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## STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

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# 2017 No. 1012

## The Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017

### PART 2

#### Conservation of Natural Habitats and Habitats of Species

##### *European sites*

##### [<sup>F1</sup>Duty to designate special areas of conservation

12.—(1) The appropriate authority must, having regard to the priorities established under regulation 13, designate as special areas of conservation such sites in England and Wales as the authority considers to be sites of national importance.

(2) Sites of national importance are sites which contribute significantly to the objective in paragraph (3)(a) or the objective in paragraph (3)(b).

(3) The objectives referred to in paragraph (2) are—

- (a) the maintenance, or restoration, at favourable conservation status in their natural range of the natural habitat types listed in Annex I to the Habitats Directive or the species listed in Annex II to that Directive; and
- (b) the maintenance of biological diversity within the Atlantic biogeographic region.

(4) For animal species ranging over wide areas, those sites determined to be of national importance must correspond to places within the natural range of such species, which present the physical or biological factors essential to their life and reproduction.

(5) For aquatic species which range over wide areas, such sites are to be determined to be of national importance only where there is a clearly identifiable area which is distinct in providing the physical and biological factors essential to their life and reproduction.

(6) In determining which sites are of national importance for the purposes of paragraph (1), the appropriate authority must—

- (a) apply the Annex III criteria;
- (b) make its determination only on the basis of relevant scientific information; and
- (c) have regard to the importance of the population of a species or area of a habitat found in the United Kingdom for the purpose of meeting the objectives in paragraph (3).

(7) For the purposes of paragraph (6)(a), the Annex III criteria are to be construed as if—

- (a) for “Community importance” there were substituted “national importance”;
- (b) a reference to a “Member State” is to be taken to be a reference to the appropriate authority;
- (b) for “continuous ecosystem situated on both sides of one or more internal Community frontiers” there were substituted “continuous ecosystem extending beyond the borders of the United Kingdom”; and

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- (c) for “the biogeographical regions concerned and/or for the whole of the territory referred to in Article 2” there were substituted “the Atlantic biogeographical region”.
- (8) In applying the Annex III criteria, the appropriate authority must—
- (a) in relation to the application of stage 1 of the Annex III criteria, have regard to the advice of the appropriate nature conservation body; and
  - (b) in relation to the application of stage 2 of the Annex III criteria, have regard to the advice of the Joint Nature Conservation Committee.
- (9) In this regulation, “the Annex III criteria” means the criteria set out in Annex III to the Habitats Directive.]

#### Textual Amendments

**F1** Regs. 12, 13 substituted (31.12.2020) by [The Conservation of Habitats and Species \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/579\)](#), regs. 1, **10**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

#### [<sup>F1</sup>Priorities for designating special areas of conservation

**13.**—(1) The appropriate authority must, in accordance with paragraph (2), establish priorities for designating as special areas of conservation such sites as it has determined to be sites of national importance.

- (2) Priorities for the purpose of paragraph (1) must be established in the light of—
- (a) the importance of the sites for the maintenance at or restoration to a favourable conservation status of—
    - (i) a natural habitat type specified in Annex I to the Habitats Directive; or
    - (ii) a species specified in Annex II to the Habitats Directive;
  - (b) the importance of such sites for the coherence of the national site network; and
  - (c) the threats of degradation or destruction to which the sites are exposed.]

#### Textual Amendments

**F1** Regs. 12, 13 substituted (31.12.2020) by [The Conservation of Habitats and Species \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/579\)](#), regs. 1, **10**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

#### Consultation as to inclusion of site omitted from the list

<sup>F2</sup>**14.** . . . . .

#### Textual Amendments

**F2** Reg. 14 omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of [The Conservation of Habitats and Species \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/579\)](#), regs. 1, **11**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

#### Classification of sites as special protection areas

**15.**—(1) The appropriate authority must classify as special protection areas such sites in England and Wales as the authority considers necessary to ensure that the objective in paragraph (2) is met.

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(2) The objective referred to in paragraph (1) is that those sites across the United Kingdom's territory which are most suitable in number and size for—

- (a) the conservation of the species listed in Annex 1 to the new Wild Birds Directive which naturally occur in that territory, and
- (b) the conservation of regularly occurring migratory species of birds not listed in Annex 1 which naturally occur in that territory,

are classified as special protection areas.

(3) The appropriate authority must make a decision as to the sites to be classified for the purpose mentioned in paragraph (1) only on the basis of relevant scientific information and—

- (a) in the case of a site to be classified for the purpose mentioned in paragraph (2)(a), on the basis of the criteria set out in Article 4(1) of the new Wild Birds Directive (classification of special protection areas); and
- (b) in the case of a site to be classified for the purpose mentioned in paragraph (2)(b), on the basis of the criteria set out in Article 4(2) of the new Wild Birds Directive.

[<sup>F3</sup>(4) In applying the criteria referred to in sub-paragraphs (3)(a) and (b) in relation to any species, references in Articles 4(1) and (2) of the new Wild Birds Directive to classifying the most suitable territories “in the geographical sea and land area where this Directive applies” are to be construed as referring to the most suitable territories in the United Kingdom’s territory, having regard to the importance of such territories for ensuring the survival and reproduction of that species in their area of distribution]

<sup>F4</sup>(5) .....

<sup>F4</sup>(6) .....

**Textual Amendments**

**F3** Reg. 15(4) substituted (31.12.2020) by [The Conservation of Habitats and Species \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/579\)](#), regs. 1, **12(2)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

**F4** Reg. 15(5)(6) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of [The Conservation of Habitats and Species \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/579\)](#), regs. 1, **12(3)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

**Notification of a proposal to classify a special protection area**

**16.—**(1) If the appropriate authority proposes to classify a site as a special protection area under regulation 15, the authority must give to the appropriate nature conservation body—

- (a) notice of that proposal; and
- (b) an accompanying statement of the reasons for that proposal.

(2) Where the appropriate nature conservation body is given notice of a proposal under paragraph (1), the body must give notice of that proposal and provide a copy of the appropriate authority's statement of reasons for that proposal to—

- (a) any of the following who in its opinion ought to be notified—
  - (i) competent authorities which exercise functions in relation to the site;
  - (ii) competent authorities which exercise functions in relation to an area adjacent to the site; and
  - (iii) every owner and occupier of the site;
- (b) such other persons as in its opinion ought to be notified; and
- (c) such other persons as the appropriate authority directs.

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(3) A notice under paragraph (2) must specify the date (being not less than 12 weeks from the date of the giving of the notice) by which representations with respect to the proposal may be made to the appropriate nature conservation body.

(4) The appropriate nature conservation body must provide to the appropriate authority a report describing the representations duly made, if any, that it received about the proposal, or, where no such representations have been received, stating that fact.

(5) The appropriate authority must consider the report provided under paragraph (4).

(6) The appropriate authority may issue guidance to the appropriate nature conservation body for the purposes of its functions under this regulation, and the appropriate nature conservation body must have regard to that guidance in discharging any of those functions.

(7) The appropriate authority may vary or revoke a direction under paragraph (2)(c).

### **[<sup>F5</sup>Management objectives of the national site network**

**16A.**—(1) The appropriate authority must, in co-operation with any other authority having a corresponding responsibility, manage, and where necessary adapt, the national site network, so far as it consists of European sites, with a view to contributing to the achievement of the management objectives of the national site network.

(2) The management objectives of the national site network are—

(a) to maintain at, or where appropriate restore to, a favourable conservation status in their natural range (so far as it lies in the United Kingdom's territory, and so far as is proportionate)—

(i) the natural habitat types listed in Annex I to the Habitats Directive;

(ii) the species listed in Annex II to that Directive whose natural range includes any part of the United Kingdom's territory;

(b) to contribute, in their area of distribution, to ensuring the survival and reproduction of—

(i) the species of birds listed in Annex I to the new Wild Birds Directive which naturally occur in the United Kingdom's territory;

(ii) regularly occurring migratory species of birds not listed in that Annex which naturally occur in the United Kingdom's territory;

(c) to contribute, to securing compliance with the requirements of Article 2 of the new Wild Birds Directive for the purposes of the duty in regulation 9(1) in relation to the species of birds in paragraph (b) within their area of distribution.

(3) In complying with the obligation in paragraph (1), the appropriate authority must have regard—

(a) in relation to any European sites which are not of a kind mentioned in regulation 8(1)(d), to the considerations mentioned in paragraph (4);

(b) in relation to European sites of a kind mentioned in regulation 8(1)(d), to the considerations mentioned in paragraph (5).

(4) The considerations mentioned in paragraph (3)(a) are—

(a) the importance of the sites for meeting the objective in paragraph (2)(a);

(b) the importance of the sites for the coherence of national site network;

(c) the threats of degradation or destruction (including deterioration and disturbance of protected features) to which the sites are exposed.

(5) The considerations mentioned in paragraph (3)(b) are—

(a) the importance of the sites for meeting the objectives in paragraph 2(b) and (c);

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- (b) in the case of migratory species, the importance of their breeding, moulting and wintering areas and staging points along their migration routes;
  - (c) the importance of the sites for the coherence of national site network;
  - (d) the threats of degradation or destruction (including deterioration and disturbance of protected features) to which the sites are exposed.
- (6) In paragraph (2)(a), “proportionate” means proportionate to the relative importance of—
- (a) the part of the natural range lying in the United Kingdom’s territory, and
  - (b) the part of the natural range lying outside the United Kingdom’s territory,
- for achieving a favourable conservation status.]

**Textual Amendments**

**F5** Reg. 16A inserted (31.12.2020) by [The Conservation of Habitats and Species \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/579\)](#), regs. 1, **13**; 2020 c. 1, **Sch. 5 para. 1(1)**

*Register of European sites*

**Register of European sites**

- 17.—(1) A register of European sites, in an appropriate format, must be compiled and maintained by—
- (a) the Secretary of State, in relation to European sites in England; and
  - (b) the Welsh Ministers, in relation to European sites in Wales.
- (2) The registers must include—
- (a) special areas of conservation, as soon as they are designated by the appropriate authority;
  - (b) sites of Community importance [<sup>F6</sup>which before exit day were] placed on the list referred to in the third sub-paragraph of Article 4(2) of the Habitats Directive, until they are designated as special areas of conservation;
  - <sup>F7</sup>(c) .....
  - (d) areas classified pursuant to Article 4(1) or (2) of the old Wild Birds Directive or the new Wild Birds Directive, as soon as they are classified by the appropriate authority; and
  - (e) any site which has been proposed to the European Commission [<sup>F8</sup>before exit day] until such time as regulation 8(1)(e)(i) or (ii) applies.
- (3) The appropriate authority, in relation to the register for which that authority is responsible—
- (a) may amend any entry;
  - (b) must remove any entry relating to a site which is no longer a European site; and
  - (c) must keep a copy available for public inspection at all reasonable hours and free of charge.
- (4) An entry in the register in respect of a European site other than a European marine site is a local land charge.

**Textual Amendments**

**F6** Words in [reg. 17\(2\)\(b\)](#) substituted (31.12.2020) by [The Conservation of Habitats and Species \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/579\)](#), regs. 1, **14(a)**; 2020 c. 1, **Sch. 5 para. 1(1)**

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| <p><b>F7</b> Reg. 17(2)(c) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of <a href="#">The Conservation of Habitats and Species (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/579)</a>, regs. 1, <b>14(b)</b>; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)</p> <p><b>F8</b> Words in reg. 17(2)(e) substituted (31.12.2020) by <a href="#">The Conservation of Habitats and Species (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/579)</a>, regs. 1, <b>14(c)</b>; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)</p> |
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### Notification of changes to the register

**18.**—(1) As soon as possible after including a European site in the register or amending an entry in the register, the appropriate authority must notify the appropriate nature conservation body and send to that body a copy of the new or amended entry.

(2) As soon as possible after removing an entry from the register, the appropriate authority must notify the appropriate nature conservation body.

(3) The nature conservation bodies must keep a copy of the register entries relating to European sites in their area available for public inspection at all reasonable hours and free of charge.

(4) In this regulation, and in regulation 19, “the register” means the register of European sites provided for by regulation 17.

### Notice to landowners and other bodies

**19.**—(1) As soon as practicable after a nature conservation body receives notification under regulation 18 in relation to a European site, it must give notice to—

- (a) every owner or occupier of land within that site;
- (b) every local planning authority in whose area that site, or any part of it, is situated;
- (c) the Marine Management Organisation, if that site is a European marine site; and
- (d) such other persons as the appropriate authority may direct.

(2) Where, under paragraph (1), a nature conservation body gives notice to a person that a site has been included in the register, or that a register entry relating to a site has been amended, the nature conservation body must provide that person with a copy of the register entry.

(3) In paragraph (2), the register entry a copy of which must be provided to the person mentioned in that paragraph—

- (a) in the case of notice given under paragraph (1)(a), is the register entry (or that part of an entry) which relates to the land owned or occupied by that person; and
- (b) in the case of notice given under paragraph (1)(b), is the register entry (or that part of an entry) which relates to the land within that person's area.

(4) The appropriate authority may give directions as to the form and content of notices under this regulation.

### *Management agreements*

### Management agreements

**20.**—(1) The appropriate nature conservation body may, for the purposes specified in paragraph (2), make an agreement (a “management agreement”) with a person who has an interest in—

- (a) land which forms part of a European site, or
- (b) land adjacent to such a site,

about the management or use of the land.

(2) A management agreement may be made for the purposes of the management, conservation, restoration or protection of the site, or any part of it.

(3) A management agreement may, in particular—

- (a) impose on the person who has an interest in the land obligations in respect of the use of the land;
- (b) impose on the person who has an interest in the land restrictions on the exercise of rights over the land;
- (c) provide for the carrying out of such work as may be expedient for the purposes of the agreement by any person or persons;
- (d) provide for any matter for which a management scheme relating to a site of special scientific interest provides (or could provide);
- (e) provide for the making of payments by either party to the other party or to any other person;
- (f) contain incidental and consequential provision.

(4) A management agreement is, unless the agreement otherwise provides—

- (a) binding on persons deriving title under or from the person with whom the appropriate nature conservation body makes the agreement; and
- (b) enforceable by the appropriate nature conservation body against those persons.

(5) Paragraphs 1 to 3 of Schedule 2 to the Forestry Act 1967 (which makes provision for certain persons to enter into forestry dedication covenants)<sup>M1</sup> apply to management agreements as they apply to forestry dedication covenants.

(6) In this regulation—

“interest in land” has the same meaning as in the 1949 Act; and

“management scheme” and “site of special scientific interest” have the same meanings as in Part 2 of the WCA 1981 (nature conservation, countryside and national parks).

#### Marginal Citations

**M1** 1967 c. 10. Paragraph 1 of Schedule 2 was amended by the [Trusts of Land and Appointment of Trustees Act 1996 \(c. 47\)](#), [Schedule 4](#). Paragraph 3 of Schedule 2 was amended by the [Endowments and Glebe Measure 1976 \(1976 No. 4\)](#), [Schedule 7](#); and the [Church of England \(Miscellaneous Provisions\) Measure 2006 \(2006 No. 1\)](#), [Schedule 5](#), paragraph 14.

#### Existing agreements

**21.**—(1) For the purposes of these Regulations, any agreement made before 30th November 2017 in relation to land in England or Wales which on or after that date becomes land within a European site, or adjacent to such a site, being an agreement made under—

- (a) section 16 of the 1949 Act (agreements for management of nature reserves)<sup>M2</sup>,
- (b) section 15 of the Countryside Act 1968 (areas of special scientific interest)<sup>M3</sup>, or
- (c) section 7 of the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006 (management agreements)<sup>M4</sup>,

has effect as from the date on which the land becomes land within a European site as if it were a management agreement entered into by Natural England or the Natural Resources Body for Wales (as the case may be) under regulation 20.

(2) Any other thing done or deemed to have been done under—

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- (a) any provision of Part 3 of the 1949 Act (nature conservation), or Part 6 of that Act (general, financial and supplementary) so far as it applies for the purposes of Part 3, or
- (b) section 15 of the Countryside Act 1968,

in respect of any land prior to that land becoming land within a European site, or adjacent to such a site, continues to have effect as if done under the corresponding provision of these Regulations.

(3) Any reference in a relevant enactment to a nature reserve within the meaning of section 15 of the 1949 Act (meaning of “nature reserve”)<sup>M5</sup> is to be construed as including a reference to a European site.

(4) In paragraph (3), “relevant enactment” means an enactment not contained in, or in an instrument made under, the 1949 Act or the WCA 1981.

#### Marginal Citations

- M2** Section 16 was amended by the [Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006 \(c. 16\)](#), [Schedule 11, paragraph 14](#); and the [Environment \(Wales\) Act 2016 \(anaw 3\)](#), [Schedule 2, Part 1](#), paragraph 1(1) and (3).
- M3** 1968 c. 41. Section 15 was amended by the WCA 1981, section 72(8); the [Environmental Protection Act 1990 \(c. 43\)](#), [Schedule 9, paragraph 4\(2\)](#) and Schedule 16, Part 6; the [Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 \(c. 37\)](#), [section 75\(3\)](#); the [Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006](#), Schedule 11, paragraph 48; the [Environment \(Wales\) Act 2016](#), Schedule 2, paragraph 2(1) and (3); and [S.I. 2013/755 \(W. 90\)](#).
- M4** 2006 c. 16.
- M5** Section 15 was substituted by the [Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006](#), Schedule 11, paragraph 12.

#### Certain payments under management agreements

**22.—**(1) This regulation applies where the appropriate nature conservation body offers to enter into a management agreement providing for the making of payments by it to—

- (a) a person who has given notice under section 28E(1)(a) of the WCA 1981 (duties in relation to sites of special scientific interest)<sup>M6</sup> or regulation 28(5)(a)(ii) or (b); or
- (b) a person whose application for a farm capital grant within the meaning of regulation 26 has been refused in consequence of an objection by that body.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3), such payments must be of such amounts as may be determined by the appropriate nature conservation body in accordance with guidance given by the appropriate authority.

(3) If the person with whom the agreement is to be made so requires within one month of receiving the offer, the determination of those amounts must be referred to an arbitrator to be appointed, in default of agreement, by the appropriate authority.

(4) Where the amounts determined by the arbitrator exceed those determined by the appropriate nature conservation body, that body must—

- (a) amend the offer so as to give effect to the arbitrator's determination; or
- (b) except in the case of an offer made to a person whose application for a farm capital grant has been refused in consequence of an objection by the appropriate nature conservation body, withdraw the offer.



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**Marginal Citations**

**M6** Section 28E was inserted by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000, Schedule 9, paragraph 1; and subsection (1)(a) was amended by the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006, Schedule 11, paragraph 79.

*Control of potentially damaging operations*

**Notification of potentially damaging operations**

**23.**—(1) This regulation and regulation 24 apply where a notification is in force under section 28 of the WCA 1981 (sites of special scientific interest)<sup>M7</sup> in relation to land which is or forms part of a European site.

(2) The appropriate nature conservation body may, for the purpose of securing compliance with the requirements of the Directives, at any time vary the notification with respect to—

- (a) the flora, fauna or geological or physiographical features by reason of which the land is of special interest; or
- (b) any operations appearing to the appropriate nature conservation body to be likely to damage that flora or fauna or those features.

**Marginal Citations**

**M7** Section 28 was substituted by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (c. 37), Schedule 9, paragraph 1, and amended by the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006 (c. 16), Schedule 11, paragraph 79; and the Marine Act, Schedule 13, Part 2, paragraph 2.

**Assessment of implications for European sites**

**24.**—(1) Where it appears to the appropriate nature conservation body that a notice of a proposal under section 28E(1)(a) of the WCA 1981 relates to an operation which is or forms part of a plan or project which—

- (a) is likely to have a significant effect on a European site (either alone or in combination with other plans or projects), and
- (b) is not directly connected with or necessary to the management of that site,

it must make an appropriate assessment of the implications for that site in view of that site's conservation objectives.

(2) In the light of the conclusions of the assessment, it may give consent for the operation only after having ascertained that the plan or project will not adversely affect the integrity of the site.

<sup>F9</sup>(3) .....

**Textual Amendments**

**F9** Reg. 24(3) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of The Conservation of Habitats and Species (Amendment) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (S.I. 2019/579), regs. 1, 15; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

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### Sites of special scientific interest which become European sites: duty to review

**25.**—(1) This regulation applies where a consent for an operation has been given under section 28E(3)(a) of the WCA 1981 <sup>M8</sup> (or has effect as if given under that section <sup>M9</sup>) in relation to land included in a site of special scientific interest which, after the date of that consent, becomes land within a European site.

(2) The appropriate nature conservation body must, as soon as reasonably practicable, review the consent and affirm, modify or withdraw it.

(3) Regulation 24 applies for the purposes of paragraph (2), as if—

- (a) the reference in regulation 24(1) to a notice of a proposal under section 28E(1)(a) of the WCA 1981 were a reference to a consent under section 28E(3)(a) of that Act; and
- (b) the reference to giving consent in regulation 24(2) were a reference to affirming that the consent should remain in force.

#### Marginal Citations

**M8** Section 28E(3)(a) was amended by the [Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006 \(c. 16\)](#), [Schedule 11](#), paragraph 79.

**M9** See paragraph 8(1)(b) of Schedule 11 to the [Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 \(c. 37\)](#).

### Farm capital grants

**26.**—(1) Where an application for a farm capital grant is made as respects expenditure incurred or to be incurred for the purpose of activities on land within a European site, the appropriate authority—

- (a) must, so far as may be consistent with the purposes of the grant provisions, exercise its functions so as to further the conservation of the protected features; and
- (b) where the appropriate nature conservation body has objected to the making of the grant on the ground that the activities in question have destroyed or damaged, or will destroy or damage, those protected features, must not make the grant except after considering the objection.

(2) Where in consequence of an objection by the appropriate nature conservation body, an application for a grant as respects expenditure to be incurred is refused on the ground that the activities in question will destroy or damage protected features, the appropriate nature conservation body must, within three months of its receiving notice of the appropriate authority's decision, offer to enter into a management agreement in the terms of a draft submitted to the applicant—

- (a) imposing restrictions as respects those activities; and
- (b) providing for the making by it of payments to the applicant.

(3) In this regulation—

“farm capital grant” means—

- (a) a grant under a scheme made under section 29 of the Agriculture Act 1970 (farm capital grants) <sup>M10</sup>, or
- (b) a grant under regulations made under section 2(2) of the European Communities Act 1972 <sup>M11</sup> to a person carrying on an agricultural business within the meaning of those regulations in respect of expenditure incurred or to be incurred for the purposes of or in connection with that business, being expenditure of a capital nature or incurred in connection with expenditure of a capital nature;

“grant provisions” means—

- (a) in the case of a grant described in paragraph (a) of the definition of “farm capital grant”, the scheme under which the grant is made and section 29 of the Agriculture Act 1970;
  - (b) in the case of a grant of a kind described in paragraph (b) of the definition of “farm capital grant”, the regulations under which the grant is made and the EU instrument in pursuance of which the regulations were made;
- “protected features”, in relation to a European site, means the flora, fauna, or geological or physiological features by reason of which the land is a European site.

#### Marginal Citations

- M10** 1970 c. 40. Section 29 was amended by the [Agriculture \(Miscellaneous Provisions\) Act 1976 \(c. 55\)](#), [section 15](#); the [Criminal Justice Act 1982 \(c. 48\)](#), [sections 37](#), [38](#) and [46](#); and the [Statute Law \(Repeals\) Act 1986 \(c. 12\)](#).
- M11** 1972 c. 68. Section 2(2) was amended by the [Legislative and Regulatory Reform Act 2006 \(c. 51\)](#), [section 27\(1\)](#); and the [European Union \(Amendment\) Act 2008 \(c. 7\)](#), [Schedule 1\(1\)](#), paragraph 1.

### *Special nature conservation orders*

#### **Power to make special nature conservation order**

**27.—(1)** The appropriate authority may, after consultation with the appropriate nature conservation body, make in respect of any land within a European site an order (a “special nature conservation order”) specifying operations (whether on land specified in that order or elsewhere and whether or not within the European site) which appear to the appropriate authority to be of a kind which, if carried out in certain circumstances or in a particular manner, would be likely to destroy or damage protected features.

(2) A special nature conservation order may be amended or revoked by a further order.

(3) Schedule 1 has effect with respect to the making, confirmation and coming into operation of special nature conservation orders and amending or revoking orders.

(4) A special nature conservation order specifying operations on land is a local land charge.

(5) If an order under paragraph (1) specifies any operation of a kind not carried out, or proposed to be carried out, on land within a European site, the order must specify the operation by reference to the place where it is being, or is proposed to be, carried out.

(6) In this regulation, and in regulation 28, “protected features” has the meaning given by regulation 26(3).

#### **Restriction on carrying out operations specified in order**

**28.—(1)** In respect of any land within a European site in respect of which a special nature conservation order is made, the appropriate authority may serve a notice (a “stop notice”) on any person carrying out, or proposing to carry out, any operation of a kind specified in that order which appears to the appropriate authority to be likely to destroy or damage protected features.

(2) The stop notice must specify—

- (a) details of the operation;
- (b) details of the European site to which the notice relates; and
- (c) the date on which the notice takes effect.

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(3) Where the identity of a person carrying out, or proposing to carry out, the operation is not reasonably ascertainable, the appropriate authority may, instead of serving a stop notice, publish a notice in at least one local newspaper circulating in the area in which the land to which the notice relates is situated, and affix a copy or copies of the notice to some conspicuous object or objects on the land to which the notice relates.

(4) A person on whom a stop notice is served must not carry out on any land within a European site in respect of which a special nature conservation order is in force, or in the place by reference to which the operation is specified, any operation specified in the order, unless the notice condition specified in paragraph (5) and the consent condition specified in paragraph (6) are fulfilled.

(5) The notice condition is—

(a) where the operation is carried out on land, that—

(i) the operation is carried out, or caused or permitted to be carried out, by the owner or occupier of the land, and

(ii) after service of the stop notice, one of them has given the appropriate nature conservation body written notice of a proposal to carry out the operation, specifying its nature and where it is proposed to carry it out; and

(b) in any other case, that after service of the stop notice, the person proposing to carry out the operation has given the appropriate nature conservation body written notice of a proposal to carry out the operation, specifying its nature and where it is proposed to carry it out.

(6) The consent condition is—

(a) that the operation is carried out with the written consent of the appropriate nature conservation body; or

(b) that the operation is carried out in accordance with the terms of a management agreement.

(7) A consent under paragraph (6)(a) may be given—

(a) subject to conditions specified in the consent; and

(b) for a limited period so specified.

(8) A person who, without reasonable excuse, contravenes paragraph (4) commits an offence and is liable (whether on summary conviction or on conviction on indictment) to a fine.

(9) For the purposes of paragraph (8) it is a reasonable excuse for a person to carry out an operation if—

(a) the operation was an emergency operation particulars of which (including details of the emergency) were notified to the appropriate nature conservation body as soon as practicable after the commencement of the operation; or

(b) the operation was authorised by a planning permission granted on an application under Part 3 of the TCPA 1990 (control over development).

(10) For the purposes of this regulation and regulations 29 and 30—

(a) a “stop notice” means a notice served under paragraph (1);

(b) references to the service of a stop notice are taken to mean (in an appropriate case) the publication and affixing of a notice under paragraph (3); and

(c) where a notice is published and affixed under paragraph (3), any person carrying out an operation specified in the notice is taken to be a person on whom a stop notice is served.

**Assessment of implications for European sites after service of stop notice**

**29.**—(1) Where it appears to the appropriate nature conservation body that an application for consent under regulation 28(6)(a) relates to an operation which is or forms part of a plan or project which—

- (a) is likely to have a significant effect on a European site (either alone or in combination with other plans or projects), and
- (b) is not directly connected with or necessary to the management of that site,

it must make an appropriate assessment of the implications for that site in view of that site's conservation objectives.

(2) In the light of the conclusions of the assessment, it may give consent for the operation only after having ascertained that the plan or project will not adversely affect the integrity of the site.

(3) Where the appropriate nature conservation body refuses consent, it must give reasons for its decision.

(4) A person on whom a stop notice is served may—

- (a) within two months of receiving notice of the refusal of consent, or
- (b) if no notice of a decision is received by that person, within three months of an application for consent being made,

by notice in writing to the appropriate nature conservation body require it to refer the matter as soon as possible to the appropriate authority.

(5) If, following a referral under paragraph (4), the appropriate authority is satisfied that, there being no alternative solutions, the plan or project must be carried out for imperative reasons of overriding public interest (which, subject to paragraph (6), may be of a social or economic nature), the appropriate authority may direct the appropriate nature conservation body to give consent to the operation.

(6) Where the site concerned hosts a priority natural habitat type or a priority species, the reasons referred to in paragraph (5) must be either—

- (a) reasons relating to human health, public safety or beneficial consequences of primary importance to the environment; or
- (b) any other reasons which the appropriate authority<sup>F10</sup>... considers to be imperative reasons of overriding public interest.

(7) Where the appropriate authority directs the appropriate nature conservation body to give consent under paragraph (5), the appropriate authority must secure that such compensatory measures are taken as are necessary to ensure that the overall coherence of Natura 2000 is protected.

<sup>F11</sup>(8) .....

**Textual Amendments**

**F10** Words in reg. 29(6)(b) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of [The Conservation of Habitats and Species \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/579\)](#), regs. 1, **16(2)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

**F11** Reg. 29(8) omitted (31.12.2020) by virtue of [The Conservation of Habitats and Species \(Amendment\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019 \(S.I. 2019/579\)](#), regs. 1, **16(3)**; 2020 c. 1, Sch. 5 para. 1(1)

**Compensation for effect of stop notice**

**30.**—(1) Where the appropriate authority has served a stop notice on any person, the appropriate nature conservation body must pay compensation to any person who—

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- (a) at the time at which the notice is served has an interest in affected relevant land; and
  - (b) on a claim duly made to the appropriate nature conservation body, shows that the value of that interest is less than it would have been if the notice had not been served.
- (2) No claim for compensation may be made in respect of an order unless the appropriate authority has given notice of the decision in respect of that order under paragraph 6(1) or (2) of Schedule 1.
- (3) The amount of the compensation payable is the difference between the value of the interest and what that value would have been had a stop notice not been served.
- (4) For this purpose—
- (a) an interest in land is to be valued at the time when the stop notice is served; and
  - (b) where a person, by reason of having more than one interest in affected relevant land, makes more than one claim in respect of the same restriction having effect by virtue of the service of a stop notice, the various interests in respect of which that person claims compensation are to be valued together.
- (5) Section 10 of the Land Compensation Act 1973 (mortgages, trusts of land and settlements) <sup>M12</sup> applies in relation to compensation under this regulation as it applies in relation to compensation under Part 1 of that Act.
- (6) For the purposes of assessing compensation under this regulation, the rules set out in section 5 of the Land Compensation Act 1961 (rules for assessing compensation on a compulsory acquisition) <sup>M13</sup> have effect, so far as applicable and subject to any necessary modifications, as they have effect for the purpose of assessing compensation for the compulsory acquisition of an interest in land.
- (7) Interest is payable in relation to compensation, at the rate for the time being prescribed under section 32 of the Land Compensation Act 1961 (rate of interest after entry on land), from the date of the claim until payment.
- (8) In the case of any dispute as to compensation—
- (a) the Upper Tribunal has the function of determining the dispute; and
  - (b) section 4 of the Land Compensation Act 1961 (costs) <sup>M14</sup> applies in relation to the determination, subject to any necessary modifications.
- (9) In this regulation—
- “affected relevant land” means land which forms part of an agricultural unit which comprises land to which the stop notice relates;
- “agricultural unit” means land which is occupied by a person as a unit for agricultural purposes, including any dwelling or other building occupied by that person for the purpose of farming the land.

#### Marginal Citations

- M12** 1973 c. 26. Section 10 was amended by the [Trusts of Land and Appointment of Trustees Act 1996](#) (c. 47), [Schedule 3](#), paragraph 13.
- M13** 1961 c. 33. Section 5 was amended by the [Planning and Compensation Act 1991](#) (c. 34), [Schedule 15](#), paragraph 1; and by [S.I. 2009/1307](#). It is prospectively amended by the [Neighbourhood Planning Act 2017](#) (c. 20), [section 32\(1\)](#) and (2), from a date to be appointed.
- M14** [Section 4](#) was amended by [S.I. 2009/1307](#).

#### Restoration orders

**31.—**(1) Where a person (“P”) is convicted of an offence under regulation 28(8), the court may, in addition to dealing with P in any other way, make an order (a “restoration order”) requiring P to

carry out, within such period as may be specified in the order, such operations for the purpose of restoring the land to its former condition as may be so specified.

(2) A restoration order made on conviction on indictment is to be treated for the purposes of section 30 of the Criminal Appeal Act 1968 (restitution of property)<sup>M15</sup> as an order for the restitution of property.

(3) In the case of a restoration order made by a magistrates' court, the period specified in the order does not begin to run—

- (a) in any case until the end of the period for the time being prescribed by law for the giving of notice of appeal against a decision of a magistrates' court; and
- (b) where notice of appeal is given within the period so prescribed, until determination of the appeal.

(4) At any time before a restoration order has been fully complied with, the court may, on the application of the person subject to the order, discharge or vary the order if it appears to the court that a change in circumstances has made compliance with the order impracticable or unnecessary.

(5) A person who fails without reasonable excuse to comply with a restoration order commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine.

(6) A person who continues to fail to comply with a restoration order, following conviction under paragraph (5), may be proceeded against for a further offence from time to time until the order is complied with.

(7) If, within the period specified in a restoration order, any operations specified in the order have not been carried out, the appropriate nature conservation body may enter the land and carry out those operations and recover from the person subject to the order any expenses reasonably incurred by it in doing so.

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#### Marginal Citations

**M15** 1968 c. 19. Section 30 was substituted by the [Criminal Justice Act 1988 \(c. 33\), Schedule 15, paragraph 28](#), and amended by the [Constitutional Reform Act 2005 \(c. 4\), Schedule 9, paragraph 16\(2\)](#).

### Byelaws

#### Power to make byelaws

**32.**—(1) The appropriate nature conservation body may make byelaws for the protection of a European site under section 20 of the 1949 Act (byelaws for protection of nature reserves)<sup>M16</sup>.

(2) Such byelaws may, in particular, make the kinds of provision mentioned in this regulation, subject to regulation 33(1).

(3) Byelaws may—

- (a) provide for prohibiting or restricting the entry into, or movement within, the site of persons, vehicles, boats or animals;
- (b) prohibit or restrict the killing, taking, molesting or disturbance of living creatures of any description in the site, the taking, destruction or disturbance of eggs of any such creature, the taking of, or interference with, vegetation of any description in the site, or the doing of anything in the site which will interfere with the soil or damage any object in the site;
- (c) contain provisions prohibiting the depositing of rubbish and the leaving of litter in the site; and

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(d) prohibit or restrict, or provide for prohibiting or restricting, the lighting of fires in the site or the doing of anything likely to cause a fire in the site.

(4) Byelaws may prohibit or restrict any activity referred to in paragraph (3) within such area surrounding or adjoining the site as appears to the appropriate nature conservation body necessary for the protection of the site.

(5) Where entry into, or any activity within, the site or any such surrounding or adjoining area as is mentioned in paragraph (4) would otherwise be unlawful under byelaws made under this regulation, the byelaws may provide for the issue of permits authorising such entry or activity, on such terms and subject to such conditions as may be specified in the byelaws.

(6) Byelaws may be made so as to relate either to the whole or to any part of the European site, or of any such surrounding or adjoining area as is mentioned in paragraph (4), and may make different provision for different parts of the site.

(7) This regulation does not apply in relation to a European marine site (but see regulation 40 (European marine sites: byelaws and orders)).

#### Marginal Citations

**M16** Section 20 was amended by the [Telecommunications Act 1984 \(c. 12\)](#), [Schedule 4](#), paragraph 28; the [Water Act 1989 \(c. 15\)](#), [Schedule 25](#), paragraph 13; the [Communications Act 2003 \(c. 21\)](#), [Schedule 17](#), paragraph 20(2); and the [Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006 \(c. 16\)](#), [Schedule 11](#), paragraph 15(d).

#### Byelaws: supplementary provisions

**33.**—(1) Relevant byelaws must not interfere with—

- (a) the exercise by any person of a right vested in that person as owner, lessee or occupier of land in the European site, or in any such surrounding or adjoining area as is mentioned in regulation 32(4);
- (b) the exercise of any public right of way;
- (c) the exercise of any functions of statutory undertakers;
- (d) the exercise of any functions of an internal drainage board <sup>M17</sup> or the Commissioners appointed under the Tweed Fisheries Act 1969 <sup>M18</sup>; or
- (e) the provision of an electronic communications code network or the exercise of any right conferred by or in accordance with the electronic communications code on the provider of any such network.

(2) Sections 236 to 237 and 237A to 238 of the Local Government Act 1972 (procedure, etc., for, offences against and evidence of byelaws) <sup>M19</sup> apply to all relevant byelaws as if the appropriate nature conservation body were a local authority within the meaning of that Act.

(3) In relation to relevant byelaws, the confirming authority for the purposes of section 236 of the Local Government Act 1972 <sup>M20</sup> is the appropriate authority.

(4) The appropriate nature conservation body may take such steps as may be necessary for the purpose of enforcing byelaws made by it.

(5) In this regulation and in regulations 34 and 35, “relevant byelaws” means byelaws under section 20 of the 1949 Act as it applies by virtue of regulation 32.



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### Marginal Citations

**M17** See section 1 of the [Land Drainage Act 1991 \(c. 59\)](#).

**M18** [1969 c.xxiv](#).

**M19** [1972 c. 70](#). Sections 236 and 238 were amended by the Local Government Byelaws (Wales) Act 2012 (anaw 2), [Schedule 2](#), paragraph 9(3) and (5); by the [Local Democracy, Economic Development and Construction Act 2009 \(c. 20\)](#), [Schedule 6](#), paragraphs 34 and 36; and by S.I. 2001/3719. Section 236 was amended by the [Civil Aviation Act 1982 \(c. 16\)](#), [Schedule 15](#), paragraph 11; the [Local Government Act 1985 \(c. 51\)](#), [Schedule 14](#), paragraph 31(1); the [Water Act 1989 \(c. 15\)](#), [Schedule 27](#), Part 1; the [Local Government \(Wales\) Act 1994 \(c. 19\)](#), [Schedule 15](#), paragraph 50; the [Greater London Authority Act 1999 \(c. 29\)](#), [sections 76](#) and 166; and the [Local Government and Public Involvement in Health Act 2007 \(c. 28\)](#), [section 129\(2\)](#).

**M20** See definition of “the confirming authority” in subsection (11).

### Compensation for effect of byelaws

**34.**—(1) Where the exercise of any right vested in a person (“P”), whether by reason of P’s being entitled to any interest in land or by virtue of a licence or agreement, is prevented or hindered by the coming into operation of relevant byelaws, P is entitled to receive compensation from the appropriate nature conservation body.

(2) Any dispute arising on a claim for any such compensation is to be determined by the Upper Tribunal.

(3) For the purposes of any such reference to the Upper Tribunal, section 4 of the Land Compensation Act 1961 (costs) has effect with the substitution for references to the acquiring authority of references to the authority from whom the compensation in question is claimed.

(4) Rules (2) to (4) of the Rules set out in section 5 of that Act (rules for assessing compensation on a compulsory acquisition) apply to the calculation of any such compensation, in so far as it is calculated by reference to the depreciation of the value of an interest in land.

(5) In the case of an interest in land subject to a mortgage—

- (a) any such compensation in respect of the depreciation of that interest is to be calculated as if the interest were not subject to the mortgage;
- (b) a claim or application for the payment of any such compensation may be made by any person who when the byelaws giving rise to the compensation were made was the mortgagee of the interest, or by any person claiming under such a person, but without prejudice to the making of a claim or application by any other person;
- (c) subject to sub-paragraph (d), a mortgagee is not entitled to any such compensation in respect of that mortgagee’s interest as such; and
- (d) any compensation payable in respect of the interest subject to the mortgage must be paid to the mortgagee or, where there is more than one mortgagee, to the first mortgagee, and must in either case be applied by the mortgagee as if it were proceeds of sale.

### Continuation in force of existing byelaws

**35.** Any byelaws in force under section 20 of the 1949 Act in relation to land which on or after 30th November 2017 becomes land within a European site, or adjacent to such a site—

- (a) have effect as if they are relevant byelaws; and
- (b) are to be construed as if originally made as such byelaws (see also regulation 141(5)).

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### *Powers of compulsory acquisition*

#### **Powers of compulsory acquisition**

**36.**—(1) The appropriate nature conservation body may acquire compulsorily any interest in land in a European site where it is satisfied that either of the conditions in paragraph (2) is met.

(2) The conditions are—

- (a) that, as respects that interest, it is unable to conclude a management agreement on terms appearing to it to be reasonable; or
- (b) where it has entered into a management agreement as respects such an interest, that a breach of the agreement has occurred which prevents or impairs the satisfactory management of the European site.

(3) Such a breach as is mentioned in paragraph (2)(b) is not to be treated as having occurred by virtue of any act or omission capable of remedy unless there has been default in remedying it within a reasonable time after notice given by the appropriate nature conservation body requiring that act or omission to be remedied.

(4) Any dispute arising as to whether there has been such a breach of a management agreement is to be determined by an arbitrator appointed by the Lord Chancellor.

(5) The power of compulsory acquisition conferred by paragraph (1) on the appropriate nature conservation body may be exercised in any particular case only after authorisation by the appropriate authority.

(6) The Acquisition of Land Act 1981<sup>M21</sup> and the Compulsory Purchase Act 1965<sup>M22</sup> apply in relation to the acquisition of any interest in land under paragraph (1).

(7) In this regulation, an “interest”, in relation to land, includes any estate in land and any right over land, whether the right is exercisable by virtue of the ownership of an interest in land or by virtue of a licence or agreement, and in particular includes sporting rights.

#### **Marginal Citations**

**M21** 1981 c. 67.

**M22** 1965 c. 56.

### *European marine sites*

#### **Marking of site and advice by nature conservation bodies**

**37.**—(1) The appropriate nature conservation body may deposit or remove markers indicating the existence and extent of a European marine site.

(2) This power is exercisable subject to the obtaining of any necessary marine licence under Part 4 of the Marine Act or any approval required to be obtained from the appropriate authority<sup>M23</sup> under article 26(2) of the Marine Licensing (Exempted Activities) Order 2011<sup>M24</sup> or article 25(2) of the Marine Licensing (Exempted Activities) (Wales) Order 2011<sup>M25</sup>.

(3) As soon as possible after a site becomes a European marine site, the appropriate nature conservation body must advise other relevant authorities as to—

- (a) the conservation objectives for that site; and
- (b) any operations which may cause deterioration of natural habitats or the habitats of species, or disturbance of species, for which the site has been designated.

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### Marginal Citations

- M23** For the purposes of regulation 37, the “appropriate authority” in defined in regulation 3(1) of these Regulations as the Secretary of State in relation to England and the Welsh Ministers in relation to Wales. The person responsible for granting approval under article 26(2) of the Marine Licensing (Exempted Activities) Order 2011 or article 25(2) of the Marine Licensing (Exempted Activities) (Wales) Order 2011 is the Secretary of State and Welsh Ministers respectively. (See definition of “licensing authority” in those Regulations).
- M24** S.I. 2011/409, to which there are amendments not relevant to these Regulations.
- M25** S.I. 2011/559 (W. 81), to which there are amendments not relevant to these Regulations.

### Management scheme for European marine site

**38.**—(1) The relevant authorities, or any of them, may establish for a European marine site a management scheme under which their functions (including any power to make byelaws) are to be exercised so as to secure compliance with the requirements of the Directives in relation to that site.

(2) Only one management scheme may be made for each European marine site.

(3) A management scheme may be amended from time to time.

(4) An authority which has established a management scheme under paragraph (1) must as soon as practicable thereafter send a copy of it to the appropriate nature conservation body.

### Direction to establish or amend management scheme

**39.**—(1) The appropriate authority may give directions to the relevant authorities, or any of them, as to the establishment of a management scheme for a European marine site.

(2) Directions may, in particular—

(a) require conservation measures specified in the direction to be included in the scheme;

(b) appoint one of the relevant authorities to co-ordinate the establishment of the scheme;

(c) set time limits within which any steps are to be taken;

(d) provide that the approval of the appropriate authority is required before the scheme is established; and

(e) require any relevant authority to supply to the appropriate authority such information concerning the establishment of the scheme as may be specified in the direction.

(3) The appropriate authority may give directions to the relevant authorities, or any of them, as to the amendment of a management scheme for a European marine site, either generally or in any particular respect.

(4) Any direction under this regulation must be in writing and may be varied or revoked by a further direction.

### European marine sites: byelaws and orders

**40.**—(1) The Marine Management Organisation may make byelaws for the protection of a European marine site in England under section 129 of the Marine Act (byelaws for protection of marine conservation zones in England).

(2) The Welsh Ministers may make orders for the protection of a European marine site in Wales under section 134 of that Act (orders for protection of marine conservation zones in Wales).

(3) The provisions of Chapter 1 of Part 5 of that Act (marine conservation zones) relating to byelaws under section 129 or orders under section 134 apply, with the modifications described in

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paragraph (4), in relation to byelaws made by virtue of paragraph (1) or (as the case may be) orders made by virtue of paragraph (2).

- (4) The modifications are—
- (a) any reference to an MCZ is to be read as a reference to a European marine site;
  - (b) in sections 129(1) and 134(1), the reference to furthering the conservation objectives stated for an MCZ is to be read as a reference to protecting a European marine site;
  - (c) the reference in section 129(3)(c) to hindering the conservation objectives stated for an MCZ is to be read as a reference to damaging a European marine site.

### *Nature conservation policy in planning contexts*

#### **Nature conservation policy in planning contexts**

**41.**—(1) For the purposes of the relevant provisions, policies relating to the development and use of land or in respect of the conservation of the natural beauty and amenity of the land are to be taken to include policies encouraging the management of features of the landscape of the kinds described in paragraph (3).

- (2) In paragraph (1), the “relevant provisions” means—
- (a) in relation to the development and use of land—
    - (i) section 17(3) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 (local development documents)<sup>M26</sup>; and
    - (ii) section 62(2)(b) of that Act (local development plan); and
  - (b) in relation to the conservation of the natural beauty and amenity of the land—
    - (i) section 12(3A) of the TCPA 1990 (preparation of unitary development plan)<sup>M27</sup>;
    - (ii) section 31(3) of that Act (structure plans: continuity, form and content)<sup>M28</sup>; and
    - (iii) section 36(3) of that Act (local plans)<sup>M29</sup>.

(3) The features of the landscape referred to in paragraph (1) are those which, by virtue of their linear and continuous structure (such as rivers with their banks or the traditional systems of marking field boundaries) or their function as “stepping stones” (such as ponds or small woods), are essential for the migration, dispersal and genetic exchange of wild species.

(4) Where the Secretary of State considers it necessary, the Secretary of State must include in a national policy statement under Part 2 of the Planning Act 2008 (national policy statements)<sup>M30</sup> policy that encourages the management of features of the landscape of the kinds described in paragraph (3).

#### **Marginal Citations**

- M26** 2004 c. 5. Section 17(3) was amended by the [Planning Act 2008 \(c. 29\)](#), [section 180\(3\)\(b\)](#).
- M27** [Section 12\(3A\)](#) was inserted by the [Planning and Compensation Act 1991 \(c. 34\)](#), [paragraph 2\(1\)](#) of Schedule 4, and was repealed by the [Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 \(c. 5\)](#), [Schedule 9](#), but (in relation to England only) subject to transitional provisions contained in Schedule 8 to that Act.
- M28** [Section 31\(3\)](#) was substituted by the [Planning and Compensation Act 1991 \(c. 34\)](#) (“the 1991 Act”), Schedule 4, paragraph 16, and was repealed by the [Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 \(c. 5\)](#) (“the 2004 Act”), Schedule 9, subject to transitional provisions contained in Schedule 8 to that Act.
- M29** [Section 36](#) was substituted by the 1991 Act, Schedule 4, paragraph 17, and was repealed by the 2004 Act, Schedule 9, subject to transitional provisions contained in Schedule 8 to that Act.

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**M30** 2008 c. 29.

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**Changes and effects yet to be applied to the whole Instrument associated Parts and Chapters:**

Whole provisions yet to be inserted into this Instrument (including any effects on those provisions):

- reg. 41(2)(aa) inserted by [2023 c. 55 Sch. 8 para. 38\(5\)](#)
- reg. 108(6) inserted by [2023 c. 55 Sch. 8 para. 39\(6\)](#)
- reg. 111(2)(aa)(ab) substituted for reg. 111(2)(a)(b) by [2023 c. 55 Sch. 8 para. 40\(3\)\(a\)](#)