STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2011 No. 1128

ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

The Wireless Telegraphy (Licence Charges) Regulations 2011

 Made
 14th April 2011

 Coming into force
 3rd May 2011

The Office of Communications ("OFCOM") make the following Regulations in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 12, 13(2) and 122(7) of the Wireless Telegraphy Act 2006(a) ("the Act").

Before making these Regulations OFCOM have given notice of their proposal to do so in accordance with section 122(4)(a) of the Act, published notice of their proposal in accordance with section 122(4)(b) of the Act, and have considered the representations made to them before the time specified in the notice in accordance with section 122(4)(c) of the Act.

Citation and commencement

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Wireless Telegraphy (Licence Charges) Regulations 2011 and shall come into force on 3rd May 2011.

Interpretation

- 2.—(1) In these Regulations—
 - "the 2004 Regulations" means the Wireless Telegraphy (Spectrum Trading) Regulations 2004(b);
 - "the Act" means the Wireless Telegraphy Act 2006;
 - "apparatus" means apparatus for wireless telegraphy;
 - "Band I" means the band 55.750–68.00 MHz, with the exception of the sub-bands 60.750–62.750 MHz and 67.750–67.8375 MHz;
 - "base station" means a station which facilitates or controls communications between a mobile station and—
 - (a) itself;
 - (b) another mobile station;
 - (c) a fixed mobile station; or
 - (d) any electronic communications network;

⁽a) 2006 c.36; sections 12, 13(2) and 122(7) were extended to the Bailiwick of Guernsey by article 2 of the Wireless Telegraphy (Guernsey) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3325); and to the Bailiwick of Jersey by article 2 of the Wireless Telegraphy (Jersey) Order 2006 (S.I. 2006/3324); and to the Isle of Man by article 2 of the Wireless Telegraphy (Isle of Man) Order 2007 (S.I. 2007/278); section 12 was amended by sections 38(1), (2) and (3) of the Digital Economy Act 2010 (c.24).

⁽b) S.I. 2004/3154, amended by S.I. 2006/339, 2006/1807, 2007/380, 2007/387, 2008/688, 2008/2105 and 2008/3192

- "channel" means a part of the electromagnetic spectrum intended to be used for a transmission of signals and defined by—
- (a) two specified frequency limits;
- (b) its centre frequency and the associated bandwidth; or
- (c) an indication equivalent to (a) or (b);
- "co-channel" means apparatus operating in an identical frequency or channel;
- "core London area" means the area within a circle which has a 22 kilometre radius from Charing Cross, London which is located at grid square reference TQ 302 805;
- "cross-polar" means the use of orthogonal polarisation to permit the re-use of identical frequencies or channels in the same area;
- "earth station" means a radio station situated either on the earth's surface or within the earth's atmosphere and is intended for communication with one or more—
- (a) radio stations which are situated beyond, or are intended to be situated beyond, the earth's atmosphere; or
- (b) radio stations of the same kind by means of one or more reflecting satellites or other objects in space;
- "erp" means effective radiated power of transmission;
- "exclusive basis" means authorised use of a channel which is not shared with any other licensee;
- "fixed link" means a connection by wireless telegraphy designed for use between two fixed points;
- "fixed mobile station" means a control point configured to operate in the manner of a mobile station;
- "grid square" means a National Grid square of the 2nd series of Landranger maps published by the Ordnance Survey;
- "heavy congestion area" means such part of the British Islands being in an area listed in Schedule 8 and identified by reference to a grid square which is considered by OFCOM to have a heavily congested use of the electromagnetic spectrum for a specified class of licence;
- "high population area" means such part of the British Islands being in an area listed in Schedule 5 and identified by reference to a grid square which is considered by OFCOM to have a high proportion of the population;
- "high usage bands" mean any of UHF Band I, UHF Band II and the VHF High Band;
- "hub" means a single fixed site connected to more than one fixed station via wireless telegraphy links operating in the same frequency bands;
- "large coverage area" means—
- (a) in relation to a Coastal Station Radio (International) licence an area within which wireless telegraphy is authorised under a licence condition permitting one or more of—
 - (i) erp greater than or equal to 24 Watts where antenna height is greater than or equal to 10 metres above mean sea level;
 - (ii) erp greater than or equal to 10 Watts where antenna height is greater than or equal to 20 metres above mean sea level;
 - (iii) erp greater than or equal to 5 Watts where antenna height is greater than or equal to 30 metres above mean sea level;
- (b) in relation to a Coastal Station Radio (UK) licence an area within which wireless telegraphy is authorised under a licence condition permitting—
 - (i) erp greater than 5 Watts where antenna height is greater than 10 metres above ground level; or
 - (ii) erp less than or equal to 5 Watts where antenna height is greater than 30 metres above ground level; and

- (c) in relation to any other licence an area within which wireless telegraphy is authorised under a licence condition permitting one or more of—
 - (i) erp greater than 5 Watts where antenna height is greater than 10 metres above ground level;
 - (ii) erp less than or equal to 5 Watts where antenna height is greater than 30 metres above ground level;
 - (iii) transmission within a circular area which has a radius greater than 15 kilometres but less than or equal to 30 kilometres;

"licence" means a wireless telegraphy licence;

"light congestion area" means such part of the British Islands being in an area listed in Schedule 8 and identified by reference to a grid square which is considered by OFCOM to have a lightly congested use of the electromagnetic spectrum for a specified class of licence;

"low population area" means such part of the British Islands being an area listed in Schedule 5 and identified by reference to a grid square which is considered by OFCOM to have a low proportion of the population;

"low usage bands" mean the band 133 kHz–147 kHz, the 26.225 MHz band, the 49.49375 MHz band, VHF Band I and the VHF Low Band;

"medium congestion area" means such part of the British Islands being in an area listed in Schedule 8 and identified by reference to a grid square which is considered by OFCOM to have a medium level of congested use of the electromagnetic spectrum for a specified class of licence;

"medium coverage area" means—

- (a) in relation to a Coastal Station Radio (International) licence an area within which wireless telegraphy is authorised under a licence condition permitting one or more of—
 - (i) erp greater than 10 Watts where antenna height is less than 10 metres above mean sea level;
 - (ii) erp greater than 7 Watts but less than 24 Watts where antenna height is greater than 5 metres above mean sea level but less than 20 metres above mean sea level;
 - (iii) erp greater than 3 Watts but less than 10 Watts where antenna height is greater than 10 metres above mean sea level but less than 30 metres above mean sea level;
 - (iv) erp greater than 1.5 Watts but less than 5 Watts where antenna height is greater than 20 metres above mean sea level;
 - (v) erp less than 5 Watts where antenna height is greater than 30 metres above mean sea level;
- (b) in relation to a Coastal Station Radio (UK) licence an area within which wireless telegraphy is authorised under a licence condition permitting—
 - (i) erp less than or equal to 5 Watts where antenna height is greater than 10 metres above ground level and less than or equal to 30 metres above ground level; or
 - (ii) erp greater than 5 Watts where antenna height is less than or equal to 10 metres above ground level; and
- (c) in relation to any other licence an area within which wireless telegraphy is authorised under a licence condition permitting one or more of—
 - (i) erp less than or equal to 5 Watts where antenna height is greater than 10 metres above ground level and less than or equal to 30 metres above ground level;
 - (ii) erp greater than 5 Watts where antenna height is less than or equal to 10 metres above ground level;
 - (iii) transmission within a circular area which has a radius greater than 3 kilometres but less than or equal to 15 kilometres;

"medium frequency" means that part of the electromagnetic spectrum between 531 kHz and 1602 kHz;

"medium population area" means such part of the British Islands being an area listed in Schedule 5 and identified by reference to a grid square which is considered by OFCOM to have a medium proportion of the population;

"medium usage bands" mean VHF Band II and the VHF Mid Band;

"medium wave broadcasting band" means that part of the electromagnetic spectrum between 526.5 kHz and 1606.5 kHz;

"mobile station" means a station (other than a base station) intended to be used while in motion or during halts at unspecified points;

"national channel" means a channel which the licensee is authorised to use throughout the United Kingdom;

"non-congestion area" means such part of the British Islands being in an area listed in Schedule 8 and identified by reference to a grid square which is considered by OFCOM not to have a congested use of the electromagnetic spectrum for a specified class of licence;

"outer London area" means all of the area, other than the core London area, which is within a circle having a 112 kilometre radius from Charing Cross, London which is located at grid square reference TQ 302 805;

"prescribed payment interval" has the meaning given by regulation 4(1);

"prescribed sum" means a fixed sum and/or a variable sum which is payable to OFCOM under regulation 4(1)(c) and/or (d);

"prescribed time" means the time when a sum is payable to OFCOM under regulation 4(1);

"shared basis" means authorised use of a channel which is shared with another licensee:

"slot" means the smallest unit of the electromagnetic spectrum used in the construction of a frequency plan, such that all bands, sub-bands, blocks and channels which are used in such plan are integer multiples of the slot size;

"small coverage area" means—

- (a) in relation to a Coastal Station Radio (International) licence an area within which wireless telegraphy is authorised under a licence condition permitting one or more of—
 - (i) erp less than or equal to 10 Watts where antenna height is less than or equal to 5 metres above mean sea level;
 - (ii) erp less than or equal to 7 Watts where antenna height is less than or equal to 10 metres above mean sea level;
 - (iii) erp less than or equal to 3 Watts where antenna height is less than or equal to 20 metres above mean sea level;
 - (iv) erp less than or equal to 1.5 Watts where antenna height is less than or equal to 30 metres above mean sea level:
- (b) in relation to a Coastal Station Radio (UK) licence an area within which wireless telegraphy is authorised under a licence condition permitting erp less than or equal to 5 Watts where antenna height is less than or equal to 10 metres above ground level; and
- (c) in relation to any other licence an area within which wireless telegraphy is authorised under a licence condition permitting one or more of—
 - (i) erp less than or equal to 5 Watts where antenna height is less than or equal to 10 metres above ground level;
 - (ii) transmission within a circular area which has a radius less than or equal to 3 kilometres;

"station" means a station for wireless telegraphy;

"UHF Band I" means that part of the electromagnetic spectrum between 410.00000 MHz and 449.49375 MHz;

"UHF Band II" means that part of the electromagnetic spectrum between 453.00625 MHz and 466.08750 MHz;

- "VHF Band I" means that part of the electromagnetic spectrum between 55.75 MHz and 68.0 MHz;
- "VHF Band II" means that part of the electromagnetic spectrum between 177.20625 MHz and 207.49375 MHz;
- "VHF broadcasting band" means that part of the electromagnetic spectrum between 87.5 MHz and 108.0 MHz;
- "VHF High Band" means that part of the electromagnetic spectrum between 165.04375 MHz and 173.09375 MHz;
- "VHF Low Band" means that part of the electromagnetic spectrum between 68.08125 MHz and 87.49375 MHz; and
- "VHF Mid Band" means that part of the electromagnetic spectrum between 137.96250 MHz and 165.04375 MHz.
- (2) Where these Regulations provide for the prescribed sum to be calculated by reference to a number of any of the following things—
 - (a) base stations;
 - (b) channels;
 - (c) congestion areas;
 - (d) fixed links;
 - (e) grid squares;
 - (f) mobile stations;
 - (g) national channels;
 - (h) population;
 - (i) regional channels;
 - (j) slots;
 - (k) stations,

the number shall be taken to be the number the use of which is authorised by the licence at the prescribed time.

- (3) In relation to a Transmission of National and Local Radio Broadcasting Services licence and a Community Radio licence, a reference to the licensee's coverage is a reference to the total population covered by the transmitters which the licensee is authorised to use in the medium wave broadcasting band or the VHF broadcasting band (as the case may be) as specified in the licence granted to the licensee, and "covered" shall be construed accordingly.
- (4) In relation to a Coastal Station Radio (International) licence, a Coastal Station Radio (UK) licence, a Coastal Station Radio (International) Area Defined licence and a Coastal Station Radio (UK) Area Defined licence—
 - (a) "excluded channels" means—
 - (i) channels 0 (156.000 MHz), 00 (160.600 MHz), 10 (156.500 MHz), 67 (156.375 MHz) and 73 (156.675 MHz) and the channel on 161.225 MHz, when used solely to assist Her Majesty's Coastguard, and when used solely to assist the Secretary of State with oil pollution control activities; and
 - (ii) channels 6 (156.300 MHz), 8 (156.400 MHz), 13 (156.650 MHz), 15 (156.750 MHz), 16 (156.800 MHz), 17 (156.850 MHz), 23 (157.150 and 161.750 MHz), 70 (156.525 MHz), 72 (156.625 MHz), 75 (156.775 MHz), 76 (156.825 MHz), 77 (156.875 MHz), 84 (157.225 and 161.825 MHz) and 86 (157.325 and 161.925 MHz); and

- (b) a reference to an international maritime channel means a channel specified in the table in Appendix 18 to the 2008 edition of the Radio Regulations(a).
- (5) In relation to a Programme Making and Special Events Fixed Site licence, a Programme Making and Special Events Link licence, a Programme Making and Special Events Low Power licence, a UK Wireless Microphone (Annual) licence and a UK Wireless Microphone (Biennial) licence—
 - (a) "area" in relation to a channel specified in such a licence refers to an area with a population coverage below three million individuals;
 - (b) "designated website" means the website address (at www.jfmg.co.uk or at such other website address as may be notified by OFCOM to persons who, in their opinion, are likely to be affected by any change of address by publishing such a notice on OFCOM's website, www.ofcom.org.uk) of OFCOM's agents managing and licensing in the classes of licence set out under the heading of Programme Making and Special Events in Schedule 2;
 - (c) "multi use type (1)" in relation to a channel specified in such a licence refers to a maximum of 60 periods with each such period not exceeding 48 hours;
 - (d) "multi use type (2)" in relation to a channel specified in such a licence refers to a maximum of 480 periods with each such period not exceeding 48 hours;
 - (e) "occasional use" in relation to a channel specified in such a licence refers to a period not exceeding 48 hours;
 - (f) "premium case" means a case where at the applicant's request a licence is granted or varied outside office hours; and for the purposes of this definition "office hours" means 09.00 to 17.00 hours from Monday to Friday other than on a day which is a bank holiday in England and Wales;
 - (g) "primary" in relation to a channel specified in such a licence refers to use at any time;
 - (h) "programme making" includes the making of a programme for broadcast, the making of a film presentation, advertisement or audio or video tape, and the staging or performance of an entertainment, sporting or other public event;
 - (i) "programme sound link" in relation to a channel specified in such a licence refers to a channel used to transmit the material produced in programme making from a fixed transmission station to a fixed receiving station;
 - (j) "restricted service programme sound link" in relation to a channel specified in such a licence refers to a channel used to transmit the material produced in programme making from a fixed transmission station to a fixed receiving station where the transmission is for a period not exceeding thirty consecutive days;
 - (k) "secondary" in relation to a channel specified in such a licence refers to use when the channel or band is not being used by another licensee under a licence which authorises such use as a primary channel;
 - (l) "shared" in relation to a channel specified in such a licence refers to use at the same time as such a channel may be used by a licensee under another licence; and
 - (m) "variation" in relation to such a licence refers to the addition of a channel to the channel specified in such licence;

and for the purpose of determining "population coverage" as referred to above, reference shall be made as appropriate to—

(i) the estimated mid-year resident population for England and Wales for 2000 as shown in the "Office of National Statistics Population Estimates Mid-2000 for England and Wales" published in August 2001;

⁽a) The Radio Regulations are made under Article 13 of the Constitution of the International Telecommunication Union ("the ITU"); the Constitution and Convention of the ITU were adopted in Geneva in 1992 and ratified by the United Kingdom in 1994 (Cm 3145).

- (ii) the estimated mid-year resident population for Scotland for 2000 as shown in the "Mid-Year Population Estimates, Scotland" published in June 2001; and
- (iii) the estimated mid-year resident population for Northern Ireland for 2000 as shown in the "Annual Report of the Registrar General for Northern Ireland" published in November 2001.
- (6) In relation to a Satellite (Earth Station Network) licence "network" means a one-way or twoway service from any number of earth station terminals to a single geo-stationary orbit satellite transponder transmitting in the earth to space direction.

Revocation

3. The Regulations set out in Schedule 1 are hereby revoked.

Licence charges and time of payment

- **4.**—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) to (11) and to regulations 5 and 6, there shall be paid to OFCOM by the licensee—
 - (a) on the issue of the licence and on the variation of the licence where such variation is prescribed in Schedule 2; and
 - (b) on the last day of the period of twelve, twenty-four, thirty-six or (as the case may be) sixty months prescribed in Schedule 2, if any, in respect of the class of licence in question (the "prescribed payment interval") and on the last day of each subsequent prescribed payment interval thereafter (the first prescribed payment interval having begun on the day of the issue of the licence) for which the licence continues in force,

in relation to a licence of a class listed in Schedule 2—

- (c) the fixed sum, if any, specified in; and
- (d) the variable sum, if any, determined in accordance with the provisions of, that Schedule.
 - (2) Paragraph (4) shall apply to a licence where—
 - (a) the licence is of any class other than:
 - (i) those listed under the heading "Programme Making and Special Events" in Schedule 2;
 - (ii) the Self Co-ordinated Links licence class (which is listed under the heading "Fixed Links" in Schedule 2); and
 - (iii) the Non-Operational Temporary Use licence class (which is listed under the heading "Science and Technology" in Schedule 2); and
 - (b) the sum otherwise payable for such licence is £75 or more per annum.
- (3) Paragraph (4) shall also apply to a licence within the Point to Point Fixed Links licence class (which is listed under the heading "Fixed Links" in Schedule 2)) where the sum otherwise payable for such licence is less than £75 per annum.
- (4) Where a licence to which this paragraph applies is issued for a period of less than one year the sum payable shall, subject to paragraph (5), be such sum as represents one-twelfth of the prescribed sum multiplied by the number of complete and part-complete months to the expiry of the licence.
 - (5) The sum payable in accordance with paragraph (4) shall—
 - (a) where such sum represents a fraction of a whole pound sterling be rounded up to the nearest pound sterling; and
 - (b) be subject to a minimum of £20.
 - (6) Paragraph (8) shall apply to a licensee where—
 - (a) a prescribed sum is payable by that licensee in respect of a licence under paragraph (1);

- (b) the licence is of one of the following classes—
 - (i) the classes listed under the heading "Broadcasting" in Schedule 2;
 - (ii) the classes listed under the heading "Business Radio" in Schedule 2;
 - (iii) the classes listed under the heading "Fixed Links" in Schedule 2;
 - (iv) the classes listed under the heading "Public Wireless Networks" in Schedule 2; or
 - (v) the classes listed under the heading "Satellite Services" in Schedule 2;
- (c) the licence is granted for a period of a year or longer; and
- (d) the prescribed sum due for payment by the licensee is in excess of £100,000.
- (7) Paragraph (8) shall also apply to a licensee where—
 - (a) prescribed sums are payable by that licensee under paragraph (1) in respect of more than one licence where all of those licences are of the same class and that class is one of the classes listed in paragraph (6)(b);
 - (b) each of those prescribed sums is due for payment by the licensee at the same prescribed time in accordance with paragraph (1);
 - (c) each of the prescribed sums is in respect of licences granted for a period of a year or longer; and
 - (d) the total of the prescribed sums due for payment by the licensee is in excess of £100,000.
- (8) If OFCOM receive notice from a licensee to which this paragraph applies of the licensee's intention to make payment in ten equal instalments of a sum equal to the prescribed sum referred to in paragraph (6) or equal to the total of the prescribed sums referred to in paragraph (7)(d), the licensee—
 - (a) shall not be required to make payment at the prescribed time other than in accordance with this paragraph; and
 - (b) shall make payment of the sum in ten equal instalment payments with the first instalment to be paid to OFCOM on the day which shall be the same day as the prescribed time when the prescribed sum or the prescribed sums were to be paid to OFCOM and each subsequent instalment to be paid on the same day in each of the nine consecutive months thereafter (or in a month in which there is no such day, on the last day of the month).
- (9) Where at any time the licensee fails to make payment in accordance with paragraph (8), the total of the outstanding instalment payments shall become immediately due for payment.
- (10) No sums shall be payable to OFCOM in respect of the issue of a licence in order to effect a transfer of rights and obligations under a licence to another person under regulation 8(5) of the 2004 Regulations.
- (11) For any licence issued in order to effect a transfer under the 2004 Regulations, the prescribed payment interval shall be treated so as to commence and expire at the times when the corresponding prescribed payment interval would have commenced and expired under the licence from which the rights and obligations were transferred had the transfer not been made.

Concessionary licence charges

- **5.**—(1) This regulation applies where a relevant licence is granted to an applicant, or held by a licensee, which—
 - (a) is a charity; and
 - (b) has as its object the safety of human life in an emergency.
- (2) The sum to be paid by a qualifying charity to OFCOM on the issue of a relevant licence, and on the last day of each of the prescribed payment intervals (if any), shall be one half of the prescribed sum. Where the sum so payable to OFCOM represents a fraction of a whole pound sterling then the sum payable by the qualifying charity shall be rounded up to the nearest whole pound sterling.
 - (3) In this regulation—

- "charity" means a person who—
- (a) being subject to the laws of England and Wales, or Scotland, or Northern Ireland, is a charity within the meaning of paragraph 1(1) of Schedule 6 to the Finance Act 2010(a);
- (b) being subject to the laws of the Isle of Man, is registered as a charity under the Charities Registration Act 1989(b);
- (c) being subject to the laws of Guernsey, is a member for the time being of the Association of Guernsey Charities; or
- (d) being subject to the laws of Jersey, is a member for the time being of the Association of Jersey Charities;

"qualifying charity" is a body falling within paragraph (1); and

"relevant licence" means a licence of one of the following classes—

- (a) all of the classes listed under the heading "Aeronautical" in Schedule 2;
- (b) all of the classes listed under the heading "Business Radio" in Schedule 2; and
- (c) all of the classes listed under the heading "Maritime" in Schedule 2 apart from Ship Radio and Ship Portable Radio.

Other licence charges

6. Where a sum is not prescribed by regulations made under section 12 of the Act whether on the issue of a licence or subsequently, there shall be paid to OFCOM such sum as OFCOM may in the particular case determine.

Hyacinth S. Nwana
Group Director, Spectrum Policy Group of the Office of Communications
For and by the authority of the Office of Communications

14th April 2011

⁽a) 2010 c.13

⁽b) An Act of Tynwald

SCHEDULE 1 REVOCATIONS

Regulation 3

(1)	(2)
Regulations Revoked	References
The Wireless Telegraphy (Licence Charges) Regulations 2005	S.I. 2005/1378
The Wireless Telegraphy (Licence Charges) (Amendment)	S.I. 2006/2894
Regulations 2006	
The Wireless Telegraphy (Licence Charges) (Amendment)	S.I. 2007/2326
Regulations 2007	
The Wireless Telegraphy (Licence Charges) (Amendment)	S.I. 2008/139
Regulations 2008	
The Wireless Telegraphy (Licence Charges) (Amendment) (No.2)	S.I. 2008/2106
Regulations 2008	
The Wireless Telegraphy (Licence Charges) (Amendment)	S.I. 2009/66
Regulations 2009	

SCHEDULE 2 Regulation 4 LICENCE CHARGES AND PAYMENT INTERVALS

The sum payable on the	e issue of the lice	nce and on the expiry of ea	ch prescribed payment interval
Class of licence	Fixed sums	Variable sums	Prescribed payment interval
Aeronautical			
Aeronautical Ground Station (Air Traffic/ Ground Movement Control)	£150		12 months
Aeronautical Ground Station (Air/Ground Communications Services)	£100		12 months
Aeronautical Ground Station (Airfield Flight Information Service)	£100		12 months
Aeronautical Ground Station (Operations Control)	£250		12 months
Aeronautical Ground Station (General Aviation)	£25		12 months
Aeronautical Ground Station (Fire)	£25		12 months
Aeronautical Ground Station (High Frequency)	£350		12 months

	-	nce and on the expiry of each pres		
Class of licence	Fixed sums	Variable sums	Prescribed interval	payment
Aeronautical Ground Station (Offshore Platform)	£250		12 months	
Aeronautical Radar Aeronautical Navigation Aid Stations	£50	£50 for each navigational aid station.	12 months 12 months	
Aircraft		(a) £20 for each aircraft which has an approved maximum take-off weight of not more than 3,200 kg.	12 months	
		(b) £150 for each aircraft which has an approved maximum take-off weight of more than 3,200 kg but not more than 14,000 kg.	12 months	
		(c) £350 for each aircraft which has an approved maximum take-off weight of more than 14,000 kg.	12 months	
Aircraft (Transportable) Amateur Band	£15	, 2	12 months	
Amateur Radio		£20 for each licence that is not applied for electronically; no charge for persons aged 75 years or over.		
Broadcasting Restricted Radio Services Transmission (Class A—Freely Radiating)		(a) £15 per day for each medium wave broadcasting band frequency.		
		(b) £25 per day where the erp does not exceed 1 Watt for each VHF broadcasting band frequency.(c) £40 per day where the erp exceeds 1 Watt for each VHF		
Restricted Radio Services Transmission (Class B—Radiating Cable)	£100	broadcasting band frequency.	12 months	
Restricted Radio Services Transmission (Class C—Freely Radiating Very Low Power)	£100		12 months	
Transmission of National and Local Radio Broadcasting Services		(a) For any number of transmitters in the medium wave broadcasting band—	12 months	

Class of licence	Fixed sums	nce and on the expiry of each preson Variable sums	Prescribed interval	payment
		(i) £226, where coverage is of fewer than 100,000 people; (ii) £339 per complete 100,000 people covered, any final group of fewer than 100,000 people being disregarded, where coverage is of 100,000 people or more. (b) For any number of transmitters in the VHF broadcasting band— (i) £339, where coverage is of fewer than 100,000 people; (ii) £509 per complete 100,000 people covered, any final group of fewer than 100,000 people being disregarded, where coverage is of 100,000 people or more.	12 months	
Community Radio	£250	1 1	12 months	
Self-help TV		£75 for each digital Self-help relay	60 months	
Broadcasting Services (Transmission of National and Regional Analogue Television Broadcasts—BBC)	£283,708		12 months	
Broadcasting Services (Transmission of National and Regional Analogue Television Broadcasts— Independent Television Networks) Business Radio	£333,243		12 months	
Business Radio (GSM-R Railway use)		£158,400 for each 2 x 200 kHz channel.	12 months	
Business Radio (Simple UK)	£75		60 months	
Business Radio (Suppliers Light)	£75		60 months	
Business Radio (Simple Site)	£75		60 months	
Business Radio (Area Defined)		For each authorisation under a licence of use of a 6.25 kHz channel for one of the areas set out in Column 1 of Schedule 6 in a high usage band, medium usage band or low usage band, the appropriate sum payable for that area and for that band	12 months	

Class of licence	Fixed sums	Variable sums	Prescribed interval	paymen
		which is indicated in Column		
		2, 3, 4, or 5 of Schedule 6,		
		provided that where the total		
		sum payable in respect of a		
		licence is less than £75 then		
		the sum payable is £75.		
Business Radio		(a) Subject to paragraph (b),	12 months	
(Technically		for each authorisation under a		
Assigned)		licence of use of a 6.25 kHz		
8 1 1)		channel in a high usage band,		
		medium usage band or low		
		usage band the appropriate		
		sum payable is that		
		determined in accordance		
		with Parts 1 to 3 of Schedule		
		7, provided that where the		
		total sum payable in respect		
		of a licence is less than £75		
		then the sum payable is £75.		
		(b) For each authorisation	12 months	
		under a licence of use of a	12 months	
		6.25 kHz channel for only		
		250 milliseconds in each two		
		seconds or for only 500		
		milliseconds in each four		
		seconds for each base station		
		in a high usage band, medium		
		usage band or low usage band		
		the appropriate sum payable		
		is one eighth of the sum		
		determined in accordance		
		with Parts 1 to 3 of Schedule		
		7, provided that where the		
		total sum payable in respect of a licence is less than £75		
		then the sum payable is £75.		
Dublic Cafatry Dadia		± •	12 months	
Public Safety Radio		(a) £15,578 for each channel for the area of Great Britain	12 months	
(380-385 MHz paired				
with 390-395 MHz)		excluding the core London		
		area and the outer London		
		area.		
		(b) £3,647 for each channel	12 months	
		in the outer London area.		
		(c) £107 for each channel in	12 months	
		the core London area.		
Fixed Links				
Point to Point Security	/	(a) £720 for each hub with a	12 months	
CCTV Services		bandwidth less than or equal		
		to 56 MHz.		
		(b) £885 for each hub with a	12 months	
		bandwidth greater than 56		
		•		
		MHz but less than, or equal		

Class of licence	Fixed sums	nce and on the expiry of each preson Variable sums	Prescribed interval	раутепі
		(c) £1,030 for each hub with a bandwidth greater than 140 MHz but less than, or equal to, 250 MHz.	12 months	
		(d) £1,155 for each hub with a bandwidth greater than 250 MHz but less than, or equal to, 308 MHz. (e) Where a hub listed in paragraphs (a) to (d) is added after the issue of the licence, such sum as represents one-twelfth of the prescribed sum on the issue of the licence, multiplied by the number of complete calendar months beginning with the date of the addition of the hub to the next anniversary of the issue of the licence.	12 months	
Point to Point Fixed Links		(a) Subject to paragraphs (b) and (d), for each co-ordinated two-way fixed link, the appropriate sum calculated in accordance with the formula set out in Part 1 of Schedule 3.	12 months	
		(b) For each co-ordinated two-way fixed link added after the issue of the licence and where the additional links are operating co-channel and cross-polar, 50 per cent of the prescribed sum specified in paragraph (a).	12 months	
		(c) For each one-way fixed link, 75 per cent of the prescribed sum specified in paragraph (a). (d) Where a temporary coordinated two-way or one-way fixed link (other than an additional link referred to in paragraph (b)) is added after the issue of the licence, such sum as represents one-twelfth of the prescribed sum on the issue of the licence, multiplied by the number of complete calendar months beginning with the date of the addition of the link to the	12 months	

Class of licence	Fixed sums	nce and on the expiry of each press Variable sums	Prescribed interval	payment
		next anniversary of the issue of the licence.	inici vai	
Self Co-ordinated Links		£50 for each 65 GHz, 71–76 GHz and 81–86 GHz fixed link.	12 months	
Scanning Telemetry		(a) £410 for each 2 x 12.5 kHz channel used at a base station hub which is not subject to national channel arrangements.	12 months	
		(b) £7,920 for each 2 x 12.5 kHz national channel.	12 months	
		(c) For each 1 x 12.5 kHz channel, 50 per cent of the prescribed sum specified in paragraphs (a) or (b) that would apply to a 2 x 12.5 kHz channel	12 months	
Fixed Wireless Access Fixed Wireless Access (3.5, 3.6, 10 GHz— Guernsey)	£5,000		60 months	
Fixed Wireless Access (3.5, 3.6, 10 GHz— Isle of Man)	£5,000		60 months	
Fixed Wireless Access (3.5, 3.6, 10 GHz—Jersey)	£5,000		60 months	
Spectrum Access (3.6 GHz)		(a) £8,436 for each 1 MHz national slot, where coordination is required with earth stations.	12 months	
		(b) £2,226 for each 1 MHz national slot, where coordination is required with earth stations and fixed links.	12 months	
Fixed Wireless Access (5.8 GHz)		£1 for each terminal, subject to a minimum fee of £50 for up to 49 terminals.	12 months	
Fixed Wireless Access (28 GHz Guernsey)		(a) £1,800 for each 2 x 112 MHz channel in the 28.0525–28.1645 GHz, paired with 29.0605–29.1725 GHz, bands.	12 months	
		(b) £1,800 for each 2 x 112 MHz channel in the 28.1925–28.3045 GHz, paired with 29.2005–29.3125 GHz, bands.	12 months	
		(c) £1,800 for each 2 x 112 MHz channel in the 28.3325– 28.4445 GHz, paired with 29.3405–29.4525 GHz,	12 months	

The sum payable on the Class of licence	Fixed sums	nce and on the expiry of each press Variable sums	cribed paymer Prescribed	it interval payment
J			interval	1 2
Fixed Wireless Access (28 GHz Isle of Man)		bands. (a) £2,133 for each 2 x 112 MHz channel in the 28.0525– 28.1645 GHz, paired with 29.0605–29.1725 GHz, bands.	12 months	
		(b) £2,133 for each 2 x 112 MHz channel in the 28.1925–28.3045 GHz, paired with 29.2005–29.3125 GHz, bands.	12 months	
		(c) £2,133 for each 2 x 112 MHz channel in the 28.3325–28.4445 GHz, paired with 29.3405–29.4525 GHz, bands.	12 months	
Fixed Wireless Access (28 GHz Jersey)		(a) £2,533 for each 2 x 112 MHz channel in the 28.0525–28.1645 GHz, paired with 29.0605–29.1725 GHz, bands.	12 months	
		(b) £2,533 for each 2 x 112 MHz channel in the 28.1925– 28.3045 GHz, paired with 29.2005–29.3125 GHz, bands.	12 months	
		(c) £2,533 for each 2 x 112 MHz channel in the 28.3325–28.4445 GHz, paired with 29.3405–29.4525 GHz, bands.	12 months	
Maritime				
Coastal Station Radio (Marina)		£75 for each base station and associated mobile stations for channels 80 (161.625 MHz), M (157.850 MHz) and M2 (161.425 MHz).	12 months	
Coastal Station Radio (International)		(a) For licences to use international maritime channels 9 (156.450 MHz), 11 (156.550 MHz), 12 (156.600 MHz), 14 (156.700 MHz), 68 (156.425 MHz), 69 (156.475 MHz), 71 (156.575 MHz) and 74 (156.725 MHz) for each authorisation under a licence of use of a 6.25 kHz channel for a base station in one of the areas in Column 1 of Schedule 9 for a small coverage area, a medium coverage area or a large coverage area, the	12 months	

Class of licence	Fixed sums	Variable sums	Prescribed interval	payment
		appropriate sum payable for those areas which is indicated in Column 2, 3 or 4 of Schedule 9, provided that where the total sum payable in respect of a licence is less than £75 then the sum payable is £75. (b) For licences to use international maritime	12 months	
		channels 87 (157.375 MHz) and 88 (157.425 MHz) for each authorisation under a licence of use of a 6.25 kHz channel for a base station £18.75, provided that where the total sum payable in respect of a licence is less than £75 then the sum payable is £75.		
		(c) For a licence to use any other international maritime channels £75 for each 2 x 25 kHz channel, provided that excluded channels shall not be taken into account.	12 months	
Coastal Station Radio (International) Area Defined		(a) For licences to use international maritime channels 9 (156.450 MHz), 11 (156.550 MHz), 12 (156.600 MHz), 14 (156.700 MHz), 68 (156.425 MHz), 69 (156.475 MHz), 71 (156.575 MHz) and 74 (156.725 MHz) for each authorisation under a licence of use of a 6.25 kHz channel for one of the areas in Column 1 of Schedule 10 the appropriate sum payable for that area which is indicated in Column 2 of Schedule 10, provided that where the total sum payable in respect of a licence is less than £75 then the sum payable is £75.	12 months	
		(b) For licences to use international maritime channels 87 (157.375 MHz) and 88 (157.425 MHz) for each authorisation under a licence of use of a 6.25 kHz channel for an area of the size indicated in Column 1 of	12 months	

Class of licence	Fixed sums	Variable sums	Prescribed interval	payment
		Schedule 11 the appropriate sum payable for that area which is indicated in Column 2 of Schedule 11, provided that where the total sum payable in respect of a licence is less than £75 then		
		the sum payable is £75. (c) For a licence to use any other international maritime channel for each authorisation under a licence of use of a 2 x 25 kHz channel for an area of the size indicated in Column 1 of Schedule 12 the appropriate sum payable for that area	12 months	
Coastal Station Radio (UK)		which is indicated in Column 2 of Schedule 12, provided that excluded channels shall not be taken into account and that where the total sum payable in respect of a licence is less than £75 then the sum payable is £75. For each authorisation under a licence of use of a 6.25 kHz channel for a base station in one of the areas in Column 1 of Schedule 13 for a small coverage area, a medium coverage area or a large coverage area, the	12 months	
Coastal Station Radio (UK) Area Defined		appropriate sum payable for those areas which is indicated in Column 2, 3 or 4 of Schedule 13, provided that excluded channels shall not be taken into account and that where the total sum payable in respect of a licence is less than £75 then the sum payable is £75. For each authorisation under a licence of use of a 6.25 kHz channel for one of the areas in Column 1 of Schedule 14 the appropriate sum payable for that area which is indicated in Column 2 of Schedule 14, provided that excluded channels shall not	12 months	

Class of licence	Fixed sums	Variable sums	Prescribed interval	раутеп
		in respect of a licence is less than £75 then the sum payable is £75.	·	
Coastal Station Radio	£20	payable is £/3.		
(Training School)	220			
Differential Global		£1,000 for each channel per	12 months	
Positioning System		medium frequency station.		
Maritime		£40 for each frequency per		
Navigational Aids and Radar		navigational aid or radar station.		
Maritime Radio	£75	station.	60 months	
(Suppliers and	213		oo monns	
Demonstration)				
Ship Portable Radio		£20 for each licence that is		
		not applied for electronically.		
Ship Radio		£20 for each licence that is		
D M.1.	16 .15	not applied for electronically.		
Programme Making a Programme Making	na Special Ever	(a) For the issue of a		
and Special Events		licence—		
Fixed Site		neenee		
		(i) £28 for each channel per		
		site in respect of a single		
		channel talk-back or a single		
		channel radio microphone;		
		(ii) £168 for each channel per site in respect of a multi-		
		channel talk-back, a multi-		
		channel radio microphone or		
		a wideband channel; plus—		
		(iii) in a premium case, £55.		
		(b) For the variation of a		
		licence— (i) subject to personnel		
		(i) subject to paragraph (b)(ii), where a channel listed		
		in paragraph (a)(i) or (ii) is		
		added, such sum as represents		
		one-twelfth of the sum		
		payable for the issue of a		
		licence for the type of channel to which the		
		additional channel belongs,		
		multiplied by the number of		
		complete and part-complete		
		calendar months beginning		
		with the day of the addition		
		of the channel to the next anniversary of the issue of the		
		licence;		
		(ii) where the aggregate sum		
		payable for a variation of a		
		licence in this paragraph in		
		any case other than a		

Class of licence	Fixed sums	Variable sums	Prescribed interval	раутет
		premium case would		
		otherwise be less than £28, a		
		charge of £28 only; plus—		
D 1(1)		(iii) in a premium case, £55.		
Programme Making		(a) Subject to paragraph		
and Special Events Link		(a)(xlvi), for the issue of a licence—		
Link		(i) £2.75 for each channel of		
		12.5 kHz in the band 26–65		
		MHz for occasional use;		
		(ii) £8.50 for each channel of		
		12.5 kHz in the band 65–470		
		MHz for occasional use;		
		(iii) £2.75 for each channel of		
		12.5 kHz in the band 470–		
		1,000 MHz for occasional		
		use;		
		(iv) £17 for each channel (not being a telemetry or		
		telecommand channel) of 0.5		
		MHz in the band 1–2 GHz		
		for occasional use;		
		(v) £17 for each telemetry or		
		telecommand channel of		
		5MHz in the band 1–2 GHz		
		for occasional use;		
		(vi) £28 for each channel of 5		
		MHz in the band 2–5 GHz for occasional use;		
		(vii) £17 for each channel of		
		5 MHz in the band 5–8 GHz		
		for occasional use;		
		(viii) £8.50 for each channel		
		of 5 MHz above 8 GHz for		
		occasional use;		
		(ix) £153 for each channel of		
		12.5 kHz in the band 26–65		
		MHz for multi use type (1)		
		channels; (x) £472 for each channel of		
		12.5 kHz in the band 65–470		
		MHz for multi use type (1)		
		channels;		
		(xi) £153 for each channel of		
		12.5 kHz in the band 470–		
		1,000 MHz for multi use type		
		(1) channels;		
		(xii) £944 for each channel of		
		0.5 MHz in the band 1–2		
		GHz for multi use type (1) channels;		
		(xiii) £1,554 for each channel		
		of 5 MHz in the band 2–5		

The sum payable on the issue of the licence and on the expiry of each prescribed payment interval				
Class of licence	Fixed sums	Variable sums	Prescribed interval	раутеп
		GHz for multi use type (1)		
		channels;		
		(xiv) £944 for each channel		
		of 5 MHz in the band 5–8		
		GHz for multi use type (1)		
		channels;		
		(xv) £472 for each channel of		
		5 MHz above 8 GHz for		
		multi use type (1) channels;		
		(xvi) £990 for each channel		
		of 12.5 kHz in the band 26–		
		65 MHz for multi use type		
		(2) channels;		
		(xvii) £3,060 for each		
		channel of 12.5 kHz in the		
		band 65–470 MHz for multi		
		use type (2) channels;		
		(xviii) £990 for each channel		
		of 12.5 kHz in the band 470–		
		1,000 MHz for multi use type		
		(2) channels;		
		(xix) £6,120 for each channel		
		of 0.5 MHz in the band 1–2		
		GHz for multi use type (2)		
		channels;		
		(xx) £10,080 for each channel		
		of 5 MHz in the band 2–5		
		GHz for multi use type (2)		
		channels;		
		(xxi) £6,120 for each channel		
		of 5 MHz in the band 5–8		
		GHz for multi use type (2)		
		channels;		
		(xxii) £3,060 for each		
		channel of 5 MHz above 8 GHz for multi use type (2)		
		channels;		
		(xxiii) £22 for each primary channel of 12.5 kHz in the		
		band 26–65 MHz for each		
		area; (xxiv) £113 for each primary		
		channel of 12.5 kHz in the		
		band 65–470 MHz for each		
		area;		
		(xxv) £22 for each primary channel of 12.5 kHz in the		
		band 470–1,000 MHz for		
		each area;		
		*		
		(xxvi) £130 for each primary channel of 0.5 MHz in the		
		channel of 0.5 MHz in the		

band 1–2 GHz for each area; (xxvii) £225 for each primary

The sum payable on	the issue of the licer	ice and on the expiry	y of each prescribed payment	interval
Class of licence	Fixed sums	Variable sums	Prescribed	payment

interval

channel of 5MHz in the band 2–5 GHz for each area; (xxviii) £130 for each primary channel of 5MHz in the band 5-8 GHz for each area; (xxix) £65 for each primary channel of 5 MHz above 8 GHz for each area; (xxx) £11 for each secondary channel of 12.5 kHz in the band 26-65 MHz for each (xxxi) £57 for each secondary channel of 12.5 kHz in the band 65-470 MHz for each area; (xxxii) £11 for each secondary channel of 12.5 kHz in the band 470–1,000 MHz for each area; (xxxiii) £65 for each channel of 0.5 MHz in the band 1-2 GHz for each area; (xxxiv) £113 for each secondary channel of 5 MHz in the band 2–5 GHz for each area: (xxxv) £65 for each secondary channel of 5 MHz in the band 5-8 GHz for each area: (xxxvi) £33 for each secondary channel of 5 MHz above 8 GHz for each area; (xxxvii) £52 for each channel of 12.5 kHz in the band 26-65 MHz for programme sound link use; (xxxviii) £246 for each channel of 0.5 MHz in the band 1517-1525 MHz for programme sound link use; (xxxix) £14 for each channel of 12.5 kHz in the band 26-65 MHz for restricted service programme sound link use; (xl) £43 for each channel of 12.5 kHz in the band 65–470 MHz for restricted service programme sound link use;

(xli) £14 for each channel of 12.5 kHz in the band 470–

The sum payable on t	the issue of the lice	nce and on the expiry of	each prescribed paymen	t interval
Class of licence	Fixed sums	Variable sums	Prescribed	payment
			interval	

1,000 MHz for restricted service programme sound link use; (xlii) £120 for each channel of 0.5 MHz in the band 1517-1525 MHz for restricted service programme sound link use; (xliii) £12 for each 10 MHz channel in the band 2-5 GHz for each licence for digital wireless camera use; (xliv) £666 for each 10 MHz channel in the band 2-5 GHz for multi use type (1) channels for each licence for digital wireless camera use; (xlv) £4,320 for each 10 MHz channel in the band 2-5 GHz for multi use type (2) channels for each licence for digital wireless camera use; (xlvi) where the aggregate sum payable on the issue of a licence in this paragraph in any case other than a premium case would otherwise be less than £28, a charge of £28 only; plus— (xlvii) in a premium case, £55.

- (b) For the variation of a licence—
- (i) subject to paragraph (b)(ii), where a channel listed in paragraph (a)(xxiii) to (xxxviii) is added, such sum as represents one-twelfth of the sum payable for the issue of a licence for the type of channel to which the additional channel belongs, multiplied by the number of complete and part-complete calendar months beginning with the day of the addition of the channel to the next anniversary of the issue of the licence:
- (ii) where the aggregate sum payable for a variation of a licence in this paragraph in any case other than a

Class of licence	Fixed sums	Variable sums	Prescribed interval	раутеп
		premium case would		
		otherwise be less than £28, a		
		charge of £28 only; plus—		
		(iii) in a premium case, £55.		
Programme Making		(a) £14 for each channel of		
and Special Events		12.5 kHz in the band 26–65		
Audio Distribution		MHz.		
Services				
301 11005		(b) £43 for each channel of		
		12.5 kHz in the band 65–470		
		MHz.		
		(c) £14 for each channel of		
		12.5 kHz in the band 470–		
		1,000 MHz.		
		(d) £120 for each channel of		
		· /		
		0.5 MHz in the band 1517–		
		1525 MHz.		
Programme Making		(a) Subject to paragraph		
and Special Events		(a)(viii), for the issue of a		
Low Power		licence—		
		(i) £8.50 for each occasional		
		use channel for a single		
		channel radio microphone;		
		(ii) £472 for each multi use		
		type (1) channel for a single		
		channel radio microphone;		
		(iii) £3,060 for each multi use		
		type (2) channel for a single		
		channel radio microphone;		
		(iv) £70 for each primary		
		single radio microphone for		
		each area;		
		(v) £27 for each secondary		
		•		
		single radio microphone for		
		each area;		
		(vi) £51 for each occasional		
		use of a multi-channel radio		
		microphone or a single		
		wideband channel;		
		(vii) £2,831 for each multi		
		use type (1) channel of a		
		multi-channel radio		
		microphone or a single		
		wideband channel;		
		(viii) where the aggregate		
		sum payable on the issue of a		
		licence in this paragraph in		
		any case other than a		
		premium case would		
		otherwise be less than £28, a		
		charge of £28 only; plus—		
		(ix) in a premium case, £55.		

Class of licence	Fixed sums	Variable sums	Prescribed interval	payment
		licence— (i) subject to paragraph		
		(b)(ii), where a channel listed		
		in paragraph (a)(iv) to (vii) is		
		added, such sum as represents one-twelfth of the sum		
		payable for the issue of a		
		licence for the type of		
		channel to which the		
		additional channel belongs,		
		multiplied by the number of		
		complete and part-complete calendar months beginning		
		with the day of the addition		
		of the channel to the next		
		anniversary of the issue of the		
		licence;		
		(ii) where the aggregate sum payable for a variation of a		
		licence in this paragraph in		
		any case other than a		
		premium case would		
		otherwise be less than £28, a		
		charge of £28 only; plus— (iii) in a premium case, £55.		
UK Wireless		(a) £75 for each shared multi-	12 months	
Microphone (Annual)		channel or wideband channel		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		in the British Islands, where		
		the licensee has applied for		
		the licence using the facilities for application and payment		
		on the designated website.		
		(b) In any case other than that	12 months	
		specified in paragraph (a),		
		£85 for each shared multi-		
		channel or wideband channel in the British Islands.		
UK Wireless		(a) £135 for each shared	24 months	
Microphone		multi-channel or wideband		
(Biennial)		channel in the British Islands,		
		where the licensee has		
		applied for the licence using the facilities for application		
		and payment on the		
		designated website.		
		(b) In any case other than that	24 months	
		specified in paragraph (a),		
		£155 for each shared multi- channel or wideband channel		
		in the British Islands.		
Public Wireless Netwo	orks			
Public Wireless		(a) £142,560 for each 2 x 200	12 months	
Networks		kHz national channel in the		

Class of licence	Fixed sums	Variable sums	Prescribed interval	paymen
		band 880.0-960.0 MHz.		
		(b) £110,880 for each 2 x 200 kHz national channel in the	12 months	
		band 1710.0-1880.0 MHz.		
Public Wireless		£320 for each 2 x 200 kHz	12 months	
Networks (2G and 3G		channel or slot. £4,000 for		
Cellular Operator –		each 1 x 5 MHz channel or		
Guernsey)		slot. £8,000 for each 2 x 5		
		MHz channel or slot.		
Public Wireless		£320 for each 2 x 200 kHz	12 months	
Networks (2G and 3G		channel or slot. £4,000 for		
Cellular Operator –		each 1 x 5 MHz channel or		
Jersey)		slot. £8,000 for each 2 x 5		
		MHz channel or slot.		
Public Wireless		£320 for each 2 x 200 kHz	12 months	
Networks (2G and 3G		channel or slot. £4,000 for		
Cellular Operator –		each 1 x 5 MHz channel or		
Isle of Man)		slot. £8,000 for each 2 x 5		
		MHz channel or slot.		
Satellite Services				
Satellite (Earth Station	£200	For each terminal requiring	12 months	
Network)		technical coordination by		
		Ofcom £200.		
Satellite (Earth	£500		12 months	
Station—Non-Fixed				
Satellite Service)				
Satellite (Earth	£500		12 months	
Station—Non-				
Geostationary)		5	10 1	
Satellite (Permanent		For each site (the area	12 months	
Earth Station)		contained within a circle of a		
		radius of 500 metres centred on a point defined by the		
		ž ,		
		licensee), the appropriate sum calculated in accordance with		
		the formula set out in Part 1		
		of Schedule 4.		
Satellite		For each earth station	12 months	
(Transportable Earth		operating in one of the bands	12 months	
Station)		specified in columns 2, 3 or 4		
2441011)		of the table in Part 3 to		
		Schedule 4, the appropriate		
		sum payable in accordance		
		with that Part of that		
		Schedule as determined by		
		the power and bandwidth of		
		the earth station.		
Satellite		£554,400 for each 2 x 1 MHz	12 months	
(Complementary		national channel in the bands		
Ground Components		1980–2010 MHz and 2170–		
of a Mobile Satellite		2200 MHz.		
System)				
Science and Technolog	ΣV			

The sum payable on the	issue of the lice	nce and on the expiry of each pres	scribed paymen	nt interval
Class of licence	Fixed sums	Variable sums	Prescribed interval	payment
Non-Operational		£50 per location each month.		
Temporary Use				
Non-Operational		£50 for each station or	12 months	
Development		apparatus per location.		
Miscellaneous (a) for	£20			
up to 12 months				
Miscellaneous (b) for	£50			
12 to 60 months				
Ground Probing Radar	£50		36 months	

Schedule 2

FORMULA FOR CALCULATING THE APPROPRIATE SUM FOR THE POINT TO POINT FIXED LINKS LICENCE

PART 1 FORMULA

1. In this Schedule—

- (a) "the appropriate sum" means the amount in pounds sterling, which is payable for a Point to Point Fixed Links licence, calculated in accordance with the formula set out in paragraph 2; and
- (b) "Availability" means the minimum percentage of time that the fixed link is capable of functioning as set out in the licensee's licence.

2. The formula is $AS = Sp \times Bwf \times Bf \times Plf \times Avf$ where—

"AS" means the appropriate sum;

"Avf" means the Availability Factor, being the number in Column 2 of the table set out in Part 5 as determined by the Availability (in per cent) as set out in Column 1 of that table;

"Bf" means the Band Factor, being the number in Column 2 of the table set out in Part 2 as determined by the range of frequency band (in GHz), if any, of a fixed link set out in Column 1 of that table in which the licensee's band falls as declared by the licensee on application for a licence;

"Bwf" means the Bandwidth Factor, subject to paragraph 3, being the number corresponding to the bandwidth (in MHz) of a co-ordinated two-way fixed link (or a part thereof) as declared by the licensee on application for a licence;

"MPL" means the Minimum Path Length, being the number corresponding to the applicable (depending on the amount of data that can be transmitted over the bandwidth ("the data rate") or over the channel width for analogue systems) length of the path (in kilometres) specified in Columns 2 and 3 of tables 1 or 2 set out in Part 4 as determined by the range of frequency band (in GHz), if any, of a fixed link set out in Column 1 of those respective tables in which the licensee's band falls as declared by the licensee on application for a licence;

"PL" means the Path Length, being the number corresponding to the distance (in kilometres) between two fixed points of the link as declared by the licensee on application for a licence;

"Plf" means the Path Length Factor, being the number in Column 2 of the table set out in Part 3 as determined by the relationship between the PL and the MPL as set out in Column 1 of that table except for the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man, where Plf is 1; and

- "Sp" means the Spectrum Price, being a fixed sum of £88 per 2 x 1 MHz bandwidth for each co-ordinated two-way fixed link.
- **3.** Where the number of the bandwidth (in MHz) of a co-ordinated two-way fixed link (or a part thereof) as set out in the licensee's licence is less than 1.0, the number of the Bandwidth Factor shall be 1.0.

PART 2 BAND FACTOR

Column 1: Range of frequency band (fb)(in GHz)	Column 2: Band Factor
$1.35 \le \text{fb} < 2.69$	1.0
$3.60 \le \text{fb} < 4.20$	1.0
$5.92 \le \text{fb} < 7.13$	0.74
$7.42 \le \text{fb} < 7.90$	0.74
$10.70 \le \text{fb} < 11.70$	0.43
$12.75 \le \text{fb} < 15.35$	0.43
$17.30 \le \text{fb} < 19.70$	0.30
$21.20 \le \text{fb} < 23.60$	0.30
$24.50 \le \text{fb} < 29.06$	0.26
$31.00 \le \text{fb} < 31.80$	0.26
$31.80 \le \text{fb} < 33.40$	0.26
$37.00 \le \text{fb} < 39.50$	0.26
$49.20 \le \text{fb} < 57.00$	0.17

PART 3
PATH LENGTH FACTOR

Column 1: Relationship between PL and MPL	Column 2: Path Length Factor
$MPL \le PL$	1
MPL > PL	Smaller of (MPL / PL) ^{0.5} and 4

PART 4
MINIMUM PATH LENGTH

Table 1

Column 1: Range of frequency band (fb)(in GHz)	Column 2: MPL (km) where the data rate is < 2 MBit/s or, for analogue systems, where the channel width is < 2 MHz	
$1.35 \le \text{fb} < 2.69$	0	30
Table 2		
Column 1: Range of frequency band (fb)(in GHz)	or, for analogue systems,	Column 3: MPL (km) where the data rate is \geq 140 MBit/s or, for analogue systems, where the channel width is \geq 140 MHz
$3.60 \le \text{fb} < 4.20$	24.5	16
$5.92 \le \text{fb} < 7.13$	24.5	16
$7.42 \le \text{fb} < 7.90$	15.5	9.5
$10.70 \le \text{fb} < 11.70$	10	6
$12.75 \le \text{fb} < 15.35$	9.5	5.5
$17.30 \le \text{fb} < 19.70$	4	2.5
$21.20 \le \text{fb} < 23.60$	4	2
$24.50 \le \text{fb} < 29.06$	3	2
$31.00 \le \text{fb} < 31.80$	0	0
$31.80 \le \text{fb} < 33.40$	2	1.5
$37.00 \le \text{fb} < 39.50$	0	0
$49.20 \le \text{fb} < 57.00$	0	0

PART 5 AVAILABILITY FACTOR

Column 1: The percentage of Availability	Column 2: Availability Factor
Availability ≤ 99.9%	0.7
99.9% < Availability < 99.99%	$0.7 + (Availability \times 100 - 99.9) \times (0.3/0.09)$
99.99% ≤ Availability	$1.0 + (Availability \times 100 - 99.99) \times (0.4/0.009)$

FEES PAYABLE FOR SATELLITE (PERMANENT EARTH STATION) AND (TRANSPORTABLE EARTH STATION) LICENCES

PART 1

FORMULA FOR CALCULATING THE APPROPRIATE SUM FOR A SATELLITE (PERMANENT EARTH STATION) LICENCE

- 1. In this Part, subject to paragraph 3, "the appropriate sum" means the amount in pounds sterling, which is payable for a Satellite (Permanent Earth Station) licence, calculated in accordance with the formula set out in paragraph 2.
 - 2. The formula is—

$$AS = \sum_{bands} \left[28xBF_{band} x \sqrt{\sum_{pathsband}} \left(P_{path} xBW_{path} \right) \right]$$

where-

"AS" means the appropriate sum;

"bands" mean the numbers listed in Column 1 of the table set out in Part 2, corresponding to the range of frequency band listed in Column 2 of that table which are authorised by the licence;

" BF_{band} " means the band factor applying to each band, being the number in Column 3 of the table set out in Part 2 corresponding to the band listed in Column 1 of the same table;

"paths_{band}" means the set of those transmission paths authorised by the licence for which the authorised transmission frequency lies within the frequency range of each band as set out in Column 2 of the table set out in Part 2;

" P_{path} " means the authorised peak transmit power (in Watts) at the flange of the antenna of the earth station for each transmission path;

"BW_{path}" means the authorised transmit bandwidth (in MHz) for each transmission path; and

"transmission path" means a combination of a satellite earth station transmitter, a satellite receiver, a transmission frequency, and polarisation for which transmissions are authorised by the licence.

3. Where the amount in pounds sterling calculated in accordance with the formula set out in paragraph 2 is less than £500, the appropriate sum shall be £500.

PART 2

BAND FACTOR FOR CALCULATING THE APPROPRIATE SUM FOR A SATELLITE (PERMANENT EARTH STATION) LICENCE

Column 1: band	Column 2: Range of frequency band (fb) (in GHz)	Column 3: Band factor
1	fb < 5	2.33
2	$5 \le \text{fb} < 10$	1.72
3	$10 \le \mathrm{fb} < 16$	1.00
4	$16 \le \text{fb} < 24$	0.70
5	$fb \ge 24$	0.60

PART 3

FEES PAYABLE FOR SATELLITE (TRANSPORTABLE EARTH STATION) LICENCES

4. The appropriate sum is the amount in pounds sterling which is payable for each earth station operating in one of the bands specified in Columns 2, 3 or 4 of the table below as determined by the range of p specified in Column 1 of that table in which the licensee's network falls.

5. In this Part—

- (a) "OMP" means the number corresponding to the number of the Operational Maximum Power (in Watts) as declared by the licensee on application for the earth station licence;
- (b) "p" means the product of OMP multiplied by WBW; and
- (c) "WBW" means the number corresponding to the number of the widest bandwidth (in MHz) as declared by the licensee on application for the licence.

Column Range of p	1:	earth station in the	earth station in the	Column 4: Fee (£) per earth station in any of the bands 27.5–27.8185 GHz, 28.4545–28.8265 GHz and 29.4625–29.4630 GHz
0		500	300	200
100		2,400	1,400	800
2,500				
p > 2,500		7,400	4,300	2,600

SCHEDULE 5

Regulation 2(1)

HIGH POPULATION AREAS, MEDIUM POPULATION AREAS AND LOW POPULATION AREAS

	Grid Square Ref	erences		
High population areas	TQ 000 500			
Medium population areas	NJ 500 000	SJ 000 500	SP 500 000	TA 000 000
	NO 000 000	SJ 500 500	SS 500 500	TF 000 000
	NS 000 500	SJ 500 000	ST 000 500	TG 000 000
	NS 500 500	SK 000 500	ST 500 500	TL 500 500
	NT 000 500	SK 500 500	ST 000 000	TL 000 000
	NW 000 000	SK 000 000	SU 000 500	TL 500 000
	NZ 000 500	SK 500 000	SU 500 500	TM 000 000
	NZ 000 000	SO 500 500	SU 000 000	TQ 500 500
	SD 000 000	SO 500 000	SU 500 000	TQ 000 000
	SD 500 000	SP 000 500	SX 000 500	TQ 500 000
	SE 000 000	SP 500 500	SX 500 500	TR 000 500
	SE 500 000	SP 000 000	SZ 000 500	
Low population areas	All grid square r those listed in th		ometre x 50 kilometr	re areas other than

CHARGES FOR THE BUSINESS RADIO (AREA DEFINED) LICENCE CLASS FOR EACH 6.25 kHz CHANNEL

Column 1 Area	Column 2 Charge for high usage band	Column 3 Charge for medium usage band	Column 4 Charge for low usage band	Column 5 Charge for Band I
UK	£2,475	£2062.50	£825	£150
England	£2,068.75	£1723.75	£689.50	£37.50
Wales	£122.50	£102.50	£40.75	£37.50
Scotland	£213.75	£177.50	£71.25	£37.50
Northern Ireland	£70	£58.75	£23.25	£37.50
High population area	£296.25	£247.50	£98.75	£37.50
Medium population area	£37.50	£31.25	£12.50	£12.50
Low population area	£3.50	£3	£1.25	£1.25

SCHEDULE 7

Schedule 2

CHARGES FOR THE BUSINESS RADIO (TECHNICALLY ASSIGNED) LICENCE CLASS

PART 1
CHARGES FOR EACH 6.25 kHz CHANNEL AUTHORISED IN A HIGH USAGE BAND

		D 11				
	Small Cover	rage Area	Medium Area	Coverage	Large Cove	rage Area
Assignment type	Exclusive basis	Shared basis	Exclusive basis	Shared basis	Exclusive basis	Shared basis
High population area	£50	£25	£185	£92.50	£370	£185
Medium population area	£25	£18.75	£50	£25	£75	£37.50
Low population area	£18.75	£18.75	£23.75	£18.75	£27.50	£18.75

PART 2
CHARGES FOR EACH 6.25 kHz CHANNEL AUTHORISED IN A MEDIUM USAGE BAND

	Small Cover	age Area	Medium Area	Coverage	Large Cove	rage Area
Assignment type	Exclusive basis	Shared basis	Exclusive basis	Shared basis	Exclusive basis	Shared basis
High population area	£25	£18.75	£92.50	£46.25	£185	£92.50
Medium population area	£21.25	£18.75	£42.50	£21.25	£62.50	£31.25
Low population area	£18.75	£18.75	£20	£18.75	£22.50	£18.75

PART 3
CHARGES FOR EACH 6.25 kHz CHANNEL AUTHORISED IN A LOW USAGE BAND

		D 11	1110			
	Small Coverage Area		Medium Area	Coverage	Large Cove	rage Area
Assignment type	Exclusive basis	Shared basis	Exclusive basis	Shared basis	Exclusive basis	Shared basis
High population area	£18.75	£18.75	£18.75	£18.75	£18.75	£18.75
Medium population area	£18.75	£18.75	£18.75	£18.75	£18.75	£18.75
Low population area	£18.75	£18.75	£18.75	£18.75	£18.75	£18.75

Regulation 2(1)

HEAVY CONGESTION AREAS, MEDIUM CONGESTION AREAS, LIGHT CONGESTION AREAS AND NON-CONGESTION AREAS

	Grid Square Ref	erences		
Heavy	NW 000 000	TA 000 000	TF 000 000	TM 000 000
congestion areas				
	SU 000 000	TQ 000 000	HU 000 500	NZ 500 000
	SE 500 000	TG 500 000	SM 500 000	NS 000 500
	NT 000 500	NZ 000 500	SC 000 500	SD 000 500
	SH 000 500	SJ 000 500	NS 500 500	SU 500 000
	SW 500 000	ST 000 500	TQ 000 500	TR 000 500
	SX 000 500	SZ 000 500	SS 500 500	TQ 500 500
	SX 500 500	SY 500 500	XD 500 500	
Medium	HU 000 000	HY 000 000	NO 000 000	TG 000 000
congestion areas				
	TR 000 000	SW 000 000	ND 000 500	NJ 500 000
	NO 500 000	NW 500 000	SK 500 000	TF 500 000
	SB 000 500	NT 500 500	SH 500 500	SJ 500 500
	SK 500 500	TM 500 500		
Light congestion	NK 000 000	NS 000 000	NU 000 000	NZ 000 000
areas				
	SD 000 000	SS 000 000	ST 000 000	NG 500 000
	NH 500 000	NX 000 500	NY 000 500	SE 000 500
	TA 000 500	NH 500 500	NJ 500 500	NM 500 500
	NO 500 500	NW 500 500	SS 500 000	SY 000 500
	ST 500 500	SW 500 500	SZ 500 500	
Non-congestion	All grid square r	eferences for 50 kilo	metre x 50 kilometr	e areas other than
areas	those listed in th			

Schedule 2

CHARGES FOR THE COASTAL STATION RADIO (INTERNATIONAL) LICENCE CLASS FOR INTERNATIONAL MARITIME CHANNELS 9 (156.450 MHz), 11 (156.550 MHz), 12 (156.600 MHz), 14 (156.700 MHz), 68 (156.425 MHz), 69 (156.475 MHz), 71 (156.575 MHz) AND 74 (156.725 MHz) FOR EACH 6.25 kHz CHANNEL

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Area	Charge for Small	Charge for Medium	Charge for Large
	Coverage Area	Coverage Area	Coverage Area
Heavy congestion	£50	£50	£50
area Medium congestion	£31.25	£37.50	£50
area Light congestion area	£18.75	£18.75	£25
Non-congestion area	£18.75	£18.75	£18.75

SCHEDULE 10

Schedule 2

CHARGES FOR THE COASTAL STATION RADIO (INTERNATIONAL) AREA DEFINED LICENCE CLASS FOR INTERNATIONAL MARITIME CHANNELS 9 (156.450 MHz), 11 (156.550 MHz), 12 (156.600 MHz), 14 (156.700 MHz), 68 (156.425 MHz), 69 (156.475 MHz), 71 (156.575 MHz) AND 74 (156.725 MHz) FOR EACH 6.25 kHz CHANNEL

Column 1	Column 2
Area	Charge
UK	£2318.75
Heavy congestion area	£55
Medium congestion area	£21.25
Light congestion area	£11.25
Non-congestion area	£0.00

SCHEDULE 11

Schedule 2

CHARGES FOR THE COASTAL STATION RADIO (INTERNATIONAL) AREA DEFINED LICENCE CLASS FOR INTERNATIONAL MARITIME CHANNELS 87 (157.375 MHz) AND 88 (157.425 MHz) FOR EACH 6.25 kHz CHANNEL

Column 1	Column 2
Size of Licensed Area	Charge
1–4 grid squares	£18.75
5–8 grid squares	£37.50
9–12 grid squares	£56.20

Column 1	Column 2
Size of Licensed Area	Charge
13–16 grid squares	£75
17–20 grid squares	£93.75
21–24 grid squares	£112.50
More than 24 grid squares	£125

Schedule 2

CHARGES FOR THE COASTAL STATION RADIO (INTERNATIONAL) AREA DEFINED LICENCE CLASS FOR INTERNATIONAL MARITIME CHANNELS OTHER THAN CHANNELS 9 (156.450 MHz), 11 (156.550 MHz), 12 (156.600 MHz), 14 (156.700 MHz), 68 (156.425 MHz), 69 (156.475 MHz), 71 (156.575 MHz), 74 (156.725 MHz), 87 (157.375 MHz) AND 88 (157.425 MHz) FOR EACH 2 x 25 kHz CHANNEL

Column 1	Column 2
Size of Licensed Area	Charge
1–4 grid squares	£75
5–8 grid squares	£150
9–12 grid squares	£225
13–16 grid squares	£300
17–20 grid squares	£375
21–24 grid squares	£450
More than 24 grid squares	£500

SCHEDULE 13

Schedule 2

CHARGES FOR THE COASTAL STATION RADIO (UK) LICENCE CLASS FOR EACH 6.25 kHz CHANNEL

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Area	Charge for Small Coverage Area	Charge for Medium Coverage Area	Charge for Large Coverage Area
High population area	£25	£67.50	£70
Medium population area	£21.25	£42.50	£62.50
Low population area	£18.75	£20.00	£22.50

SCHEDULE 14

Schedule 2

CHARGES FOR THE COASTAL STATION RADIO (UK) AREA DEFINED LICENCE CLASS FOR EACH 6.25 kHz CHANNEL

Column 1	Column 2
Area	Charge
UK	£2062.50
High population area	£247.50

Column 1	Column 2
Area	Charge
Medium population area	£31.25
Low population area	£3.00

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations)

These Regulations revoke and replace the Wireless Telegraphy (Licence Charges) Regulations 2005 (S.I. 2005/1378 as amended by S.I.s 2006/2894, 2007/2326, 2008/139, 2008/2106 and 2009/66) ("the 2005 Regulations"). These Regulations provide for charges to be paid to the Office of Communications ("OFCOM") in respect of wireless telegraphy licences granted under section 8 of the Wireless Telegraphy Act 2006 (c. 36) ("the Act").

These Regulations set the charges - licence fees - for most classes of wireless telegraphy licence (regulation 4 and Schedule 2). They also provide for pro-rated licence fees, subject to a minimum of £20, for licences issued for less than one year where the fees for a full year's licence would otherwise be £75 or more (regulation 4).

For most licence classes the Regulations set the same fees as under the 2005 Regulations, but they also:

- a) introduce fees for new licence classes in Schedule 2, including the Satellite (Complementary Ground Components of a Mobile Satellite System), the Coastal Station Radio (UK) Area Defined and the Coastal Station Radio (International) Area Defined licence classes;
- b) change the fees for some Maritime licence classes in Schedule 2, including the Coastal Station Radio (UK), the Coastal Station Radio (International) and the Differential Global Position System licence classes. This increases some fees and reduces others;
- c) increase the number of channels within certain Maritime licence classes in Schedule 2 in respect of which no licence fee is payable (regulation 2(4) and Schedule 2);
- d) change the fees for the Business Radio licence classes in Band I (the band 55.75 to 68 MHz), reducing them in most cases, and remove from the charging structure Business Radio licence classes which no longer exist (Schedule 2);
- e) change the fees for the Satellite (Transportable Earth Station) licence class, introducing new fees for earth stations in certain frequency bands (Schedule 2 and Schedule 4 Part 3);
- change the fees for licences to use national channels in the Scanning Telemetry licence class, so the same fee (£7,920) is payable in each year of the licence (Schedule 2);
- g) reduce the fees for the Television Broadcasting Services licence classes (Schedule 2);
- h) remove the fees for some licence classes including the Automatic Identification System, the Satellite (Transportable Very Small Aperture Terminal) and the Citizens' Band radio licence classes; and
- i) rename some licence classes (like the Public Wireless Networks (2G Cellular Operator) licence class, which is renamed the Public Wireless Networks licence class) (Schedule 2).

Regulation 5 provides for concessionary fees for certain wireless telegraphy licences held by charities whose object is the safety of human life in an emergency. Regulation 5(3) refers to the Association of Guernsey Charities and the Association of Jersey Charities. Information about the former is on its website at http://www.charity.org.gg/index.html and it can be contacted by sending electronic mail to mail@charity.org.gg. Information about the latter is on its website at http://www.jerseycharities.org/, it can be contacted by sending electronic mail to info@jerseycharities.org and its address is PO Box 356, St Helier, Jersey JE4 9YZ.

Regulation 6 provides that, where a sum is not prescribed by regulations made under section 12 of the Act, there shall be paid to OFCOM such sum as OFCOM may in the particular case determine.

Copies of the 2nd series of Landranger maps published by the Ordnance Survey, referred to in regulation 2(1), are available from the Ordnance Survey's website at www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk.

Copies of the Office of National Statistics' Population Estimates referred to in regulation 2(5) may be obtained from The Office for National Statistics website at www.statistics.gov.uk and The

Customer Contact Centre, Office for National Statistics, Room 1.101, Government Buildings, Cardiff Road, Newport, South Wales NP10 8XG.

Copies of the Radio Regulations referred to in regulation 2(4) may be obtained from The International Telecommunication Union, Place des Nations, 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland.

A full regulatory impact assessment of the effect that these Regulations will have on the costs to business is available to the public from the OFCOM Library at Riverside House, 2a Southwark Bridge Road, London SE1 9HA (Tel: 020 7981 3000) and on OFCOM's web site at www.ofcom.org.uk. Copies of this assessment have also been placed in the libraries of both Houses of Parliament.

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