsistent with the previous apportionment in so far as it relates to those matters.

111 Payment of compensation

Where compensation is determined under the last preceding section to be payable, the Minister shall pay the compensation to the person entitled thereto in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Part of this Act.

Subsequent recovery of compensation

112 Apportionment and registration of compensation

- (1) Where, on a claim for compensation under this Part of this Act in respect of a planning decision, the Minister determines that compensation is payable and that the amount of the compensation exceeds twenty pounds, the Minister shall (if it appears to him to be practicable to do so) apportion the amount of the compensation between different parts of the land to which the claim for compensation relates, and shall include particulars of the apportionment in the notice of his findings under section one hundred and ten of this Act.
- (2) In carrying out an apportionment under the preceding subsection the Minister shall divide the land into parts, and shall distribute the compensation between those parts, according to the way in which the different parts of the land appear to him to be differently affected by the planning decision.
- (3) On a reference to the Lands Tribunal under section one hundred and ten of this Act, unless the decision of the Tribunal will not affect the amount of the compensation or any apportionment thereof by the Minister, the preceding provisions of this section shall apply with the substitution, for references to the Minister, of references to the Lands Tribunal.
- (4) Where, on a claim for compensation under this Part of this Act in respect of a planning decision, compensation has become payable of an amount exceeding twenty pounds, the Minister shall cause notice of that fact, specifying the planning decision and the land to which the claim for compensation relates, and the amount of the compensation and any apportionment thereof under this section, to be deposited with the council of the county borough or county district in which the land is situated, and, if that council is not the local planning authority, with the local planning authority.
- (5) Notices deposited under this section shall be registered in the register of local land charges, in such manner as may be prescribed by rules made for the purposes of this section under subsection (6) of section fifteen of the Land Charges Act, 1925, by the proper officer of the council of the county borough or county district.
- (6) In relation to compensation specified in a notice registered under this section, references in this Part of this Act to so much of the compensation as is attributable to

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a part of the land to which the notice relates shall be construed in accordance with the following provisions, that is to say.—

- (a) if the notice does not include an apportionment under the preceding provisions of this section, the amount of the compensation shall be treated as distributed rateably according to area over the land to which the notice relates;
- (b) if the notice includes such an apportionment, the compensation shall be treated as distributed in accordance with that apportionment as between the different parts of the land by reference to which the apportionment is made; and so much of the compensation as, in accordance with the apportionment, is attributed to a part of the land shall be treated as distributed rateably according to area over that part of the land.

113 Recovery of compensation on subsequent development

- (1) No person shall carry out any new development to which this section applies, on land in respect of which a notice (hereafter in this Part of 'this Act referred to as a "compensation notice ") is registered under the last preceding section, until such amount (if any) as is recoverable under this section in respect of the compensation specified in the notice has been paid or secured to the satisfaction of the Minister.
- (2) Subject to the following provisions of this section, this section applies to any new development—
 - (a) which is development of a residential, commercial or industrial character and consists wholly or mainly of the construction of houses, flats, shop or office premises, or industrial buildings (including warehouses), or any combination thereof, or
 - (b) which consists in the Winning and working of minerals, or
 - (c) to which, having regard to the probable value of the development, it is in the opinion of the Minister reasonable that this section should apply.
- (3) This section shall not apply to any development by virtue of paragraph (c) of the last preceding subsection if, on an application made to him for the purpose, the Minister has certified that, having regard to the probable value of the development, it is not in his opinion reasonable that this section should apply thereto.
- (4) Where the compensation specified in the compensation notice became payable in respect of the imposition of conditions on the granting of permission to develop land, this section shall not apply to the development for which that permission was granted.

114 Amount recoverable, and provisions for payment or remission thereof

- (1) Subject to the following provisions of this section, the amount recoverable under the last preceding section in respect of the compensation specified in a compensation notice—
 - (a) if the land on which the development is to be carried out (in this subsection referred to as "the development area ") is identical with, or includes (with other land) the whole of, the land comprised in the compensation notice, shall be the amount of compensation specified in that notice;
 - (b) if the development area forms part of the land comprised in the compensation notice, or includes part of that land together with other land not comprised in that notice, shall be so much of the amount of the compensation specified in

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that notice as is attributable to land comprised in that notice and falling within the development area.

- (2) Where, in the case of any land in respect of which a compensation notice has been registered, the Minister is satisfied, having regard to the probable value of any proper development of that land, that no such development is likely to be carried out unless he exercises his powers under this subsection, he may, in the case of any particular development, remit the whole or part of any amount otherwise recoverable under the last preceding section; and where part only of any such amount has been remitted, he shall cause the compensation notice to be amended by substituting therein, for the statement of the amount of the compensation, in so far as it is attributable to that land, a statement of the amount which has been remitted under this subsection.
- (3) Where, in connection with the development of any land, an amount becomes recoverable under the last preceding section in respect of the compensation specified in a compensation notice, then, except where, and to the extent that, payment of that amount has been remitted under the last preceding subsection, no amount shall be recoverable under the last preceding section in respect of that compensation, in so far as it is attributable to that land, in connection with any subsequent development thereof.
- (4) No amount shall be recoverable under the last preceding section in respect of any compensation by reference to which a sum has become recoverable by the Minister under section one hundred and ninety of this Act.
- (5) An amount recoverable under the last preceding section in respect of any compensation shall be payable to the Minister, and—
 - (a) shall be so payable either as a single capital payment or as a series of installments of capital and interest combined, or as a series of other annual or periodical payments, of such amounts, and payable at such times, as the Minister may direct, after taking into account any representations made by the person by whom the development is to be carried out; and
 - (b) except where the amount is payable as a single capital payment, shall be secured by that person in such manner (whether by mortgage, covenant or otherwise) as the Minister may direct.
- (6) If any person initiates any new development to which the last preceding section applies in contravention of subsection (1) of that section, the Minister may serve a notice on him specifying the amount appearing to the Minister to be the amount recoverable under that section in respect of the compensation in question, and requiring him to pay that amount to the Minister within such period, not being less than three months after the service of the notice, as may be specified in the notice.

115 Amount recovered not to be deducted from unexpended balance

- (1) Where an amount has become recoverable under section one hundred and thirteen of this Act in respect of the compensation specified in a compensation notice, the following provisions of this section shall have effect for the purpose of determining any question as to the unexpended balance of established development value of any land at any subsequent time.
- (2) Except where, and to the extent that, payment of that amount has been remitted under the last preceding section, so much (if any) of that compensation as is attributable to that land shall, for the purpose mentioned in the preceding subsection, be treated as not

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having become payable, and accordingly (notwithstanding anything in section ninety-four of this Act) shall not be deducted from that balance.

Supplementary provisions

116 Mortgages, rentcharges and settlements

- (1) Regulations made under this section may make provision as to the exercise of the right to claim compensation under this Part of this Act, and as to the person to whom such compensation or any part thereof is to be paid, and as to the application of any such compensation or any part thereof, in cases where, apart from this section, the right to claim the compensation is exercisable by reference to an interest in land which is subject to a mortgage, or to a rentcharge, or to the trusts of a settlement, or which was so subject at a time specified in the regulations.
- (2) In relation to any case where, by virtue of any such regulations, compensation or a part thereof is to be paid to the owner of a rentcharge, the regulations may apply all or any of the provisions of section twenty-five of the War Damage Act, 1943 (which relates to the rights of owners of rentcharges as to payments for war damage) subject to such adaptations and modifications as may be prescribed by the regulations, and may provide for disputes arising under the regulations, so far as they relate to rentcharges, to be referred to the Lands Tribunal for determination by that tribunal.

117 Calculation of value

- (1) In calculating value for any of the purposes of this Part of this Act—
 - (a) rules (2) to (4) of the rules set out in section five of the Land Compensation Act, 1961, shall apply with the necessary modifications; and
 - (b) if the interest to be valued is subject to a mortgage, it shall be treated as if it were not subject to the mortgage:

Provided that rule (3) of those rules shall not apply for the purposes of the Sixth Schedule to this Act.

- (2) Where, for the purposes of any of the provisions of this Part of this Act, value falls to be calculated by reference to the duration of a tenancy, and, by reason of any option or other contractual right with respect to the determination, renewal or continuance of the tenancy, the date of expiry of the tenancy is not ascertainable with certainty, that date shall be taken to be such as appears reasonable and probable having regard to the interests of the party by whom the option is exercisable, or in whose favour the right operates, and to any other material considerations subsisting at the time when the calculation of value falls to be made.