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STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

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**1999 No. 1516**

**The Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Supply, Sale and Export of Petroleum and Petroleum Products) (No. 2) Regulations 1999**

**Penalties and Proceedings**

9.—(1) Any person guilty of an offence under regulation 3, regulation 4(2) or (3), regulation 6(3), regulation 7(8)(b)(ii) above or paragraph 5(b) or (d) of the Schedule to these Regulations shall be liable:

- (a) on conviction on indictment to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to a fine or to both; or
- (b) on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum.

(2) Any person guilty of an offence under regulation 5, regulation 6(2) or regulation 7(8)(a), (b)(i) or (c) above or paragraph 5(a) or (c) of the Schedule to these Regulations shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum.

(3) Where any body corporate is guilty of an offence under these Regulations, and that offence is proved to have been committed with the consent or connivance of, or to be attributable to any neglect on the part of, any director, manager, secretary or other similar officer of the body corporate or any person who was purporting to act in any such capacity, he, as well as the body corporate, shall be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

(4) Notwithstanding anything in section 127(1) of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980<sup>(1)</sup>, a summary offence under these Regulations may be tried by a magistrates' court in England and Wales if any information is laid at any time within three years after the commission of the offence and within 12 months after the date on which evidence sufficient in the opinion of the prosecutor to justify the proceedings comes to his knowledge.

(5) Notwithstanding anything in section 136 of the Criminal Procedure (Scotland) Act 1995<sup>(2)</sup> proceedings in Scotland for an offence under regulations 5, 6(2), 7(8)(a), (b)(i) or (c) or paragraph 5(a) or (c) of the Schedule to these Regulations may be commenced at any time within 12 months after the date on which evidence sufficient in the Lord Advocate's opinion to justify the proceedings came to his knowledge: and subsection (3) of that section applies for the purpose of this paragraph as it applies for the purpose of that section:

Provided that such proceedings shall not be commenced after the expiration of 3 years from the commission of the offence.

(6) Notwithstanding anything in article 19 of the Magistrates' Courts (Northern Ireland) Order 1981<sup>(3)</sup>, summary proceedings for an offence under these Regulations in Northern Ireland may be instituted at any time within 3 years after the commission of the offence and within 12 months after the date on which evidence sufficient in the opinion of the prosecutor to justify the proceedings comes to his knowledge.

(7) For the purposes of this regulation:

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(1) 1980 c. 43.  
(2) 1995 c. 46.  
(3) S.I.1981/1675 (N.I. 26).

- (a) a certificate signed by or on behalf of the prosecutor or the Lord Advocate (as the case may be) as to the date on which such evidence as is referred to in paragraphs (4), (5) and (6) above came to his knowledge shall be conclusive evidence of that fact; and
- (b) a certificate purporting to be so signed shall be presumed to be so signed unless the contrary is proved.

(8) Proceedings against any person for an offence under these Regulations may be taken before the appropriate court in the United Kingdom having jurisdiction in the place where that person is for the time being.

(9) In England and Wales, subsection (2) of section 24 of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984<sup>(4)</sup> shall apply to the offences under these Regulations that are not arrestable offences by virtue of the term of imprisonment for which a person may be sentenced in respect of them, as if they were mentioned in that subsection; and accordingly such offences shall be arrestable offences within the meaning of that Act.

(10) In Scotland, where a constable reasonably believes that a person has committed or is committing an offence under these Regulations he may arrest that person without a warrant.

(11) In Northern Ireland, paragraph (2) of article 26 of the Police and Criminal Evidence (Northern Ireland) Order 1989<sup>(5)</sup> shall apply to the offences under these Regulations that are not arrestable offences by virtue of a term of imprisonment for which a person may be sentenced in respect of them, as if they were mentioned in that paragraph; and accordingly such offences shall be arrestable offences within the meaning of that Order.

(12) No proceedings for an offence under these Regulations, other than for a summary offence, shall be instituted in England, Wales or Northern Ireland except by the Secretary of State or with the consent of the Attorney General or, as the case may be, the Attorney General for Northern Ireland:

Provided that this paragraph shall not prevent the arrest, or the issue or execution of a warrant for the arrest, of any person in respect of such an offence, or the remand in custody or on bail of any person charged with such an offence, notwithstanding that the necessary consent to the institution of proceedings for the offence has not been obtained.

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(4) 1984 c. 60.

(5) S.I. 1989/1341 (N.I. 12).