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STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

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**2006 No. 92**

**CREMATION, ENGLAND AND WALES**

**The Cremation (Amendment) Regulations 2006**

*Made* - - - - *18th January 2006*  
*Laid before Parliament* *23rd January 2006*  
*Coming into force* - - *14th February 2006*

The Secretary of State makes the following Regulations in exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Cremation Act 1902 (1):

**Citation, commencement and extent**

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Cremation (Amendment) Regulations 2006 and come into force on 14th February 2006.
2. These Regulations extend to England and Wales only.

**Amendment to the Regulations as to Cremation (1930)**

3. Amend the Regulations as to Cremation (1930)(2) as follows.
4. Amend the Definitions as follows—
  - (a) for the definition of “Body Parts” substitute—

““Body parts” means material which consists of, or includes, human cells from—

    - (a) a deceased person, whether or not separation from the body occurred before, after or during death; or
    - (b) a stillborn child.”;
  - (b) after the definition of “Cremation Authority” insert—

““incinerated” means burnt in an incinerator as part of one of the following activities in section 5.1 of Schedule 1 to the Pollution, Prevention and Control (England and Wales) Regulations 2000(3)—

    - (a) activities in Part A(1)(a), (c), (d) and (e);

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(1) 1902 c. 8 as amended by the Cremation Act 1952 c. 31 section 2 and the Finance Act 1949 c. 47 Schedule 11 Part V.  
(2) S.R. & O. 1930/1016 as amended by the Cremation (Amendment) Regulations 2000 S.I. 2000/58.  
(3) S.I. 2000/1973. Section 5.1 of Schedule 1 was substituted by S.I. 2002/2980 regulation 5(5)(a) and amended by S.I. 2004/3276 regulation 2(3)(h)(i).

- (b) activities in Part A(2)(a); and
    - (c) activities in Part B(a).
  - “List of Wastes Regulations” means—
    - (a) in relation to England, the List of Wastes (England) Regulations 2005(4); and
    - (b) in relation to Wales, the List of Wastes (Wales) Regulations 2005 (5).”;
  - (c) after the definition of “Medical Referee” insert—
    - ““permit” means a permit granted under regulation 10 of the Pollution Prevention and Control (England and Wales) Regulations 2000.”; and
  - (d) omit the definition of “The Act of 1926”.
5. In regulation 6—
- (a) for “Section 2(2) of the Act of 1926” substitute “Section 24(2) of the Act of 1953”; and
  - (b) for “Section 2(4) of the Act of 1926” substitute “Section 24(4) of the Act of 1953”.
6. In regulation 8 after (d) insert—
- “(dd) The death occurred outside the British Islands and the Coroner has certified on Form “E” that the death was by natural causes and no post-mortem examination or inquest is necessary; or”.
- 7.—(1) Amend regulation 12 as follows.
- (2) In paragraph (2)—
- (a) for “Section 2(1) of the Act of 1926” substitute “Section 24(1) of the Act of 1953”;
  - (b) for “Section 2(2) of the Act of 1926” substitute “Section 24(2) of the Act of 1953”; and
  - (c) for “Section 2(4) of the Act of 1926” substitute “Section 24(4) of the Act of 1953”.
- (3) In paragraph (8) for “without stating any reason” substitute “but must give reasons”.
8. In regulation 12A—
- (a) for paragraph 1(d) substitute—
    - “(d) in the case of the remains of a person who has died in any place outside the British Islands, Form “E” issued by a coroner.”; and
  - (b) Omit paragraph (2).
- 9.—(1) Amend Regulation 14A as follows.
- (2) For paragraph (1) substitute—
- “(1) The cremation of body parts can only take place in accordance with this regulation.”.
- (3) In paragraph (2)—
- (a) for sub-paragraph (a) substitute—
    - “(a) by the production of a certificate in Form “DD”;
    - or
    - (aa) by production of evidence that the body parts were removed in the course of a post-mortem examination carried out on the body of the deceased;”;
  - (b) in sub-paragraph (b)—
    - (i) after sub-paragraph (ii) insert—

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(4) [S.I. 2005/895](#) as amended by [S.I 2005/1673](#).

(5) [S.I. 2005/1820](#).

“or

(iii) a certificate in pursuance of section 11 of the Act of 1953,”; and

(ii) for “from whom the body parts have been removed” substitute “or stillbirth to which the body parts belonged”; and

(c) in sub-paragraph (c) after “deceased” insert “or stillborn”.

(4) In paragraph (3) after “death” insert “or stillbirth”.

**10.** After regulation 14A insert—

“**14B** Body parts, which are not cremated in accordance with regulation 14A, may be incinerated in accordance with a permit which authorises the disposal of a matter listed in code 18 01 02 or 18 01 03 of the List of Wastes Regulations.”.

**11.** In regulation 15—

(a) after “registered medical practitioner” insert “or a registered midwife”;

(b) for “Section 7(4) of the Act of 1926” substitute “Section 11(2) of the Act of 1953”; and

(c) for “Section 2(4) of the Act of 1926” substitute “Section 11(3) of the Act of 1953”.

**12.** In regulation 15A—

(a) after “registered medical practitioner” insert “or a registered midwife”; and

(b) after “a medical practitioner” insert “or a midwife”.

**13.**—(1) Amend the Schedule as follows.

(2) In Form “A” for “married, widow, widower, or unmarried” substitute “married, civil partner, widow, widower, surviving civil partner, neither married nor in a civil partnership”.

(3) In Form “AA”—

(a) for “married, widow, widower, or unmarried” substitute “married, civil partner, widow, widower, surviving civil partner, neither married nor in a civil partnership”;

(b) omit “those body parts having been removed in the course of a post-mortem examination”;

(c) for “or widower” substitute “, widower or surviving civil partner”; and

(d) at the end insert “In the case of a stillborn child, in place of the name, address and occupation, insert a description sufficient to identify the body, and in place of the word “deceased” throughout insert the words “stillborn child”.”.

(4) In Form “DD” for “organs were removed in the course of the post-mortem examination carried out on” substitute “body parts are held in respect of”.

(5) In Form “E” after “\*(b)” insert—

“(c) I am satisfied that the death occurred outside the British Islands and that the death was by natural causes and no post-mortem examination or inquest is necessary.”.

(6) In Form “G” for “married or unmarried” substitute “married, a civil partner, neither married nor in a civil partnership”.

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**Status:** This is the original version (as it was originally made). This item of legislation is currently only available in its original format.

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On the authority of the Secretary of State

Date 18th January 2006

*Harriet Harman*  
Minister of State  
Department for Constitutional Affairs

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## EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This note is not part of the Regulations)*

This Regulation amends the Regulations as to Cremation 1930 (“the 1930 Regulations”) as made under section 7 of the Cremation Act 1902 (“the 1902 Act”).

Regulation 4(a) amends the definition of “body parts” to extend its application to all parts of bodies from deceased persons. Previously, cremation of body parts in accordance with regulation 14A of the 1930 Regulations only allowed for the cremation of body parts removed during post mortem. This meant that parts severed from a body during the course of death or prior to death were not covered by the regulation. This change will allow cremation of parts of someone identified after the rest of the body has been buried e.g. where a body has been severely disrupted in a bomb blast. The definition has also been extended to include parts of a stillborn child.

Regulations 4(b) and (c) and 10 authorise the incineration of body parts where an incinerator has a specific permit for that purpose. The 1902 Act is an Act to allow the regulation of the burning of human remains and the 1930 Regulations previously only legislated for the cremation of human remains (including body parts) in Crematoria. This amendment will bring into the ambit of the Regulations the incineration of body parts by hospitals and other such establishments in possession of parts of a deceased body, where the retention of that part of the body is no longer necessary and the families do not wish cremation or burial of the part. For example, tissue used for forensic testing.

Regulations 4(d), 5, 7(2) and 11(b) and (c) are to update references to the Births and Deaths Registration Act 1953(6) from the repealed 1926 Act.

Regulations 6, 8 and 13(5) are to allow coroners to deal with cases where a death has occurred outside the British Islands without the need for referral to the Secretary of State.

Regulation 7(3) makes it necessary for a Medical Referee to give reasons where he declines to allow a cremation.

Regulation 9(2) tidies up the former wording of Regulation 14A(1) of the 1930 Regulations and by removing the references to earlier Regulations it ensures that body parts of stillborn children are included.

Regulations 9(3)(b) and (c), (4) and 13(3)(d) are to extend Regulation 14A of the 1930 Regulations to include the cremation of body parts of stillborn children.

Regulations 9(3)(a) and (b)(ii), 13(3)(b) and 13(4) are to remove the restriction of the cremation of body parts applying only to body parts removed during a post mortem.

Regulations 11(a) and 12 allow midwives, who often are the only medical person present at a delivery, to certify a stillbirth.

Regulations 13(2), 3(a) and (c) and (6) are to ensure that the forms apply to civil partnerships in the same way as they apply to matrimonial relationships.

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(6) 1953 c. 20.