#### STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

# 2016 No. 1024

# The Insolvency (England and Wales) Rules 2016

## **PART 12**

# COURT PROCEDURE AND PRACTICE

#### **CHAPTER 4**

Making applications to court: specific applications

Sub-division A: Applications in connection with section 176A (prescribed part)

## Applications under section 176A(5) to disapply section 176A

- **12.14.**—(1) An application under section 176A(5) must be accompanied by a witness statement of the liquidator, administrator or receiver.
  - (2) The witness statement must state—
    - (a) the type of insolvency proceedings in which the application arises;
    - (b) a summary of the financial position of the company;
    - (c) the information substantiating the applicant's view that the cost of making a distribution to unsecured creditors would be disproportionate to the benefits; and
    - (d) whether any other office-holder is acting in relation to the company and, if so, that office-holder's address.

### Notice of application under section 176A(5)

- **12.15.**—(1) An application under section 176A(5) may be made without the application being served upon, or notification to any other party.
- (2) However the office-holder making the application must notify any other office-holder who is acting in relation to the company including any member State liquidator.

### Notice of an order under section 176A(5)

- **12.16.**—(1) Where the court makes an order under section 176A(5), the court must, as soon as reasonably practicable, deliver the sealed order to the applicant and a sealed copy to any other office-holder.
- (2) The liquidator, administrator or receiver must, as soon as reasonably practicable, deliver notice of the order to each creditor unless the court directs otherwise.
- (3) The court may direct that the requirement in paragraph (2) is complied with if a notice is published by the liquidator, administrator or receiver which states that the court has made an order disapplying the requirement to set aside the prescribed part.
  - (4) As soon as reasonably practicable the notice—

- (a) must be gazetted; and
- (b) may be advertised in such other manner as the liquidator, administrator, or receiver thinks fit.
- (5) The liquidator, administrator or receiver must deliver a copy of the order to the registrar of companies as soon as reasonably practicable after the making of the order.